

# Federalsburg Police Department

## FPD Policy Manual

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### **CHIEF'S MESSAGE**

TO: All Personnel of the Federalsburg Police Department

The publication of these policies and procedures marks an important milestone in our continued development as a professional law enforcement agency. Over the next few weeks and months, the entire department will be learning and applying the details of our updated procedures. As we do so, we will also re-visit some of our older procedures to insure that we are utilizing best practices. Take the time to study and learn to insure that you are prepared to meet the challenges facing our chosen profession.

*-Chief Michael A. McDermott*

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### **LAW ENFORCEMENT CODE OF ETHICS**

As a law enforcement officer, my fundamental duty is to serve the community; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation and the peaceful against abuse or disorder; and to respect the constitutional rights of all to liberty, equality and justice.

I will keep my private life unsullied as an example to all and will behave in a manner that does not bring discredit to me or to my agency. I will maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed both in my personal and official life, I will be exemplary in obeying the law and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I will never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, political beliefs, aspirations, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing unnecessary force or abuse and never accepting gratuities.

I recognize the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of police service. I will never engage in acts of corruption or bribery, nor will I condone such acts by other police officers. I will cooperate with all legally authorized agencies and their representatives in the pursuit of justice.

I know that I alone am responsible for my own standard of professional performance and will take every reasonable opportunity to enhance and improve my level of knowledge and competence.

I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession . . . law enforcement.

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### **MISSION STATEMENT**

The mission of the Federalsburg Police Department is to protect and to serve the people of Federalsburg fairly and equitably by performing all assigned duties and responsibilities impartially, without favor or prejudice, and without regard to the status, race, religious affiliation, political beliefs or aspirations. We commit ourselves to excellence in our chosen profession.

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## **Chapter 1 - Law Enforcement Role and Authority**



## Law Enforcement Authority

### 100.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to affirm the authority of the members of the Federalsburg Police Department to perform their functions based on established legal authority.

### 100.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to limit its members to only exercise the authority granted to them by law.

While this department recognizes the power of peace officers to make arrests and take other enforcement action, officers are encouraged to use sound discretion in the enforcement of the law. This department does not tolerate abuse of law enforcement authority.

### 100.3 AUTHORITY OF THE FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT

Certified members of this department are authorized to exercise peace officer powers pursuant to applicable state law (Md. Code CP § 2-102; Md. Code PS § 2-412).

#### 100.3.1 ARREST AUTHORITY OUTSIDE THE JURISDICTION OF THE FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT

Officers may make arrests, conduct investigations and otherwise enforce the laws of Maryland throughout the state, without limitations as to jurisdiction, while acting in accordance with Federalsburg Police Department policies and procedures, except for enforcement of the vehicle laws, when (Md. Code CP § 2-102; Md. Code CR § 5-802):

- (a) The officer is participating in a joint investigation with officials from another state, federal or local law enforcement unit, at least one of which has local jurisdiction.
- (b) The officer is assisting another law enforcement officer.
- (c) The officer is acting at the request of a law enforcement officer or a Maryland State Police officer.
- (d) An emergency exists.
- (e) The officer is in fresh pursuit of a person who (Md. Code CP § 2-301):
  1. Has committed or is reasonably believed by the officer to have committed a felony within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department.
  2. Has committed a misdemeanor in the presence of the officer within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department.

An officer who acts outside his/her jurisdiction shall notify the appropriate state or local official as required by state law (Md. Code CP § 2-102; Md. Code CR § 5-802).

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#### 100.3.2 ARREST AUTHORITY WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT

Officers may make arrests within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department (Md. Code CP § 2-202):

- (a) In compliance with an arrest warrant.
- (b) Without a warrant:
  - 1. When an individual commits or attempts to commit a felony or misdemeanor in the presence or within the view of the officer.
  - 2. When the officer reasonably believes that an individual is committing a felony or misdemeanor in the presence or within the view of the officer.
  - 3. When the officer has probable cause to believe that a felony has been committed or attempted, and the individual has committed or attempted to commit the felony, whether or not it was in the presence or within the view of the officer.
  - 4. When there is probable cause to believe a person is in violation of an interim, temporary, or final extreme risk protective order in effect at the time of the violation (Md. Code PS § 5-610).
  - 5. When the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed one of the crimes listed in Md. Code CP § 2-203 and that unless the person is immediately arrested, the person:
    - (a) May not be apprehended.
    - (b) May cause physical injury or property damage to another.
    - (c) May tamper with, dispose of, or destroy evidence.
  - 6. When the officer has probable cause to believe that a person has engaged in certain stalking offenses as described in Md. Code CP § 2-205.
  - 7. During certain public emergencies as described in Md. Code CP § 2-206.

#### 100.4 AUTHORITY OF THE AGENCYNAME

The authority of officers includes the following:

- (a) May make arrests within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department (Md. Code CP § 2-202):
  - 1. In compliance with an arrest warrant.
  - 2. Without a warrant:
    - (a) When an individual commits or attempts to commit a felony or misdemeanor in the presence or within the view of the officer.
    - (b) When the officer reasonably believes that an individual is committing a felony or misdemeanor in the presence or within the view of the officer.

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- (c) When the officer has probable cause to believe that a felony has been committed or attempted, and the individual has committed or attempted to commit the felony, whether or not it was in the presence or within the view of the officer.
- (b) May make arrests, conduct investigations and otherwise enforce the laws of Maryland throughout the state, without limitations as to jurisdiction, while acting in accordance with Federalsburg Police Department policies and procedures, except for enforcement of the vehicle laws, when (Md. Code CP § 2-102; Md. Code CL § 5-802):
  - (a) The officer is participating in a joint investigation with officials from another state, federal or local law enforcement unit, at least one of which has local jurisdiction.
  - (b) The officer is assisting another law enforcement officer.
  - (c) The officer is acting at the request of a law enforcement officer or a Maryland State Police officer.
  - (d) An emergency exists.
  - (e) The officer is in fresh pursuit of a person who (Md. Code CP § 2-301):
    - (a) Has committed or is reasonably believed by the officer to have committed a felony within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department.
    - (b) Has committed a misdemeanor in the presence of the officer within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department.

An officer who acts outside his/her jurisdiction shall notify the appropriate state or local official as required by state law (Md. Code CP § 2-102(c); Md. Code CL § 5-802(b)).

#### **100.5 AUTHORITY OF THE FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT**

The authority of a special police officer includes:

- (a) Within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department (Md. Code PS § 3-307):
  1. Arresting individuals who trespass or commit offenses on the property described in the application for the special police commission.
  2. Exercising the powers of a police officer on the property described in the application for the special police commission.
  3. Exercising police officer powers in a county or municipal corporation in connection with the care, custody and protection of property for which the Federalsburg Police Department has an obligation.
  4. Directing and controlling traffic on public highways and roads in the immediate vicinity of the property described in the application for the special police commission to facilitate the movement of traffic to and from the property, if approved in advance by the Secretary of Maryland State Police.

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5. Arresting or issuing a traffic citation for a violation of the Maryland Vehicle Law or any other state or local traffic law or regulation if the officer has a probationary or permanent appointment as a security officer or member of an industrial police force and has completed the basic training course for police officers as established by the special police commission.
- (b) Outside the jurisdiction described in the application for the special police commission (Md. Code PS § 3-307):
  1. While in active pursuit for the purpose of immediate apprehension.

#### **100.6 AUTHORITY OF THE FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT**

The authority of a railroad police officer includes (Md. Code PS § 3-406):

- (a) Within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department:
  1. Arresting individuals who trespass or commit offenses on property owned, leased, operated or controlled by the Federalsburg Police Department.
  2. When requested or authorized to act by the executive officer or chief police officer of a county.
  3. When ordered to act by the Governor.
- (b) Outside the jurisdiction described in the application for the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC):
  1. While in active pursuit of a suspect for the purpose of immediate apprehension.
- (c) Outside the jurisdiction described in the application for the MPTSC:
  1. Arresting individuals who trespass or commit offenses on property owned, leased, operated or controlled by the Federalsburg Police Department.
  2. When requested or authorized to act by the executive officer or chief police officer of a county.
  3. When ordered to act by the Governor.
- (d) Outside the jurisdiction described in the application for the MPTSC:
  1. While in active pursuit of a suspect for the purpose of immediate apprehension.

#### **100.7 AUTHORITY OF THE FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT**

Officers of the Federalsburg Police Department have the same powers as sheriff's constables, police officers, and other peace officers possess within their respective jurisdictions and may execute arrest warrants throughout Maryland (Md. Code PS § 2-412).

Officers may act within the limits of a municipal corporation that maintains a police force when (Md. Code PS § 2-412):

- (a) In pursuit of a criminal suspect.

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- (b) In search of a criminal or suspect wanted for a crime committed outside of the limits of this department or when interviewing or seeking to interview a witness or supposed witness to the crime.
- (c) A crime is committed in the presence of the officer and the arrested party must be immediately transferred to the custody of the local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.
- (d) Requested to act by the Chief of Police.
- (e) Ordered by the Governor of Maryland to act within this department.
- (f) Enforcing the motor vehicle laws of the state, except in Baltimore City.
- (g) In Baltimore City while enforcing Title 23 of the Transportation Article.
- (h) In any building or place when ordered by either the Maryland President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Delegates to guard the safety of legislators or the integrity of the legislative process.
- (i) Acting to protect the safety of an elected state official.
- (j) In the municipal corporations of Somerset County.
- (k) Conducting investigations or enforcing the laws related to:
  - 1. Sexual solicitation of minors in accordance with Md. Code CR § 3-324.
  - 2. Misuse of telephone facilities and equipment in accordance with Md. Code CR § 3-804.
  - 3. Misuse of electronic mail in accordance with Md. Code CR § 3-805.
  - 4. Visual surveillance in accordance with Md. Code CR § 3-902.
  - 5. Unauthorized access to computer and related material in accordance with Md. Code CR § 7-302.
  - 6. Child pornography in accordance with Md. Code CR § 11-207 and Md. Code CR § 11-208.
  - 7. Prostitution and human trafficking in accordance with Md. Code CR § 3-1102; Md. Code CR § 3-1103; Md. Code CR § 11-303; Md. Code CR § 11-304; Md. Code CR § 11-305; Md. Code CR § 11-306; and Md. Code CR § 11-307.
- (l) Participating in a joint investigation with officials from another state, federal, or local law enforcement agency, at least one of which has local jurisdiction, and in accordance with regulations adopted by the Secretary of Maryland State Police when:
  - 1. Assisting a law enforcement officer.
  - 2. Acting at the request of a local law enforcement officer.
  - 3. An emergency exists that calls for immediate action to protect the health, safety, welfare, or property from actual or threatened harm or from an unlawful act.
- (m) Conducting investigations of suspected homicides of inmates in accordance with Md. Code CS § 9-602.1.

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#### **100.8 INTERSTATE PEACE OFFICER POWERS**

Peace officer powers may be extended to other states:

- (a) As applicable under interstate compacts, memorandums of understanding or mutual aid agreements in compliance with the laws of each state.
- (b) When an officer enters the following states as follows:
  1. In Delaware, while in the pursuit of a person believed to have committed a felony, a misdemeanor or a violation of the motor vehicle code (11 Del. C. § 1932).
  2. In the District of Columbia, while in pursuit of a person who has committed a felony or who the pursuing officer has reasonable grounds to believe has committed a felony (D.C. Code § 23-903).
  3. In Pennsylvania, while in fresh pursuit of a person in order to arrest him/her (42 Pa.C.S. § 8922).
  4. In Virginia while in fresh pursuit of a person to arrest him/her for committing a felony (Va. Code § 19.2-79).
  5. In West Virginia while in fresh pursuit of a person to arrest him/her for committing a felony (W. Va. Code § 62-11-1).

Whenever an officer makes an arrest in Delaware, the District of Columbia, Pennsylvania, Virginia or West Virginia, the officer shall take the offender to the appropriate judicial officer where the arrest occurred as soon as practicable (11 Del. C. § 1933; D.C. Code § 23-902; 42 Pa.C.S. § 8923; Va. Code § 19.2-79; W. Va. Code § 62-11-2).

#### **100.9 CONSTITUTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

All members shall observe and comply with every person's clearly established rights under the United States and Maryland constitutions.

## Oath of Office

### 101.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that, when appropriate, oaths are administered to department members.

### 101.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that, when appropriate, department members affirm the oath of their office and their Oath of Honor as an expression of commitment to the constitutional rights of those served by the Department and the dedication of its members to their duties.

### 101.3 OATH OF OFFICE

All department members, when appropriate, shall take and subscribe to the required oath or affirmation to the Clerk of Federalsburg in addition to any other form of oath or affirmation required by the Maryland Constitution, state law or ordinance (Md. Const. Art. I § 9; Md. Code CJ § 2-104; Md. Code PS § 3-309). If a member is opposed to taking an oath, he/she shall be permitted to substitute the word “affirm” for the word “swear.”

### 101.4 MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS

The oath of office shall be filed as prescribed by law (Md. Const. Art. I § 10; Md. Code PS § 3-309).

### 101.5 FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT OATH OF OFFICE

All law enforcement officers of the Federalsburg Police Department are, before exercising any type of police officer powers, required to take and abide by the following oath of office.

**I do solemnly swear and affirm that I, \_\_\_\_\_ will support the Constitution of the United States of America and of the State of Maryland against all enemies, foreign and domestic ; that I will bear true faith and allegiance, to preserve the dignity and respect the rights of all individuals. I will exercise my authority as a police officer in the manner intended by law. I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservations or purpose of evasion ; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties, of the office of police officer of the municipality of Federalsburg, acting to the best of my ability so help me GOD.**

#### 101.5.1 FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT OATH OF HONOR

**On my Honor, I will never betray My badge, My integrity, My charcter, Or the Public trust.**

**I will always have the courage to hold myself and others accountable for our actions**

**I will always uphold the Constitution, the Community, and the Agency I serve,**

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## *Oath of Office*

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**so help me GOD.**

### **101.6 SANCTITY OF LIFE PLEDGE**

All officers are required to sign an affirmative written sanctity of life pledge to respect every human life and act with compassion toward others (Md. PS § 3-524).



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# Policy Manual

## 102.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The manual of the Federalsburg Police Department is hereby established and shall be referred to as the Policy Manual or the manual. The manual is a statement of the current policies, procedures, rules and guidelines of this department. All members are to conform to the provisions of this manual.

All prior and existing manuals, orders and regulations that are in conflict with this manual are rescinded, except to the extent that portions of existing manuals, orders and other regulations that have not been included herein shall remain in effect where they do not conflict with the provisions of this manual.

## 102.2 POLICY

Except where otherwise expressly stated, the provisions of this manual shall be considered as guidelines. It is recognized that the work of law enforcement is not always predictable and that circumstances may arise which warrant departure from these guidelines. It is the intent of this manual to be viewed from an objective standard, taking into consideration the sound discretion entrusted to members of this department under the circumstances reasonably available at the time of any incident.

## 102.3 DISCLAIMER

The provisions contained in the Policy Manual are not intended to create an employment contract nor any employment rights or entitlements. The policies contained within this manual are for the internal use of the Federalsburg Police Department and shall not be construed to create a higher standard or duty of care for civil or criminal liability against the Town, its officials or members. Violations of any provision of any policy contained within this manual shall only form the basis for department administrative action, training or discipline. The Federalsburg Police Department reserves the right to revise any policy content, in whole or in part.

## 102.4 AUTHORITY

The Chief of Police shall be considered the ultimate authority for the content and adoption of the provisions of this manual and shall ensure compliance with all applicable federal, state and local laws. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee is authorized to issue Departmental Directives, which shall modify those provisions of the manual to which they pertain. Departmental Directives shall remain in effect until such time as they may be permanently incorporated into the manual.

## 102.5 DEFINITIONS

The following words and terms shall have these assigned meanings, unless it is apparent from the content that they have a different meaning:

**Adult** - Any person 18 years of age or older (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-01).

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**APS** - Adult Protective Services.

**Town** - The Town of Federalsburg.

**Non-sworn** - Employees and volunteers who are not sworn peace officers.

**CJIS** - Maryland Criminal Justice Information System.

**COMAR** - Maryland Code of Regulations (Example: COMAR 10.38.03.02).

**Custodian of Records** - The authorized person having physical custody and control of the records of the Department (Md. Code GP § 4-101).

**Department/FPD** - The Federalsburg Police Department.

**DJS** - Maryland Department of Juvenile Services.

**DPSCS** - Maryland Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services.

**Employee** - Any person employed by the Department.

**Manual** - The Federalsburg Police Department Policy Manual.

**May** - Indicates a permissive, discretionary, or conditional action.

**Md. Code** - Maryland Annotated Codes (Example: Md. Code PS § 1-301). Following are abbreviations for sections of the Maryland Annotated Codes referenced in this Policy Manual:

- **CJ** - Courts and Judicial Procedure
- **CL** - Commercial Law
- **CP** - Criminal Procedure
- **CR** - Criminal Law
- **CS** - Correctional Services
- **ED** - Education
- **EL** - Election Law
- **ET** - Estates and Trusts
- **FL** - Family Law
- **GP** - General Provisions
- **HG** - Health – General
- **HS** - Human Services
- **IL** - Insurance Law
- **LE** - Labor and Employment
- **LG** - Local Government
- **NR** - Natural Resources

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- **PS** - Public Safety
- **SG** - State Government
- **SP** - State Personnel and Pensions
- **TG** - Tax – General
- **TR** - Transportation

**Md. Const.** - Maryland Constitution (Example: Md. Const. Art. IV § 44).

**MDOT** - Maryland Department of Transportation.

**Member** - Any person employed or appointed by the Federalsburg Police Department, including:

- Full- and part-time employees
- Sworn peace officers
- Reserve, auxiliary officers
- Non-sworn employees
- Volunteers

**METERS** - Maryland Electronic Telecommunications Enforcement Resource System.

**MPTSC** - Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission.

**MSP** - Department of Maryland State Police.

**MVA** - Motor Vehicle Administration.

**OAG** - Maryland Office of the Attorney General.

**Officer** - Those employees, regardless of rank, who are sworn members of the Federalsburg Police Department.

**On-duty** - A member's status during the period when the member is actually engaged in the performance of assigned duties.

**Order** - A written or verbal instruction issued by a superior.

**Peace Officer** - Those employees, regardless of rank, who are sworn members of the Federalsburg Police Department.

**Rank** - The title of the classification held by an officer.

**Shall or will** - Indicates a mandatory action.

**Should** - Indicates a generally required or expected action, absent a rational basis for failing to conform.

**Supervisor** - A person in a position of authority that may include responsibility for hiring, transfer, suspension, promotion, discharge, assignment, reward, or discipline of other department members, directing the work of other members or having the authority to adjust grievances. The

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supervisory exercise of authority may not be merely routine or clerical in nature but requires the use of independent judgment.

The term "supervisor" may also include any person (e.g., officer-in-charge, lead or senior worker) given responsibility for the direction of the work of others without regard to a formal job title, rank, or compensation.

When there is only one department member on-duty, that person may also be the supervisor, except when circumstances reasonably require the notification or involvement of the member's off-duty supervisor or an on-call supervisor.

#### **102.6 ISSUING THE POLICY MANUAL**

An electronic version of the Policy Manual will be made available to all members on the department network for viewing and printing. No changes shall be made to the manual without authorization from the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

Each member shall acknowledge that he/she has been provided access to and has had the opportunity to review the Policy Manual and Departmental Directives. Members shall seek clarification as needed from an appropriate supervisor for any provisions that they do not fully understand.

#### **102.7 PERIODIC REVIEW OF THE POLICY MANUAL**

The Chief of Police will ensure that the Policy Manual is periodically reviewed and updated as necessary.

#### **102.8 REVISIONS TO POLICIES**

All revisions to the Policy Manual will be provided to each member on or before the date the policy becomes effective. Each member will be required to acknowledge that he/she has reviewed the revisions and shall seek clarification from an appropriate supervisor as needed.

Members are responsible for keeping abreast of all Policy Manual revisions.

Each Sgt. will ensure that members under his/her command are aware of any Policy Manual revision.

All department members suggesting revision of the contents of the Policy Manual shall forward their written suggestions to their Sgt.s, who will consider the recommendations and forward them to the command staff as appropriate.

## **Chapter 2 - Organization and Administration**

## Organizational Structure and Responsibility

### 200.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the organizational structure of the Department and defines general responsibilities of department members.

### 200.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will implement and maintain an organizational structure that provides clear and identifiable roles for command, control and guidance of the Department. Each position and assignment should have clearly identified responsibilities and a defined chain of command.

### 200.3 CHIEF OF POLICE

The Chief of Police is responsible for providing leadership, administration, and overall management of the Federalsburg Police Department

#### 200.3.1 ADMINISTRATION DIVISION

The Administration Division is commanded by a lieutenant, who shall be under the direction of the Chief of Police, whose primary responsibility is to provide general management, direction and control for the Administration Division. The Administration Division consists of technical and administrative services.

#### 200.3.2 PATROL DIVISION

The Patrol Division is commanded by a lieutenant (or a sergeant as designated by the Chief of Police), who shall be under the direction of the Chief of Police, whose primary responsibility is to provide general management, direction and control for the Patrol Division. The Patrol Division consists of uniformed patrol and special operations.

#### 200.3.3 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DIVISION

The Criminal Investigation Division is commanded by a lieutenant (or a sergeant as designated by the Chief of Police), who shall be under the direction of the Chief of Police, whose primary responsibility is to provide general management, direction and control for the Criminal Investigation Division. The Criminal Investigation Division consists of the Investigative ser of the department, evidence collection, crime analysis and all forensic services.

### 200.4 COMMAND PROTOCOL

#### 200.4.1 SUCCESSION OF COMMAND

The Chief of Police exercises command over all members of the Federalsburg Police Department. During planned absences, the Chief of Police will designate a lieutenant to serve as the acting Chief of Police.

Except when designated as above, the order of command authority in the absence or unavailability of the Chief of Police is as follows :

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- (a) Lieutenant
- (b) Sergeant
- (c) Corporal
- (d) Designated PO4
- (e) Designated PO3

#### 200.4.2 UNITY OF COMMAND

The principles of unity of command ensure efficient supervision and control within the Department. Generally, each member shall be accountable to one supervisor at any time for a given assignment or responsibility. Except where specifically delegated authority may exist by policy or special assignment (e.g., Canine, Bicycle Patrol), any supervisor may temporarily direct any subordinate if an operational necessity exists.

As it relates to command, the first Officer to arrive on the scene of any incident is in command and shall remain in command until relieved by a superior.

#### **200.5 AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY**

Each member will be assigned duties and responsibilities. Each member is delegated the authority necessary to effectively execute those responsibilities. Each member will also be held accountable for the appropriate application of that delegated authority.

## Departmental Directives

### 201.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for issuing Departmental Directives.

### 201.2 POLICY

Departmental Directives will be used to modify policies of the Federalsburg Police Department when an immediate need to adapt a policy or procedure exists, in order to best meet the mission of the Department. Applicable memorandums of understanding/collective bargaining agreements and other alternatives should be considered before a Departmental Directive is issued.

### 201.3 PROTOCOL

Departmental Directives may be incorporated into the Policy Manual, as required, upon approval. Departmental Directives will modify existing policies or create a new policy as appropriate and will be rescinded if incorporated into the manual.

The Chief or the authorized designee should ensure that all Departmental Directives are disseminated appropriately. Departmental Directives should be numbered consecutively and incorporate the year of issue. All members will be notified when a Departmental Directive is rescinded or has been formally adopted into the Policy Manual.

### 201.4 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 201.4.1 COMMAND STAFF

Command staff shall periodically review Departmental Directives to determine whether they should be formally incorporated into the Policy Manual, and, as appropriate, will recommend necessary modifications to the Chief of Police.

#### 201.4.2 AGENCYHEAD

Only the Chief of Police or the authorized designee may approve and issue Departmental Directives.

### 201.5 ACCEPTANCE OF DIRECTIVES

All members shall be provided access to the Departmental Directives. Each member shall acknowledge that he/she has been provided access to, and has had the opportunity to review the Departmental Directives. Members shall seek clarification as needed from an appropriate supervisor for any provisions they do not fully understand.



## Emergency Operations Plan

### 202.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy clarifies the role of the Federalsburg Police Department and responsibilities of its members pertaining to large scale emergencies and the Maryland Department of Emergency Management operating under the State of Maryland Emergency Operations Core Plan.

### 202.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will prepare for large scale emergencies within and outside its jurisdiction through planning and mutual cooperation with other agencies.

The Town Emergency Operations Plan complies with the State of Maryland's Emergency Operations Core Plan, as part of the Comprehensive Emergency Management Program (Md. Code PS § 14-109; Md. Code PS § 14-110). This plan provides guidance for Town emergency operations within and outside its borders as may be required.

### 202.3 ACTIVATING THE EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN

The Emergency Operations Plan can be activated in a number of ways. For the Federalsburg Police Department, the Chief of Police or the highest ranking on-duty supervisor may activate the local Emergency Operations Plan in response to a major emergency.

The declaration of a local state of emergency may only be made by the Town's principal executive officer or the appointee if required by the circumstances. Such a declaration activates the jurisdiction's response (if not already activated) and recovery plan (Md. Code PS §14-111; Md. Code PS § 14-403).

Upon activation of the plan, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee should contact the Maryland Department of Emergency Management to assist with mutual aid response from local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies (Md. Code PS §14-701; Md. Code PS §14-801; Md. Code PS § 14-601; Md. Code CP § 2-105).

#### 202.3.1 RECALL OF PERSONNEL

In the event that the Emergency Operations Plan is activated, all employees of the Federalsburg Police Department are subject to immediate recall to service. Employees may also be subject to recall during extraordinary circumstances as deemed necessary by the Chief of Police or the highest ranking on-duty supervisor.

Failure to promptly respond to an order to report for duty may result in discipline.

### 202.4 LOCATION OF THE EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN

Copies of the Emergency Operations Plan are available in Administration, the Shift Supervisor's office and 911 Center. All supervisors should familiarize themselves with the Emergency Operations Plan and the roles members will play when the plan is implemented. The Administration Sgt. should ensure that department members are familiar with the roles they will play when the plan is implemented.

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### **202.5 EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN REVIEW**

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall review the Emergency Operations Plan at least once every two years and ensure that the plan conforms to any revisions made by the National Incident Management System (NIMS). The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should appropriately address any needed revisions.

### **202.6 TRAINING**

The Department should provide annual training on the Emergency Operations Plan for all supervisors and other appropriate personnel. All supervisors should familiarize themselves with the Emergency Operations Plan and personnel responsibilities when the plan is implemented. Training should incorporate a full or partial exercise, tabletop or command discussion.

## Training

### 203.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes general guidelines for how training is to be identified, conducted and documented. This policy is not meant to address all specific training endeavors or identify every required training topic.

### 203.2 POLICY

The Department shall administer a training program that will meet the standards of federal, state, local and the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC) training requirements. It is a priority of this department to provide continuing education and training for the professional growth and development of its members.

### 203.3 OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the training program are to:

- (a) Enhance the level of law enforcement service to the public.
- (b) Increase the technical expertise and overall effectiveness of department members.
- (c) Provide for continued professional development of department members.
- (d) Ensure compliance with MPTSC rules and regulations concerning law enforcement training.

### 203.4 TRAINING PLAN

It is the responsibility of the Training Sergeant to develop, review, update and maintain a training plan and to ensure that mandated basic, in-service and department-required training is completed by all members as needed or required. The training plan should include the anticipated costs associated with each type of training, including attendee salaries and backfill costs. The plan should include a systematic and detailed method for recording and logging of all training for all members.

While updates and revisions may be made to any portion of the training plan at any time it is deemed necessary, the Training Sergeant shall review the entire training plan on an annual basis.

The plan will include information on curriculum, training material, training facilities and scheduling. The plan will address federal, state and department-required, minimum-mandated training of officers and other members.

#### 203.4.1 GOVERNMENT-MANDATED TRAINING

The following lists, while not all inclusive, identify training that is required under state and federal laws and regulations.

- (a) Federally mandated training:
  - 1. National Incident Management System (NIMS) training.

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(b) State-mandated training:

1. MPTSC-approved Police Entry Level Training Program or, when applicable, the Comparative Compliance Training Course and successfully pass the licensing examination before being issued a peace officer's license (COMAR 12.04.01.09).
2. MPTSC-approved entrance-level firearms training and qualification (COMAR 12.04.02.04).
3. No less than the MPTSC-required duration of field training (COMAR 12.04.01.17).
4. No less than 18 hours of MPTSC-approved training annually (COMAR 12.04.01.12).
5. Annual MPTSC-approved firearms training and qualification (COMAR 12.04.02.08).
6. Promotion of an officer to a first-line, or higher, supervisor position requires successful completion of MPTSC-approved supervisor training no more than two years preceding, or one year after, the promotion.
7. Promotion of an officer to a first-line, or higher, administrator position requires successful completion of MPTSC-approved administrator training no more than two years preceding, or one year after, the promotion.
8. If MPTSC-approved supervisor training has not previously been completed, supervisor training shall also be completed within the same timeline.
9. Completion of MPTSC-approved training program on life-saving techniques, including CPR, every two years (Md. Code PS § 3-207; COMAR 12.04.01.12).
10. The proper level and use of force and other related training requirements, including the collection of a signed training completion document from each trainee (Md. Code PS § 3-207; Md. Code PS § 3-524).
11. Sensitivity to cultural and gender diversity (Md. Code PS § 3-207).
12. Issues related to individuals with physical, intellectual, developmental, and psychiatric disabilities (Md. Code PS § 3-207).
13. Any additional training required by the MPTSC (Md. Code PS § 3-207).

(c) Locally mandated training (including county or city).

#### **203.5 TRAINING COMMITTEE**

The Training Sergeant may establish a Training Committee, on a temporary or as-needed basis, which will assist with identifying training needs.

The Training Committee should be comprised of at least three members, with the senior ranking member of the committee acting as the chairperson. Committee members should be selected based on their abilities at post-incident evaluation and at assessing related training needs. The Training Sergeant may remove or replace members of the committee at his/her discretion.

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The Training Committee should review certain incidents to determine whether training would likely improve future outcomes or reduce or prevent the recurrence of the undesirable issues related to an incident. Specific incidents the Training Committee should review include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Any incident involving the death or serious injury of a member.
- (b) Incidents involving a high risk of death, serious injury or civil liability.
- (c) Incidents identified by the Department to determine possible training needs.

The Training Committee should convene on a regular basis as determined by the Training Sergeant, to review the identified incidents. The committee shall determine by consensus whether a training need exists and then submit written recommendations of its findings to the Training Sergeant. The recommendation should not identify specific facts of any incidents, such as identities of members involved or the date, time and location of the incident but should focus on the type of training being recommended.

The Training Sergeant will consider the recommendations of the committee and determine what training should be addressed, taking into consideration the mission of the Department and the available resources. Training recommendations as determined by the Training Sergeant shall be submitted to the command staff for review.

#### **203.6 TRAINING ATTENDANCE**

- (a) All members assigned to attend training shall attend as scheduled unless previously excused by their immediate supervisors. Excused absences should be limited to:
  - 1. Court appearances.
  - 2. Previously approved vacation or time off.
  - 3. Illness or medical leave.
  - 4. Physical limitations preventing the member's participation.
  - 5. Emergency situations or department necessity.
- (b) Any member who is unable to attend training as scheduled shall notify his/her supervisor as soon as practicable but no later than one hour prior to the start of training and shall:
  - 1. Document his/her absence in a memorandum to his/her supervisor.
  - 2. Make arrangements through his/her supervisor or the Training Sergeant to attend the required training on an alternate date.

#### **203.7 DAILY TRAINING BULLETINS**

The Lexipol Daily Training Bulletins (DTBs) are contained in a web-accessed system that provides training on the Federalsburg Police Department Policy Manual and other important topics. Generally, one training bulletin is available for each day of the month. However, the number of DTBs may be adjusted by the Training Sergeant.

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Members assigned to participate in DTBs shall only use the login credentials assigned to them by the Training Sergeant. Members should not share their passwords with others and should frequently change their passwords to protect the security of the system. After each session, members should log off the system to prevent unauthorized access. The content of the DTBs is copyrighted material and shall not be shared with others outside of the Department.

Members who are assigned to participate in the DTB program should complete each DTB at the beginning of their shift or as otherwise directed by their supervisors. Members should not allow uncompleted DTBs to build up over time, and may be required to complete DTBs missed during extended absences (e.g., vacation, medical leave) upon returning to duty. Although the DTB system can be accessed from any internet-enabled computer, members shall only take DTBs as part of their on-duty assignment, unless directed otherwise by a supervisor.

Supervisors will be responsible for monitoring the progress of those under their command to ensure compliance with this policy.

#### **203.8 TRAINING RECORDS**

The Training Sergeant is responsible for the creation, filing and storage of all training records. Training records shall be retained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### **203.9 TRAINING SERGEANT**

The Chief of Police shall designate a Training Sergeant who is responsible for developing, reviewing, updating, and maintaining the department training plan so that required training is completed. The Training Sergeant should review the training plan annually.

## Electronic Mail

### 204.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the proper use and application of the electronic mail (email) system provided by the Department.

### 204.2 POLICY

Federalsburg Police Department members shall use email in a professional manner in accordance with this policy and current law, remaining aware that emails are subject to public disclosure under the Maryland Public Information Act (Md. Code GP § 4-101 et seq.).

### 204.3 PRIVACY EXPECTATION

Members forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to emails accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed on any department technology system (see the Information Technology Use Policy for additional guidance).

### 204.4 RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF EMAIL

Messages transmitted over the email system are restricted to official business activities, or shall only contain information that is essential for the accomplishment of business-related tasks or for communications that are directly related to the business, administration or practices of the Department.

Sending derogatory, defamatory, obscene, disrespectful, sexually suggestive, and harassing or any other inappropriate messages on the email system is prohibited and may result in discipline.

Email messages addressed to the entire Department are only to be used for official business-related items that are of particular interest to all users. In the event that a member has questions about sending a particular email communication, the member should seek prior approval from a supervisor in his/her chain of command.

It is a violation of this policy to transmit a message under another member's name or email address or to use the password of another to log into the system unless directed to do so by a supervisor. Members are required to log off the network or secure the workstation when the computer is unattended. This added security measure will minimize the potential misuse of a member's email, name or password. Any member who believes his/her password has become known to another person shall change their password immediately.

### 204.5 EMAIL RECORD MANAGEMENT

Email may, depending upon the individual content, be a public record under the Maryland Public Information Act and must be managed in accordance with the established records retention schedule and in compliance with state law (Md. Code SG § 10-610; COMAR 14.18.02.04).

The Custodian of Records shall ensure that email messages are retained and recoverable as outlined in the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

## Administrative Communications

### 205.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy sets forth the manner in which the Department communicates significant changes to its membership, such as promotions, transfers, hiring and appointment of new members, separations, individual and group awards and commendations, or other changes in status. This policy also provides guidelines for the professional handling of electronic and non-electronic administrative communications from the Department.

### 205.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will appropriately communicate significant events within the organization to its members. Both electronic and non-electronic administrative communications will be professional in appearance and comply with the established letterhead, signature and disclaimer guidelines, as applicable.

### 205.3 PERSONNEL ORDERS

Memorandums may be issued periodically by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee to announce and document promotions, transfers, military leave of absence, hiring and appointment of new members, reinstatements, separations, individual and group awards and commendations, or other changes in status.

### 205.4 CORRESPONDENCE

To ensure that the letterhead and name of the Department are not misused, all official external correspondence shall be on department letterhead. All department letterhead shall bear the signature element of the Chief of Police. Official correspondence and use of letterhead requires approval of a supervisor. Department letterhead may not be used for personal purposes.

Official internal correspondence shall be on the appropriate department electronic or non-electronic memorandum forms.

Electronic correspondence shall contain the sender's department-approved signature and electronic communications disclaimer language.

### 205.5 SURVEYS

All surveys made in the name of the Department shall be authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

### 205.6 OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

Departmental Directives and other communications necessary to ensure the effective operation of the Department shall be issued by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee (see the Departmental Directives Policy).



## Supervision Staffing Levels

### **206.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines to ensure that proper supervision is available to meet the needs of the Department and members throughout all Divisions.

### **206.2 POLICY**

The Federalsburg Police Department will ensure that proper supervision is available to meet the needs of its members and to achieve the goals of the Department. The needs of its members should be balanced with the needs of the Department for flexibility and discretion in assigning members to meet supervisory needs. While balance is desirable, the paramount concern is to meet the needs of the Department.

### **206.3 MINIMUM SUPERVISION STAFFING LEVELS**

Minimum staffing levels should be established by the Sgt.s for each Division and work group. The supervision staffing levels should support proper supervision, span of control, compliance with any collective bargaining agreements or memorandums of understanding and activity levels to meet the needs of members and the goals of the Department.

#### **206.3.1 TEMPORARY SUPERVISORS**

In order to accommodate training and other unforeseen circumstances, a qualified lower-ranking member may be used as a temporary supervisor in place of a regularly assigned supervisor.

## Retiree Concealed Firearms

### 207.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the issuance, denial, suspension or revocation of Federalsburg Police Department identification cards under the Law Enforcement Officers' Safety Act (LEOSA) (18 USC § 926C).

### 207.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to provide identification cards to qualified former or retired officers as provided in this policy.

### 207.3 LEOSA

The Chief of Police may issue an identification card for LEOSA purposes to any qualified former officer of this department or any bona fide law enforcement agency who (18 USC § 926C(c)):

- (a) Separated from service in good standing from this department or their department/agency/office as an officer.
- (b) Before such separation, had regular employment as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of 10 years or more or, if employed as a law enforcement officer for less than 10 years, separated from service after completing any applicable probationary period due to a service-connected disability as determined by this department.
- (c) Has not been disqualified for reasons related to mental health.
- (d) Has not entered into an agreement with this department where the officer acknowledges that he/she is not qualified to receive a firearm qualification certificate for reasons related to mental health.
- (e) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving or possessing a firearm.

#### 207.3.1 LEOSA IDENTIFICATION CARD FORMAT

The LEOSA identification card should contain a photograph of the former officer and identify him/her as having been employed as an officer.

If the Federalsburg Police Department qualifies the former officer, the LEOSA identification card or separate certification should indicate the date the former officer was tested or otherwise found by the Department to meet the active duty standards for qualification to carry a firearm.

#### 207.3.2 AUTHORIZATION

Any qualified former law enforcement officer, including a former officer of this department, may carry a concealed firearm under 18 USC § 926C when he/she is:

- (a) In possession of photographic identification that identifies him/her as having been employed as a law enforcement officer, and one of the following:
  1. An indication from the person's former law enforcement agency that he/she has, within the past year, been tested or otherwise found by the law enforcement

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agency to meet agency-established active duty standards for qualification in firearms training to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.

2. A certification, issued by either the state in which the person resides or by a certified firearms instructor who is qualified to conduct a firearms qualification test for active duty law enforcement officers within that state, indicating that the person has, within the past year, been tested or otherwise found to meet the standards established by the state or, if not applicable, the standards of any agency in that state.
  - (b) Not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance.
  - (c) Not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.
  - (d) Not in a location prohibited by Maryland law or by a private person or entity on his/her property if such prohibition is permitted by Maryland law.

#### **207.4 FORMER OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES**

A former officer with a card issued under this policy shall immediately notify the Shift Supervisor of his/her arrest or conviction in any jurisdiction, or that he/she is the subject of a court order, in accordance with the Reporting of Arrests, Convictions and Court Orders Policy.

The retiree is responsible for obtaining the proper handgun training and qualification for active law enforcement officers. The retiree may obtain handgun certification and a LEOSA certification card from the MPTSC.

##### **207.4.1 RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER LEOSA**

In order to obtain or retain a LEOSA identification card, the former officer shall:

- (a) Sign a waiver of liability of the Department for all acts taken related to carrying a concealed firearm, acknowledging both his/her personal responsibility as a private person for all acts taken when carrying a concealed firearm as permitted by LEOSA and also that these acts were not taken as an employee or former employee of the Department.
- (b) Remain subject to all applicable Department policies and federal, state and local laws.
- (c) Demonstrate good judgment and character commensurate with carrying a loaded and concealed firearm.
- (d) Successfully pass an annual criminal history background check indicating that he/she is not prohibited by law from receiving or possessing a firearm.

#### **207.5 FIREARM QUALIFICATIONS**

The Rangemaster may provide former officers from this department an opportunity to qualify. Written evidence of the qualification and the weapons used will be provided and will contain the date of the qualification. The Rangemaster will maintain a record of the qualifications and weapons used.

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##### **207.6 DENIAL, SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION**

The concealed firearm identification card for any officer retired from this department may be denied, suspended or permanently revoked only upon a showing of good cause. Any denial, suspension or revocation under this section shall also be considered disqualification under 18 USC § 926C(d). The concealed firearm identification card may be immediately and temporarily suspended by the Shift Supervisor when the conduct of a retired officer compromises public safety. Good cause, if challenged, shall be determined in the following manner:

- (a) In the event that a concealed firearm identification card is initially denied, the retired officer shall have 15 days from the date of denial to request a formal hearing. The failure to submit a timely written request for a hearing shall be deemed a waiver of such right. The hearing, absent written agreement between the parties, shall be held no later than 120 days after the request is received.
- (b) After an immediate and temporary suspension, such as an arrest prior to conviction or temporary court order, the retired officer shall have 15 days from the date of temporary suspension to request a formal hearing for reinstatement. The failure to submit a timely written request for a hearing shall be deemed a waiver of such right. The hearing, absent written agreement between the parties, shall be held no later than 120 days after the request is received.
- (c) Prior to permanent revocation of any concealed firearm identification card, the Department shall provide the affected retiree with written notice of a hearing by either personal service or first class mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested to the retiree's last known address.
  1. The retiree shall have 15 days from the date of service to file a written request for a hearing.
  2. The hearing, absent written agreement between the parties, shall be held no later than 120 days after the request is received.
  3. The failure to submit a timely written request for a hearing shall be deemed a waiver of such right.
- (d) The hearing for the denial, suspension or revocation of any concealed firearm identification card shall be conducted before a hearing board. The hearing board shall include one person selected by the Department, one person selected by the retiree or his/her employee group, and one person who is selected jointly.
  1. The decision of the hearing board shall be binding on the Department and the retiree.
  2. Any retiree who waives the right to a hearing or whose concealed firearm identification card has been revoked at a hearing shall immediately surrender his/her identification card. The Department will then reissue a new identification card which shall be stamped "No Concealed Firearm Privilege."

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##### 207.6.1 WATCHCOMMANDER RESPONSIBILITIES

Members who have reason to suspect a retiree's conduct has compromised public safety shall notify the Shift Supervisor as soon as practicable. The Shift Supervisor should take the following steps:

- (a) Promptly take appropriate steps to look into the matter.
- (b) If warranted, contact the retiree in person and advise him/her in writing of the following:
  1. The retiree's concealed firearm identification card is immediately and temporarily suspended.
  2. The retiree has 15 days to request a hearing to determine whether the temporary suspension should become permanent revocation.
  3. The retiree will forfeit his/her right to a hearing and the concealed firearm identification card will be permanently revoked if the retiree fails to respond to the notice of hearing within the 15-day period.
- (c) In the event that personal contact with the retiree cannot be reasonably achieved in a timely manner, the Shift Supervisor should attempt to make the above notice of temporary suspension through another law enforcement officer. For example, if a retiree was arrested or detained by a distant agency, the Shift Supervisor may request that a law enforcement officer from that agency act as the agent of the Department to deliver the written notification.
- (d) Notification of the temporary suspension should also be promptly mailed to the retiree via first class mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested.
- (e) Document in a memo the investigation, the actions taken, and, if applicable, any notification made to the retiree. The memo should be forwarded to the Chief of Police.

##### **207.7 DENIAL, SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION**

A LEOSA identification card may be denied or revoked upon a showing of good cause as determined by the Department. In the event that an identification card is denied, suspended or revoked, the former officer may request a review by the Chief of Police. The decision of the Chief of Police is final.

##### **207.8 MARYLAND RETIRED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER IDENTIFICATION CARD**

The Chief of Police shall provide a retiring officer with an identification card within 45 days after the officer's retirement if the officer (Md. Code PS § 3-513):

- (a) Retired in good standing for reasons other than mental instability.
- (b) Before retirement, was certified by the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC), had statutory powers of arrest in Maryland and completed an applicable probationary period.
- (c) Pays a fee set by the Federalsburg Police Department (not to exceed \$20).

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Upon request, any officer who retired prior to Oct. 1, 2015, shall be issued an identification card if the criteria set forth above are satisfied.

#### 207.8.1 MARYLAND RETIRED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER IDENTIFICATION CARD FORMAT

A Maryland retired law enforcement officer identification card shall be in the form approved by the MPTSC and include the information specified in Md. Code PS § 3-513.

## **Chapter 3 - General Operations**

## Use of Force

### 300.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines on the reasonable use of force. While there is no way to specify the exact amount or type of reasonable force to be applied in any situation, every member of this department is expected to use these guidelines to make such decisions in a professional, impartial, and reasonable manner.

In addition to those methods, techniques, and tools set forth below, the guidelines for the reasonable application of force contained in this policy shall apply to all policies addressing the potential use of force, including but not limited to the Control Devices and Conducted Energy Device policies.

#### 300.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Deadly force** - Force reasonably anticipated and intended to create a substantial likelihood of causing death or very serious injury.

**Feasible** - Reasonably capable of being done or carried out under the circumstances to successfully achieve the arrest or lawful objective without increasing risk to the officer or another person.

**Force** - The application of physical techniques or tactics, chemical agents, or weapons to another person. It is not a use of force when a person allows him/herself to be searched, escorted, handcuffed, or restrained.

**Imminent** - Ready to take place; impending. Note that imminent does not mean immediate or instantaneous.

**Totality of the circumstances** - All facts and circumstances known to the officer at the time, taken as a whole, including the conduct of the officer and the subject leading up to the use of force.

### 300.2 POLICY

The use of force by law enforcement personnel is a matter of critical concern, both to the public and to the law enforcement community. Officers are involved on a daily basis in numerous and varied interactions and, when warranted, may use reasonable force in carrying out their duties.

Officers must have an understanding of, and true appreciation for, their authority and limitations. This is especially true with respect to overcoming resistance while engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties.

The Federalsburg Police Department recognizes and respects the value of all human life and dignity without prejudice to anyone. Vesting officers with the authority to use reasonable force and to protect the public welfare requires monitoring, evaluation, and a careful balancing of all interests.



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##### **300.2.1 DUTY TO INTERCEDE AND REPORT**

Any officer present and observing another law enforcement officer or a member using force that is clearly beyond that which is objectively reasonable under the circumstances shall, when in a position to do so, intercede to prevent the use of unreasonable force (Md. Code PS § 3-524).

Any officer who observes another law enforcement officer or a member use force that is potentially beyond that which is objectively reasonable under the circumstances should report these observations to a supervisor as soon as feasible (Md. Code PS § 3-524).

##### **300.2.2 PERSPECTIVE**

When observing or reporting force used by a law enforcement officer, each officer should take into account the totality of the circumstances and the possibility that other law enforcement officers may have additional information regarding the threat posed by the subject.

#### **300.3 USE OF FORCE**

Officers shall use only that amount of force that reasonably appears necessary given the facts and circumstances perceived by the officer at the time of the event to accomplish a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

The reasonableness of force will be judged from the perspective of a reasonable officer on the scene at the time of the incident. Any evaluation of reasonableness must allow for the fact that officers are often forced to make split-second decisions about the amount of force that reasonably appears necessary in a particular situation, with limited information and in circumstances that are tense, uncertain and rapidly evolving.

Given that no policy can realistically predict every possible situation an officer might encounter, officers are entrusted to use well-reasoned discretion in determining the appropriate use of force in each incident.

It is also recognized that circumstances may arise in which officers reasonably believe that it would be impractical or ineffective to use any of the tools, weapons or methods provided by this department. Officers may find it more effective or reasonable to improvise their response to rapidly unfolding conditions that they are confronting. In such circumstances, the use of any improvised device or method must nonetheless be reasonable and utilized only to the degree that reasonably appears necessary to accomplish a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

While the ultimate objective of every law enforcement encounter is to avoid or minimize injury, nothing in this policy requires an officer to retreat or be exposed to possible physical injury before applying reasonable force.

##### **300.3.1 FACTORS USED TO DETERMINE THE REASONABLENESS OF FORCE**

When determining whether to apply force and evaluating whether an officer has used reasonable force, a number of factors should be taken into consideration, as time and circumstances permit. These factors include but are not limited to:

- (a) Immediacy and severity of the threat to officers or others.

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- (b) The conduct of the individual being confronted, as reasonably perceived by the officer at the time.
- (c) Officer/subject factors (e.g., age, size, relative strength, skill level, injuries sustained, level of exhaustion or fatigue, the number of officers available vs. subjects).
- (d) The effects of suspected drug or alcohol use.
- (e) The individual's mental state or capacity.
- (f) The individual's ability to understand and comply with officer commands.
- (g) Proximity of weapons or dangerous improvised devices.
- (h) The degree to which the individual has been effectively restrained and his/her ability to resist despite being restrained.
- (i) The availability of other reasonable and feasible options and their possible effectiveness.
- (j) Seriousness of the suspected offense or reason for contact with the individual.
- (k) Training and experience of the officer.
- (l) Potential for injury to officers, suspects, and others.
- (m) Whether the individual appears to be resisting, attempting to evade arrest by flight, or is attacking the officer.
- (n) The risk and reasonably foreseeable consequences of escape.
- (o) The apparent need for immediate control of the individual or a prompt resolution of the situation.
- (p) Whether the conduct of the individual being confronted no longer reasonably appears to pose an imminent threat to the officer or others.
- (q) Prior contacts with the individual or awareness of any propensity for violence.
- (r) Any other exigent circumstances.

#### 300.3.2 PAIN COMPLIANCE TECHNIQUES

Pain compliance techniques may be effective in controlling a physically or actively resisting individual. Officers may only apply those pain compliance techniques for which they have successfully completed department-approved training. Officers utilizing any pain compliance technique should consider:

- (a) The degree to which the application of the technique may be controlled given the level of resistance.
- (b) Whether the individual can comply with the direction or orders of the officer.
- (c) Whether the individual has been given sufficient opportunity to comply.

The application of any pain compliance technique shall be discontinued once the officer determines that compliance has been achieved.

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##### 300.3.3 CAROTID CONTROL HOLD

A carotid control hold is a technique designed to control an individual by temporarily restricting blood flow through the application of pressure to the side of the neck and, unlike a chokehold, does not restrict the airway. The proper application of the carotid control hold may be effective in restraining a violent or combative individual. However, due to the potential for injury, the use of the carotid control hold is limited to those circumstances where deadly force is authorized and is subject to the following:

- (a) At all times during the application of the carotid control hold, the response of the individual should be monitored. The carotid control hold should be discontinued when circumstances indicate that the application no longer reasonably appears necessary.
- (b) Any individual who has had the carotid control hold applied, regardless of whether he/she was rendered unconscious, shall be promptly examined by paramedics or other qualified medical personnel and should be monitored until such examination occurs.
- (c) The officer shall inform any person receiving custody, or any person placed in a position of providing care, that the individual has been subjected to the carotid control hold and whether the individual lost consciousness as a result.
- (d) Any officer attempting or applying the carotid control hold shall promptly notify a supervisor of the use or attempted use of such hold.
- (e) The use or attempted use of the carotid control hold shall be thoroughly documented by the officer in any related reports.

##### 300.3.4 USE OF FORCE TO SEIZE EVIDENCE

In general, officers may use reasonable force to lawfully seize evidence and to prevent the destruction of evidence. However, officers are discouraged from using force solely to prevent a person from swallowing evidence or contraband. In the instance when force is used, officers should not intentionally use any technique that restricts blood flow to the head, restricts respiration or which creates a reasonable likelihood that blood flow to the head or respiration would be restricted. Officers are encouraged to use techniques and methods taught by the Federalsburg Police Department for this specific purpose.

##### 300.3.5 ALTERNATIVE TACTICS – DE-ESCALATION

When circumstances reasonably permit, officers should use non-violent strategies and techniques to decrease the intensity of a situation, improve decision-making, improve communication, reduce the need for force, and increase voluntary compliance (e.g., summoning additional resources, formulating a plan, attempting verbal persuasion) (Md. Code PS § 3-524).

##### 300.3.6 RESPIRATORY RESTRAINTS

The use of a respiratory restraint, also known as a chokehold, is limited to circumstances where deadly force is authorized and if applied, is subject to the same guidelines and requirements as a carotid control hold.

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##### 300.3.7 MARYLAND USE OF FORCE STATUTE

Officers may use reasonable force against a person to prevent an imminent threat of physical injury or to effectuate a legitimate law enforcement objective, provided that the force used under the totality of the circumstances reasonably appears necessary and proportional (Md. Code PS § 3-524).

Officers should cease the use of force as soon as the person is under control or no longer poses an imminent threat of physical injury or death, or the force will no longer reasonably accomplish a legitimate law enforcement objective (Md. Code PS § 3-524).

##### **300.4 DEADLY FORCE APPLICATIONS**

When reasonable, the officer shall, prior to the use of deadly force, make efforts to identify him/herself as a peace officer and to warn that deadly force may be used, unless the officer has objectively reasonable grounds to believe the person is aware of those facts.

Use of deadly force is justified in the following circumstances involving imminent threat or imminent risk:

- (a) An officer may use deadly force to protect him/herself or others from what he/she reasonably believes is an imminent threat of death or serious bodily injury.
- (b) An officer may use deadly force to stop a fleeing subject when the officer has probable cause to believe that the individual has committed, or intends to commit, a felony involving the infliction or threatened infliction of serious bodily injury or death, and the officer reasonably believes that there is an imminent risk of serious bodily injury or death to any other person if the individual is not immediately apprehended. Under such circumstances, a verbal warning should precede the use of deadly force, where feasible.

Imminent does not mean immediate or instantaneous. An imminent danger may exist even if the suspect is not at that very moment pointing a weapon at someone. For example, an imminent danger may exist if an officer reasonably believes that the individual has a weapon or is attempting to access one and intends to use it against the officer or another person. An imminent danger may also exist if the individual is capable of causing serious bodily injury or death without a weapon, and the officer believes the individual intends to do so.

##### 300.4.1 MOVING VEHICLES

Shots fired at or from a moving vehicle involve additional considerations and risks, and are rarely effective.

When feasible, officers should take reasonable steps to move out of the path of an approaching vehicle instead of discharging their firearm at the vehicle or any of its occupants.

An officer should only discharge a firearm at a moving vehicle or its occupants when the officer reasonably believes there are no other reasonable means available to avert the imminent threat of the vehicle, or if deadly force other than the vehicle is directed at the officer or others.

Officers should not shoot at any part of a vehicle in an attempt to disable the vehicle.

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### **300.5 REPORTING THE USE OF FORCE**

Any use of force by a member of this department shall be documented promptly, completely, and accurately in an appropriate report, depending on the nature of the incident. The officer should articulate the factors perceived and why he/she believed the use of force was reasonable under the circumstances.

To collect data for purposes of training, resource allocation, analysis, and related purposes, the Department may require the completion of additional report forms, as specified in department policy, procedure, or law. See the Report Preparation Policy for additional circumstances that may require documentation.

#### **300.5.1 NOTIFICATIONS TO SUPERVISORS**

Supervisory notification shall be made as soon as practicable following the application of force in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) The application caused a visible injury.
- (b) The application would lead a reasonable officer to conclude that the individual may have experienced more than momentary discomfort.
- (c) The individual subjected to the force complained of injury or continuing pain.
- (d) The individual indicates intent to pursue litigation.
- (e) Any application of the conducted energy device or control device.
- (f) Any application of a restraint device other than handcuffs, shackles, or belly chains.
- (g) The individual subjected to the force was rendered unconscious.
- (h) An individual was struck or kicked.
- (i) An individual alleges unreasonable force was used or that any of the above has occurred.

#### **300.5.2 REPORTING DEADLINE**

Any use of force by a member of this department shall be documented as required by state law and as directed in the Report Preparation Policy (Md. Code PS § 3-514; Md. Code PS § 3-524).

### **300.6 MEDICAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Once it is reasonably safe to do so, medical assistance shall be obtained for any person who exhibits signs of physical distress, has sustained visible injury, expresses a complaint of injury or continuing pain, or was rendered unconscious (Md. Code PS § 3-524). Any individual exhibiting signs of physical distress after an encounter should be continuously monitored until the individual can be medically assessed. Individuals should not be placed on their stomachs for an extended period, as this could impair their ability to breathe.

Based upon the officer's initial assessment of the nature and extent of the individual's injuries, medical assistance may consist of examination by an emergency medical services provider or medical personnel at a hospital or jail. If any such individual refuses medical attention, such a refusal shall be fully documented in related reports and, whenever practicable, should be

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witnessed by another officer and/or medical personnel. If a recording is made of the contact or an interview with the individual, any refusal should be included in the recording, if possible.

The on-scene supervisor or, if the on-scene supervisor is not available, the primary handling officer shall ensure that any person providing medical care or receiving custody of a person following any use of force is informed that the person was subjected to force. This notification shall include a description of the force used and any other circumstances the officer reasonably believes would be potential safety or medical risks to the subject (e.g., prolonged struggle, extreme agitation, impaired respiration).

Individuals who exhibit extreme agitation, violent irrational behavior accompanied by profuse sweating, extraordinary strength beyond their physical characteristics, and imperviousness to pain, or who require a protracted physical encounter with multiple officers to be brought under control, may be at an increased risk of sudden death. Calls involving these persons should be considered medical emergencies. Officers who reasonably suspect a medical emergency should request medical assistance as soon as practicable and have medical personnel stage away.

See the Medical Aid and Response Policy for additional guidelines.

#### **300.7 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

A supervisor should respond to a reported application of force resulting in visible injury, if reasonably available. When a supervisor is able to respond to an incident in which there has been a reported application of force, the supervisor is expected to:

- (a) Obtain the basic facts from the involved officers. Absent an allegation of misconduct or excessive force, this will be considered a routine contact in the normal course of duties.
- (b) Ensure that any injured parties are examined and treated.
- (c) When possible, separately obtain a recorded interview with the individual upon whom force was applied. If this interview is conducted without the individual having voluntarily waived his/her *Miranda* rights, the following shall apply:
  1. The content of the interview should not be summarized or included in any related criminal charges.
  2. The fact that a recorded interview was conducted should be documented in a property or other report.
  3. The recording of the interview should be distinctly marked for retention until all potential for civil litigation has expired.
- (d) Once any initial medical assessment has been completed or first aid has been rendered, ensure that photographs have been taken of any areas involving visible injury or complaint of pain, as well as overall photographs of uninjured areas.
  1. These photographs should be retained until all potential for civil litigation has expired.
- (e) Identify any witnesses not already included in related reports.

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- (f) Review and approve all related reports.
- (g) Determine if there is any indication that the individual may pursue civil litigation.
  - 1. If there is an indication of potential civil litigation, the supervisor should complete and route a notification of a potential claim through the appropriate channels.
  - 2. Evaluate the circumstances surrounding the incident and initiate an administrative investigation if there is a question of policy noncompliance or if for any reason further investigation may be appropriate.

In the event that a supervisor is unable to respond to the scene of an incident involving the reported application of force, the supervisor is still expected to complete as many of the above items as circumstances permit.

#### **300.7.1 SHIFT SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

The Shift Supervisor shall review each use of force by any personnel within the Shift Supervisor's command to ensure compliance with this policy and to address any training issues (Md. Code PS § 3-524).

The Shift Supervisor or other appropriate supervisor should respond to the scene and gather and review all known video recordings in any incident where a use of force by an officer is reasonably believed to have caused serious physical injury as defined by Md. Code CR § 3-201 (Md. Code PS § 3-524).

#### **300.8 TRAINING**

Officers will receive periodic training on this policy and demonstrate their knowledge and understanding.

Subject to available resources, officers should receive periodic training on:

- (a) Guidelines regarding vulnerable populations, including but not limited to children, elderly, pregnant persons, and individuals with physical, mental, or intellectual disabilities.
- (b) De-escalation tactics, including alternatives to force.

#### **300.9 USE OF FORCE ANALYSIS**

At least annually, the Administrative Lieutenant should prepare an analysis report on use of force incidents. The report should be submitted to the Chief of Police. The report should not contain the names of officers, suspects or case numbers, and should include:

- (a) The identification of any trends in the use of force by members.
- (b) Training needs recommendations.
- (c) Equipment needs recommendations.
- (d) Policy revision recommendations.

## USE OF FORCE REVIEW

### 301.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes a process for the Federalsburg Police Department to review the use of force by its members.

This review process shall be in addition to any other review or investigation that may be conducted by any outside or multi-agency entity having jurisdiction over the investigation or the evaluation of the use of force.

### 301.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will objectively evaluate the use of force by its members to ensure that their authority is used appropriately and consistent with training and policy.

### 301.3 ADMINISTRATIVE ASSIGNMENT

Generally, whenever a member's actions or use of force in an official capacity, or while using department equipment, results in death or very serious injury to another, that member will be placed in a temporary administrative assignment by the Chief of Police. The Chief of Police may exercise discretion and choose not to place a member in an administrative assignment.

### 301.4 INVOLVED MEMBER'S SUPERVISOR

The involved member's supervisor shall review each use of force report to make one of the following recommended findings:

- (a) The member's actions were within department policy and procedure; or
- (b) The members's actions were in violation of department policy and procedure.

The review shall be based upon those facts which were reasonably believed or known by the officer at the time of the incident, applying any legal requirements, department policies, procedures and approved training to those facts. Facts later discovered but unknown to the involved member at the time of the incident shall neither serve to justify nor call into question a member's decision regarding the use of force.

If the facts of the case are inadequate to reach a conclusion, the supervisor will confer with the Lieutenant to determine who will be responsible for any investigation.

The supervisor may also recommend additional investigations or reviews, such as, training reviews to consider whether training should be developed or revised, policy reviews conducted, or other issues as may be deemed appropriate.

The supervisor will submit the written recommendation to the Lieutenant..

#### 301.4.1 LIEUTENANT

The Lieutenant shall review the supervisor's use of force recommendation and will make one of the following recommended findings:

- (a) The members's actions were within department policy and procedure; or



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- (b) The member's actions were in violation of department policy and procedure.

If the use of force results in serious injury, death, or whenever death is imminent, the Lieutenant will recommend to the Chief of Police to:

- (a) Place the member in a non-line administrative function; and,
- (b) Refer the member to the appropriate psychological services caregiver.

Maintains files of all reports involving the use of force and submits a report annually to the Chief of Police, summarizing the use of force during the previous calendar year. The report shall be completed and submitted by January 15th.

Ensures the final disposition recommendations approved by the Chief of Police are implemented.

Dispositions directly affecting the involved member will be referred to the member's supervisor for implementation.

Other dispositions will be referred to the appropriate commander for implementation.

#### 301.4.2 CHIEF OF POLICE

The Chief of Police shall review the recommendation, make a final determination as to whether the member's actions were within policy and procedure, and will determine whether any additional actions, investigations, or reviews are appropriate. Those findings will be forwarded to the involved member's supervisor for review and appropriate action. If the Chief of Police concludes that discipline should be considered, a disciplinary process will be initiated.

#### **301.5 USE OF FORCE ANALYSIS**

At least annually, the Chief of Police shall conduct a review of use of force incidents with the following objectives:

- (a) The identification of any trends in the use of force by members.
- (b) Training needs and recommendations.
- (c) Equipment needs and recommendations.
- (d) Policy revision recommendations.

## Handcuffing and Restraints

### 302.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the use of handcuffs and other restraints during detentions and arrests.

### 302.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department authorizes the use of restraint devices in accordance with this policy, the Use of Force Policy and department training. Restraint devices shall not be used to punish, to display authority or as a show of force.

### 302.3 USE OF RESTRAINTS

Only members who have successfully completed Federalsburg Police Department-approved training on the use of restraint devices described in this policy are authorized to use these devices.

When deciding whether to use any restraint, officers should carefully balance officer safety concerns with factors that include, but are not limited to:

- The circumstances or crime leading to the arrest
- The demeanor and behavior of the arrested person
- The age and health of the person
- Whether the person is known to be pregnant
- Whether the person has a hearing or speaking disability. In such cases, consideration should be given, safety permitting, to handcuffing to the front in order to allow the person to sign or write notes
- Whether the person has any other apparent disability

#### 302.3.1 RESTRAINT OF DETAINEES

Situations may arise where it may be reasonable to restrain a person who may, after brief investigation, be released without arrest. Unless arrested, the use of restraints on detainees should continue only for as long as is reasonably necessary to assure the safety of officers and others. When deciding whether to remove restraints from a detainee, officers should continuously weigh the safety interests at hand against the continuing intrusion upon the detainee.

#### 302.3.2 RESTRAINT OF PREGNANT PERSONS

Persons who are known to be pregnant should be restrained in the least restrictive manner that is effective for officer safety. Leg irons, waist chains, or handcuffs behind the body should not be used unless the officer has a reasonable suspicion that the person may resist, attempt escape, injure self or others, or damage property.

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No person who is in labor, delivery, or recovery after delivery shall be handcuffed or restrained except in extraordinary circumstances and only when a supervisor makes an individualized determination that such restraints are necessary for the safety of the arrestee, officers, or others.

#### **302.3.3 RESTRAINT OF JUVENILES**

A juvenile under 14 years of age should not be restrained unless he/she is suspected of a dangerous felony or when the officer has a reasonable suspicion that the juvenile may resist, attempt escape, injure him/herself, injure the officer or damage property.

#### **302.3.4 NOTIFICATIONS**

Whenever an officer transports a person with the use of restraints other than handcuffs, the officer shall inform the jail staff upon arrival at the jail that restraints were used. This notification should include information regarding any other circumstances the officer reasonably believes would be potential safety concerns or medical risks to the person (e.g., prolonged struggle, extreme agitation, impaired respiration) that may have occurred prior to, or during, transportation to the jail.

#### **302.4 APPLICATION OF HANDCUFFS OR PLASTIC CUFFS**

Handcuffs, including temporary nylon or plastic cuffs, may be used only to restrain a person's hands to ensure officer safety.

Although recommended for most arrest situations, handcuffing is discretionary and not an absolute requirement of the Department. Officers should consider handcuffing any person they reasonably believe warrants that degree of restraint. However, officers should not conclude that in order to avoid risk every person should be handcuffed regardless of the circumstances.

In most situations, handcuffs should be applied with the hands behind the person's back. When feasible, handcuffs should be double-locked to prevent tightening, which may cause undue discomfort or injury to the hands or wrists.

In situations where one pair of handcuffs does not appear sufficient to restrain the person or may cause unreasonable discomfort due to the person's size, officers should consider alternatives, such as using an additional set of handcuffs or multiple plastic cuffs.

Handcuffs should be removed as soon as it is reasonable or after the person has been searched and is safely confined within a detention facility.

#### **302.5 APPLICATION OF SPIT HOODS**

Spit hoods are temporary protective devices designed to prevent the wearer from biting and/or transferring or transmitting fluids (saliva and mucous) to others.

Spit hoods may be placed upon persons in custody when the officer reasonably believes the person will bite or spit, either on a person or in an inappropriate place. They are generally used during application of a physical restraint, while the person is restrained, or during or after transport.

Officers utilizing spit hoods should ensure that the spit hood is fastened properly to allow for adequate ventilation and that the restrained person can breathe normally. Officers should provide

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assistance during the movement of a restrained person due to the potential for impairing or distorting that person's vision. Officers should avoid comingling those wearing spit hoods with other detainees.

Spit hoods should not be used in situations where the restrained person is bleeding profusely from the area around the mouth or nose, or if there are indications that the person has a medical condition, such as difficulty breathing or vomiting. In such cases, prompt medical care should be obtained. If the person vomits while wearing a spit hood, the spit hood should be promptly removed and discarded. Persons who have been sprayed with oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray should be thoroughly decontaminated, including hair, head and clothing, prior to application of a spit hood.

Those who have been placed in a spit hood should be continually monitored and shall not be left unattended until the spit hood is removed. Spit hoods shall be discarded after each use.

#### **302.6 APPLICATION OF AUXILIARY RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Auxiliary restraint devices include transport belts, waist or belly chains, transportation chains, leg irons and other similar devices. Auxiliary restraint devices are intended for use during long-term restraint or transportation. They provide additional security and safety without impeding breathing, while permitting adequate movement, comfort and mobility.

Only department-authorized devices may be used. Any person in auxiliary restraints should be monitored as reasonably appears necessary.

#### **302.7 APPLICATION OF LEG RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Leg restraints may be used to restrain the legs of a violent or potentially violent person when it is reasonable to do so during the course of detention, arrest or transportation. Only restraint devices approved by the Department shall be used.

In determining whether to use the leg restraint, officers should consider:

- (a) Whether the officer or others could be exposed to injury due to the assaultive or resistant behavior of a person.
- (b) Whether it is reasonably necessary to protect the person from his/her own actions (e.g., hitting his/her head against the interior of the patrol vehicle, running away from the arresting officer while handcuffed, kicking at objects or officers).
- (c) Whether it is reasonably necessary to avoid damage to property (e.g., kicking at windows of the patrol vehicle).

##### **302.7.1 GUIDELINES FOR USE OF LEG RESTRAINTS**

When applying leg restraints the following guidelines should be followed:

- (a) If practicable, officers should notify a supervisor of the intent to apply the leg restraint device. In all cases, a supervisor shall be notified as soon as practicable after the application of the leg restraint device.

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- (b) Once applied, absent a medical or other emergency, restraints should remain in place until the officer arrives at the jail or other facility or the person no longer reasonably appears to pose a threat.
- (c) Once secured, the person should be placed in a seated or upright position, secured with a seat belt, and shall not be placed on his/her stomach for an extended period, as this could reduce the person's ability to breathe.
- (d) The restrained person should be continually monitored by an officer while in the leg restraint. The officer should ensure that the person does not roll onto and remain on his/her stomach.
- (e) The officer should look for signs of labored breathing and take appropriate steps to relieve and minimize any obvious factors contributing to this condition.
- (f) When transported by emergency medical services, the restrained person should be accompanied by an officer when requested by medical personnel. The transporting officer should describe to medical personnel any unusual behaviors or other circumstances the officer reasonably believes would be potential safety or medical risks to the person (e.g., prolonged struggle, extreme agitation, impaired respiration).

#### **302.8 REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION**

If a person is restrained and released without an arrest, the officer shall document the details of the detention and the need for handcuffs or other restraints.

If a person is arrested, the use of handcuffs or other restraints shall be documented in the related report. Officers should document the following information in reports, as appropriate, when restraints other than handcuffs are used on a person:

- (a) The factors that led to the decision to use restraints.
- (b) Supervisor notification and approval of restraint use.
- (c) The types of restraint used.
- (d) The amount of time the person was restrained.
- (e) How the person was transported and the position of the person during transport.
- (f) Observations of the person's behavior and any signs of physiological problems.
- (g) Any known or suspected drug use or other medical problems.

#### **302.9 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, the Training Sergeant should ensure that officers receive periodic training on the proper use of handcuffs and other restraints, including:

- (a) Proper placement and fit of handcuffs and other restraint devices approved for use by the Department.
- (b) Response to complaints of pain by restrained persons.

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- (c) Options for restraining those who may be pregnant without the use of leg irons, waist chains, or handcuffs behind the body.
- (d) Options for restraining amputees or those with medical conditions or other physical conditions that may be aggravated by being restrained.

## Control Devices

### 303.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the use and maintenance of control devices that are described in this policy.

### 303.2 POLICY

In order to control individual subjects who are violent or who demonstrate the intent to be violent, the Federalsburg Police Department authorizes officers to use control devices in accordance with the guidelines in this policy and the Use of Force Policy. The Chief of Police may also authorize other positions or individual department members to use specific control devices.

### 303.3 ISSUING, CARRYING AND USING CONTROL DEVICES

Control devices described in this policy may be carried and used by members of this department only if the device has been issued by the Department or approved by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

Only those members who have successfully completed department-approved training in the use of any control device are authorized to carry and use the device.

Control devices may be used when a decision has been made to control, restrain or arrest a person who is violent or who demonstrates the intent to be violent and the use of the device appears reasonable under the circumstances. When reasonable, a verbal warning and opportunity to comply should precede the use of these devices.

### 303.4 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 303.4.1 SHIFT SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The Shift Supervisor may authorize the use of a control device by selected department members or those in specialized assignments who have successfully completed the required training.

#### 303.4.2 CHIEF RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chief shall control the inventory and issuance of all control devices and shall ensure that all damaged, inoperative, outdated or expended control devices or munitions are properly disposed of, repaired or replaced.

Every control device will be periodically inspected by the Chief or the designated instructor for a particular control device. The inspection shall be documented.

#### 303.4.3 USER RESPONSIBILITIES

All normal maintenance, charging or cleaning shall remain the responsibility of personnel using the various devices.

Any damaged, inoperative, outdated or expended control devices or munitions, along with documentation explaining the cause of the damage, shall be returned to the Chief for disposition.

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Documentation shall also be forwarded through the chain of command, when appropriate, explaining the cause of damage.

#### **303.5 BATON GUIDELINES**

The need to immediately control a suspect must be weighed against the risk of causing serious injury. The head, neck, throat, spine, heart, kidneys and groin should not be intentionally targeted except when the officer reasonably believes the suspect poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death to him/herself or others.

When carrying a baton, uniformed personnel shall carry the baton in its authorized holder on the equipment belt. Plainclothes and non-field personnel may carry the baton as authorized and in accordance with the needs of their assignments or at the direction of their supervisors.

#### **303.6 TEAR GAS GUIDELINES**

Tear gas may be used for crowd control, crowd dispersal or against barricaded suspects based on the circumstances. Only the Shift Supervisor, Incident Commander or Crisis Response Unit Commander may authorize the delivery and use of tear gas, and only after evaluating all conditions known at the time and determining that such force reasonably appears justified and necessary.

When practicable, fire and emergency medical services personnel should be alerted or summoned to the scene prior to the deployment of tear gas to control any fires and to assist in providing medical aid or gas evacuation, if needed.

#### **303.7 OLEORESIN CAPSICUM (OC) GUIDELINES**

As with other control devices, OC spray and pepper projectiles may be considered for use to bring under control an individual or groups of individuals who are engaging in, or are about to engage in, violent behavior. Pepper projectiles and OC spray should not, however, be used against individuals or groups who merely fail to disperse or do not reasonably appear to present a risk to the safety of department members or the public.

##### **303.7.1 OC SPRAY**

Uniformed members carrying OC spray shall carry the device in its holster on the equipment belt. Plainclothes and non-field members may carry OC spray as authorized, in accordance with the needs of their assignments or at the direction of their supervisors.

##### **303.7.2 PEPPER PROJECTILE SYSTEMS**

Pepper projectiles are plastic spheres that are filled with a derivative of OC powder. Because the compressed gas launcher delivers the projectiles with enough force to burst the projectiles on impact and release the OC powder, the potential exists for the projectiles to inflict injury if they strike the head, neck, spine or groin. Therefore, personnel using a pepper projectile system should not intentionally target those areas, except when the officer reasonably believes the suspect poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death to the officer or others.

Officers encountering a situation that warrants the use of a pepper projectile system shall notify a supervisor as soon as practicable. A supervisor shall respond to all pepper projectile system



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incidents where an individual has been hit or exposed to the chemical agent. The supervisor shall ensure that all notifications and reports are completed as required by the Use of Force Policy.

Each deployment of a pepper projectile system shall be documented. This includes situations where the launcher was directed toward an individual, whether or not the launcher was used. Unintentional discharges shall be promptly reported to a supervisor and documented on the appropriate report form. Only non-incident use of a pepper projectile system, such as training or a product demonstration, is exempt from the reporting requirement.

#### **303.7.3 TREATMENT FOR OC EXPOSURE**

Persons who have been sprayed with or otherwise affected by the use of OC should be promptly provided with clean water to cleanse the affected areas. Those who complain of further severe effects shall be examined by appropriate medical personnel.

#### **303.8 POST-APPLICATION NOTICE**

Whenever tear gas or OC has been introduced into a residence, building interior, vehicle or other enclosed area, the owners or available occupants should be provided with notice of the possible presence of residue which could result in irritation or injury if the area is not properly cleaned. Such notice should include advisement that clean-up will be at the owner's expense. Information regarding how and when the notice was delivered and the individuals notified should be included in related reports.

#### **303.9 KINETIC ENERGY PROJECTILE GUIDELINES**

This department is committed to reducing the potential for violent confrontations. Kinetic energy projectiles, when used properly, are less likely to result in death or serious physical injury and can be used in an attempt to de-escalate a potentially deadly situation.

##### **303.9.1 DEPLOYMENT AND USE**

Only department-approved kinetic energy munitions shall be carried and deployed. Approved munitions may be used to compel an individual to cease his/her actions when such munitions present a reasonable option.

Officers are not required or compelled to use approved munitions in lieu of other reasonable tactics if the involved officer determines that deployment of these munitions cannot be done safely. The safety of hostages, innocent persons and officers takes priority over the safety of individuals engaged in criminal or suicidal behavior.

Circumstances appropriate for deployment include, but are not limited to, situations in which:

- (a) The suspect is armed with a weapon and the tactical circumstances allow for the safe application of approved munitions.
- (b) The suspect has made credible threats to harm him/herself or others.
- (c) The suspect is engaged in riotous behavior or is throwing rocks, bottles or other dangerous projectiles at officers, other department members and/or other people.

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- (d) There is probable cause to believe that the suspect has already committed a crime of violence and is refusing to comply with lawful orders.

#### 303.9.2 DEPLOYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Before discharging projectiles, the officer should consider such factors as:

- (a) Distance and angle to target.
- (b) Type of munitions employed.
- (c) Type and thickness of subject's clothing.
- (d) The subject's proximity to others.
- (e) The location of the subject.
- (f) Whether the subject's actions dictate the need for an immediate response and the use of control devices appears appropriate.

A verbal warning of the intended use of the device should precede its application, unless it would otherwise endanger the safety of officers or when it is not practicable due to the circumstances. The purpose of the warning is to give the individual a reasonable opportunity to voluntarily comply and to warn other officers and individuals that the device is being deployed.

Officers should keep in mind the manufacturer's recommendations and their training regarding effective distances and target areas. However, officers are not restricted solely to use according to manufacturer recommendations. Each situation must be evaluated on the totality of circumstances at the time of deployment.

The need to immediately incapacitate the suspect must be weighed against the risk of causing serious injury or death. The head and neck should not be intentionally targeted, except when the officer reasonably believes the suspect poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death to the officer or others.

#### 303.9.3 SAFETY PROCEDURES

Shotguns specifically designated for use with kinetic energy projectiles will be specially marked in a manner that makes them readily identifiable as such.

Officers will inspect shotguns and projectiles at the beginning of each shift to ensure that the shotguns are in proper working order and the projectiles are of the approved type and appear to be free from defects.

When they are not deployed, shotguns will be unloaded, and properly and securely stored in police department vehicles. When deploying a kinetic energy projectile shotgun, officers shall visually inspect the kinetic energy projectiles to ensure that conventional ammunition is not being loaded into the shotgun.

Absent compelling circumstances, officers who must transition from conventional ammunition to kinetic energy projectiles will employ the two-person rule for loading. The two-person rule is a

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safety measure in which a second officer watches the unloading and loading process to ensure that the weapon is completely emptied of conventional ammunition.

#### **303.10 TRAINING FOR CONTROL DEVICES**

The Training Sergeant shall ensure that those members who are authorized to carry a control device have been properly trained and certified to carry the specific control device and are retrained or recertified as necessary.

- (a) Proficiency training shall be monitored and documented by a certified, control-device weapons or tactics instructor.
- (b) All training and proficiency for control devices will be documented in the member's training file.
- (c) Members who fail to demonstrate proficiency with the control device or knowledge of the Use of Force Policy will be provided remedial training. If a member cannot demonstrate proficiency with a control device or knowledge of the Use of Force Policy after remedial training, the member will be restricted from carrying the control device and may be subject to discipline.

#### **303.11 REPORTING USE OF CONTROL DEVICES**

Any application of a control device shall be documented in the related incident report and reported pursuant to the Use of Force Policy.

## Conducted Energy Device

### 304.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the issuance and use of the conducted energy device (CED) (COMAR 12.04.05.02).

### 304.2 POLICY

The CED is used in an attempt to control a violent or potentially violent individual. The appropriate use of such a device may result in fewer serious injuries to officers and suspects.

### 304.3 ISSUANCE AND CARRYING CEDS

Only members who have successfully completed department-approved training may be issued and may carry the CED (COMAR 12.04.05.03(B)).

The Rangemaster should keep a log of issued CED devices and the serial numbers of cartridges/magazines issued to members.

CEDs are issued for use during a member's current assignment. Those leaving a particular assignment may be required to return the device to the department inventory.

Officers shall only use the CED and cartridges/magazines that have been issued by the Department (COMAR 12.04.05.02(C)(1)). Cartridges/magazines should not be used after the manufacturer's expiration date.

Uniformed officers who have been issued the CED shall wear the device in an approved holster.

Officers who carry the CED while in uniform shall carry it in a holster on the side opposite the duty weapon.

- (a) All CEDs shall be clearly distinguishable to differentiate them from the duty weapon and any other device.
- (b) For single-shot devices, whenever practicable, officers should carry an additional cartridge on their person when carrying the CED.
- (c) Officers should not hold a firearm and the CED at the same time.

Non-uniformed officers may secure the CED in a concealed, secure location in the driver's compartment of their vehicles.

#### 304.3.1 USER RESPONSIBILITIES

Officers shall be responsible for ensuring that the issued CED is properly maintained and in good working order. This includes a function test and battery life monitoring, as required by the manufacturer, and should be completed prior to the beginning of the officer's shift.

CEDs that are damaged or inoperative, or cartridges/magazines that are expired or damaged, shall be returned to the Rangemaster for disposition. Officers shall submit documentation stating the reason for the return and how the CED or cartridge/magazine was damaged or became inoperative, if known.

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#### **304.4 VERBAL AND VISUAL WARNINGS**

A verbal warning of the intended use of the CED should precede its application, unless it would otherwise endanger the safety of officers or when it is not practicable due to the circumstances. The purpose of the warning is to:

- (a) Provide the individual with a reasonable opportunity to voluntarily comply.
- (b) Provide other officers and individuals with a warning that the CED may be deployed.

If, after a verbal warning, an individual fails to voluntarily comply with an officer's lawful orders and it appears both reasonable and feasible under the circumstances, the officer may, but is not required to, activate any warning on the device, which may include display of the electrical arc, an audible warning, or the laser in a further attempt to gain compliance prior to the application of the CED. The laser should not be intentionally directed into anyone's eyes.

The fact that a verbal or other warning was given or the reasons it was not given shall be documented by the officer deploying the CED in the related report.

#### **304.5 DOCUMENTATION**

Officers shall document all CED discharges in the related arrest/crime reports and the CED report forms. Photographs should be taken of any obvious probe impact or drive-stun application sites and attached to the CED report form. Notification shall also be made to a supervisor in compliance with the Use of Force Policy. Unintentional discharges, pointing the device at a person, audible warning, laser activation, and arcing the device, other than for testing purposes, will also be documented on the report form. Data downloads from the CED after use on a subject should be done as soon as practicable using a department-approved process to preserve the data.

##### **304.5.1 CED REPORT FORM**

As applicable based on the device type, items that shall be included in the CED report form are:

- (a) The brand, model, and serial number of the CED and any cartridge/magazine.
- (b) Date, time, and location of the incident.
- (c) Whether any warning, display, laser, or arc deterred a subject and gained compliance.
- (d) The number of probes deployed, CED activations, the duration of each cycle, the duration between activations, and (as best as can be determined) the duration that the subject received applications.
- (e) The range at which the CED was used.
- (f) The type of mode used (e.g., probe deployment, drive-stun).
- (g) Location of any probe impact.
- (h) Location of contact in drive-stun mode.
- (i) Description of where missed probes went.
- (j) Whether medical care was provided to the subject.
- (k) Whether the subject sustained any injuries.

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- (l) Whether any officers sustained any injuries.

The Training Sergeant should periodically analyze the report forms to identify trends, including deterrence and effectiveness. The Training Sergeant should also conduct audits of CED device data downloaded to an approved location and reconcile CED report forms with recorded activations. CED information and statistics, with identifying information removed, should periodically be made available to the public.

#### 304.5.2 REPORTS

The officer should include the following in the arrest/crime report:

- (a) Identification of all personnel firing CEDs
- (b) Identification of all witnesses
- (c) Medical care provided to the subject
- (d) Observations of the subject's physical and physiological actions
- (e) Any known or suspected drug use, intoxication, or other medical problems

#### 304.6 MEDICAL TREATMENT

Consistent with local medical personnel protocols and absent extenuating circumstances, only appropriate medical personnel or officers trained in probe removal and handling should remove CED probes from a person's body. Used CED probes shall be treated as a sharps biohazard, similar to a used hypodermic needle, and handled appropriately. Universal precautions should be taken.

All persons who have been struck by CED probes, who have been subjected to the electric discharge of the device, or who sustained direct exposure of the laser to the eyes shall be medically assessed prior to booking. Additionally, any such individual who falls under any of the following categories should, as soon as practicable, be examined by paramedics or other qualified medical personnel:

- (a) The person is suspected of being under the influence of controlled substances and/or alcohol.
- (b) The person may be pregnant.
- (c) The person reasonably appears to be in need of medical attention.
- (d) The CED probes are lodged in a sensitive area (e.g., groin, female breast, head, face, neck).
- (e) The person requests medical treatment.

Any individual exhibiting signs of distress or who is exposed to multiple or prolonged applications shall be transported to a medical facility for examination or medically evaluated prior to booking. If any individual refuses medical attention, such a refusal should be witnessed by another officer and/or medical personnel and shall be fully documented in related reports. If an audio/video recording is made of the contact or an interview with the individual, any refusal should be included, if possible.

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The transporting officer shall inform any person providing medical care or receiving custody that the individual has been subjected to the application of the CED (see the Medical Aid and Response Policy).

#### **304.7 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

When possible, supervisors should respond to calls when they reasonably believe there is a likelihood the CED may be used. A supervisor should respond to all incidents where the CED was activated.

A supervisor should review each incident where a person has been exposed to a CED. The device's internal logs should be downloaded by a supervisor or Rangemaster and saved with the related arrest/crime report. The supervisor should arrange for photographs of probe sites to be taken and witnesses to be interviewed.

#### **304.8 TRAINING**

Personnel who are authorized to carry the CED shall be permitted to do so only after successfully completing the initial department-approved training (COMAR 12.04.05.03). Any personnel who have not carried the CED as a part of their assignments for a period of six months or more shall be recertified by a qualified CED instructor prior to again carrying or using the device.

Proficiency training for personnel who have been issued CEDs should occur every year (COMAR 12.04.05.04). A reassessment of an officer's knowledge and/or practical skills may be required at any time, if deemed appropriate, by the Training Sergeant. All training and proficiency for CEDs will be documented in the officer's training files.

Command staff, supervisors, and investigators should receive CED training as appropriate for the investigations they conduct and review.

Officers who do not carry CEDs should receive training that is sufficient to familiarize them with the device and with working with officers who use the device.

The Training Sergeant is responsible for ensuring that all members who carry CEDs have received initial and annual proficiency training. Periodic audits should be used for verification.

Application of CEDs during training could result in injuries and should not be mandatory for certification.

The Training Sergeant should include the following training:

- (a) A review of this policy.
- (b) A review of the Use of Force Policy.
- (c) Performing weak-hand draws or cross-draws until proficient to reduce the possibility of unintentionally drawing and firing a firearm.
- (d) Target area considerations, to include techniques or options to reduce the unintentional application of probes to the head, neck, area of the heart, and groin.
- (e) Scenario-based training, including virtual reality training when available.

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- (f) Handcuffing a subject during the application of the CED and transitioning to other force options.
- (g) De-escalation techniques.
- (h) Restraint techniques that do not impair respiration following the application of the CED.
- (i) The requirements established in COMAR 12.04.05.05.
- (j) Proper use of cover and concealment during deployment of the CED for purposes of officer safety.
- (k) Proper tactics and techniques related to multiple applications of CEDs.

#### 304.8.1 TRAINING CERTIFICATION

The Training Sergeant should ensure certification is made to the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC), on forms or in a manner determined by the MPTSC, that officers have successfully completed training requirements (COMAR 12.04.05.02).



## Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

### 305.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish policy and procedures for the investigation of an incident in which a person is injured or dies as the result of an officer-involved shooting or dies as a result of other action of an officer.

In other incidents not covered by this policy, the Chief of Police may decide that the investigation will follow the process provided in this policy.

### 305.2 POLICY

The policy of the Federalsburg Police Department is to ensure that officer-involved shootings and deaths are investigated in a thorough, fair and impartial manner.

### 305.3 TYPES OF INVESTIGATIONS

Officer-involved shootings and deaths involve several separate investigations. The investigations may include:

- (a) A criminal investigation of the suspect's actions.
- (b) A criminal investigation of the involved officer's actions.
- (c) An administrative investigation as to policy compliance by involved officers.
- (d) A civil investigation to determine potential liability.

### 305.4 CONTROL OF INVESTIGATIONS

Investigators from surrounding agencies may be assigned to work on the criminal investigation of officer-involved shootings and deaths. This may include at least one investigator from the agency that employs the involved officer.

Jurisdiction is determined by the location of the shooting or death and the agency employing the involved officer. The following scenarios outline the jurisdictional responsibilities for investigating officer-involved shootings and deaths.

#### 305.4.1 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION OF SUSPECT ACTIONS

The investigation of any possible criminal conduct by the suspect is controlled by the agency in whose jurisdiction the suspect's crime occurred. For example, Federalsburg Police Department would control the investigation if the suspect's crime occurred in Federalsburg.

If multiple crimes have been committed in multiple jurisdictions, identification of the agency that will control the investigation may be reached in the same way as with any other crime. The investigation may be handled by the agency in control of the criminal investigation of the involved officer, at the discretion of the Chief of Police and with concurrence from the other agency.

#### 305.4.2 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS OF OFFICER ACTIONS

The control of the criminal investigation into the involved officer's conduct during the incident will be determined by the employing agency's protocol. When an officer from this department is

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involved, the criminal investigation will be handled according to the Criminal Investigation section of this policy.

Requests made of this department to investigate a shooting or death involving an outside agency's officer shall be referred to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee for approval.

#### 305.4.3 ADMINISTRATIVE AND CIVIL INVESTIGATION

Regardless of where the incident occurs, the administrative and civil investigation of each involved officer is controlled by the respective employing agency.

#### **305.5 INVESTIGATION PROCESS**

The following procedures are guidelines used in the investigation of an officer-involved shooting or death.

##### 305.5.1 UNINVOLVED OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon arrival at the scene of an officer-involved shooting or death, the first uninvolved FPD officer will be the officer-in-charge and assume the responsibilities of a supervisor until properly relieved.

This officer should, as appropriate:

- (a) Secure the scene and identify and eliminate hazards for all those involved.
- (b) Take reasonable steps to obtain emergency medical attention for injured individuals.
- (c) Request additional resources from the Department or other agencies.
- (d) Coordinate a perimeter or pursuit of suspects.
- (e) Check for injured persons and evacuate as needed.
- (f) Brief the supervisor upon arrival.

##### 305.5.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon arrival at the scene, the first uninvolved FPD supervisor should ensure completion of the duties as outlined above, plus:

- (a) Attempt to obtain a brief overview of the situation from any uninvolved officers.
  1. In the event that there are no uninvolved officers who can supply adequate overview, the supervisor should attempt to obtain a brief voluntary overview from one involved officer.
- (b) If necessary, the supervisor may administratively order any FPD officer to immediately provide public safety information necessary to secure the scene, identify injured parties and pursue suspects.
  1. Public safety information shall be limited to such things as outstanding suspect information, number and direction of any shots fired, perimeter of the incident scene, identity of known or potential witnesses and any other pertinent information.
  2. The initial on-scene supervisor should not attempt to order any involved officer to provide any information other than public safety information.

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- (c) Provide all available information to the Shift Supervisor and 911 Center. If feasible, sensitive information should be communicated over secure networks.
- (d) Take command of and secure the incident scene with additional FPD members until properly relieved by another supervisor, or other assigned personnel or investigator.
- (e) As soon as practicable, ensure that involved officers are transported (separately, if feasible) to a suitable location for further direction.
  - 1. Each involved FPD officer should be given an administrative order not to discuss the incident with other involved officers or FPD members pending further direction from a supervisor.
  - 2. When an involved officer's weapon is taken or left at the scene for other than officer-safety reasons (e.g., evidence), ensure that he/she is provided with a comparable replacement weapon or transported by other officers.

#### 305.5.3 SUPERVISOR ON DUTY RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon learning of an officer-involved shooting or death, the supervisor on duty shall be responsible for coordinating all aspects of the incident until he/she is relieved by the Chief of Police. All outside inquiries about the incident shall be directed to the Chief of Police

#### 305.5.4 NOTIFICATIONS

The Chief of Police shall be notified as soon as practicable. The Chief of Police shall notify the Mayor and Town Administrator as soon as it is practical to do so. At the direction of the Chief of Police, the following persons may also be notified as needed

- Officer Involved Shooting Protocol rollout team
- Outside agency investigators (if appropriate)
- Civil liability response team or department legal counsel
- Psychological/peer support personnel
- Chaplain
- Medical Examiner (if necessary)
- Involved officer's agency representative (if requested)

#### 305.5.5 INVOLVED OFFICERS

The following shall be considered for the involved officer:

- (a) Any request for legal or union representation will be accommodated.
  - 1. Involved FPD officers shall not be permitted to meet collectively or in a group with an attorney or any representative prior to providing a formal interview or report.
  - 2. Requests from involved non-FPD officers should be referred to their employing agency.
- (b) Discussions with licensed attorneys will be considered privileged as attorney-client communications.

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- (c) Discussions with agency representatives will be privileged only as to the discussion of non-criminal information.
- (d) A licensed psychotherapist shall be provided by the Department to each involved FPD officer. A licensed psychotherapist may also be provided to any other affected FPD members, upon request.
  - 1. Interviews with a licensed psychotherapist will be considered privileged.
  - 2. An interview or session with a licensed psychotherapist may take place prior to the member providing a formal interview or report. However, the involved member shall not be permitted to consult or meet collectively or in a group with a licensed psychotherapist prior to providing a formal interview or report.
  - 3. A separate fitness-for-duty exam may also be required (see the Fitness for Duty Policy).
- (e) Communications between the involved officer and a peer support member is addressed in the Wellness Program Policy.

Care should be taken to preserve the integrity of any physical evidence present on the involved officer's equipment or clothing, such as blood or fingerprints, until investigators or lab personnel can properly retrieve it.

Each involved FPD officer shall be given reasonable paid administrative leave (as allowed by Md. Code PS § 3-107) following an officer-involved shooting or death. It shall be the responsibility of the Shift Supervisor to make schedule adjustments to accommodate such leave.

#### **305.6 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION**

It shall be the policy of this department to utilize the Office of the State's Attorney to conduct an independent criminal investigation into the circumstances of any officer-involved shooting or death, except for those investigations that are controlled by state law.

If available, investigative personnel from this department may be assigned to partner with investigators from outside agencies or the Office of the State's Attorney to avoid duplicating efforts in related criminal investigations.

Once public safety issues have been addressed, criminal investigators should be given the opportunity to obtain a voluntary statement from involved officers and to complete their interviews.

The following shall be considered for the involved officer:

- (a) FPD supervisors and Chief personnel should not participate directly in any voluntary interview of FPD officers. This will not prohibit such personnel from monitoring interviews or indirectly providing topics for inquiry.
- (b) If requested, any involved officer will be afforded the opportunity to consult individually with a representative of the officer's choosing or an attorney prior to speaking with criminal investigators. However, in order to maintain the integrity of each involved officer's statement, officers shall not consult or meet with a representative or attorney collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed.

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- (c) If any involved officer is physically, emotionally, or otherwise not in a position to provide a voluntary statement when interviewed by criminal investigators, consideration should be given to allowing a reasonable period for the officer to schedule an alternate time for the interview.
- (d) Any voluntary statement provided by an involved officer will be made available for inclusion in any related investigation including administrative investigations. However, no administratively coerced statement will be provided to any criminal investigators unless the officer consents.

#### 305.6.1 REPORTS BY INVOLVED FPD OFFICERS

In the event that suspects remain outstanding or subject to prosecution for related offenses, this department shall retain the authority to require involved FPD officers to provide sufficient information for related criminal reports to facilitate the apprehension and prosecution of those individuals.

While the involved FPD officer may write the report, it is generally recommended that such reports be completed by assigned investigators, who should interview all involved officers as victims/witnesses. Since the purpose of these reports will be to facilitate criminal prosecution, statements of involved officers should focus on evidence to establish the elements of criminal activities by suspects. Care should be taken not to duplicate information provided by involved officers in other reports.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to deprive an involved FPD officers of the right to consult with legal counsel prior to completing any such criminal report.

Reports related to the prosecution of criminal suspects will be processed according to normal procedures but should also be included for reference in the investigation of the officer-involved shooting or death.

#### 305.6.2 WITNESS IDENTIFICATION AND INTERVIEWS

Because potential witnesses to an officer-involved shooting or death may become unavailable or the integrity of their statements compromised with the passage of time, a supervisor should take reasonable steps to promptly coordinate with criminal investigators to utilize available law enforcement personnel for the following:

- (a) Identification of all persons present at the scene and in the immediate area.
  - 1. When feasible, a recorded statement should be obtained from those persons who claim not to have witnessed the incident but who were present at the time it occurred.
  - 2. Any potential witness who is unwilling or unable to remain available for a formal interview should not be detained absent reasonable suspicion to detain or probable cause to arrest. Without detaining the individual for the sole purpose of identification, attempts to identify the witness prior to his/her departure should be made whenever feasible.

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- (b) Witnesses who are willing to provide a formal interview should be asked to meet at a suitable location where criminal investigators may obtain a recorded statement. Such witnesses, if willing, may be transported by a member of the Department.
  - 1. A written, verbal or recorded statement of consent should be obtained prior to transporting a witness. When the witness is a minor, consent should be obtained from the parent or guardian, if available, prior to transportation.
- (c) Promptly contacting the suspect's known family and associates to obtain any available and untainted background information about the suspect's activities and state of mind prior to the incident.

#### **305.6.3 INVESTIGATIVE PERSONNEL**

Once notified of an officer-involved shooting or death, it shall be the responsibility of the designated Patrol supervisor to assign appropriate investigation personnel to handle the investigation of related crimes. Department investigators will be assigned to work with investigators from the Maryland State Police and may be assigned to separately handle the investigation of any related crimes not being investigated by the Office of the State's Attorney.

All related department reports, except administrative and/or privileged reports, will be forwarded to the designated Patrol supervisor for approval. Privileged reports shall be maintained exclusively by members who are authorized such access. Administrative reports will be forwarded to the appropriate Sgt..

#### **305.6.4 ATTORNEY GENERAL INVESTIGATION**

The Maryland Office of the Attorney General (OAG) has authority to investigate all officer-involved incidents that result in the death of civilians or injuries likely to result in death (Md. Code SG § 6-602). The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should promptly notify the appropriate division within the OAG of all incidents involving an officer-involved death or serious injury of a civilian, and the Department should cooperate with any subsequent investigation (Md. Code PS § 3-527). In these investigations, any direction provided by the OAG supersedes any contrary direction contained in department policy.

#### **305.7 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION**

In addition to all other investigations associated with an officer-involved shooting or death, this department will conduct an internal administrative investigation of involved FPD officers to determine conformance with department policy. This investigation will be conducted under the supervision of the Chief and will be considered a confidential officer personnel file.

Interviews of members shall be subject to department policies and applicable laws.

- (a) Any officer involved in a shooting or death may be requested or administratively compelled to provide a blood sample for alcohol/drug screening. Absent consent from the officer, such compelled samples and the results of any such testing shall not be disclosed to any criminal investigative agency (Md. Code PS § 3-107).

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- (b) If any officer has voluntarily elected to provide a statement to criminal investigators, the assigned administrative investigator should review that statement before proceeding with any further interview of that involved officer.
  - 1. If a further interview of the officer is deemed necessary to determine policy compliance, care should be taken to limit the inquiry to new areas with minimal, if any, duplication of questions addressed in the voluntary statement. The involved officer shall be provided with a copy of the officer's prior statement before proceeding with any subsequent interviews.
- (c) In the event that an involved officer has elected not to provide criminal investigators with a voluntary statement, the assigned administrative investigator shall conduct an administrative interview to determine all relevant information.
  - 1. Although this interview should not be unreasonably delayed, care should be taken to ensure that the officer's physical and psychological needs have been addressed before commencing the interview.
  - 2. If requested, the officer shall have the opportunity to select an uninvolved representative to be present during the interview. However, in order to maintain the integrity of each individual officer's statement, involved officers shall not consult or meet with a representative collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed.
  - 3. Administrative interviews should be recorded by the investigator. The officer may also record the interview.
  - 4. The officer shall be informed of the nature of the investigation. If an officer refuses to answer questions, the officer should be given *Garrity* rights and ordered to provide full and truthful answers to all questions. The officer shall be informed that the interview will be for administrative purposes only and that the statement cannot be used criminally.
  - 5. The Chief shall compile all relevant information and reports necessary for the Department to determine compliance with applicable policies.
  - 6. Regardless of whether the use of force is an issue in the case, the completed administrative investigation shall be submitted to the Use of Force Review Board, which will restrict its findings as to whether there was compliance with the Use of Force Policy.
  - 7. Any other indications of potential policy violations shall be determined in accordance with standard disciplinary procedures.

#### **305.8 CIVIL LIABILITY RESPONSE**

A member of this department may be assigned to work exclusively under the direction of the legal counsel for the Department to assist in the preparation of materials deemed necessary in anticipation of potential civil litigation.

All materials generated in this capacity shall be considered attorney work product and may not be used for any other purpose. The civil liability response is not intended to interfere with any other investigation but shall be given reasonable access to all other investigations.

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##### **305.9 AUDIO AND VIDEO RECORDINGS**

Any officer involved in a shooting or death may be permitted to review available Mobile Audio/Video (MAV), body-worn video or other video or audio recordings prior to providing a recorded statement or completing reports.

Upon request, non-law enforcement witnesses who are able to verify their presence and their ability to contemporaneously perceive events at the scene of an incident may also be permitted to review available MAV, body-worn video or other video or audio recordings with the approval of assigned investigators or a supervisor.

Any MAV, body-worn video and other known video or audio recordings of an incident should not be publicly released during an ongoing investigation without consulting the Maryland Attorney General's Independent Investigations Division or Town Attorney's Office, as appropriate.

##### **305.10 DEBRIEFING**

Following an officer-involved shooting or death, the Federalsburg Police Department should conduct both a Critical Incident Stress Debriefing and a tactical debriefing. See the Wellness Program Policy for guidance on Critical Incident Stress Debriefings.

###### **305.10.1 TACTICAL DEBRIEFING**

A tactical debriefing should take place to identify any training or areas of policy that need improvement. The Chief of Police should identify the appropriate participants. This debriefing should not be conducted until all involved members have provided recorded or formal statements to criminal and/or administrative investigators.

##### **305.11 MEDIA RELATIONS**

Any media release shall be prepared with input and concurrence from the supervisor and department representative responsible for each phase of the investigation. Releases will be available to the Shift Supervisor, Patrol Sgt. and Chief in the event of inquiries from the media.

No involved FPD officer shall make any comment to the media unless authorized by the Chief of Police.

Department members receiving inquiries regarding officer-involved shootings or deaths occurring in other jurisdictions shall refrain from public comment and will direct those inquiries to the agency having jurisdiction and primary responsibility for the investigation.



## Firearms

### 306.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for issuing firearms, the safe and legal carrying of firearms, firearms maintenance and firearms training.

This policy does not apply to issues related to the use of firearms that are addressed in the Use of Force or Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths policies.

This policy only applies to those members who are authorized to carry firearms.

### 306.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will equip its members with firearms to address the risks posed to the public and department members by violent and sometimes well-armed persons. The Department will ensure firearms are appropriate and in good working order and that relevant training is provided as resources allow.

### 306.3 AUTHORIZED FIREARMS, AMMUNITION AND OTHER WEAPONS

Members shall only use firearms that are issued or approved by the Department and have been thoroughly inspected by the Rangemaster. Except in an emergency or as directed by a supervisor, no firearm shall be carried by a member who has not qualified with that firearm at an authorized department range (COMAR 12.04.02.03).

All other weapons not provided by the Department, including, but not limited to, edged weapons, chemical or electronic weapons, impact weapons or any weapon prohibited or restricted by law or that is not covered elsewhere by department policy, may not be carried by members in the performance of their official duties without the express written authorization of the member's Sgt.. This exclusion does not apply to the carrying of a single folding pocketknife that is not otherwise prohibited by law.

#### 306.3.1 HANDGUNS

The authorized department-issued handgun is the Glock 21 .45. The following additional handguns are approved for on-duty use:

MAKE
GLOCK
H & K
Walther

#### 306.3.2 SHOTGUNS

The authorized department-issued shotgun is the Remington 870 12 gauge. The following additional shotguns are approved for on-duty use:

MAKE
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Winchester

Mossberg

Maverick

When not deployed, the shotgun shall be properly secured in a locking weapons rack in the patrol vehicle with the magazine loaded, the action closed on an empty chamber, the trigger pulled to release the hammer and the safety in the safe position.

#### 306.3.3 PATROL RIFLES

The authorized department-issued patrol rifle is the AR15 223 Caliber. The following additional patrol rifles are approved for on-duty use:

MAKE	MODEL	CALIBER
All Makes	AR-15 Platform Style	223

Members may deploy the patrol rifle in any circumstance where the member can articulate a reasonable expectation that the rifle may be needed. Examples of some general guidelines for deploying the patrol rifle may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Situations where the member reasonably anticipates an armed encounter.
- (b) When a member is faced with a situation that may require accurate and effective fire at long range.
- (c) Situations where a member reasonably expects the need to meet or exceed a suspect's firepower.
- (d) When a member reasonably believes that there may be a need to fire on a barricaded person or a person with a hostage.
- (e) When a member reasonably believes that a suspect may be wearing body armor.
- (f) When authorized or requested by a supervisor.
- (g) When needed to euthanize an animal.

When not deployed, the patrol rifle shall be properly secured in a locking weapons rack in the patrol vehicle with the chamber empty, magazine loaded and inserted into the magazine well, the bolt forward with the dust cover closed, the trigger pulled to release the hammer and the selector lever in the fire position (selector lever cannot be in the safe position with the hammer released).

#### 306.3.4 PERSONALLY OWNED DUTY FIREARMS

Members desiring to carry an authorized but personally owned duty firearm must receive written approval from the Chief of Police or the authorized designee. Once approved, personally owned duty firearms are subject to the following restrictions:

- (a) The firearm shall be in good working order and on the department list of approved firearms.
- (b) The firearm shall be inspected by the Rangemaster prior to being carried and thereafter shall be subject to inspection whenever it is deemed necessary.

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- (c) Prior to carrying the firearm, members shall qualify under range supervision and thereafter shall qualify in accordance with the department qualification schedule. Members must demonstrate proficiency and safe handling, and that the firearm functions properly.
- (d) Members shall provide written notice of the make, model, color, serial number and caliber of the firearm to the Rangemaster, who will maintain a list of the information.

#### 306.3.5 AUTHORIZED SECONDARY HANDGUN

Members desiring to carry department or personally owned secondary handguns are subject to the following restrictions:

- (a) The handgun shall be in good working order and on the department list of approved firearms.
- (b) Only one secondary handgun may be carried at a time.
- (c) The purchase of the handgun and ammunition shall be the responsibility of the member unless the handgun and ammunition are provided by the Department.
- (d) The handgun shall be carried concealed at all times and in such a manner as to prevent unintentional cocking, discharge or loss of physical control.
- (e) The handgun shall be inspected by the Rangemaster prior to being carried and thereafter shall be subject to inspection whenever it is deemed necessary.
- (f) Ammunition shall be the same as department issue. If the caliber of the handgun is other than department issue, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall approve the ammunition.
- (g) Prior to carrying the secondary handgun, members shall qualify under range supervision and thereafter shall qualify in accordance with the department qualification schedule. Members must demonstrate proficiency and safe handling, and that the handgun functions properly (COMAR 12.04.02.03).
- (h) Members shall provide written notice of the make, model, color, serial number and caliber of a secondary handgun to the Rangemaster, who will maintain a list of the information.

#### 306.3.6 AUTHORIZED OFF-DUTY FIREARMS

The carrying of firearms by members while off-duty is permitted by the Chief of Police but may be rescinded should circumstances dictate (e.g., administrative leave). Members who choose to carry a firearm while off-duty, based on their authority as peace officers, will be required to meet the following guidelines:

- (a) A personally owned firearm shall be used, carried and inspected in accordance with the Personally Owned Duty Firearms requirements in this policy.

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1. The purchase of the personally owned firearm and ammunition shall be the responsibility of the member.
  - (b) The firearm shall be carried concealed at all times and in such a manner as to prevent unintentional cocking, discharge or loss of physical control.
  - (c) It will be the responsibility of the member to submit the firearm to the Rangemaster for inspection prior to being personally carried. Thereafter the firearm shall be subject to periodic inspection by the Rangemaster.
  - (d) Prior to carrying any off-duty firearm, the member shall demonstrate to the Rangemaster that he/she is proficient in handling and firing the firearm and that it will be carried in a safe manner.
  - (e) The member will successfully qualify with the firearm prior to it being carried.
  - (f) Members shall provide written notice of the make, model, color, serial number and caliber of the firearm to the Rangemaster, who will maintain a list of the information.
  - (g) If a member desires to use more than one firearm while off-duty, he/she may do so, as long as all requirements set forth in this policy for each firearm are met.
  - (h) Members shall only carry department-authorized ammunition.
  - (i) When armed, officers shall carry their badges and Federalsburg Police Department identification cards under circumstances requiring possession of such identification.

#### **306.3.7 AMMUNITION**

Members shall carry only department-authorized ammunition. Members shall be issued fresh duty ammunition in the specified quantity for all department-issued firearms during the member's firearms qualification. Replacements for unserviceable or depleted ammunition issued by the Department shall be dispensed by the Rangemaster when needed, in accordance with established policy.

Members carrying personally owned authorized firearms of a caliber differing from department-issued firearms shall be responsible for obtaining fresh duty ammunition in accordance with the above, at their own expense.

#### **306.3.8 FIREARMS CONVERSION**

An officer shall successfully complete firearms conversion requirements before being authorized to use or carry a different type of firearm than the officer is currently authorized to use or carry (COMAR 12.04.02.09).

#### **306.4 EQUIPMENT**

Firearms carried on- or off-duty shall be maintained in a clean, serviceable condition. Maintenance and repair of authorized personally owned firearms are the responsibility of the individual member.

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##### 306.4.1 REPAIRS OR MODIFICATIONS

Each member shall be responsible for promptly reporting any damage or malfunction of an assigned firearm to a supervisor or the Rangemaster.

Firearms that are the property of the Department or personally owned firearms that are approved for department use may be repaired or modified only by a person who is department-approved and certified as an armorer or gunsmith in the repair of the specific firearm. Such modification or repair must be authorized in advance by the Rangemaster.

Any repairs or modifications to the member's personally owned firearm shall be done at his/her expense and must be approved by the Rangemaster.

##### 306.4.2 HOLSTERS

Only department-approved holsters shall be used and worn by members. Members shall periodically inspect their holsters to make sure they are serviceable and provide the proper security and retention of the handgun.

##### 306.4.3 TACTICAL LIGHTS

Tactical lights may only be installed on a firearm carried on- or off-duty after they have been examined and approved by the Rangemaster. Once the approved tactical lights have been properly installed on any firearm, the member shall qualify with the firearm to ensure proper functionality and sighting of the firearm prior to carrying it.

##### 306.4.4 OPTICS OR LASER SIGHTS

Optics or laser sights may only be installed on a firearm carried on- or off-duty after they have been examined and approved by the Rangemaster. Any approved sight shall only be installed in strict accordance with manufacturer specifications. Once approved sights have been properly installed on any firearm, the member shall qualify with the firearm to ensure proper functionality and sighting of the firearm prior to carrying it.

Except in an approved training situation, a member may only sight in on a target when the member would otherwise be justified in pointing a firearm at the target.

#### **306.5 SAFE HANDLING, INSPECTION AND STORAGE**

Members shall maintain the highest level of safety when handling firearms and shall consider the following:

- (a) Members shall not unnecessarily display or handle any firearm.
- (b) Members shall be governed by all rules and regulations pertaining to the use of the range and shall obey all orders issued by the Rangemaster. Members shall not dry fire or practice quick draws except as instructed by the Rangemaster or other firearms training staff.
- (c) Members shall not clean, repair, load or unload a firearm anywhere in the Department, except where clearing barrels are present.

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- (d) Shotguns or rifles removed from vehicles or the equipment storage room shall be loaded and unloaded in the parking lot and outside of the vehicle, using clearing barrels.
- (e) Members shall not place or store any firearm or other weapon on department premises except where the place of storage is locked. No one shall carry firearms into the jail section or any part thereof when securing or processing an arrestee, but shall place all firearms in a secured location. Members providing access to the jail section to persons from outside agencies are responsible for ensuring firearms are not brought into the jail section.
- (f) Members shall not use any automatic firearm, heavy caliber rifle, gas or other type of chemical weapon or firearm from the armory, except with approval of a supervisor.
- (g) Any firearm authorized by the Department to be carried on- or off-duty that is determined by a member to be malfunctioning or in need of service or repair shall not be carried. It shall be promptly presented to the Department or a Rangemaster approved by the Department for inspection and repair. Any firearm deemed in need of repair or service by the Rangemaster will be immediately removed from service. If the firearm is the member's primary duty firearm, a replacement firearm will be issued to the member until the duty firearm is serviceable.

#### 306.5.1 INSPECTION AND STORAGE

Handguns shall be inspected regularly and upon access or possession by another person. Shotguns and rifles shall be inspected at the beginning of the shift by the member to whom the weapon is issued. The member shall ensure that the firearm is carried in the proper condition and loaded with approved ammunition. Inspection of the shotgun and rifle shall be done while standing outside of the patrol vehicle. All firearms shall be pointed in a safe direction or into clearing barrels.

Personally owned firearms may be safely stored in lockers at the end of the shift. Department-owned firearms shall be stored in the appropriate equipment storage room. Handguns may remain loaded if they are secured in an appropriate holster. Shotguns and rifles shall be unloaded in a safe manner outside the building and then stored in the appropriate equipment storage room.

#### 306.5.2 STORAGE AT HOME

Members shall ensure that all firearms and ammunition are locked and secured while in their homes, vehicles or any other area under their control, and in a manner that will keep them inaccessible to children and others who should not have access. Members shall not permit department-issued firearms to be handled by anyone not authorized by the Department to do so. Members should be aware that negligent storage of a firearm could result in civil liability.

#### 306.5.3 ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

Firearms shall not be carried by any member, either on- or off-duty, who has consumed an amount of an alcoholic beverage, taken any drugs or medication, or has taken any combination thereof that would tend to adversely affect the member's senses or judgment.

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#### **306.6 FIREARMS TRAINING AND QUALIFICATIONS**

All members who carry a firearm while on-duty are required to successfully complete training with their duty firearms. All members will qualify at least annually with their duty firearms. Members will qualify at least annually with off-duty and secondary firearms.. Training and qualifications must be on the required range course meeting minimum standards and requirements (COMAR 12.04.02.08; COMAR 12.04.02.05).

Officers may not use or carry a firearm that has been surrendered or for which authority to carry or use has been withdrawn, except during supervised training to meet the annual firearms training and qualification requirements (COMAR 12.04.02.08(E)(3)).

At least annually, all members carrying a firearm should receive practical training designed to simulate field situations including low-light shooting.

##### **306.6.1 NON-CERTIFICATION OR NON-QUALIFICATION**

If any member fails to meet minimum standards for firearms training or qualification for any reason, including injury, illness, duty status or scheduling conflict, that member shall submit a memorandum to his/her immediate supervisor prior to the end of the required training or qualification period.

Those who fail to meet minimum standards or qualify on their first shooting attempt shall be provided remedial training and will be subject to the following requirements:

- (a) Additional range assignments may be scheduled to assist the member in demonstrating consistent firearm proficiency.
- (b) Members shall be given credit for a range training or qualification when obtaining a qualifying score or meeting standards after remedial training.
- (c) No range credit will be given for the following:
  - 1. Unauthorized range make-up.
  - 2. Failure to meet minimum standards or qualify after remedial training.

Members who repeatedly fail to meet minimum standards will be removed from field assignment and may be subject to disciplinary action.

##### **306.6.2 ANNUAL FIREARMS NON-CERTIFICATION**

If an officer fails to successfully complete the annual firearms classroom instruction, training and qualification requirements for an authorized firearm within a calendar year, the Chief of Police (COMAR 12.04.02.08(E)(1)):

- (a) Shall remove the firearm, or the authorization to use or carry the firearm if personally owned, from the officer by January 1 of the next calendar year.
- (b) May not return or authorize the officer to use or carry the firearm until the officer successfully completes the appropriate firearms classroom instruction, training and qualification.

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##### **306.6.3 ANNUAL FIREARMS NON-QUALIFICATION**

An officer who fails an annual firearms qualification shall successfully complete the annual qualification within 30 consecutive calendar days of the initial attempt (COMAR 12.04.02.08(E) (2)).

If an officer does not successfully meet the qualification requirements, the Chief of Police shall immediately:

- Report the officer's failure to qualify to the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC).
- Require the officer to surrender all department firearms.
- Withdraw the officer's authority to use or carry personally owned firearms.

##### **306.7 FIREARM DISCHARGE**

Except during training or recreational use, any member who discharges a firearm intentionally or unintentionally, on- or off-duty, shall make a verbal report to his/her supervisor as soon as circumstances permit. If the discharge results in injury or death to another person, additional statements and reports shall be made in accordance with the Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths Policy. If a firearm was discharged as a use of force, the involved member shall adhere to the additional reporting requirements set forth in the Use of Force Policy.

In all other cases, written reports shall be made as follows:

- (a) If on-duty at the time of the incident, the member shall file a written report with his/her Sgt. or provide a recorded statement to investigators prior to the end of shift, unless otherwise directed.
- (b) If off-duty at the time of the incident, a written report shall be submitted or a recorded statement provided no later than the end of the next regularly scheduled shift, unless otherwise directed by a supervisor.

##### **306.7.1 DESTRUCTION OF ANIMALS**

Members are authorized to use firearms to stop an animal in circumstances where the animal reasonably appears to pose an imminent threat to human safety and alternative methods are not reasonably available or would likely be ineffective.

In circumstances where there is sufficient advance notice that a potentially dangerous animal may be encountered, department members should develop reasonable contingency plans for dealing with the animal (e.g., fire extinguisher, conducted energy device, oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray, animal control officer). Nothing in this policy shall prohibit any member from shooting a dangerous animal if circumstances reasonably dictate that a contingency plan has failed, becomes impractical, or if the animal reasonably appears to pose an imminent threat to human safety.



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##### **306.7.2 INJURED ANIMALS**

When an animal is injured in a traffic accident, the member shall notify the appropriate local organization to give such injured animal medical care (Md. Code TR § 20-106).

With the approval of a supervisor, a member may euthanize an animal that is so badly injured that human compassion requires its removal from further suffering and where other dispositions are impractical.

##### **306.7.3 WARNING AND OTHER SHOTS**

Generally, warning shots or shots fired for the purpose of summoning aid are discouraged and may not be discharged unless the member reasonably believes that they appear necessary, effective and reasonably safe.

##### **306.8 RANGEMASTER DUTIES**

The range will be under the exclusive control of the Rangemaster. All members attending will follow the directions of the Rangemaster. The Rangemaster will maintain a roster of all members attending the range and will submit the roster to the Training Sergeant after each range date. Failure of any member to sign in and out with the Rangemaster may result in non-participation or non-qualification.

The range shall remain operational and accessible to department members during hours established by the Department.

The Rangemaster has the responsibility of making periodic inspection, at least once a year, of all duty firearms carried by members of this department to verify proper operation. The Rangemaster has the authority to deem any department-issued or personally owned firearm unfit for service. The member will be responsible for all repairs to his/her personally owned firearm; it will not be returned to service until it has been inspected and approved by the Rangemaster.

All firearms will be inspected and cleaned by the Rangemaster according to the established schedule or as directed by the Training Sergeant.

The Rangemaster has the responsibility for ensuring each member meets the minimum requirements during training shoots and, on at least a yearly basis, can demonstrate proficiency in the care, cleaning and safety of all firearms the member is authorized to carry.

The Rangemaster shall complete and submit to the Training Sergeant documentation of the training courses provided. Documentation shall include the qualifications of each instructor who provides the training, a description of the training provided and, on a form that has been approved by the Department, a list of each member who completes the training. The Rangemaster should keep accurate records of all training shoots, qualifications, repairs, maintenance or other records as directed by the Training Sergeant.

The Training Sergeant shall report firearm qualification scores for each firearm the officer is authorized to use or carry to the Chief of Police by January 15 of the calendar year immediately

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following firearms qualification. The Chief of Police shall submit the report to the MPTSC by January 31 (COMAR 12.04.02.08(D)).

#### **306.9 FLYING WHILE ARMED**

The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) has imposed rules governing law enforcement officers flying armed on commercial aircraft. The following requirements apply to officers who intend to be armed while flying on a commercial air carrier or flights where screening is conducted (49 CFR 1544.219):

- (a) Officers wishing to fly while armed must be flying in an official capacity, not for vacation or pleasure, and must have a need to have the firearm accessible, as determined by the Department based on the law and published TSA rules.
- (b) Officers must carry their Federalsburg Police Department identification card, bearing the officer's name, a full-face photograph, identification number, the officer's signature and the signature of the Chief of Police or the official seal of the Department and must present this identification to airline officials when requested. The officer should also carry the standard photo identification needed for passenger screening by airline and TSA officials (e.g., driver's license, passport).
- (c) The Federalsburg Police Department must submit a National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS) message prior to the officer's travel. If approved, TSA will send the Federalsburg Police Department an NLETS message containing a unique alphanumeric identifier. The officer must present the message on the day of travel to airport personnel as authorization to travel while armed.
- (d) An official letter signed by the Chief of Police authorizing armed travel may also accompany the officer. The letter should outline the officer's need to fly armed, detail his/her itinerary, and include that the officer has completed the mandatory TSA training for a law enforcement officer flying while armed.
- (e) Officers must have completed the mandated TSA security training covering officers flying while armed. The training shall be given by the department-appointed instructor.
- (f) It is the officer's responsibility to notify the air carrier in advance of the intended armed travel. This notification should be accomplished by early check-in at the carrier's check-in counter.
- (g) Any officer flying while armed should discreetly contact the flight crew prior to take-off and notify them of his/her assigned seat.
- (h) Discretion must be used to avoid alarming passengers or crew by displaying a firearm. The officer must keep the firearm concealed on his/her person at all times. Firearms are not permitted in carry-on luggage and may not be stored in an overhead compartment.

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- (i) Officers should try to resolve any problems associated with flying armed through the flight captain, ground security manager, TSA representative or other management representative of the air carrier.
- (j) Officers shall not consume alcoholic beverages while aboard an aircraft, or within eight hours prior to boarding an aircraft.

#### **306.10 CARRYING FIREARMS OUT OF STATE**

Qualified, active, full-time officers of this department are authorized to carry a concealed firearm in all other states subject to the following conditions (18 USC § 926B):

- (a) The officer shall carry his/her Federalsburg Police Department identification card whenever carrying such firearm.
- (b) The officer is not the subject of any current disciplinary action.
- (c) The officer may not be under the influence of alcohol or any other intoxicating or hallucinatory drug.
- (d) The officer will remain subject to this and all other department policies (including qualifying and training).

Officers are cautioned that individual states may enact local regulations that permit private persons or entities to prohibit or restrict the possession of concealed firearms on their property, or that prohibit or restrict the possession of firearms on any state or local government property, installation, building, base or park. Federal authority may not shield an officer from arrest and prosecution in such locally restricted areas.

Active law enforcement officers from other states are subject to all requirements set forth in 18 USC § 926B.

## Vehicle Pursuits

### 307.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for vehicle pursuits in order to protect the safety of involved officers, the public and fleeing suspects.

#### 307.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Blocking or vehicle intercept** - A slow-speed coordinated maneuver where two or more pursuing vehicles simultaneously intercept and block the movement of a suspect vehicle, the driver of which may be unaware of the impending enforcement stop. The goal is containment and preventing a pursuit. Blocking is not a moving or stationary road block.

**Boxing-in** - A tactic designed to stop a suspect's vehicle by surrounding it with law enforcement vehicles and then slowing all vehicles to a stop.

**Pursuit Intervention Technique (PIT)** - A low-speed maneuver designed to cause the suspect vehicle to spin out, stall and come to a stop.

**Ramming** - The deliberate act of contacting a suspect's vehicle with another law enforcement vehicle to functionally damage or otherwise force the suspect's vehicle to stop.

**Roadblocks** - A tactic designed to stop a suspect's vehicle by intentionally placing a law enforcement vehicle or other immovable object in the path of the suspect's vehicle.

**Terminate** - To discontinue a pursuit or stop chasing fleeing vehicles.

**Tire deflation device** - A device designed to puncture the tires of the pursued vehicle.

**Trail** - Following the path of the pursuit at a safe speed while obeying all traffic laws and without activating emergency equipment. If the pursuit is at a slow rate of speed, the trailing vehicle will maintain sufficient distance from the pursuit vehicles so as to clearly indicate an absence of participation in the pursuit.

**Vehicle pursuit** - An event involving one or more law enforcement officers attempting to apprehend a suspect, who is attempting to avoid arrest while operating a vehicle by using high-speed driving or other evasive tactics, such as driving off a highway, turning suddenly or driving in a legal manner but willfully failing to yield to an officer's emergency signal to stop.

### 307.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this department to weigh the importance of apprehending suspects who unlawfully flee from law enforcement against the risks associated with vehicle pursuits.

### 307.3 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES

Vehicle pursuits shall only be conducted using authorized police department emergency vehicles that are equipped with, and operating emergency lighting and sirens, as required by law (Md. Code TR § 21-106).

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Officers shall drive with due regard for the safety of all persons and property. However, officers may, when in pursuit of a suspect and provided there is no unreasonable risk to persons and property:

- (a) Proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign but only after slowing down as may be necessary for safe operation.
- (b) Exceed the speed limit.
- (c) Disregard regulations governing direction of movement or turning in specified directions.

#### 307.3.1 WHEN TO INITIATE A PURSUIT

Officers are authorized to initiate a pursuit when it is reasonable to believe that a suspect, who has been given an appropriate signal to stop by a law enforcement officer, is attempting to evade arrest or detention by fleeing in a vehicle (Md. Code TR § 21-904).

Factors that shall be considered, both individually and collectively, when deciding to initiate or continue a pursuit include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The seriousness of the known or reasonably suspected crime and its relationship to community safety.
- (b) The importance of protecting the public and balancing the known or reasonably suspected offense and the apparent need for immediate capture against the risks to officers, innocent motorists and others.
- (c) The safety of the public in the area of the pursuit, including the type of area, time of day, the amount of vehicular and pedestrian traffic (e.g., school zones) and the speed of the pursuit relative to these factors.
- (d) The pursuing officers' familiarity with the area of the pursuit, the quality of radio communications between the pursuing vehicles and dispatcher/supervisor, and the driving capabilities of the pursuing officers under the conditions of the pursuit.
- (e) The weather, traffic and road conditions that unreasonably increase the danger of the pursuit when weighed against the risks resulting from the suspect's escape.
- (f) The identity of the suspect has been verified and there is comparatively minimal risk in allowing the suspect to be apprehended at a later time.
- (g) The performance capabilities of the vehicles used in the pursuit in relation to the speed and other conditions of the pursuit.
- (h) Emergency lighting and siren limitations on unmarked police department vehicles that may reduce visibility of the vehicle, such as visor or dash-mounted lights, concealable or temporary emergency lighting equipment and concealed or obstructed siren positioning.
- (i) Vehicle speeds.

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- (j) Other persons in or on the pursued vehicle (e.g., passengers, co-offenders and hostages).
- (k) The availability of other resources, such as air support assistance.
- (l) The pursuing vehicle is carrying passengers other than on-duty police officers. Pursuits should not be undertaken with an arrestee in the pursuit vehicle unless exigent circumstances exist, and then only after the need to apprehend the suspect is weighed against the safety of the arrestee in transport. A vehicle containing more than a single arrestee should not be involved in a pursuit.

#### 307.3.2 WHEN TO TERMINATE A PURSUIT

Pursuits should be terminated whenever the totality of objective circumstances known or which reasonably ought to be known to the officer or supervisor during the pursuit indicates that the present risks of continuing the pursuit reasonably appear to outweigh the risks resulting from the suspect's escape.

When a supervisor directs the pursuit to be terminated, officers will immediately terminate the pursuit.

The factors listed in this policy on when to initiate a pursuit will apply equally to the decision to terminate a pursuit. Officers and supervisors must objectively and continuously weigh the seriousness of the offense against the potential danger to innocent motorists, themselves and the public when electing to continue a pursuit.

In addition to the factors that govern when to initiate a pursuit, other factors should be considered in deciding whether to terminate a pursuit, including:

- (a) The distance between the pursuing vehicle and the fleeing vehicle is so great that further pursuit would be futile or require the pursuit to continue for an unreasonable time or distance.
- (b) The pursued vehicle's location is no longer definitely known.
- (c) The pursuing vehicle sustains damage or a mechanical failure that renders it unsafe to drive.
- (d) The pursuing vehicle's emergency lighting equipment or siren becomes partially or completely inoperable.
- (e) Hazards to uninvolved bystanders or motorists.
- (f) The danger that the continued pursuit poses to the public, the officers or the suspect, balanced against the risk of allowing the suspect to remain at large.
- (g) When the identity of the suspect is known and it does not reasonably appear that the need for immediate capture outweighs the risks associated with continuing the pursuit.
- (h) Extended pursuits of violators for misdemeanors not involving violence or weapons (independent of the pursuit) are generally discouraged.

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- (i) Pursuits entering another state are to be terminated immediately prior to entering another state unless immediate apprehension of the suspect is necessary to prevent felonious crimes of violence.

#### **307.4 PURSUIT VEHICLES**

When involved in a pursuit, unmarked police department emergency vehicles should be replaced by marked emergency vehicles whenever practicable (Md. Code TR § 11-118).

Vehicle pursuits should be limited to three police department emergency vehicles (two pursuit vehicles and the supervisor vehicle). However, the number of vehicles involved will vary with the circumstances.

An officer or supervisor may request that additional vehicles join a pursuit if, after assessing the factors outlined above, it appears that the number of officers involved would be insufficient to safely arrest the number of suspects. All other officers shall stay out of the pursuit but should remain alert to its progress and location. Any officer who drops out of a pursuit may then, if necessary, proceed to the pursuit termination point at legal speeds, following the appropriate rules of the road.

##### **307.4.1 MOTORCYCLES**

When involved in a pursuit, police department motorcycles should be replaced by marked emergency vehicles as soon as practicable.

##### **307.4.2 VEHICLES WITHOUT EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT**

Officers operating vehicles not equipped with emergency lights and siren are prohibited from initiating or joining in any pursuit. Officers in such vehicles may provide support to pursuing vehicles as long as the vehicle is operated in compliance with all traffic laws. Those officers should discontinue such support immediately upon arrival of a sufficient number of authorized emergency police department vehicles or any air support.

##### **307.4.3 PRIMARY PURSUIT VEHICLE RESPONSIBILITIES**

The initial pursuing officer will be designated as the primary pursuit vehicle and will be responsible for the conduct of the pursuit unless he/she is unable to remain reasonably close to the suspect's vehicle. The primary responsibility of the officer initiating the pursuit is the apprehension of the suspect without unreasonable danger to him/herself or others.

The primary pursuing officer should notify the dispatcher, commencing with a request for priority radio traffic, that a vehicle pursuit has been initiated, and as soon as practicable provide information including, but not limited to:

- (a) The location, direction of travel and estimated speed of the suspect's vehicle.
- (b) The description of the suspect's vehicle including the license plate number, if known.
- (c) The reason for the pursuit.
- (d) The use of firearms, threat of force, violence, injuries, hostages or other unusual hazards.

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- (e) The number of occupants and identity or description.
- (f) The weather, road and traffic conditions.
- (g) The need for any additional resources or equipment.
- (h) The identity of other law enforcement agencies involved in the pursuit.

Unless relieved by a supervisor or a secondary pursuing officer, the officer in the primary pursuit vehicle shall be responsible for broadcasting the progress of the pursuit. Unless circumstances reasonably indicate otherwise, the primary pursuing officer should relinquish the responsibility of broadcasting the progress of the pursuit to an officer in a secondary pursuit vehicle or to air support joining the pursuit to minimize distractions and allow the primary pursuing officer to concentrate foremost on safe pursuit tactics.

#### **307.4.4 SECONDARY PURSUIT VEHICLE RESPONSIBILITIES**

The second officer in the pursuit will be designated as the secondary pursuit vehicle and is responsible for:

- (a) Immediately notifying the dispatcher of his/her entry into the pursuit.
- (b) Remaining a safe distance behind the primary pursuit vehicle unless directed to assume the role of primary pursuit vehicle or if the primary pursuit vehicle is unable to continue the pursuit.
- (c) Broadcasting information that the primary pursuing officer is unable to provide.
- (d) Broadcasting the progress of the pursuit, updating known or critical information and providing changes in the pursuit, unless the situation indicates otherwise.
- (e) Identifying the need for additional resources or equipment as appropriate.
- (f) Serving as backup to the primary pursuing officer once the suspect has been stopped.

#### **307.5 PURSUIT DRIVING**

The decision to use specific driving tactics requires the same assessment of the factors the officer considered when determining whether to initiate and/or terminate a pursuit. The following are tactics for officers who are involved in the pursuit:

- (a) Officers, considering their driving skills and vehicle performance capabilities, will space themselves from other involved vehicles such that they are able to see and avoid hazards or react safely to unusual maneuvers by the fleeing vehicle.
- (b) Because intersections can present increased risks, the following tactics should be considered:
  1. Available officers not directly involved in the pursuit may proceed safely to controlled intersections ahead of the pursuit in an effort to warn cross traffic.
  2. Pursuing officers should exercise due caution and slow down as may be necessary when proceeding through controlled intersections.



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- (c) As a general rule, officers should not pursue a vehicle driving the wrong direction on a roadway, highway or freeway. In the event the pursued vehicle does so, the following tactics should be considered:
  1. Request assistance from available air support.
  2. Maintain visual contact with the pursued vehicle by paralleling the vehicle while driving on the correct side of the roadway.
  3. Request other officers to observe exits available to the suspect.
- (d) Notify the Maryland State Police and/or other law enforcement agency if it appears that the pursuit may enter its jurisdiction.
- (e) Officers involved in a pursuit should not attempt to pass other pursuing vehicles unless the situation indicates otherwise or they are requested to do so by the pursuing officer and with a clear understanding of the maneuver process between the involved officers.

#### 307.5.1 PURSUIT TRAILING

In the event that initial pursuing officers relinquish control of the pursuit to another agency, the initial officers may, with the permission of a supervisor, trail the pursuit to the termination point in order to provide information and assistance for the arrest of the suspect and reporting the incident.

#### 307.5.2 AIR SUPPORT ASSISTANCE

When available, air support assistance should be requested. Once the air support crew has established visual contact with the pursued vehicle, they should assume communication control over the pursuit. The primary and secondary ground pursuit vehicles, or involved supervisor, will maintain operational control but should consider whether the participation of air support warrants their continued close proximity and/or involvement in the pursuit.

The air support crew should coordinate the activities of resources on the ground, report progress of the pursuit, and provide officers and supervisors with details of upcoming traffic congestion, road hazards or other pertinent information to evaluate whether to continue the pursuit. If officers on the ground are not within visual contact of the pursued vehicle and the air support crew determines that it is unsafe to continue the pursuit, the air support crew should recommend terminating the pursuit.

#### 307.5.3 OFFICERS\_DEPUTIES NOT INVOLVED IN THE PURSUIT

Officers who are not involved in the pursuit should remain in their assigned areas, should not parallel the pursuit route and should not become involved with the pursuit unless directed otherwise by a supervisor. Uninvolved officers are authorized to use emergency equipment at intersections along the pursuit path to clear intersections of vehicular and pedestrian traffic to protect the public. Those officers should attempt to place their vehicles in locations that provide some safety or an escape route in the event of an unintended collision or if the suspect intentionally tries to ram the police department vehicle.

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Non-pursuing members needed at the pursuit termination point should respond in a nonemergency manner, observing the rules of the road.

The primary pursuit vehicle, secondary pursuit vehicle and supervisor vehicle should be the only vehicles operating under emergency conditions (emergency lights and siren) unless other officers are assigned to the pursuit.

#### **307.6 SUPERVISORY CONTROL AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Available supervisory and management control will be exercised over all vehicle pursuits involving Officers from this department.

The field supervisor of the initiating the pursuit, or if unavailable, the nearest field supervisor, will be responsible for:

- (a) Immediately notifying involved Officers and the dispatcher of supervisory presence and ascertaining all reasonably available information to continuously assess the situation and risk factors associated with the pursuit. This is to ensure that the pursuit is conducted within established department guidelines.
- (b) Engaging in the pursuit, when appropriate, to provide on-scene supervision.
- (c) Exercising management and control of the pursuit even if not engaged in it.
- (d) Ensuring that no more than the required law enforcement vehicles are involved in the pursuit under the guidelines set forth in this policy.
- (e) Directing that the pursuit be terminated if, in his/her judgment, it is not justified to continue the pursuit under the guidelines of this policy.
- (f) Ensuring that assistance from air support, canines or additional resources are requested, if available and appropriate.
- (g) Ensuring that the proper radio channel is being used.
- (h) Ensuring that the Chief of Police is notified of the pursuit, as soon as practicable.
- (i) Ensuring the notification and/or coordination of outside agencies if the pursuit either leaves or is likely to leave the jurisdiction of this department.
- (j) Controlling and managing Federalsburg Police Officers when a pursuit enters another jurisdiction.
- (k) Preparing a post-pursuit review and documentation of the pursuit as required.

##### **307.6.1 WATCHCOMMANDER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon becoming aware that a pursuit has been initiated, the Shift Supervisor should monitor and continually assess the situation and ensure the pursuit is conducted within the guidelines and requirements of this policy. The Shift Supervisor has the final responsibility for the coordination, control and termination of a vehicle pursuit and shall be in overall command.

The Shift Supervisor shall review all pertinent reports for content and forward them to the Sgt..

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### **307.7 COMCENTER**

If the pursuit is confined within the Town limits, radio communications will be conducted on the primary channel unless instructed otherwise by a supervisor or dispatcher. If the pursuit leaves the jurisdiction of this department or such is imminent, involved officers should, whenever available, switch radio communications to a tactical or emergency channel most accessible by participating agencies.

#### **307.7.1 RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon notification or becoming aware that a pursuit has been initiated, the dispatcher is responsible for:

- (a) Clearing the radio channel of nonemergency traffic.
- (b) Coordinating pursuit communications of the involved Officers.
- (c) Broadcasting pursuit updates as well as other pertinent information as necessary.
- (d) Ensuring that a field supervisor is notified of the pursuit.
- (e) Notifying and coordinating with other involved or affected agencies as practicable.
- (f) Notifying the Chief of Police as soon as practicable.
- (g) Assigning an incident number and logging all pursuit activities.

### **307.8 LOSS OF PURSUED VEHICLE**

When the pursued vehicle is lost, the involved officers should broadcast pertinent information to assist other officers in locating the vehicle. The primary pursuing officer or supervisor will be responsible for coordinating any further search for either the pursued vehicle or suspects fleeing on foot.

### **307.9 INTERJURISDICTIONAL CONSIDERATIONS**

When a pursuit enters another agency's jurisdiction, the primary pursuing officer or supervisor, taking into consideration the distance traveled, unfamiliarity with the area and other pertinent facts, should determine whether to request the other agency to assume the pursuit.

Unless entry into another jurisdiction is expected to be brief, it is generally recommended that the primary pursuing officer or supervisor ensure that notification is provided to each outside jurisdiction into which the pursuit is reasonably expected to enter, regardless of whether the jurisdiction is expected to assist.

#### **307.9.1 ASSUMPTION OF PURSUIT BY ANOTHER AGENCY**

Officers will relinquish control of the pursuit when another agency has assumed the pursuit, unless the continued assistance of the Federalsburg Police Department is requested by the agency assuming the pursuit. Upon relinquishing control of the pursuit, the involved officers may proceed, with supervisory approval, to the termination point of the pursuit to assist in the investigation. The supervisor should coordinate such assistance with the assuming agency and obtain any information that is necessary for any reports.

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The roles and responsibilities of officers at the termination point of a pursuit initiated by this department shall be coordinated with appropriate consideration of the needs of the agency assuming the pursuit.

Notification of a pursuit in progress should not be construed as a request to join the pursuit. Requests to or from another agency to assume a pursuit should be specific. Because of communication limitations between local law enforcement agencies, a request for another agency's assistance will mean that its personnel will assume responsibility for the pursuit. For the same reasons, when a pursuit leaves another jurisdiction and a request for assistance is made to this department, the other agency should relinquish control.

#### 307.9.2 PURSUITS EXTENDING INTO THIS JURISDICTION

The agency that initiates a pursuit shall be responsible for conducting the pursuit. Officers from this department should not join a pursuit unless specifically requested to do so by the pursuing agency and with approval from a supervisor. The exception to this is when a single vehicle from the initiating agency is in pursuit. Under this circumstance, an officer from this department may, with supervisor approval, immediately join the pursuit until sufficient vehicles from the initiating agency join the pursuit or until additional information is provided allowing withdrawal from the pursuit.

When a request is made for this department to assist or take over a pursuit that has entered the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department, the supervisor should consider:

- (a) The public's safety within this jurisdiction.
- (b) The safety of the pursuing officers.
- (c) Whether the circumstances are serious enough to continue the pursuit.
- (d) Whether there is adequate staffing to continue the pursuit.
- (e) The ability to maintain the pursuit.

As soon as practicable, a supervisor or the Shift Supervisor should review a request for assistance from another agency. The Shift Supervisor or supervisor, after considering the above factors, may decline to assist in or assume the other agency's pursuit.

Assistance to a pursuing agency by officers of this department will conclude at the Town limits, provided that the pursuing agency has sufficient assistance from other sources. Ongoing participation from this department may continue only until sufficient assistance is present.

In the event that the termination point of a pursuit from another agency is within this jurisdiction, officers shall provide appropriate assistance including, but not limited to, scene control, coordination and completion of supplemental reports and any other assistance requested or needed.

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### **307.10 PURSUIT INTERVENTION**

Pursuit intervention is an attempt to stop the suspect's ability to continue to flee in a vehicle through tactical application of technology, tire deflation devices, blocking or vehicle intercept, boxing-in, the PIT, ramming or roadblock procedures.

#### **307.10.1 WHEN USE IS AUTHORIZED**

Whenever practicable, an officer shall seek approval from a supervisor before employing any intervention to stop the pursued vehicle. In deciding whether to use intervention tactics, officers/supervisors should balance the risk of allowing the pursuit to continue with the potential hazards arising from the use of each tactic to the public, the officers and persons in or on the pursued vehicle. With this in mind, the decision to use any intervention tactic should be reasonable in light of the circumstances apparent to the officer at the time of the decision.

#### **307.10.2 USE OF FIREARMS**

The use of firearms to disable a pursued vehicle is not generally an effective tactic and involves all the dangers associated with discharging firearms. Officers should not utilize firearms during an ongoing pursuit unless the conditions and circumstances meet the requirements authorizing the use of deadly force. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any officer from using a firearm to stop a suspect from using a vehicle as a deadly weapon.

#### **307.10.3 INTERVENTION STANDARDS**

Any intervention tactic, depending upon the conditions and circumstances under which it is used, may present dangers to the officers, the public or anyone in or on the vehicle being pursued. Certain applications of intervention tactics may be construed to be a use of force, including deadly force, and are subject to policies guiding such use. Officers shall consider these facts and requirements prior to deciding how, when, where and if an intervention tactic should be employed.

- (a) Blocking or vehicle intercept should only be considered in cases involving felony suspects or impaired drivers who pose a threat to the public's safety, and when officers reasonably believe that attempting a conventional enforcement stop will likely result in the driver attempting to flee in the vehicle. Because of the potential risks involved, this intervention tactic should only be employed by properly trained officers and after giving consideration to the following:
  - 1. The need to immediately stop the suspect vehicle or prevent it from leaving substantially outweighs the risk of injury or death to occupants of the suspect vehicle, officers or others.
  - 2. All other reasonable intervention tactics have failed or reasonably appear ineffective.
  - 3. Employing the blocking or vehicle intercept maneuver does not unreasonably increase the risk of safety to those involved or the public.
  - 4. The suspect vehicle is stopped or traveling at a low speed.
  - 5. Only law enforcement vehicles should be used in this tactic.

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- (b) The PIT is limited to use by properly trained officers with the approval of a supervisor and upon assessment of the circumstances and conditions presented at the time, including the potential for risk of injury to officers, the public and occupants of the pursued vehicle.
- (c) Ramming a fleeing vehicle should be done only after other reasonable tactical means at the officer's disposal have been exhausted or would not be effective, and immediate control is necessary. Ramming should be reserved for situations where there does not appear to be another reasonable alternative method. If there does not reasonably appear to be a present or immediately foreseeable serious threat to the public, the use of ramming is not authorized. When ramming is used as a means to stop a fleeing vehicle, the following factors should be present:
  - 1. The suspect is an actual or suspected felon, who reasonably appears to represent a serious threat to the public if not apprehended.
  - 2. The suspect is driving with willful or wanton disregard for the safety of other persons or is driving in a reckless and life-endangering manner or using the vehicle as a weapon
- (d) Boxing-in a suspect vehicle should only be attempted upon approval by a supervisor. The use of such a tactic must be carefully coordinated with all involved vehicles, taking into consideration the circumstances and conditions apparent at the time, as well as the potential risk of injury to officers, the public and occupants of the pursued vehicle. Officers and supervisors should weigh the potential consequences against the need to immediately stop the vehicle.
- (e) The use of Stop Stick tire deflation devices is authorized and should be deployed trained and certified personnel only after notification of pursuing officers and the supervisor of the intent and location of the intended deployment, and in a manner that is consistent with established policy and procedures. Further, the deploying officer should ensure he/she:
  - 1. Has considered whether the pursued vehicle is a motorcycle, a vehicle transporting hazardous materials or a school bus transporting children.
  - 2. Has considered the limitations of such devices as well as the potential risk to officers, the public and occupants of the pursued vehicle.
  - 3. Provides the deploying officer adequate cover and escape from intentional or unintentional exposure to the approaching vehicle.
  - 4. Should reasonably only affect the pursued vehicle.
- (f) Because roadblocks involve a potential for serious injury or death to occupants of the pursued vehicle if the suspect does not stop, the intentional placement of roadblocks in the direct path of a pursued vehicle is generally discouraged and should not be deployed without prior approval of a supervisor. If roadblocks are deployed, it should only be done under extraordinary conditions when all other reasonable intervention tactics have failed or reasonably appear ineffective and the need to immediately stop the pursued vehicle substantially outweighs the risks of injury or death to occupants of the pursued vehicle, officers or the public.

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#### **307.11 CAPTURE OF SUSPECTS**

Proper self-discipline and sound professional judgment are the keys to a successful conclusion of a pursuit and apprehension of evading suspects. Officers shall use only that amount of force that reasonably appears necessary given the facts and circumstances perceived by the officer at the time of the event to accomplish a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

Unless relieved by a supervisor, the primary pursuing officer should coordinate efforts to apprehend the suspect following the pursuit. Officers should consider the safety of the public and the involved officers when formulating plans for setting up perimeters or for containing and capturing the suspect.

#### **307.12 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

All appropriate reports shall be completed to comply with appropriate laws and policies or procedures.

- (a) The primary pursuing officer shall complete appropriate crime/arrest reports.
- (b) The primary pursuing officer or supervisor shall complete the appropriate pursuit report.
- (c) After first obtaining the available information, the involved, or if unavailable, on-duty field supervisor shall promptly complete a supervisor's log or interoffice memorandum, briefly summarizing the pursuit to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee. This log or memorandum should include, at a minimum:
  1. Date and time of the pursuit.
  2. Initial reason and circumstances surrounding the pursuit.
  3. Length of pursuit in distance and time, including the starting and termination points.
  4. Involved vehicles and officers.
  5. Alleged offenses.
  6. Whether a suspect was apprehended, as well as the means and methods used.
    - (a) Any use of force shall be reported and documented in compliance with the Use of Force Policy.
  7. Arrestee information, if applicable.
  8. Any injuries and/or medical treatment.
  9. Any property or equipment damage.
  10. Name of supervisor at the scene or who handled the incident.
  11. A preliminary determination that the pursuit appears to be in compliance with this policy or that additional review and/or follow-up is warranted.

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- (d) After receiving copies of reports, logs and other pertinent information, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall conduct or assign the completion of a post-pursuit review, as appropriate.
- (e) Annually, the Chief of Police should direct a documented review and analysis of department vehicle pursuits to minimally include policy suitability, policy compliance and training needs.

#### **307.13 REGULAR AND PERIODIC PURSUIT TRAINING**

In addition to initial and supplementary training on pursuits, all officers will participate, no less than annually, in regular and periodic training addressing this policy and the importance of vehicle safety and protecting the public. Training will include recognition of the need to balance the known offense and the need for immediate capture against the risks to officers and others.



## Foot Pursuits

### 308.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to assist officers in making the decision to initiate or continue the pursuit of suspects on foot.

### 308.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this department that officers, when deciding to initiate or continue a foot pursuit, continuously balance the objective of apprehending the suspect with the risk and potential for injury to department members, the public or the suspect.

Officers are expected to act reasonably, based on the totality of the circumstances.

### 308.3 DECISION TO PURSUE

The safety of department members and the public should be the primary consideration when determining whether a foot pursuit should be initiated or continued. Officers must be mindful that immediate apprehension of a suspect is rarely more important than the safety of the public and department members.

Officers may be justified in initiating a foot pursuit of any individual that the officer reasonably believes is about to engage in, is engaging in or has engaged in criminal activity. The decision to initiate or continue such a foot pursuit, however, must be continuously re-evaluated in light of the circumstances presented at the time.

Mere flight by a person who is not suspected of criminal activity alone shall not serve as justification for engaging in an extended foot pursuit without the development of reasonable suspicion regarding the individual's involvement in criminal activity or being wanted by law enforcement.

Deciding to initiate or continue a foot pursuit is a decision that an officer must make quickly and under unpredictable and dynamic circumstances. It is recognized that foot pursuits may place department members and the public at significant risk. Therefore, no officer or supervisor shall be criticized or disciplined for deciding not to engage in a foot pursuit because of the perceived risk involved.

If circumstances permit, surveillance and containment are generally the safest tactics for apprehending fleeing persons. In deciding whether to initiate or continue a foot pursuit, an officer should continuously consider reasonable alternatives to a foot pursuit based upon the circumstances and resources available, such as:

- (a) Containment of the area.
- (b) Saturation of the area with law enforcement personnel, including assistance from other agencies.
- (c) A canine search.
- (d) Thermal imaging or other sensing technology.

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- (e) Air support.
- (f) Apprehension at another time when the identity of the suspect is known or there is information available that would likely allow for later apprehension, and the need to immediately apprehend the suspect does not reasonably appear to outweigh the risk of continuing the foot pursuit.

#### **308.4 GENERAL GUIDELINES**

When reasonably practicable, officers should consider alternatives to engaging in or continuing a foot pursuit when:

- (a) Directed by a supervisor to terminate the foot pursuit; such an order shall be considered mandatory.
- (b) The officer is acting alone.
- (c) Two or more officers become separated, lose visual contact with one another or obstacles separate them to the degree that they cannot immediately assist each other should a confrontation take place. In such circumstances, it is generally recommended that a single officer keep the suspect in sight from a safe distance and coordinate the containment effort.
- (d) The officer is unsure of his/her location and direction of travel.
- (e) The officer is pursuing multiple suspects and it is not reasonable to believe that the officer would be able to control the suspect should a confrontation occur.
- (f) The physical condition of the officer renders him/her incapable of controlling the suspect if apprehended.
- (g) The officer loses radio contact with the dispatcher or with assisting or backup officers.
- (h) The suspect enters a building, structure, confined space, isolated area or dense or difficult terrain, and there are insufficient officers to provide backup and containment. The primary officer should consider discontinuing the foot pursuit and coordinating containment pending the arrival of sufficient resources.
- (i) The officer becomes aware of unanticipated or unforeseen circumstances that unreasonably increase the risk to officers or the public.
- (j) The officer reasonably believes that the danger to the pursuing officers or public outweighs the objective of immediate apprehension.
- (k) The officer loses possession of his/her firearm or other essential equipment.
- (l) The officer or a third party is injured during the foot pursuit, requiring immediate assistance, and there are no other emergency personnel available to render assistance.
- (m) The suspect's location is no longer known.

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- (n) The identity of the suspect is established or other information exists that will allow for the suspect's apprehension at a later time, and it reasonably appears that there is no immediate threat to department members or the public if the suspect is not immediately apprehended.
- (o) The officer's ability to safely continue the foot pursuit is impaired by inclement weather, darkness or other environmental conditions.

### **308.5 RESPONSIBILITIES IN FOOT PURSUITS**

#### **308.5.1 INITIATING OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Unless relieved by another officer or a supervisor, the initiating officer shall be responsible for coordinating the progress of the pursuit and containment. When acting alone and when practicable, the initiating officer should not attempt to overtake and confront the suspect but should attempt to keep the suspect in sight until sufficient officers are present to safely apprehend the suspect.

Early communication of available information from the involved officers is essential so that adequate resources can be coordinated and deployed to bring a foot pursuit to a safe conclusion. Officers initiating a foot pursuit should, at a minimum, broadcast the following information as soon as it becomes practicable and available:

- (a) Location and direction of travel.
- (b) Call sign identifier.
- (c) Reason for the foot pursuit, such as the crime classification.
- (d) Number of suspects and description, to include name if known.
- (e) Whether the suspect is known or believed to be armed with a dangerous weapon.

Officers should be mindful that radio transmissions made while running may be difficult to understand and may need to be repeated.

Absent extenuating circumstances, any officer unable to promptly and effectively broadcast this information should terminate the foot pursuit. If the foot pursuit is discontinued for any reason, immediate efforts for containment should be established and alternatives considered based upon the circumstances and available resources.

When a foot pursuit terminates, the officer will notify the dispatcher of his/her location and the status of the foot pursuit termination (e.g., suspect in custody, lost sight of suspect), and will direct further actions as reasonably appear necessary, to include requesting medical aid as needed for officers, suspects or members of the public.

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#### *Foot Pursuits*

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##### **308.5.2 ASSISTING OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Whenever any officer announces that he/she is engaged in a foot pursuit, all other officers should minimize non-essential radio traffic to permit the involved officers maximum access to the radio frequency.

##### **308.5.3 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon becoming aware of a foot pursuit, the supervisor shall make every reasonable effort to ascertain sufficient information to direct responding resources and to take command, control and coordination of the foot pursuit. The supervisor should respond to the area whenever possible; the supervisor does not, however, need not be physically present to exercise control over the foot pursuit. The supervisor shall continuously assess the situation in order to ensure the foot pursuit is conducted within established department guidelines.

The supervisor shall terminate the foot pursuit when the danger to pursuing officers or the public appears to unreasonably outweigh the objective of immediate apprehension of the suspect.

Upon apprehension of the suspect, the supervisor shall promptly proceed to the termination point to direct the post-foot pursuit activity.

##### **308.5.4 COMCENTER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon notification or becoming aware that a foot pursuit is in progress, the dispatcher is responsible for:

- (a) Clearing the radio channel of non-emergency traffic.
- (b) Coordinating pursuit communications of the involved officers.
- (c) Broadcasting pursuit updates as well as other pertinent information as necessary.
- (d) Ensuring that a field supervisor is notified of the foot pursuit.
- (e) Notifying and coordinating with other involved or affected agencies as practicable.
- (f) Notifying the Shift Supervisor as soon as practicable.
- (g) Assigning an incident number and logging all pursuit activities.

##### **308.6 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

The initiating officer shall complete appropriate crime/arrest reports documenting, at a minimum:

- (a) Date and time of the foot pursuit.
- (b) Initial reason and circumstances surrounding the foot pursuit.
- (c) Course and approximate distance of the foot pursuit.
- (d) Alleged offenses.
- (e) Involved vehicles and officers.
- (f) Whether a suspect was apprehended as well as the means and methods used.

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1. Any use of force shall be reported and documented in compliance with the Use of Force Policy.
  - (g) Arrestee information, if applicable.
  - (h) Any injuries and/or medical treatment.
  - (i) Any property or equipment damage.
  - (j) Name of the supervisor at the scene or who handled the incident.
  - (k) A preliminary determination that the pursuit appears to be in compliance with this policy or that additional review and/or follow-up is warranted.

Assisting officers taking an active role in the apprehension of the suspect shall complete supplemental reports as necessary or as directed.

In any case in which a suspect is not apprehended and there is insufficient information to support further investigation, a supervisor may authorize that the initiating officer need not complete a formal report.

## Officer Response to Calls

### 309.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides officers with guidelines for the safe and appropriate vehicular response to emergency and non-emergency incidents or requests for assistance, whether these are dispatched or self-initiated.

### 309.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this department to appropriately respond to emergency and nonemergency calls for service or requests for assistance, whether these are dispatched or self-initiated.

### 309.3 RESPONSE TO CALLS

Officers responding to nonemergency calls shall proceed accordingly, unless they are sent or redirected to a higher priority call, and shall obey all traffic laws.

#### 309.3.1 EMERGENCY CALLS

Officers should only respond to a call as an emergency response when so dispatched or when circumstances reasonably indicate an emergency response is required. This includes, but is not limited to (Md. Code TR § 21-106):

- (a) When in pursuit or apprehending a violator or suspected violator.
- (b) When responding to a reported emergency involving possible personal injury, death or significant property damage.
- (c) When immediate assistance is requested by an officer or other law enforcement agency.

If an officer believes an emergency response to any call is appropriate, the officer shall immediately notify the dispatcher.

Officers not responding to a call as an emergency response shall observe all traffic laws and proceed without the use of emergency lights and siren.

### 309.4 REQUESTING EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

When requesting emergency assistance, the involved department member should reasonably believe there is an imminent threat to the safety of him/herself or another person, or that assistance is needed to prevent imminent serious harm to the public.

If circumstances permit, the requesting member should provide the following information:

- Identifying call sign
- Location of the emergency situation
- Suspect information, including weapons
- Reason for the request and type of emergency

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- The number of officers or resources required
- Hazards and any known or potential dangers for responding officers

In any event where a situation has stabilized and emergency response is not required, the requesting member shall immediately notify the dispatcher.

#### **309.5 SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS**

Officers responding to an emergency call shall proceed immediately as appropriate and shall continuously operate the emergency vehicle lighting and siren as required by law (Md. Code TR § 21-106(c)).

Responding with emergency lights and siren does not relieve the operator of an emergency vehicle of the duty to continue to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons and property, and does not protect the operator from the consequences of reckless disregard for the safety of others. However the officer may, when responding to a call with an emergency response, and provided there is no endangerment or unnecessary risk to persons and property (Md. Code TR § 21-106(b)):

- Proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign, but only after slowing down as may be necessary for safe operation.
- Exceed the speed limit by only a reasonable amount that will safely protect the public. Emergency response in the Federalsburg should never exceed 20 m.p.h. over the posted limit, using both emergency lights and siren at all times.
- Disregard regulations governing direction of movement or turning in specified directions.
- Park or stand without regard to parking restrictions.

##### **309.5.1 NUMBER OF OFFICERS ASSIGNED**

Only the number of officers that are reasonably necessary should be assigned to respond to an emergency call or request for assistance.

An emergency response involving more than one police vehicle should be coordinated by 911 Center to avoid any unanticipated intersecting of response routes. The dispatcher shall notify the Shift Supervisor or field supervisor, who will make a determination regarding the appropriateness of the response and reduce or enhance the response as warranted.

##### **309.5.2 MOTORCYCLES**

An officer operating a police motorcycle should not be assigned to an emergency response. However, an officer operating a police motorcycle in an emergency response should be replaced by an authorized emergency vehicle equipped with emergency lights and siren as soon as practicable.

#### **309.6 EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT**

Vehicles not equipped with emergency lights and siren are prohibited from initiating or joining in an emergency response. Officers in such vehicles may provide support to pursuing vehicles as long

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as the vehicles are operated in compliance with all traffic laws. Those officers should terminate their involvement in any emergency response immediately upon arrival of a sufficient number of emergency law enforcement vehicles.

If the emergency equipment on the vehicle should fail to operate, the officer must terminate the emergency response and continue accordingly. The officer shall notify the Shift Supervisor, field supervisor or the dispatcher of the equipment failure so that another officer may be assigned to the emergency response.

#### **309.7 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES**

The decision to initiate or continue an emergency response is at the discretion of the officer. If, in the officer's judgment, the weather, traffic and road conditions do not permit such a response without unreasonable risk, the officer may elect to respond to the call without the use of emergency lights and siren at the legal speed limit. In such an event, the officer should immediately notify the dispatcher. An officer shall also discontinue an emergency response when directed by a supervisor or as otherwise appropriate.

Upon receiving authorization or determining that an emergency response is appropriate, whenever practicable, an officer shall immediately give the location from which he/she is responding.

The first officer arriving at the emergency call should determine whether to increase or reduce the level of the response of additional officers and shall notify the dispatcher of his/her determination. Any subsequent change in the appropriate response level should be communicated to the dispatcher by the officer in charge of the scene unless a supervisor assumes this responsibility.

#### **309.8 911 CENTER**

When information reasonably indicates that the public is threatened with serious injury or death or an officer requests emergency assistance and immediate law enforcement response is needed, the dispatcher shall assign an emergency response and ensure acknowledgement and response of handling and assisting officers. In all other circumstances, the dispatcher shall obtain authorization from the Shift Supervisor or a field supervisor prior to assigning an emergency response.

##### **309.8.1 RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon notification or assignment of an emergency response, the dispatcher is responsible for:

- (a) Confirming the location from which the officer is responding or requesting assistance.
- (b) Attempting to assign the closest available assisting officers to the location of the emergency call.
- (c) Continuing to obtain and broadcast information as necessary concerning the response and monitoring the situation until it is stabilized or terminated.
- (d) Notifying and coordinating allied emergency services (e.g., fire, emergency medical services).



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- (e) Notifying the Shift Supervisor as soon as practicable.
- (f) Controlling all radio communications during the emergency and coordinating assistance under the direction of the Shift Supervisor or field supervisor.

#### **309.9 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon being notified that an emergency response has been initiated or requested, the Shift Supervisor or the field supervisor shall verify that:

- (a) The proper response has been initiated.
- (b) No more than those officers reasonably necessary under the circumstances are involved in the response.
- (c) Affected outside jurisdictions are being notified as practicable.

The field supervisor shall monitor the response until it has been stabilized or terminated and assert control by directing officers into or out of the response, if necessary. If, in the supervisor's judgment, the circumstances require additional officers to be assigned an emergency response, the supervisor may do so.

It is the supervisor's responsibility to terminate an emergency response that, in his/her judgment is inappropriate due to the circumstances.

When making the decision to authorize an emergency response, the Shift Supervisor or the field supervisor should consider the following:

- The type of call or crime involved
- The type and circumstances of the request
- The necessity of a timely response
- Weather, traffic and road conditions
- The location of the responding officers and the location of the incident

# Canines

## 310.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for the use of canines to augment law enforcement services in the community, including but not limited to locating individuals and contraband and apprehending criminal offenders.

## 310.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that teams of handlers and canines meet and maintain the appropriate proficiency to effectively and reasonably carry out legitimate law enforcement objectives.

## 310.3 ASSIGNMENT

Canine teams should be assigned to assist and supplement the Patrol Division to function primarily in assist or cover assignments. However, they may be assigned and utilized for regular patrol functions and duties based on the current operational needs of the department.

## 310.4 CANINE COORDINATOR

The Chief of Police may delegate certain responsibilities to a canine handler from time to time as needed; but a canine handler shall answer through their established chain of command.

The responsibilities of the canine handler include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Reviewing all canine use reports to ensure compliance with policy and to identify training issues and other needs of the program.
- (b) Maintaining liaison with the vendor kennel.
- (c) Maintaining liaison with command staff and functional supervisors.
- (d) Maintaining liaison with other agency canine coordinators.
- (e) Maintaining accurate records to document canine activities.
- (f) Recommending and overseeing the procurement of equipment and services for the teams of handlers and canines.
- (g) Scheduling all canine-related training.
- (h) Ensuring the canine teams are scheduled for regular training to maximize their capabilities.

## 310.5 REQUESTS FOR CANINE TEAMS

Members within the Department are encouraged to freely solicit the use of a canine. Requests for a canine team made when no departmental team is on duty shall first be authorized by the on-duty patrol supervisor or the Lieutenant if a patrol supervisor is unavailable.

### 310.5.1 OUTSIDE AGENCY REQUEST

All requests for canine assistance from outside agencies must be approved by the Shift Supervisor and are subject to the following:

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- (a) Canine teams shall not be used for any assignment that is not consistent with this policy.
- (b) The canine handler shall have the authority to decline a request for any specific assignment that he/she deems unsuitable.
- (c) Calling out off-duty canine teams is discouraged.
- (d) It shall be the responsibility of the canine handler to coordinate operations with agency personnel in order to minimize the risk of unintended injury.
- (e) It shall be the responsibility of the canine handler to complete all necessary reports or as directed.

#### 310.5.2 PUBLIC DEMONSTRATION

All public requests for a canine team shall be approved by the Chief or designee prior to making any commitment. The canine handler is responsible for obtaining resources and coordinating involvement in the demonstration to include proper safety protocols. Handlers shall not demonstrate any apprehension work to the public unless authorized to do so by the canine coordinator.

#### **310.6 APPREHENSION GUIDELINES**

A canine may be used to locate and apprehend a suspect if the canine handler reasonably believes that the individual has committed, is committing, or is threatening to commit any serious offense and if any of the following conditions exist:

- (a) There is a reasonable belief the suspect poses an imminent threat of violence or serious harm to the public, any officer or the handler.
- (b) The suspect is physically resisting or threatening to resist arrest and the use of a canine reasonably appears to be necessary to overcome such resistance.
- (c) The suspect is believed to be concealed in an area where entry by other than the canine would pose a threat to the safety of officers or the public.

It is recognized that situations may arise that do not fall within the provisions set forth in this policy. Such events require consideration of the totality of the circumstances and the use of an objective reasonableness standard applied to the decision to use a canine.

Absent a reasonable belief that a suspect has committed, is committing, or is threatening to commit a serious offense, mere flight from a pursuing officer, without any of the above conditions, shall not serve as the basis for the use of a canine to apprehend a suspect.

Use of a canine to locate and apprehend a suspect wanted for a lesser criminal offense than those identified above requires approval from the Shift Supervisor. Absent a change in circumstances that presents an imminent threat to officers, the canine, or the public, such canine use should be conducted on-leash or under conditions that minimize the likelihood the canine will bite or otherwise injure the individual.

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In all applications, once the suspect has been located and no longer reasonably appears to present a threat or risk of escape, the handler should secure the canine as soon as it becomes reasonably practicable.

If the canine has apprehended the suspect with a secure bite, and the handler believes that the suspect no longer poses a threat, the handler should promptly command the canine to release the suspect.

#### 310.6.1 PREPARATION FOR DEPLOYMENT

Prior to the use of a canine to search for or apprehend any suspect, the canine handler and/or the supervisor on-scene should carefully consider all pertinent information reasonably available at the time. The information should include but is not limited to:

- (a) The nature and seriousness of the suspected offense.
- (b) Whether violence or weapons were used or are anticipated.
- (c) The degree of resistance or threatened resistance, if any, the suspect has shown.
- (d) The suspect's known or perceived age.
- (e) The potential for injury to officers or the public caused by the suspect if the canine is not utilized.
- (f) Any potential danger to the public and/or other officers at the scene if the canine is released.
- (g) The potential for the suspect to escape or flee if the canine is not utilized.

As circumstances permit, the canine handler should make every reasonable effort to communicate and coordinate with other involved members to minimize the risk of unintended injury.

It is the canine handler's responsibility to evaluate each situation and determine whether the use of a canine is appropriate and reasonable. The canine handler shall have the authority to decline the use of the canine whenever he/she deems deployment is unsuitable.

A supervisor who is sufficiently apprised of the situation may prohibit deploying the canine.

Unless otherwise directed by a supervisor, assisting members should take direction from the handler in order to minimize interference with the canine.

#### 310.6.2 WARNINGS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Unless it would increase the risk of injury or escape, a clearly audible warning announcing that a canine will be used if the suspect does not surrender should be made prior to releasing a canine. The handler should allow reasonable time for a suspect to surrender and should quiet the canine momentarily to listen for any verbal response to the warning. If feasible, other members should be in a location opposite the warning to verify that the announcement could be heard. If available, warnings given in other languages should be used as necessary.

If a warning is not to be given, the canine handler, when practicable, should first advise the supervisor of his/her decision before releasing the canine. In the event of an apprehension, the

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handler shall document in any related report how the warning was given and, if none was given, the reasons why.

#### 310.6.3 REPORTING DEPLOYMENTS, BITES AND INJURIES

Whenever a canine deployment results in a bite or causes injury to an intended suspect, a supervisor shall be promptly notified and the injuries documented in a canine use report. The injured person shall be treated by emergency medical services personnel at the scene and transported to an appropriate medical facility as necessary. The deployment and injuries should also be included in any related incident or arrest report.

Any unintended bite or injury caused by a canine during deployment, operations, training, presentations, or under any other circumstances while on- or off-duty shall be promptly reported to the canine coordinator. Unintended bites or injuries caused by a canine should be documented in an administrative report, not in a canine use report.

If an individual alleges an injury, either visible or not visible, a supervisor shall be notified and both the individual's injured and uninjured areas shall be photographed as soon as practicable after tending to the immediate needs of the injured party. Photographs shall be retained as evidence in accordance with current department evidence procedures. The photographs shall be retained until the criminal proceeding is completed and the time for any related civil proceeding has expired.

The canine handler shall complete the Maryland Animal-Bite Report and Rabies Quarantine Agreement Form and make it available to the local health officer within 24 hours (COMAR 10.06.02.05).

#### 310.7 NON-APPREHENSION GUIDELINES

Properly trained canines may be used to track or search for non-criminals (e.g., lost children, individuals who may be disoriented or in need of medical attention). The canine handler is responsible for determining the canine's suitability for such assignments based on the conditions and the particular abilities of the canine. When the canine is deployed in a search or other non-apprehension operation, the following guidelines apply:

- (a) Absent a change in circumstances that presents an imminent threat to officers, the canine, or the public, such applications should be conducted on-leash or under conditions that minimize the likelihood the canine will bite or otherwise injure the individual, if located.
- (b) Unless otherwise directed by a supervisor, assisting members should take direction from the handler in order to minimize interference with the canine.
- (c) Throughout the deployment, the handler should periodically give verbal assurances that the canine will not bite or hurt the individual and encourage the individual to make him/herself known.
- (d) Once the individual has been located, the handler should place the canine in a down-stay or otherwise secure it as soon as reasonably practicable.

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### 310.7.1 ARTICLE DETECTION

A canine trained to find objects or property related to a person or crime may be used to locate or identify articles. A canine search should be conducted in a manner that minimizes the likelihood of unintended bites or injuries.

### 310.7.2 CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE DETECTION

A canine trained in the detection of controlled dangerous substances (CDS) may be used in accordance with current law and under certain circumstances, including:

- (a) The search of vehicles, buildings, bags and other articles.
- (b) Assisting in the search for CDS during a search warrant service.
- (c) Obtaining a search warrant by using the CDS-detection trained canine in support of probable cause.

A CDS-detection trained canine will not be used to search a person for CDS unless the canine is trained to passively indicate the presence of CDS.

### 310.7.3 BOMB/EXPLOSIVE DETECTION

Because of the high risk of danger to the public and officers when a bomb or other explosive device is suspected, the use of a canine team trained in explosive detection may be considered. When available, an explosive-detection canine team may be used in accordance with current law and under certain circumstances, including:

- (a) Assisting in the search of a building, structure, area, vehicle, or article where an actual or suspected explosive device has been reported or located.
- (b) Assisting with searches at transportation facilities and vehicles (e.g., buses, airplanes, trains).
- (c) Preventive searches at special events, VIP visits, official buildings, and other restricted areas. Searches of individuals should remain minimally intrusive and shall be strictly limited to the purpose of detecting explosives.
- (d) Assisting in the search of scenes where an explosion has occurred and an explosive device or secondary explosive device is suspected.

At no time will an explosive-detection trained canine be used to render a suspected device safe or clear.

## **310.8 HANDLER SELECTION**

The minimum qualifications for the assignment of canine handler include:

- (a) An officer who is currently off probation.
- (b) Residing in an adequately fenced single-family residence (minimum 5-foot-high fence with locking gates).
- (c) A garage that can be secured and can accommodate a canine vehicle.
- (d) Living within 30 minutes travel time from the Federalsburg Town limits.

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- (e) Agreeing to be assigned to the position for a minimum of three years.

#### **310.9 HANDLER RESPONSIBILITIES**

The canine handler shall ultimately be responsible for the health and welfare of the canine and shall ensure that the canine receives proper nutrition, grooming, training, medical care, affection and living conditions.

The canine handler will be responsible for the following:

- (a) Except as required during appropriate deployment, the handler shall not expose the canine to any foreseeable and unreasonable risk of harm.
- (b) The handler shall maintain all department equipment under his/her control in a clean and serviceable condition.
- (c) When not in service, the handler shall maintain the canine vehicle in a locked garage, away from public view.
- (d) When a handler is off-duty for an extended number of days, the assigned canine vehicle should be stored at the Federalsburg Police Department facility.
- (e) Handlers shall permit the Chief or designee to conduct spontaneous on-site inspections of affected areas of their homes as well as their canine vehicles to verify that conditions and equipment conform to this policy.
- (f) Any changes in the living status of the handler that may affect the lodging or environment of the canine shall be reported to the Chief as soon as possible.
- (g) When off-duty, the canine shall be in a kennel provided by the Town at the home of the handler. When a canine is kenneled at the handler's home, the gate shall be secured with a lock. When off-duty, the canine may be let out of the kennel while under the direct control of the handler.
- (h) The canine should be permitted to socialize in the home with the handler's family for short periods of time and under the direct supervision of the handler.
- (i) Under no circumstances will the canine be lodged at another location unless approved by the Chief.
- (j) When off-duty, the handler shall not involve the canine in any law enforcement activity or official conduct unless approved in advance by the Chief or designee .
- (k) Whenever a canine handler is off-duty for an extended number of days, it may be necessary to temporarily relocate the canine. In those situations, the handler shall give reasonable notice to the Chief or designee so that appropriate arrangements can be made.

#### **310.9.1 CANINE IN PUBLIC AREAS**

The canine should be kept on a leash when in areas that allow access to the public. Exceptions to this rule would include specific law enforcement operations for which the canine is trained.

- (a) A canine shall not be left unattended in any area to which the public may have access.

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- (b) When the canine vehicle is left unattended, all windows and doors shall be secured in such a manner as to prevent unauthorized access to the canine. The handler shall also ensure that the unattended vehicle remains inhabitable for the canine.

#### **310.10 HANDLER COMPENSATION**

The canine handler shall be available for call-out under conditions specified by the Chief.

The canine handler shall be compensated for time spent in the care, feeding, grooming and other needs of the canine in accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), and according to the terms of the collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding between the handler and the Town (29 USC § 207).

#### **310.11 CANINE INJURY AND MEDICAL CARE**

In the event that a canine is injured, or there is an indication that the canine is not in good physical condition, the injury or condition will be reported to the Chief or designee as soon as practicable and appropriately documented.

All medical attention shall be rendered by the designated canine veterinarian, except during an emergency where treatment should be obtained from the nearest available veterinarian. All records of medical treatment shall be maintained in the canine's personnel file.

#### **310.12 TRAINING**

Before assignment in the field, each canine team shall be trained and certified to meet current nationally recognized standards or other recognized and approved certification standards. Cross-trained canine teams or those canine teams trained exclusively for the detection of CDS and/or explosives also shall be trained and certified to meet current nationally recognized standards or other recognized and approved certification standards established for their particular skills.

The canine coordinator shall be responsible for scheduling periodic training for all department members in order to familiarize them with how to conduct themselves in the presence of department canines. Because canines may be exposed to dangerous substances such as opioids, as resources are available, the canine coordinator should also schedule periodic training for the canine handlers about the risks of exposure and treatment for it.

All canine training shall be conducted while on-duty unless otherwise approved by the canine coordinator or Shift Supervisor.

##### **310.12.1 CONTINUED TRAINING**

Each canine team shall thereafter be recertified to a current nationally recognized standard or other recognized and approved certification standards on an annual basis. Additional training considerations are as follows:

- (a) Canine teams should receive training as defined in the current contract with the Federalsburg Police Department canine training provider.
- (b) Canine handlers are encouraged to engage in additional training with approval of the canine coordinator.



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- (c) To ensure that all training is consistent, no handler, trainer or outside vendor is authorized to train to a standard that is not reviewed and approved by the Department.

#### 310.12.2 FAILURE TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE TRAINING

Any canine team failing to graduate or obtain certification shall not be deployed in the field for tasks the team is not certified to perform until graduation or certification is achieved. When reasonably practicable, pending successful certification, the canine handler shall be temporarily reassigned to regular patrol duties.

#### 310.12.3 TRAINING RECORDS

All canine training records shall be maintained in the canine handler's and the canine's training file.

#### 310.12.4 TRAINING AIDS

Training aids are required to effectively train and maintain the skills of canines. Officers possessing, using, or transporting controlled dangerous substances or explosives for canine training purposes must comply with federal and state requirements. Alternatively, the Federalsburg Police Department may work with outside trainers with the applicable licenses or permits.

#### 310.12.5 CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE TRAINING AIDS

Officers acting in the performance of their official duties may possess or transfer controlled dangerous substances for the purpose of CDS-detection canine training in compliance with state and federal laws and in compliance with applicable state requirements (21 USC § 823(f)).

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee may authorize a member to seek a court order to allow controlled dangerous substances seized by the Federalsburg Police Department to be possessed by the member or a CDS-detection canine trainer who is working under the direction of this department for training purposes, provided the controlled dangerous substances are no longer needed as criminal evidence.

As an alternative, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee may request CDS-detection training aids from the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA).

These procedures are not required if the canine handler uses commercially available synthetic substances that are not controlled dangerous substances.

#### 310.12.6 CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE PROCEDURES

Due to the responsibilities and liabilities involved with possessing readily usable amounts of controlled dangerous substances and the ever-present danger of the canine's accidental ingestion of these controlled dangerous substances, the following procedures shall be strictly followed:

- (a) All controlled dangerous substance training samples shall be weighed and tested prior to dispensing to the individual canine handler or trainer.
- (b) The weight and test results shall be recorded and maintained by this department.
- (c) Any person possessing controlled dangerous substance training samples pursuant to court order or DEA registration shall maintain custody and control of the controlled

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dangerous substances and shall keep records regarding any loss of, or damage to, those controlled dangerous substances.

- (d) All controlled dangerous substance training samples will be inspected, weighed and tested quarterly. The results of the quarterly testing shall be recorded and maintained by the canine coordinator with a copy forwarded to the dispensing agency.
- (e) All controlled dangerous substance training samples will be stored in locked, airtight and watertight cases at all times, except during training. The locked cases shall be secured in the trunk of the canine handler's assigned patrol vehicle during transport and stored in an appropriate locked container. There are no exceptions to this procedure.
- (f) The canine coordinator shall periodically inspect every controlled dangerous substance training sample for damage or tampering and take any appropriate action.
- (g) Any unusable controlled dangerous substance training samples shall be returned to the Evidence or to the dispensing agency.
- (h) All controlled dangerous substance training samples shall be returned to the dispensing agency upon the conclusion of the training or upon demand by the dispensing agency.

#### 310.12.7 EXPLOSIVE TRAINING AIDS

Officers may possess, transport, store or use explosives or destructive devices in compliance with state and federal laws (18 USC § 842; 27 CFR 555.41).

Explosive training aids designed specifically for canine teams should be used whenever feasible. Due to the safety concerns in the handling and transportation of explosives, inert or non-hazardous training aids should be employed whenever feasible. The use of explosives or destructive devices for training aids by canine teams is subject to the following:

- (a) All explosive training aids, when not in use, shall be properly stored in a secure facility appropriate for the type of materials.
- (b) An inventory ledger shall be maintained to document the type and quantity of explosive training aids that are stored.
- (c) The Chief or designee shall be responsible to verify the explosive training aids on hand against the inventory ledger once each quarter.
- (d) Only members of the canine team shall have access to the explosive training aids storage facility.
- (e) A primary and secondary custodian will be designated to minimize the possibility of loss of explosive training aids during and after the training. Generally, the handler will be designated as the primary custodian while the trainer or authorized second person on-scene will be designated as the secondary custodian.
- (f) Any lost or damaged explosive training aids shall be promptly reported to the Chief, who will determine if any further action will be necessary. Any loss of explosives will be reported to the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF).

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#### **310.13 LICENSING**

Canines and their handlers shall be licensed with the Maryland State Police prior to being used for law enforcement operations. The handler ID card should be carried by the handler whenever the canine is performing any law enforcement-related function. The canine ID tag shall be attached to the canine's collar and kept on the licensed canine at all times, except when the canine is confined in a kennel or is under the personal charge of the licensed handler. Any change in a canine's handler requires notification to the Maryland State Police (Md. Code PS § 2-313).

Missing ID cards and ID tags shall be replaced as soon as practicable.

## Domestic Violence

### 311.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide the guidelines necessary to deter, prevent and reduce domestic violence through vigorous enforcement and to address domestic violence as a serious crime against society. The policy specifically addresses the commitment of the Federalsburg Police Department to take enforcement action when appropriate, to provide assistance to victims and to guide officers in the investigation of domestic violence (Md. Code FL § 4-514).

#### 311.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Court order** - All forms of orders related to domestic violence that have been issued by a court of this state or another, whether civil or criminal, regardless of whether service has been made.

**Domestic violence** - Abuse occurring between current or former spouses or cohabitants, persons who have a child in common, or persons currently or formerly involved in a dating relationship (Md. Code FL § 4-701(c)).

### 311.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department's response to incidents of domestic violence and violations of related court orders shall stress enforcement of the law to protect the victim and shall communicate the philosophy that domestic violence is criminal behavior. It is also the policy of this department to facilitate victims' and offenders' access to appropriate civil remedies and community resources whenever feasible.

### 311.3 OFFICER SAFETY

The investigation of domestic violence cases often places officers in emotionally charged and sometimes highly dangerous environments. No provision of this policy is intended to supersede the responsibility of all officers to exercise due caution and reasonable care in providing for the safety of any officers and parties involved.

### 311.4 INVESTIGATIONS

The following guidelines shall be followed by officers when investigating domestic violence cases to protect the victim from harm (Md. Code FL § 4-502(a)(2)):

- (a) Calls of reported, threatened, imminent, or ongoing domestic violence and the violation of any court order are of extreme importance and should be considered among the highest response priorities. This includes incomplete 9-1-1 calls.
- (b) When practicable, officers should obtain and document statements from the victim, the suspect, and any witnesses, including children, in or around the household or location of occurrence.
- (c) Officers should list the full name and date of birth (and school if available) of each child who was present in the household at the time of the offense. The names of other

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children who may not have been in the house at that particular time should also be obtained for follow-up.

- (d) When practicable and legally permitted, video or audio record all significant statements and observations.
- (e) All injuries shall be photographed, regardless of severity, taking care to preserve the victim's personal privacy. Where practicable, photographs should be taken by a person of the same sex. Victims whose injuries are not visible at the time of the incident should be asked to contact the Patrol in the event that the injuries later become visible.
- (f) Officers should request that the victim complete and sign an authorization for release of medical records related to the incident when applicable.
- (g) If the suspect is no longer at the scene, officers should make reasonable efforts to locate the suspect to further the investigation, provide the suspect with an opportunity to make a statement, and make an arrest or seek an arrest warrant if appropriate.
- (h) Seize and remove any firearms upon a consent search or in plain view if appropriate and legally permitted. The officer shall provide information to the owner on the process of retaking possession of the firearm. The Department shall then provide safe storage during the pendency of any domestic violence proceeding (Md. Code FL § 4-511).
- (i) When completing an incident or arrest report for violation of a court order, officers shall include specific information that establishes that the offender has been served, including the date the offender was served, the name of the agency that served the order, and the provision of the order that the subject is alleged to have violated. When reasonably available, the arresting officer should attach a copy of the order to the incident or arrest report.
- (j) Officers shall take appropriate enforcement action when there is probable cause to believe an offense has occurred. Factors that should not be used as sole justification for declining to take enforcement action include:
  - 1. Whether the suspect lives on the premises with the victim.
  - 2. Claims by the suspect that the victim provoked or perpetuated the violence or abuse.
  - 3. The potential financial or child custody consequences of arrest.
  - 4. The physical or emotional state of either party.
  - 5. Use of drugs or alcohol by either party.
  - 6. Denial that the violence or abuse occurred where evidence indicates otherwise.
  - 7. A request by the victim not to arrest the suspect.
  - 8. Location of the incident (public/private).
  - 9. Speculation that the complainant may not follow through with the prosecution.
  - 10. Actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, economic status, age, cultural group, disability, or marital status of the victim or suspect.

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11. The social status, community status, or professional position of the victim or suspect.

#### **311.4.1 IF A SUSPECT IS ARRESTED**

If a suspect is arrested, officers should:

- (a) Advise the victim that there is no guarantee the suspect will remain in custody.
- (b) Provide the victim's contact information to the jail staff to enable notification of the victim upon the suspect's release from jail.
- (c) Advise the victim whether any type of court order will be in effect when the suspect is released from jail.

#### **311.4.2 IF NO ARREST IS MADE**

If no arrest is made, the officer should:

- (a) Advise the parties of any options, including but not limited to:
  1. Voluntary separation of the parties.
  2. Appropriate resource referrals (e.g., counselors, friends, relatives, shelter homes, victim witness assistance).
- (b) Document the resolution in a report.

#### **311.5 VICTIM ASSISTANCE**

Because victims may be traumatized or confused, officers should be aware that a victim's behavior and actions may be affected.

- (a) Victims shall be provided with the department domestic violence information handout, even if the incident may not rise to the level of a crime (Md. Code FL § 4-503).
- (b) Victims should also be alerted to any available victim advocates, shelters, and community resources.
- (c) When an involved person requests law enforcement assistance while removing essential items of personal property, officers shall accompany the person to the family home and stand by while personal clothing and effects are removed (Md. Code FL § 4-502(a)(2)(ii)).
- (d) If the victim has sustained injury or complains of pain, officers shall seek medical assistance for the victim as soon as practicable.
- (e) Officers should ask the victim whether the victim has a safe place to stay and assist in arranging transportation to an alternate shelter if the victim expresses a safety concern or if the officer determines that a need exists.
- (f) Officers should make reasonable efforts to ensure that any children or dependent adults who are under the supervision of the suspect or victim are being properly cared for.

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- (g) If appropriate, officers should seek or assist the victim in obtaining an interim protective order.
- (h) Use the substitute address if the victim is registered in the state Address Confidentiality Program (Md. Code SG § 7-302).
- (i) Prepare a Lethality Assessment Form and advise victim accordingly.

#### **311.6 DISPATCH ASSISTANCE**

All calls of domestic violence, including incomplete 9-1-1 calls, should be dispatched as soon as practicable.

Dispatchers are not required to verify the validity of a court order before responding to a request for assistance. Officers should request that dispatchers check whether any of the involved persons are subject to the terms of a court order.

#### **311.7 FOREIGN COURT ORDERS**

Various types of orders may be issued in domestic violence cases. Any foreign court order properly issued by a court of another state, Indian tribe or territory shall be enforced by officers as if it were the order of a court in this state. An order should be considered properly issued when it reasonably appears that the issuing court has jurisdiction over the parties and reasonable notice and opportunity to respond was given to the party against whom the order was issued (18 USC § 2265). An otherwise valid out-of-state court order shall be enforced, regardless of whether the order has been properly registered with this state (Md. Code FL § 4-508.1(b)).

#### **311.8 VERIFICATION OF COURT ORDERS**

Determining the validity of a court order, particularly an order from another jurisdiction, can be challenging. Therefore, in determining whether there is probable cause to make an arrest for a violation of any court order, officers should carefully review the actual order when available, and, where appropriate and practicable:

- (a) Ask the subject of the order about his/her notice or receipt of the order, his/her knowledge of its terms and efforts to respond to the order.
- (b) Check available records or databases that may show the status or conditions of the order.
- (c) Contact the issuing court to verify the validity of the order.
- (d) Contact a law enforcement official from the jurisdiction where the order was issued to verify information.

Officers should document in an appropriate report their efforts to verify the validity of an order, regardless of whether an arrest is made. Officers should contact a supervisor for clarification when needed.

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##### **311.8.1 COURT-ORDERED SURRENDERED FIREARMS**

If a respondent surrenders a firearm to the Department under a temporary or final court order, the officer shall provide the respondent information on the process for retaking possession of the firearm. The officer shall transport and store the firearm in a protective case, if one is available, and in a manner intended to prevent damage to the firearm during the time the protective order is in effect (Md. Code FL § 4-506.1).

If a defendant in a criminal case who is ordered to surrender firearms pursuant to Md. Code CP § 6-234 transfers a firearm to the Department, the officer receiving the firearm shall issue the person transferring the firearm a written proof of transfer containing:

- (a) The name of the person transferring the firearm.
- (b) The date the firearm was transferred.
- (c) The serial number (or identifying marks if the firearm was manufactured before 1968), make, and model of the firearm.
- (d) Any other information required by state or federal law.

The receiving officer should keep a copy of the written proof of transfer and should make appropriate entries in any required logs. The Chief of Police may develop additional procedures pertaining to the storage and disposal of any surrendered firearms.

##### **311.9 STANDARDS FOR ARRESTS**

Officers investigating a domestic violence report:

- (a) May arrest a person without a warrant if the report to law enforcement was made within 48 hours of the alleged incident and the officer has probable cause to believe that (Md. Code CP § 2-204):
  1. The person battered his/her spouse or another person with whom the person resides.
  2. There is evidence of physical injury.
  3. Unless the person is arrested immediately, the person:
    - (a) May not be apprehended.
    - (b) May cause physical injury or property damage to another.
    - (c) May tamper with, dispose of, or destroy evidence.
- (b) Shall arrest with or without a warrant and take into custody a person who the officer has probable cause to believe is in violation of an interim, temporary, or final protective order in effect at the time of the violation (Md. Code FL § 4-509(b)).
- (c) Shall arrest, with or without a warrant, and take into custody a person the officer has probable cause to believe is in violation of an order for protection that was issued by a court of another state or a Native American tribe, and that is in effect at the time of the violation if the person seeking the assistance (Md. Code FL § 4-508.1(c)):



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1. Has filed a copy of the order with the District Court or circuit court for the jurisdiction in which the person seeks assistance.
2. Displays or presents to the officer a copy of the order that appears valid on its face.

#### 311.9.1 MUTUAL BATTERY

If an officer has probable cause to believe that mutual battery occurred and arrest is necessary, the officer shall consider whether one of the persons acted in self-defense to determine who was the primary aggressor (Md. Code CP § 2-204(b)).

#### **311.10 REPORTS AND RECORDS**

The Records Section shall provide a copy of the domestic violence report to the victim upon request (Md. Code FL § 4-503.1).

#### **311.11 SERVICE OF COURT ORDERS**

##### 311.11.1 INTERIM PROTECTIVE ORDER

An officer shall immediately on receipt of a petition and interim protective order serve them on the respondent named in the order. Immediately after service, the officer shall submit the documents to the Records Section, which will make a return of service to the commissioner's office or, if the Office of the District Court Clerk (Clerk) is open for business, to the Clerk; and within two hours after service of the order, electronically notify the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services (DPSCS) of the service (Md. Code FL § 4-504.1(g)).

##### 311.11.2 TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

An officer shall immediately serve the temporary protective order on the alleged abuser. Immediately after service the officer shall submit the documents to the Records Section which will within two hours after service of the order on the respondent, electronically notify the DPSCS (Md. Code FL § 4-505(b)).

## Search and Seizure

### 312.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Both the federal and state constitutions provide every individual with the right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures. This policy provides general guidelines for Federalsburg Police Department personnel to consider when dealing with search and seizure issues.

### 312.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to respect the fundamental privacy rights of individuals. Members of this department will conduct searches in strict observance of the constitutional rights of persons being searched. All seizures by this department will comply with relevant federal and state law governing the seizure of persons and property.

The Department will provide relevant and current training to officers as guidance for the application of current law, local community standards and prosecutorial considerations regarding specific search and seizure situations, as appropriate

### 312.3 SEARCHES

The United States Constitution generally provides that a valid warrant is required in order for a search to be valid. There are, however, several exceptions that permit a warrantless search.

Examples of law enforcement activities that are exceptions to the general warrant requirement include, but are not limited to, searches pursuant to the following:

- Valid consent
- Incident to a lawful arrest
- Legitimate community caretaking interests
- Vehicle searches under certain circumstances
- Exigent circumstances

Certain other activities are recognized by federal and state courts and by certain statutes as legitimate law enforcement activities that also do not require a warrant. Such activities may include seizure and examination of abandoned property, and observations of activities and property located on open public areas.

Because case law regarding search and seizure is constantly changing and subject to interpretation by the courts, each member of this department is expected to act in each situation according to current training and his/her familiarity with clearly established rights as determined by case law.

Whenever practicable, officers are encouraged to contact a supervisor to resolve questions regarding search and seizure issues prior to electing a course of action.

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#### **312.4 SEARCH PROTOCOL**

Although conditions will vary and officer safety and other exigencies must be considered in every search situation, the following guidelines should be followed whenever circumstances permit:

- (a) Members of this department will strive to conduct searches with dignity and courtesy.
- (b) Officers should explain to the person being searched the reason for the search and how the search will be conducted.
- (c) Searches should be carried out with due regard and respect for private property interests and in a manner that minimizes damage. Property should be left in a condition as close as reasonably possible to its pre-search condition.
- (d) In order to minimize the need for forcible entry, an attempt should be made to obtain keys, combinations or access codes when a search of locked property is anticipated.
- (e) Whenever practicable, a search should not be conducted by a lone officer. A cover officer should be positioned to ensure safety and should not be involved in the search.
- (f) When the person to be searched is of the opposite sex as the searching officer, a reasonable effort should be made to summon an officer of the same sex as the subject to conduct the search. When it is not practicable to summon an officer of the same sex as the subject, the following guidelines should be followed:
  1. Another officer or a supervisor should witness the search.
  2. The officer should not search areas of the body covered by tight-fitting clothing, sheer clothing or clothing that could not reasonably conceal a weapon.

#### **312.5 DOCUMENTATION**

Officers are responsible to document any search and to ensure that any required reports are sufficient including, at minimum, documentation of the following:

- Reason for the search
- Any efforts used to minimize the intrusiveness of any search (e.g., asking for consent or keys)
- What, if any, injuries or damage occurred
- All steps taken to secure property
- The results of the search, including a description of any property or contraband seized
- If the person searched is the opposite sex, any efforts to summon an officer of the same sex as the person being searched and the identification of any witness officer

Supervisors shall review reports to ensure the reports are accurate, that actions are properly documented and that current legal requirements and department policy have been met.

## Child Abuse

### 313.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the investigation of suspected child abuse. This policy also addresses when Federalsburg Police Department members are required to notify the local department of social services of suspected child abuse.

#### 313.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include (Md. Code FL § 5-701):

**Child** - Unless otherwise specified by a cited statute, a child is any person under the age of 18 years.

**Child abuse** - Any offense or attempted offense involving violence or neglect with a child victim when committed by a person responsible for the child's care or by a member of the child's family or household, or any other act that would mandate notification to a social service agency or law enforcement.

### 313.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will investigate all reported incidents of alleged criminal child abuse and ensure the local department of social services is notified as required by law.

### 313.3 MANDATORY NOTIFICATION

Members of the Federalsburg Police Department shall notify the local department of social services when they have reason to believe that a child has been subjected to abuse or neglect (Md. Code FL § 5-704; Md. Code FL § 5-705.1).

For purposes of notification, abuse includes physical or mental injury (or the substantial risk of such injury) inflicted by a parent, household member, family member, or anyone else who may have custody of, be caring for, or have authority over the child. Abuse also includes any sexual abuse or exploitation of a child. Abuse does not include accidental injuries. Neglect includes the failure of a caregiver to provide proper care to a child to the extent that the child is physically or mentally harmed or at risk of such harm (Md. Code FL § 5-701).

#### 313.3.1 NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE

Notification should occur as follows (COMAR 07.02.07.04; Md. Code FL § 5-704(b)):

- (a) The handling officer shall:
  - 1. Make an oral report as soon as possible to the local department of social services by telephone or direct communication.
  - 2. Make a written report no later than 48 hours after having reason to believe that a child has been subjected to abuse, and forward a copy to the local department of social services and State's Attorney.
- (b) The notification, insofar as is reasonably possible, shall include:

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1. The name, age and home address of the child.
  2. The names and ages of other children in the home or in the care of the person alleged to be responsible for the abuse or neglect.
  3. The name and home address of the child's parent or other person who is responsible for the child's care.
  4. The whereabouts of the child.
  5. The nature and extent of the abuse or neglect of the child, including any evidence or information concerning possible previous instances of abuse or neglect of the child or by the person alleged to be responsible for the abuse or neglect.
  6. Any other information that would help to determine:
    - (a) The cause of the suspected abuse or neglect.
    - (b) The identity of any person responsible for the abuse or neglect.
    - (c) The safety of the child and risk of future abuse or neglect.
  7. In the case of suspected child abuse or neglect involving a mental injury:
    - (a) A description of the substantial impairment of the child's mental or psychological ability to function.
    - (b) An explanation of why it is believed the mental injury is attributable to maltreatment or failure to provide proper care and attention.
    - (c) Observations or knowledge about the intent or recklessness of the person alleged to be responsible for causing a mental injury.
- (c) For suspected abuse of a child living out of state and occurring out of state, notification shall be made to any local department of social services in accordance with the requirements of Md. Code FL § 5-705.1.

#### **313.4 QUALIFIED INVESTIGATORS**

Qualified investigators should be available for child abuse investigations. These investigators should:

- (a) Conduct interviews in child-appropriate interview facilities.
- (b) Be familiar with forensic interview techniques specific to child abuse investigations.
- (c) Present all cases of alleged child abuse to the prosecutor for review.
- (d) Coordinate with other enforcement agencies, social service agencies and school administrators as needed.
- (e) Provide referrals to therapy services, victim advocates, guardians and support for the child and family as appropriate.
- (f) Participate in or coordinate with multidisciplinary investigative teams as applicable (COMAR 07.02.07.22; COMAR 07.02.07.23; Md. Code FL § 5-706(f); Md. Code FL § 5-706(g); Md. Code FL § 5-706.2(b)).

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#### **313.5 INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTING**

In all reported or suspected cases of child abuse, officers shall write a report even if the allegations appear unfounded or unsubstantiated.

Investigations and reports related to suspected cases of child abuse should address, as applicable:

- (a) A thorough and timely investigation and report as required by state law (Md. Code FL § 5-706). This should be done by the investigating officer in all circumstances where a suspected child abuse victim is contacted.
- (b) The exigent circumstances that existed if officers interviewed the child victim without the presence of a parent or guardian.
- (c) Any relevant statements the child may have made and to whom he/she made the statements.
- (d) If a child is taken into protective custody, the reasons, the name and title of the person making the decision, and why other alternatives were not appropriate.
- (e) Documentation of any visible injuries or any injuries identified by the child. This should include photographs of such injuries, if practicable.
- (f) Whether the child victim is transported for medical treatment or a medical examination.
- (g) Whether the victim identified a household member as the alleged perpetrator, and a list of the names of any other children who may reside in the residence.
- (h) Identification of any prior related reports or allegations of child abuse, including other jurisdictions, as reasonably known.
- (i) Previous addresses of the victim and suspect.
- (j) Other potential witnesses who have not yet been interviewed, such as relatives or others close to the victim's environment.
- (k) Whether within 24 hours after receiving a report of suspected physical or sexual abuse of a child, and within five days after receiving a report of suspected neglect or suspected mental injury of a child, the handling officer complied with COMAR 07.02.07.08, Md. Code FL § 5-706(c) and Md. Code FL § 5-706.2(c) by:
  - 1. Seeing the child.
  - 2. Attempting to have an on-site interview with the child's caretaker.
  - 3. Deciding on the safety of the child, wherever the child is, and of other children in the household.
  - 4. Deciding on the safety of other children in the care or custody of the alleged abuser.
- (l) Seeking assistance from the local State's Attorney as needed (Md. Code FL § 5-706(d)).
- (m) Completing an investigation as soon as practicable, but not later than the time frames specified by state law (COMAR 07.02.07.09; Md. Code FL § 5-706(h); Md. Code FL § 5-706.2(d)).

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All cases of the unexplained death of a child should be investigated as thoroughly as if it had been a case of suspected child abuse (e.g., a sudden or unexplained death of an infant).

#### **313.6 PROTECTIVE CUSTODY**

Before taking any child into protective custody, the officer should make reasonable attempts to contact the local department of social services. Generally, the decision to remove a child from the child's family, guardian, or other responsible adult should be left to the child welfare authorities when they are present or have become involved in an investigation.

Generally, members of this department should remove a child from the child's parent or guardian without a court order only when no other effective alternative is reasonably available and immediate action reasonably appears necessary to protect the child. Prior to taking a child into protective custody, the officer should take reasonable steps to deliver the child to another qualified parent or legal guardian unless it reasonably appears that the release would endanger the child or result in abduction. If this is not a reasonable option, the officer shall ensure that the child is delivered to the local department of social services.

Whenever practicable, the officer should inform a supervisor of the circumstances prior to taking a child into protective custody. If prior notification is not practicable, officers should contact a supervisor promptly after taking a child into protective custody.

Children may only be removed from a parent or guardian in the following situations (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-14; Md. Code CJ § 3-814):

- (a) Pursuant to an order of the court.
- (b) By an officer with probable cause to believe that the child is in immediate danger from the child's surroundings and that the child's removal is necessary for the child's protection.

Anytime an officer takes a child into custody, notifications should be made as provided in the Temporary Custody of Juveniles Policy.

##### **313.6.1 SAFE HAVEN LAW**

A mother, or a person with the permission of the mother, may relinquish an unharmed newborn within 10 days after birth to an officer when the mother expresses an interest in abandoning the child. As soon as possible, the officer shall take the newborn to a hospital or other facility designated by the Department of Human Resources (Md. Code CJ § 5-641).

#### **313.7 INTERVIEWS**

##### **313.7.1 PRELIMINARY INTERVIEWS**

Absent extenuating circumstances or impracticality, officers should record the preliminary interview with suspected child abuse victims. Officers should avoid multiple interviews with a child victim and should attempt to gather only the information necessary to begin an investigation. When practicable, investigating officers should defer interviews until a person who is specially trained

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in such interviews is available. Generally, child victims should not be interviewed in the home or location where the alleged abuse occurred.

#### **313.7.2 DETAINING SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE VICTIMS FOR AN INTERVIEW**

An officer should not detain a child involuntarily who is suspected of being a victim of child abuse solely for the purpose of an interview or physical exam without the consent of a parent or guardian unless one of the following applies:

- (a) Exigent circumstances exist, such as:
  - 1. A reasonable belief that medical issues of the child need to be addressed immediately.
  - 2. A reasonable belief that the child is or will be in danger of harm if the interview or physical exam is not immediately completed.
  - 3. The alleged offender is the custodial parent or guardian and there is reason to believe the child may be in continued danger.
- (b) A court order or warrant has been issued.

#### **313.8 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

If the child has been the victim of abuse that requires a medical examination, the investigating officer should obtain consent for such examination from the appropriate parent, guardian or agency having legal custody of the child. The officer should also arrange for the child's transportation to the appropriate medical facility.

In cases where the alleged offender is the custodial parent or guardian and is refusing consent for the medical examination, officers should notify a supervisor before proceeding. If exigent circumstances do not exist or if state law does not provide for officers to take the child for a medical examination, the notified supervisor should consider obtaining a court order for such an examination.

An examination and emergency medical treatment may be provided for a child without parental consent if an officer states a belief that the child has been abused or neglected (COMAR 07.02.07.07(f)(3)).

#### **313.9 DRUG-ENDANGERED CHILDREN**

A coordinated response by law enforcement and social services agencies is appropriate to meet the immediate and longer-term medical and safety needs of children exposed to the manufacturing, trafficking or use of narcotics.

##### **313.9.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Patrol supervisor should:

- (a) Work with professionals from the appropriate agencies, including the local department of social services, other law enforcement agencies, medical service providers and local prosecutors to develop community specific procedures for



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responding to situations where there are children endangered by their exposure to methamphetamine labs or the manufacture and trafficking of other drugs.

- (b) Activate any available interagency response when an officer notifies the Patrol supervisor that the officer has responded to a drug lab or other narcotics crime scene where a child is present or where evidence indicates that a child lives at the scene.
- (c) Develop a report format or checklist for use when officers respond to drug labs or other narcotics crime scenes. The checklist will help officers document the environmental, medical, social and other conditions that may affect the child.

#### **313.9.2 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Officers responding to a drug lab or other narcotics crime scene where a child is present or where there is evidence that a child lives should:

- (a) Document the environmental, medical, social and other conditions of the child using photography as appropriate and the checklist or form developed for this purpose.
- (b) Notify the Patrol supervisor so an interagency response can begin.

#### **313.10 STATE MANDATES AND OTHER RELEVANT LAWS**

Maryland requires or permits the following:

##### **313.10.1 PROCESSING REPORTS AND RECORDS**

The handling officer shall ensure that (COMAR 07.02.07.07; Md. Code FL § 5-706(i)):

- (a) A preliminary report of findings of the investigation is submitted to the local State's Attorney within 10 days after receiving a report of suspected abuse.
- (b) A written report of findings of the investigation is submitted to the local State's Attorney within five business days after the investigation is completed.

##### **313.10.2 RELEASE OF REPORTS**

Information related to incidents of child abuse or suspected child abuse is confidential and may only be disclosed pursuant to state law and the Records Maintenance and Release Policy (COMAR 07.02.07.21; Md. Code FL § 5-707).

##### **313.10.3 CHILD FATALITY REVIEW**

This department will cooperate with a local or state child death review team (Md. Code FL § 5-706).

##### **313.10.4 HOUSEHOLD ENTRY**

Upon request, an officer shall accompany a representative of the local department of social services who has been denied entry into a household in which the representative has probable cause to believe that a child is in serious, immediate danger. If necessary, the officer may use reasonable force to enable the representative to gain entry (Md. Code FL § 5-709(b)).

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##### **313.10.5 FAILURE TO REPORT**

An officer investigating allegations of child abuse who believes that a person has knowingly failed to report suspected abuse or neglect shall file a complaint with the appropriate agency or board (Md. Code FL § 5-705.4).

##### **313.11 TRAINING**

The Department should provide training on best practices in child abuse investigations to members tasked with investigating these cases. The training should include:

- (a) Participating in multidisciplinary investigations, as appropriate.
- (b) Conducting forensic interviews.
- (c) Availability of therapy services for children and families.
- (d) Availability of specialized forensic medical exams.
- (e) Cultural competence (including interpretive services) related to child abuse investigations.
- (f) Availability of victim advocate or guardian ad litem support.
- (g) Recognizing abuse that requires mandatory notification to another agency.

## Adult Abuse

### 314.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the investigation and reporting of suspected abuse of certain adults who may be more vulnerable than others. This policy also addresses mandatory notification for Federalsburg Police Department members as required by law.

#### 314.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Adult abuse** - Any offense or attempted offense involving violence or neglect of an adult victim when committed by a person responsible for the adult's care, or any other act that would mandate reporting or notification to a social service agency or law enforcement.

### 314.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will investigate all reported incidents of alleged adult abuse and ensure proper reporting and notification as required by law.

### 314.3 MANDATORY NOTIFICATION

Members of the Federalsburg Police Department shall notify the local Adult Protective Services (APS) when there is reason to believe that an adult who lacks the physical or mental capacity to provide for his/her own daily needs has been subjected to abuse, neglect, self-neglect or exploitation (Md. Code FL § 14-302(a)).

#### 314.3.1 NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE

Notification shall occur as follows (Md. Code FL § 14-302):

- (a) The officer investigating the case shall notify the local APS office by telephone, direct communication or in writing as soon as possible.
- (b) The investigating officer shall include at least the following information as reasonably known:
  1. The name, age and home address of the adult, including his/her current whereabouts.
  2. The name and home address of the person responsible for the adult's care.
  3. The nature of the adult's suspected incapacity.
  4. The nature and extent of the abuse, neglect, self-neglect or exploitation, including any reasonably known evidence or information concerning previous injury that may have resulted from abuse, neglect, self-neglect or exploitation.
  5. Any other information that would help to determine the cause of the suspected abuse, neglect, self-neglect or exploitation, and the identity of any individual responsible for the abuse, neglect, self-neglect or exploitation.

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#### **314.4 QUALIFIED INVESTIGATORS**

Qualified investigators should be available to investigate cases of adult abuse. These investigators should:

- (a) Conduct interviews in appropriate interview facilities.
- (b) Be familiar with forensic interview techniques specific to adult abuse investigations.
- (c) Present all cases of alleged adult abuse to the prosecutor for review.
- (d) Coordinate with other enforcement agencies, social service agencies and facility administrators as needed.
- (e) Provide referrals to therapy services, victim advocates, guardians and support for the victim and family as appropriate.
- (f) Participate in or coordinate with multidisciplinary investigative teams as applicable (COMAR 07.02.16.07(B)).

#### **314.5 INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTING**

All reported or suspected cases of adult abuse require investigation and a report, even if the allegations appear unfounded or unsubstantiated.

Investigations and reports related to suspected cases of adult abuse should address, as applicable:

- (a) The overall basis for the contact. This should be done by the investigating officer in all circumstances where a suspected adult abuse victim is contacted.
- (b) Any relevant statements the victim may have made and to whom he/she made the statements.
- (c) If a person is taken into protective custody, the reasons, the name and title of the person making the decision, and why other alternatives were not appropriate.
- (d) Documentation of any visible injuries or any injuries identified by the victim. This should include photographs of such injuries, if practicable.
- (e) Whether the victim was transported for medical treatment or a medical examination.
- (f) Whether the victim identified a household member as the alleged perpetrator, and a list of the names of any other potential victims or witnesses who may reside in the residence.
- (g) Identification of any prior related reports or allegations of abuse, including other jurisdictions, as reasonably known.
- (h) Previous addresses of the victim and suspect.
- (i) Other potential witnesses who have not yet been interviewed, such as relatives or others close to the victim's environment.

Any unexplained death of an adult who was in the care of a guardian or caretaker should be considered as potential adult abuse and investigated similarly.

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### **314.6 PROTECTIVE CUSTODY**

Before taking an adult abuse victim into protective custody when facts indicate the adult may not be able to care for him/herself, the officer should make reasonable attempts to contact APS. Generally, removal of an adult abuse victim from his/her family, guardian or other responsible adult should be left to the welfare authorities when they are present or have become involved in an investigation (Md. Code FL § 14-307).

Generally, members of this department should remove an adult abuse victim from his/her family or guardian without a court order only when no other effective alternative is reasonably available and immediate action reasonably appears necessary to protect the victim. Prior to taking an adult abuse victim into protective custody, the officer should take reasonable steps to deliver the adult to another qualified legal guardian, unless it reasonably appears that the release would endanger the victim or result in abduction. If this is not a reasonable option, the officer shall ensure that the adult is delivered to APS (Md. Code ET § 13-709(a)).

Whenever practicable, the officer should inform a supervisor of the circumstances prior to taking an adult abuse victim into protective custody. If prior notification is not practicable, officers should contact a supervisor promptly after taking the adult into protective custody.

When adult abuse victims are under state control, have a state-appointed guardian or there are other legal holdings for guardianship, it may be necessary or reasonable to seek a court order on behalf of the adult victim to either remove the adult from a dangerous environment (protective custody) or restrain a person from contact with the adult.

### **314.7 INTERVIEWS**

#### **314.7.1 PRELIMINARY INTERVIEWS**

Absent extenuating circumstances or impracticality, officers should audio record the preliminary interview with a suspected adult abuse victim. Officers should avoid multiple interviews with the victim and should attempt to gather only the information necessary to begin an investigation. When practicable, investigating officers should defer interviews until a person who is specially trained in such interviews is available.

#### **314.7.2 DETAINING VICTIMS FOR INTERVIEWS**

An officer should not detain an adult involuntarily who is suspected of being a victim of abuse solely for the purpose of an interview or physical exam without his/her consent or the consent of a guardian unless one of the following applies:

- (a) The adult cannot adequately provide for his or her own care or protection and exigent circumstances exist, such as:
  1. A reasonable belief that medical issues of the adult need to be addressed immediately.
  2. A reasonable belief that the adult is or will be in danger of harm if the interview or physical exam is not immediately completed.

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3. The alleged offender is a family member or guardian and there is reason to believe the adult may be in continued danger.
  - (b) A court order or warrant has been issued.

#### **314.8 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

When an adult abuse investigation requires a medical examination, the investigating officer should obtain consent for such examination from the victim, guardian, agency or entity having legal custody of the adult. The officer should also arrange for the adult's transportation to the appropriate medical facility.

In cases where the alleged offender is a family member, guardian, agency or entity having legal custody and is refusing to give consent for the medical examination, officers should notify a supervisor before proceeding. The supervisor should consider other government agencies or services that may obtain a court order for such an examination.

#### **314.9 DRUG-ENDANGERED VICTIMS**

A coordinated response by law enforcement and social services agencies is appropriate to meet the immediate and longer-term medical and safety needs of an adult abuse victim who has been exposed to the manufacturing, trafficking or use of narcotics.

##### **314.9.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Patrol supervisor should:

- (a) Work with professionals from the appropriate agencies, including APS, other law enforcement agencies, medical service providers and local prosecutors to develop community-specific procedures for responding to situations where there are adult abuse victims endangered by exposure to methamphetamine labs or the manufacture and trafficking of other drugs.
- (b) Activate any available interagency response when an officer notifies the Patrol supervisor that he/she has responded to a drug lab or other narcotics crime scene where an adult abuse victim is present or where evidence indicates that an adult abuse victim lives at the scene.
- (c) Develop a report format or checklist for use when officers respond to drug labs or other narcotics crime scenes. The checklist will help officers document the environmental, medical, social and other conditions that may affect the adult.

##### **314.9.2 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Officers responding to a drug lab or other narcotics crime scene where an adult abuse victim is present or where there is evidence that an adult abuse victim lives there should:

- (a) Document the environmental, medical, social and other conditions of the adult, using photography as appropriate and the checklist or form developed for this purpose.
- (b) Notify the Patrol supervisor so an interagency response can begin.

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### **314.10 STATE MANDATES AND OTHER RELEVANT LAWS**

Maryland requires or permits the following:

#### **314.10.1 RECORDS SECTION RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Records Section is responsible for:

- (a) Providing a copy of the adult abuse report to APS as required by law.
- (b) Retaining the original adult abuse report with the initial case file.
- (c) Providing copies of a report of alleged abuse at a facility that cares for adults as required by law (Md. Code HG § 19-347).

#### **314.10.2 RELEASE OF REPORTS**

Information related to incidents of adult abuse or suspected adult abuse are confidential and may only be disclosed pursuant to state law and the Records Maintenance and Release Policy. However, law enforcement and participating agencies involved in the investigation may share information (Md. Code FL § 14-303(e)).

#### **314.10.3 INVESTIGATION ASSISTANCE**

On request of APS or any law enforcement agency, the handling officer shall assist in investigation of adult abuse (Md. Code FL § 14-303(c)).

If, in the course of an investigation, an APS representative believes that an emergency exists, the representative may request law enforcement assistance. Responding officers shall accompany the representative. If the officer believes that an emergency exists as described in Md. Code ET § 13-709(a), the officer shall ensure that the individual is transported to an appropriate health care facility (Md. Code FL § 14-304).

### **314.11 TRAINING**

The Department should provide training on best practices in adult abuse investigations to members tasked with investigating these cases. The training should include:

- (a) Participating in multidisciplinary investigations, as appropriate.
- (b) Conducting interviews.
- (c) Availability of therapy services for adults and families.
- (d) Availability of specialized forensic medical exams.
- (e) Cultural competence (including interpretive services) related to adult abuse investigations.
- (f) Availability of victim advocates or other support.

## Discriminatory Harassment

### 315.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to prevent department members from being subjected to discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and retaliation. Nothing in this policy is intended to create a legal or employment right or duty that is not created by law.

### 315.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department is an equal opportunity employer and is committed to creating and maintaining a work environment that is free of all forms of discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and retaliation. The Department will not tolerate discrimination against a member in hiring, promotion, discharge, compensation, fringe benefits and other privileges of employment. The Department will take preventive and corrective action to address any behavior that violates this policy or the rights and privileges it is designed to protect.

The nondiscrimination policies of the Department may be more comprehensive than state or federal law. Conduct that violates this policy may not violate state or federal law but still could subject a member to discipline.

### 315.3 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

#### 315.3.1 DISCRIMINATION

The Department prohibits all forms of discrimination, including any employment-related action by a member that adversely affects an applicant or member and is based on actual or perceived race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, marital status, and any other classification or status protected by law.

Discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment, is verbal or physical conduct that demeans or shows hostility or aversion toward an individual based upon that individual's protected class. It has the effect of interfering with an individual's work performance or creating a hostile or abusive work environment.

Conduct that may, under certain circumstances, constitute discriminatory harassment, can include making derogatory comments; making crude and offensive statements or remarks; making slurs or off-color jokes; stereotyping; engaging in threatening acts; making indecent gestures, pictures, cartoons, posters, or material; making inappropriate physical contact; or using written material or department equipment and/or systems to transmit or receive offensive material, statements, or pictures. Such conduct is contrary to department policy and to a work environment that is free of discrimination.



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##### **315.3.2 RETALIATION**

Retaliation is treating a person differently or engaging in acts of reprisal or intimidation against the person because the person has engaged in protected activity, filed a charge of discrimination, participated in an investigation, or opposed a discriminatory practice. Retaliation will not be tolerated.

##### **315.3.3 SEXUAL HARASSMENT**

The Department prohibits all forms of discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment. It is unlawful to harass an applicant or a member because of that person's sex.

Sexual harassment includes but is not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other verbal, visual, or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

- (a) Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly as a term or condition of employment, position, or compensation.
- (b) Submission to, or rejection of, such conduct is used as the basis for any employment decisions affecting the member.
- (c) Such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with a member's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment.

##### **315.3.4 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Discrimination and discriminatory harassment do not include actions that are in accordance with established rules, principles, or standards, including:

- (a) Acts or omission of acts based solely upon bona fide occupational qualifications under the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and the Maryland Commission on Civil Rights guidelines.
- (b) Bona fide requests or demands by a supervisor that the member improve the member's work quality or output, that the member report to the job site on time, that the member comply with Town or department rules or regulations, or any other appropriate work-related communication between supervisor and member.

#### **315.4 RESPONSIBILITIES**

This policy applies to all department members, who shall follow the intent of these guidelines in a manner that reflects department policy, professional standards, and the best interest of the Department and its mission.

Members are encouraged to promptly report any discriminatory, retaliatory, or harassing conduct or known violations of this policy to a supervisor. Any member who is not comfortable with reporting violations of this policy to the member's immediate supervisor may bypass the chain of command and make the report to a higher-ranking supervisor or manager. Complaints may also be filed with the Chief of Police, the Clerk/Treasurer, or the Town Manager.

Any member who believes, in good faith, that the member has been discriminated against, harassed, subjected to retaliation, or who has observed harassment, discrimination, or retaliation,

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is encouraged to promptly report such conduct in accordance with the procedures set forth in this policy.

Supervisors and managers receiving information regarding alleged violations of this policy shall determine if there is any basis for the allegation and shall proceed with resolution as stated below.

#### 315.4.1 QUESTIONS OR CLARIFICATION

Members with questions regarding what constitutes discrimination, sexual harassment, or retaliation are encouraged to contact a supervisor, a manager, the Chief of Police, the Clerk/Treasurer, or the Town Manager for further information, direction, or clarification.

#### 315.4.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The responsibilities of each supervisor shall include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Continually monitoring the work environment and striving to ensure that it is free from all types of unlawful discrimination, including harassment or retaliation.
- (b) Taking prompt, appropriate action within their work units to avoid and minimize the incidence of any form of discrimination, harassment or retaliation.
- (c) Ensuring that their subordinates understand their responsibilities under this policy.
- (d) Ensuring that members who make complaints or who oppose any unlawful employment practices are protected from retaliation and that such matters are kept confidential to the extent possible.
- (e) Making a timely determination regarding the substance of any allegation based upon all available facts.
- (f) Notifying the Chief of Police in writing of the circumstances surrounding any reported allegations or observed acts of discrimination, harassment or retaliation no later than the next business day. If the complaint and allegations involve the Chief of Police directly, the notification shall be made to the Town Manager.

#### 315.4.3 SUPERVISOR'S ROLE

Supervisors and managers shall be aware of the following:

- (a) Behavior of supervisors and managers should represent the values of the Department and professional standards.
- (b) False or mistaken accusations of discrimination, harassment, or retaliation can have negative effects on the careers of innocent members.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent supervisors or managers from discharging supervisory or management responsibilities, such as determining duty assignments, evaluating or counseling members, or issuing discipline in a manner that is consistent with established procedures.

#### **315.5 INVESTIGATION OF COMPLAINTS**

Various methods of resolution exist. During the pendency of any such investigation, the supervisor of the involved member should take prompt and reasonable steps to mitigate or eliminate

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any continuing abusive or hostile work environment. It is the policy of the Department that all complaints of discrimination, retaliation, or harassment shall be fully documented and promptly and thoroughly investigated.

##### **315.5.1 SUPERVISOR RESOLUTION**

Members who believe they are experiencing discrimination, harassment, or retaliation should be encouraged to inform the individual that the behavior is unwelcome, offensive, unprofessional, or inappropriate. However, if the member feels uncomfortable, or threatened or has difficulty expressing the member's concern, or if this does not resolve the concern, assistance should be sought from a supervisor or manager who is a rank higher than the alleged transgressor.

##### **315.5.2 FORMAL INVESTIGATION**

If the complaint cannot be satisfactorily resolved through the supervisory resolution process, a formal investigation will be conducted.

The person assigned to investigate the complaint will have full authority to investigate all aspects of the complaint. Investigative authority includes access to records and the cooperation of any members involved. No influence will be used to suppress any complaint and no member will be subject to retaliation or reprisal for filing a complaint, encouraging others to file a complaint, or for offering testimony or evidence in an investigation.

Formal investigation of the complaint will be confidential to the extent possible and will include but not be limited to details of the specific incident, frequency and dates of occurrences, and names of any witnesses. Witnesses will be advised regarding the prohibition against retaliation, and that a disciplinary process, up to and including termination, may result if retaliation occurs.

Members who believe they have been discriminated against, harassed, or retaliated against because of their protected status are encouraged to follow the chain of command but may also file a complaint directly with the Chief of Police, the Clerk/Treasurer, or the Town Manager.

##### **315.5.3 ALTERNATIVE COMPLAINT PROCESS**

No provision of this policy shall be construed to prevent any member from seeking legal redress outside the Department. Members who believe that they have been harassed, discriminated against, or retaliated against are entitled to bring complaints of employment discrimination to federal, state, and/or local agencies responsible for investigating such allegations. Specific time limitations apply to the filing of such charges. Members are advised that proceeding with complaints under the provisions of this policy does not in any way affect those filing requirements.

##### **315.6 DOCUMENTATION OF COMPLAINTS**

All complaints or allegations shall be thoroughly documented on the appropriate forms and in a manner designated by the Chief of Police. The outcome of all reports shall be:

- (a) Approved by the Chief of Police, the Town Manager, or the Clerk/Treasurer, depending on the ranks of the involved parties.
- (b) Maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

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##### 315.6.1 NOTIFICATION OF DISPOSITION

The complainant and/or victim will be notified in writing of the disposition of the investigation and the actions taken to remedy or address the circumstances giving rise to the complaint.

##### **315.7 TRAINING**

All new members shall be provided with a copy of this policy as part of their orientation. The policy shall be reviewed with each new member. The member shall certify by signing the prescribed form that the member has been advised of this policy, is aware of and understands its contents, and agrees to abide by its provisions during the member's term with the Department.

All members shall receive annual training on the requirements of this policy and shall certify by signing the prescribed form that they have reviewed the policy, understand its contents, and agree that they will continue to abide by its provisions.

## Missing Persons

### 316.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for handling missing person investigations.

#### 316.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**At risk** - A missing child who meets any of the following conditions (Md. Code FL § 9-402):

- (a) The child has not been the subject of a prior missing persons report.
- (b) The child suffers from a mental or physical handicap or illness.
- (c) The disappearance is of a suspicious or dangerous nature.
- (d) The person filing the report has reason to believe that the missing child may have been abducted.
- (e) The child has previously been the subject of a child abuse report filed with the state or a local law enforcement agency.
- (f) The missing child is under 17 years of age.
- (g) The missing child has not been located within 12 hours of the initial report.

**Missing child** - A person under the age of 18 who is the subject of a missing person report filed with a law enforcement agency in Maryland and whose location is unknown (Md. Code FL § 9-401).

**Missing person** - Any person who is reported missing to law enforcement when that person's location is unknown.

**Missing person networks** - Databases or computer networks that are available to law enforcement and are suitable for obtaining information related to missing person investigations. This includes the National Crime Information Center (NCIC), the Maryland Center for Missing and Unidentified Persons (MCMUP) and the Maryland Electronic Telecommunications Enforcement Resource System (METERS).

### 316.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department does not consider any report of a missing person to be routine and assumes that the missing person is in need of immediate assistance until an investigation reveals otherwise. Priority shall be given to missing person cases over property-related cases. Members will initiate an investigation into all reports of missing persons, regardless of the length of time the person has been missing.

### 316.3 REQUIRED FORMS AND DNA COLLECTION KITS

The Patrol supervisor shall ensure the following forms and kits are developed and available:

- The State of Maryland Missing Person Report (SOMMPR) form

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- Missing person investigation checklist that provides investigation guidelines and resources that could be helpful in the early hours of a missing person investigation (including the steps to be taken as set forth in Md. Code FL § 9-402 regarding missing children)
- Missing person school notification form
- Medical records release form
- Maryland State Police DNA collection kits

#### **316.4 ACCEPTANCE OF REPORTS**

Any member encountering an individual who wishes to report a missing person or runaway shall render assistance without delay. This can be accomplished by accepting the report via telephone or in-person and initiating the investigation. Those members who do not take such reports or who are unable to give immediate assistance shall promptly dispatch or alert a member who can take the report (Md. Code FL § 9-402(e); Md. Code PS § 3-601).

A report shall be accepted in all cases and regardless of where the person was last seen, where the person resides or any question of jurisdiction.

When taking a missing person report, department members shall use the SOMMPR form (Md. Code PS § 3-602).

#### **316.5 INITIAL INVESTIGATION**

Officers or other members conducting the initial investigation of a missing person should take the following investigative actions, as applicable:

- (a) Respond to a dispatched call as soon as practicable.
- (b) Interview the reporting party and any witnesses to determine whether the person qualifies as a missing person and, if so, whether the person may be at risk.
- (c) Notify a supervisor immediately if there is evidence that a missing person is either at risk or may qualify for a public alert, or both (see the Public Alerts Policy).
- (d) Broadcast a "Be on the Look-Out" (BOLO) bulletin if the person is under 17 years of age or there is evidence that the missing person is at risk. The BOLO should be broadcast as soon as practicable but in no event more than one hour after determining the missing person is under 17 years of age or may be at risk.
- (e) Ensure that entries are made into the appropriate missing person networks, as follows:
  1. Immediately, when the missing person is at risk (Md. Code FL § 9-402).
  2. In all other cases, as soon as practicable, but not later than two hours from the time of the initial report (34 USC § 41308).
- (f) Complete the appropriate report forms accurately and completely and initiate a search as applicable under the facts.
- (g) Collect and/or review:
  1. A photograph and fingerprint card of the missing person, if available.

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2. A voluntarily provided biological sample of the missing person, if available (e.g., toothbrush, hairbrush).
  3. Any documents that may assist in the investigation, such as court orders regarding custody.
  4. Any other evidence that may assist in the investigation, including personal electronic devices (e.g., cell phones, computers).
- (h) When circumstances permit and if appropriate, attempt to determine the missing person's location through his/her telecommunications carrier.
- (i) Contact the appropriate agency if the report relates to a missing person report previously made to another agency and that agency is actively investigating the report. When this is not practicable, the information should be documented in an appropriate report for transmission to the appropriate agency. If the information relates to an at-risk missing person, the member should notify a supervisor and proceed with reasonable steps to locate the missing person.
- (j) If the person qualifies for a Silver Alert, contact the Maryland State Police as soon as practicable.

#### **316.5.1 SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES**

Upon determining that a missing child is at-risk, investigating officers or supervisors shall immediately take the following additional steps as part of the investigation (Md. Code FL § 9-402):

- (a) Initiate search procedures, including the coordination of volunteer search teams.
- (b) Notify the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children.
- (c) Notify local departments and, if applicable, obtain any information that may help with locating the missing person.
- (d) Request the assistance of the Department of State Police, when appropriate.

#### **316.6 REPORT PROCEDURES AND ROUTING**

Members should complete all missing person reports and forms promptly and advise the appropriate supervisor as soon as a missing person report is ready for review.

#### **316.6.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of the supervisor shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Reviewing and approving missing person reports upon receipt.
  1. The reports should be promptly sent to the Records Section.
- (b) Ensuring resources are deployed as appropriate.
- (c) Initiating a command post as needed.
- (d) Ensuring applicable notifications and public alerts are made and documented.
- (e) Ensuring that records have been entered into the appropriate missing person networks.

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- (f) Taking reasonable steps to identify and address any jurisdictional issues to ensure cooperation among agencies.
  - 1. If the case falls within the jurisdiction of another agency, the supervisor should facilitate transfer of the case to the agency of jurisdiction.

#### **316.6.2 RECORDS SECTION RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of the Records Section receiving member shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) As soon as reasonable under the circumstances, notifying and forwarding a copy of the report to the agency of jurisdiction for the missing person's residence in cases where the missing person is a resident of another jurisdiction.
- (b) Notifying and forwarding a copy of the report to the agency of jurisdiction where the missing person was last seen.
- (c) Notifying and forwarding a copy of the report to the agency of jurisdiction for the missing person's intended or possible destination, if known.
- (d) Forwarding a copy of the report to the Patrol.
- (e) Coordinating with the NCIC Terminal Contractor for Maryland to have the missing person record in the NCIC computer networks updated with additional information obtained from missing person investigations (34 USC § 41308).

#### **316.7 PATROL FOLLOW-UP**

In addition to completing or continuing any actions listed above, the investigator assigned to a missing person investigation:

- (a) Shall coordinate the investigation with the Maryland State Police if a missing child has not been located within 24 hours and there is reason to believe the child may be located in another jurisdiction (Md. Code FL § 9-402(d)).
- (b) Should ensure that the missing person's school is notified within 10 days if the missing person is a juvenile.
  - 1. The notice shall be in writing and should also include a photograph.
  - 2. The investigator should meet with school officials as appropriate to stress the importance of including the notice in the child's student file, along with the investigator's contact information if the school receives a call requesting the transfer of the missing child's files to another school.
- (c) Should recontact the reporting party and/or other witnesses within 30 days of the initial report and within 30 days thereafter to keep them informed, as appropriate, and to determine if any additional information has become available.
- (d) Should consider contacting other agencies involved in the case to determine if any additional information is available.
- (e) Shall verify and update MCMUP, METERS, NCIC and any other applicable missing person networks within 30 days of the original entry into the networks and every 30 days thereafter until the missing person is located (34 USC § 41308).



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- (f) Should continue to make reasonable efforts to locate the missing person and document these efforts at least every 30 days.
- (g) Shall maintain a close liaison with state and local child welfare systems and the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC) if the missing person is under the age of 21 and shall promptly notify NCMEC when the person is missing from a foster care family home or childcare institution (34 USC § 41308).
- (h) Should make appropriate inquiry with the Medical Examiner.
- (i) Should obtain and forward medical and dental records, photos, X-rays and biological samples, as applicable.
- (j) Shall attempt to obtain the most recent photograph for persons under 18 years of age if it has not been obtained previously and forward the photograph to the Department of State Police and enter the photograph into applicable missing person networks (34 USC § 41308).
- (k) Should consider making appropriate entries and searches in the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System (NamUs).
- (l) In the case of an at-risk missing person or a person who has been missing for an extended time, should consult with a supervisor regarding seeking federal assistance from the FBI and the U.S. Marshals Service (28 USC § 566).

#### **316.8 WHEN A MISSING PERSON IS FOUND**

When any person reported missing is found, the assigned investigator shall document the location of the missing person in the appropriate report, notify the relatives and/or reporting party, as appropriate, and other involved agencies and refer the case for additional investigation if warranted.

The Administrative Assistant should ensure that, upon receipt of information that a missing person has been located, the following occurs:

- (a) Notification is made to the Maryland State Police.
- (b) A missing child's school is notified.
- (c) Entries are made in the applicable missing person networks.
- (d) When a person is at risk, the fact that the person has been found should be reported within 24 hours to MCMUP, METERS and NCIC.
- (e) Notification shall be made to any other law enforcement agency that took the initial report or participated in the investigation.

#### **316.8.1 UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS**

Members investigating a case of an unidentified person who is deceased or a living person who cannot assist in identifying him/herself should:

- (a) Obtain a complete description of the person.
- (b) Enter the unidentified person's description into the NCIC Unidentified Person File.

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- (c) Use available resources, such as those related to missing persons, to identify the person.

#### **316.9 CASE CLOSURE**

The Patrol supervisor may authorize the closure of a missing person case after considering the following:

- (a) Closure is appropriate when the missing person is confirmed returned or evidence matches an unidentified person or body.
- (b) If the missing person is a resident of Federalsburg or this department is the lead agency, the case should be kept under active investigation for as long as the person may still be alive. Exhaustion of leads in the investigation should not be a reason for closing a case.
- (c) If this department is not the lead agency, the case can be made inactive if all investigative leads have been exhausted, the lead agency has been notified and entries are made in the applicable missing person networks, as appropriate.
- (d) A missing person case should not be closed or reclassified because the person would have reached a certain age or adulthood or because the person is now the subject of a criminal or civil warrant.

#### **316.10 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, the Training Sergeant should ensure that members of this department whose duties include missing person investigations and reports receive training that includes:

- (a) The initial investigation:
  1. Assessments and interviews
  2. Use of current resources, such as Mobile Audio Video (MAV)
  3. Confirming missing status and custody status of minors
  4. Evaluating the need for a heightened response
  5. Identifying the zone of safety based on chronological age and developmental stage
- (b) Briefing of department members at the scene.
- (c) Identifying NCIC Missing Person File categories (e.g., disability, endangered, involuntary, juvenile and catastrophe).
- (d) Verifying the accuracy of all descriptive information.
- (e) Initiating a neighborhood investigation.
- (f) Investigating any relevant recent family dynamics.
- (g) Addressing conflicting information.
- (h) Key investigative and coordination steps.

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- (i) Managing a missing person case.
- (j) Additional resources and specialized services.
- (k) Update procedures for case information and descriptions.
- (l) Preserving scenes.
- (m) Internet and technology issues (e.g., Internet use, cell phone use).
- (n) Media relations.

## Public Alerts

### 317.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for alerting the public to important information and soliciting public aid when appropriate.

### 317.2 POLICY

Public alerts may be employed using the Emergency Alert System (EAS), local radio, television and press organizations and other groups to notify the public of incidents, or enlist the aid of the public, when the exchange of information may enhance the safety of the community. Various types of alerts may be available based upon each situation and the alert system's individual criteria.

### 317.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 317.3.1 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Members of the Federalsburg Police Department should notify their supervisor, Shift Supervisor or Patrol supervisor as soon as practicable upon learning of a situation where public notification, a warning or enlisting the help of the media and the public could assist in locating a missing person, apprehending a dangerous person or gathering information.

#### 317.3.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

A supervisor apprised of the need for a public alert is responsible to make the appropriate notifications based upon the circumstances of each situation. The supervisor shall promptly notify the Chief of Police, the appropriate Sgt. and the Chief when any public alert is generated.

The supervisor in charge of the investigation to which the alert relates is responsible for the following:

- (a) Updating alerts.
- (b) Canceling alerts.
- (c) Ensuring all appropriate reports are completed.
- (d) Preparing an after-action evaluation of the investigation to be forwarded to the Sgt..

### 317.4 AMBER ALERT

The AMBER Alert™ Program is used to provide a statewide system for the rapid dissemination of information regarding abducted children.

#### 317.4.1 CRITERIA

The following criteria are utilized to determine if an AMBER Alert should be issued:

- (a) There is confirmation that the child has been abducted.
- (b) The child is under the age of 18.

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- (c) The circumstances surrounding the abduction indicate that the child is in danger of serious bodily harm or death.
- (d) There is enough descriptive information about the child, abductor and/or suspect's vehicle to believe an immediate broadcast alert will help.
- (e) The child is believed to still be in the broadcast area.
- (f) The child's name and other critical elements have been entered into the National Crime Information Center (NCIC).

#### **317.4.2 PROCEDURE**

After verifying a report that a child has been abducted and is in danger of serious bodily harm, the supervisor in charge of the investigation shall:

- (a) Immediately notify the field supervisor.
- (b) After confirming that the AMBER Alert criteria have been met, the field supervisor shall contact the Maryland State Police (MSP) headquarters duty officer and request an AMBER Alert activation.
- (c) Provide all necessary information to the MSP Missing Child Recovery Unit.
- (d) Be prepared to follow up the verbal request with a written request made via fax to the MSP headquarters duty officer.

#### **317.5 BLUE ALERT**

The National Blue Alert System™ is used to provide a statewide system for the rapid dissemination of information regarding a violent criminal who has seriously injured or killed a local, state or federal law enforcement officer (Md. Code PS § 3-605).

##### **317.5.1 CRITERIA**

The following criteria are utilized to determine if a Blue Alert should be issued:

- (a) An officer must have been killed or seriously injured by an offender.
- (b) It has been determined that the offender poses a serious risk or threat to the public and other law enforcement personnel.
- (c) A detailed description of the offender's vehicle, vehicle tag or partial tag must be available for broadcast to the public.

##### **317.5.2 PROCEDURE**

The following are the procedures for a Blue Alert:

- (a) Upon confirmation of the Blue Alert criteria, the supervisor in charge of the investigation shall recommend activation of the Blue Alert to the MSP.
- (b) Once this department apprehends a missing offender who is the subject of a Blue Alert, the supervisor in charge of the investigation shall immediately notify the MSP

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and any law enforcement agency that filed the report resulting in the Blue Alert that the missing offender has been apprehended (Md. Code PS § 3-605).

#### **317.6 SILVER ALERT**

Silver Alerts are used to provide a statewide system for the rapid dissemination of information regarding a missing person who has a cognitive disorder (Md. Code PS § 3-604).

##### **317.6.1 CRITERIA**

The following criteria are utilized to determine if a Silver Alert should be issued:

- (a) The whereabouts of a person at least 60 years old is unknown.
- (b) The person suffers a cognitive impairment, including a diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease or dementia to the extent that the individual requires assistance from a caregiver.
- (c) The disappearance poses a credible threat to the health and safety of the person due to age, health, mental or physical disability, and environment or weather conditions, as determined by this department.
- (d) The person is traveling in a vehicle and there is enough descriptive information about the missing person and the vehicle to issue an alert.
- (e) The Department has already activated a local or regional alert by contacting media outlets in the jurisdiction and the missing person has been entered into NCIC.

##### **317.6.2 PROCEDURE**

The following are the procedures for a Silver Alert:

- (a) Upon confirmation of the Silver Alert criteria, the supervisor in charge of the investigation shall contact the MSP headquarters duty officer and request a Silver Alert.
- (b) Once the Department confirms that the missing person has been located, the supervisor in charge of the investigation shall notify the MSP that the missing person has been located.

#### **317.7 LOCAL MEDIA ALERT**

##### **317.7.1 CRITERIA**

A local media alert should be used for the rapid dissemination of information to assist in finding a missing person regardless of whether the criteria for a state alert are met.

##### **317.7.2 PROCEDURE**

Regardless of whether a public alert is activated, the following procedures to alert the media and other local law enforcement agencies should be followed:

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- (a) The Chief will prepare an initial press release that includes all available information that might aid in locating a child, suspect or missing person, such as:
  - 1. The person's identity, age and description.
  - 2. A photograph, if available.
  - 3. Pertinent vehicle description.
  - 4. Details regarding the location of the incident, last known direction of travel and potential destinations, if known.
  - 5. The name and contact number of the Chief or other authorized media liaison.
  - 6. A contact number for the public to call with leads or information.
- (b) The press release should be faxed to local television and radio stations.
- (c) The information in the press release should also be forwarded to local law enforcement agencies.
- (d) The activating official or other individual responsible for making notifications shall prepare and fax to the previously described locations, follow-up press releases with updates regarding the search and investigation, or immediately upon locating the person identified in the public alert.

The Chief is responsible for providing relevant updates to the supervisor in charge of the investigation.

#### **317.8 YELLOW ALERT**

Yellow Alerts are used to provide a statewide system for the rapid dissemination of information regarding a suspect in a hit-and-run involving serious injury or death (Md. Code PS § 3-606).

##### **317.8.1 CRITERIA**

The following criteria are utilized to determine if a Yellow Alert should be issued:

- (a) The whereabouts of a person suspected of leaving the scene of an accident involving serious bodily injury or death are unknown (Md. Code TR § 20-102).
- (b) The suspect's vehicle can be described, including any information about the vehicle's license plate number.

##### **317.8.2 PROCEDURE**

The following are the procedures for a Yellow Alert:

- (a) Upon confirmation of the Yellow Alert criteria, the supervisor in charge of the investigation shall contact the MSP headquarters duty officer and request a Yellow Alert.
- (b) Once the Department confirms that the vehicle or suspect has been located, the supervisor in charge of the investigation shall notify the MSP.

## Victim and Witness Assistance

### 317.1 SECTION TITLE

### 317.2 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that crime victims and witnesses receive appropriate assistance, that they are provided with information from government and private resources, and that the agency meets all related legal mandates.

### 317.3 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department is committed to providing guidance and assistance to the victims and witnesses of crime. The members of the Federalsburg Police Department will show dignity, respect, courtesy, sensitivity, compassion and understanding for victims and witnesses and will make reasonable efforts to provide the support and information identified in this policy.

### 317.4 CRIME VICTIM LIAISON

The Chief of Police should appoint a member of the Department to serve as the crime victim liaison. The crime victim liaison will be the point of contact for individuals requiring further assistance or information from the Federalsburg Police Department regarding benefits from crime victim resources. This person shall also be responsible for maintaining compliance with all legal mandates related to crime victims and/or witnesses.

#### 317.4.1 DNA PROFILE INFORMATION

The crime victim liaison shall ensure that a system is in place to provide victims of violent crime who have made a written request for notice of DNA profile information with the following (Md. Code CP § 11-104):

- (a) Whether an evidentiary DNA profile is obtained from evidence in the case
- (b) When a DNA profile developed in the case is entered into the statewide DNA database system
- (c) When a confirmed match or hit on the DNA profile is received

#### 317.4.2 DUTIES RELATED TO OFFICER MISCONDUCT

The crime victim liaison should provide support to complainants alleging officer misconduct as provided in the Personnel Complaints Policy (Md. Code PS § 3-108).

### 317.5 CRIME VICTIMS AND WITNESSES

Officers on first contact shall provide all victims or victim's representative with the applicable victim information handout (Md. Code CP § 11-104).

Officers should never guarantee a victim's or witness' safety from future harm but should take reasonable safety precautions and make practical safety suggestions to victims who express fear of future harm or retaliation (Md. Code CP § 11-1002(b)(4)).



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Officers should provide a separate area away from suspects or the family and friends of suspects during an investigation and should never guarantee that a person qualifies as a victim for the purpose of compensation or restitution but should direct him/her to the proper written department material or available victim resources (Md. Code CP § 11-1002).

Officers should investigate allegations of witness intimidation and take enforcement action when lawful and reasonable.

#### **317.5.1 SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS REGARDING VICTIMS**

When interacting with individuals suspected of being or claiming to be victims of sexually assaultive behavior as defined by Md. Code CJ § 10-923, members should not present to the victim any form purporting to (Md. Code CP § 11-929):

- (a) Relieve the Department of any obligation to the victim.
- (b) Preclude or define the scope of the investigation.
- (c) Prevent or limit a prosecution of an act allegedly committed against the victim.
- (d) Limit a victim's private right of action pertaining to an act allegedly committed against the victim or the victim's interaction with the Department.

If such a victim requests the investigation be suspended or limited in scope, the responding member should thoroughly document that request and follow-up according to the practices recommended by the MPTSC (Md. Code CP § 11-929).

#### **317.6 VICTIM AND WITNESS INFORMATION**

The Administrative Lieutenant shall ensure that victim and witness information handouts are available and current. These should include as appropriate (Md. Code CP § 11-1002):

- (a) Shelters and other community resources for victims including domestic violence and sexual assault victims.
- (b) Crisis intervention help, including medical treatment, creditor intervention services, counseling or other social services.
- (c) Assurance that sexual assault victims will not incur out-of-pocket expenses for forensic medical exams, and information about evidence collection, storage and preservation in sexual assault cases (34 USC § 10449; 34 USC § 20109; Md. Code CP § 11-925).
- (d) Contact information for the Maryland Sex Offender Alert Line.
- (e) An advisement that a person who was arrested may be released on bond or some other form of release and that the victim should not rely upon an arrest as a guarantee of safety.
- (f) A clear explanation of relevant court orders and how they can be obtained.
- (g) Available compensation for qualifying victims of crime (Md. Code CP § 11-916).
- (h) VINE® information (Victim Information and Notification Everyday), including the telephone number and whether this free service is available to allow victims to check

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on an offender's custody status and to register for automatic notification when a person is released from jail.

- (i) Notice regarding U visa and T visa application processes.
- (j) Resources available for victims of identity theft.
- (k) The victim's right, upon written request, to the following:
  1. To be kept reasonably informed of the arrest of a suspect and closing of the case.
  2. Which office to contact for information about the case.
  3. For victims of a violent crime, to be notified and updated on matters related to a suspect's DNA profile pursuant to Md. Code CP § 11-104.
- (l) The right to have stolen or other property promptly returned and, upon written request, should have the property promptly returned when evidentiary requirements for prosecution can be satisfied by other means, unless there is a compelling law enforcement reason for keeping it.
- (m) A place for the officer's name, badge number and any applicable case or incident number.
- (n) How a victim may keep their address confidential (Md. Code SG § 47; Md. Code SG § 7-303).
- (o) Maryland Electronic Courts (MDEC) system for requesting and receiving notices electronically, if applicable (Md. Code CP § 11-104).
- (p) How to request information regarding an unsolved case (Md. Code CP § 11-104).

#### 317.6.1 CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

The Department, on request of the state, may withhold the address or telephone number of the victim, victim's representative, witness to a felony, domestically related crime, or other covered crime before the trial or adjudicatory hearing in a juvenile delinquency proceeding, unless a judge determines that good cause has been shown for the release of the information (Md. Code CP § 11-205).

## Hate Crimes

### 319.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide members of this department with guidelines for identifying and investigating incidents and crimes that may be motivated by hatred or other bias.

#### 319.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Hate crime** - A crime motivated by prejudice based on actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, or disability of the victim. This includes homelessness (Md. Code CR § 10-304).

### 319.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department recognizes and places a high priority on the rights of all individuals guaranteed under the state and federal constitutions and incorporated in state and federal law.

### 319.3 PREVENTION AND PREPARATION

While it is recognized that not all crime can be prevented, this department is committed to taking a proactive approach to preventing and preparing for likely hate crimes by:

- (a) Making an affirmative effort to establish contact with persons and groups within the community who are likely targets of hate crimes, and forming networks that address prevention and response.
- (b) Providing victim assistance, community follow-up or identifying available resources.
- (c) Educating community and civic groups about hate crime laws.

### 319.4 INVESTIGATIONS

Whenever any member of this department receives a report of a suspected hate crime or other activity that reasonably appears to involve a potential hate crime, the following should occur:

- (a) Assigned officers should promptly contact the victim, witness or reporting party to investigate the matter further, as circumstances may dictate.
- (b) A supervisor should be notified of the circumstances as soon as practicable.
- (c) Once the in-progress aspect of any such situation has been stabilized (e.g., treatment of victims or arrest of suspects at the scene), the assigned officers should take reasonable steps to preserve evidence that establishes a possible hate crime.
- (d) Based upon available information, officers should take appropriate action to mitigate further injury or damage to potential victims or the community.
- (e) Depending on the situation, the assigned officers or supervisor may request assistance from investigators or other resources.

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- (f) The assigned officers should interview available witnesses, victims and others to determine what circumstances, if any, indicate that the situation may involve a hate crime.
- (g) The assigned officers should make reasonable efforts to assist the victim by providing available information on local assistance programs and organizations as required by the Victim and Witness Assistance Policy.
- (h) The assigned officers should include all available evidence indicating the likelihood of a hate crime in the relevant reports. All related reports should be clearly marked "Hate Crime."
- (i) The assigned officers and supervisor should take reasonable steps to ensure that any such situation does not escalate further and should provide information to the victim regarding legal aid protective order through the courts or Town Attorney.

#### **319.4.1 PATROL RESPONSIBILITIES**

If a hate crime case is assigned to the Patrol, the assigned investigator will be responsible for:

- (a) Coordinating further investigation with the Town Attorney and other appropriate law enforcement agencies.
- (b) Maintaining contact with the victim and other involved individuals, as needed.
- (c) Maintaining statistical data and tracking of suspected hate crimes, as indicated or required by state law.

#### **319.5 TRAINING**

All members of this department should receive training on hate crime recognition and investigation.

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## Standards of Conduct

### 320.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes standards of conduct that are consistent with the values and mission of the Federalsburg Police Department and are expected of all department members. The standards contained in this policy are not intended to be an exhaustive list of requirements and prohibitions, but they do identify many of the important matters concerning conduct. In addition to the provisions of this policy, members are subject to all other provisions contained in this manual, as well as any additional guidance on conduct that may be disseminated by this department or a member's supervisors.

### 320.2 POLICY

The continued employment or appointment of every member of this department shall be based on conduct that reasonably conforms to the guidelines set forth herein. Failure to meet the guidelines set forth in this policy, whether on- or off-duty, may be cause for disciplinary action.

### 320.3 DIRECTIVES AND ORDERS

Members shall comply with lawful directives and orders from any department supervisor or person in a position of authority, absent a reasonable and bona fide justification.

#### 320.3.1 UNLAWFUL OR CONFLICTING ORDERS

Supervisors shall not knowingly issue orders or directives that, if carried out, would result in a violation of any law or department policy. Supervisors should not issue orders that conflict with any previous order without making reasonable clarification that the new order is intended to countermand the earlier order.

No member is required to obey any order that appears to be in direct conflict with any federal law, state law or local ordinance. Following a known unlawful order is not a defense and does not relieve the member from criminal or civil prosecution or administrative discipline. If the legality of an order is in doubt, the affected member shall ask the issuing supervisor to clarify the order or shall confer with a higher authority. The responsibility for refusal to obey rests with the member, who shall subsequently be required to justify the refusal.

Unless it would jeopardize the safety of any individual, members who are presented with a lawful order that is in conflict with a previous lawful order, department policy or other directive shall respectfully inform the issuing supervisor of the conflict. The issuing supervisor is responsible for either resolving the conflict or clarifying that the lawful order is intended to countermand the previous lawful order or directive, in which case the member is obliged to comply. Members who are compelled to follow a conflicting lawful order after having given the issuing supervisor the opportunity to correct the conflict, will not be held accountable for disobedience of the lawful order or directive that was initially issued.

The person countermanding the original order shall notify, in writing, the person issuing the original order, indicating the action taken and the reason.

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##### **320.3.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Supervisors and managers are required to follow all policies and procedures and may be subject to discipline for:

- (a) Failure to be reasonably aware of the performance of their subordinates or to provide appropriate guidance and control.
- (b) Failure to promptly and fully report any known misconduct of a member to his/her immediate supervisor or to document such misconduct appropriately or as required by policy.
- (c) Directing a subordinate to violate a policy or directive, acquiescing to such a violation or exhibiting indifference to such a violation.
- (d) Exercising unequal or disparate authority toward any member for malicious or other improper purpose.

##### **320.4 GENERAL STANDARDS**

Members shall conduct themselves, whether on- or off-duty, in accordance with the United States and Maryland constitutions and all applicable laws, ordinances, and rules enacted or established pursuant to legal authority.

Members shall familiarize themselves with policies and procedures and are responsible for compliance with each. Members should seek clarification and guidance from supervisors in the event of any perceived ambiguity or uncertainty.

Discipline may be initiated for any good cause. It is not mandatory that a specific policy or rule violation be cited to sustain discipline. This policy is not intended to cover every possible type of misconduct.

##### **320.5 CAUSES FOR DISCIPLINE**

The following are illustrative of causes for disciplinary action. This list is not intended to cover every possible type of misconduct and does not preclude the recommendation of disciplinary action for violation of other rules, standards, ethics and specific action or inaction that is detrimental to efficient department service:

###### **320.5.1 LAWS, RULES AND ORDERS**

- (a) Violation of, or ordering or instructing a subordinate to violate, any policy, procedure, rule, order, directive or requirement, or failure to follow instructions contained in department or Town manuals.
- (b) Disobedience of any legal directive or order issued by any department member of a higher rank.
- (c) Violation of federal, state, local or administrative laws, rules or regulations.

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##### 320.5.2 ETHICS

- (a) Using or disclosing one's status as a member of the Federalsburg Police Department in any way that could reasonably be perceived as an attempt to gain influence or authority for nondepartment business or activity.
- (b) The wrongful or unlawful exercise of authority on the part of any member for malicious purpose, personal gain, willful deceit or any other improper purpose.
- (c) The receipt or acceptance of a reward, fee or gift from any person for service incident to the performance of the member's duties (lawful subpoena fees and authorized work permits excepted).
- (d) Acceptance of fees, gifts or money contrary to the rules of this department and/or laws of the state.
- (e) Offer or acceptance of a bribe or gratuity.
- (f) Misappropriation or misuse of public funds, property, personnel or services.
- (g) Any other failure to abide by the standards of ethical conduct.

##### 320.5.3 DISCRIMINATION, OPPRESSION, OR FAVORITISM

Unless required by law or policy, discriminating against, oppressing, or providing favoritism to any person because of actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, disability, economic status, cultural group, veteran status, marital status, and any other classification or status protected by law, or intentionally denying or impeding another in the exercise or enjoyment of any right, privilege, power, or immunity, knowing the conduct is unlawful.

##### 320.5.4 RELATIONSHIPS

- (a) Unwelcome solicitation of a personal or sexual relationship while on duty or through the use of one's official capacity.
- (b) Engaging in on duty sexual activity including, but not limited to, sexual intercourse, excessive displays of public affection or other sexual contact.
- (c) Establishing or maintaining an inappropriate personal or financial relationship, as a result of an investigation, with a known victim, witness, suspect or defendant while a case is being investigated or prosecuted, or as a direct result of any official contact.
- (d) Associating with or joining a criminal gang, organized crime and/or criminal syndicate when the member knows or reasonably should know of the criminal nature of the organization. This includes any organization involved in a definable criminal activity or enterprise, except as specifically directed and authorized by this department.
- (e) Associating on a personal, rather than official basis with persons who demonstrate recurring involvement in serious violations of state or federal laws after the member knows, or reasonably should know, of such criminal activities, except as specifically directed and authorized by this department.

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##### 320.5.5 ATTENDANCE

- (a) Leaving the job to which the member is assigned during duty hours without a reasonable excuse and proper permission and approval.
- (b) Unexcused or unauthorized absence or tardiness.
- (c) Excessive absenteeism or abuse of leave privileges.
- (d) Failure to report to work or to the place of assignment at the time specified and fully prepared to perform duties without a reasonable excuse.

##### 320.5.6 UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS, DISCLOSURE, OR USE

- (a) Unauthorized and inappropriate intentional release of confidential or protected information, materials, data, forms, or reports obtained as a result of the member's position with this department.
- (b) Disclosing to any unauthorized person any active investigation information.
- (c) The use of any information, photograph, video, or other recording obtained or accessed as a result of employment or appointment to this department for personal or financial gain or without the express authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (d) Loaning, selling, allowing unauthorized use, giving away, or appropriating any department property for personal use, personal gain, or any other improper or unauthorized use or purpose.
- (e) Using department resources in association with any portion of an independent civil action. These resources include but are not limited to personnel, vehicles, equipment, and nonsubpoenaed records.

##### 320.5.7 EFFICIENCY

- (a) Neglect of duty.
- (b) Unsatisfactory work performance including but not limited to failure, incompetence, inefficiency, or delay in performing and/or carrying out proper orders, work assignments, or the instructions of supervisors without a reasonable and bona fide excuse.
- (c) Concealing, attempting to conceal, removing, or destroying defective or incompetent work.
- (d) Unauthorized sleeping during on-duty time or assignments.
- (e) Failure to notify the Department within 24 hours of any change in residence address or contact numbers.
- (f) Failure to notify the Human Resources of changes in relevant personal information (e.g., information associated with benefits determination) in a timely fashion.



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##### 320.5.8 PERFORMANCE

- (a) Failure to disclose or misrepresenting material facts or making any false or misleading statement on any application, examination form or other official document, report or form, or during the course of any workrelated investigation.
- (b) The falsification of any work-related records, making misleading entries or statements with the intent to deceive, or the willful and unauthorized removal, alteration, destruction and/or mutilation of any department record, public record, book, paper or document.
- (c) Failure to participate in investigations, or giving false or misleading statements, or misrepresenting or omitting material information to a supervisor or other person in a position of authority, in connection with any investigation or in the reporting of any departmentrelated business.
- (d) Being untruthful or knowingly making false, misleading or malicious statements that are reasonably calculated to harm the reputation, authority or official standing of this department or its members.
- (e) Disparaging remarks or conduct concerning duly constituted authority to the extent that such conduct disrupts the efficiency of this department or subverts the good order, efficiency and discipline of this department or that would tend to discredit any of its members.
- (f) Unlawful gambling or unlawful betting at any time or any place. Legal gambling or betting under any of the following conditions:
  - 1. While on department premises.
  - 2. At any work site, while on duty or while in uniform, or while using any department equipment or system.
  - 3. Gambling activity undertaken as part of an officer's official duties and with the express knowledge and permission of a direct supervisor is exempt from this prohibition.
- (g) Improper political activity including:
  - 1. Unauthorized attendance while on duty at official legislative or political sessions.
  - 2. Solicitations, speeches or distribution of campaign literature for or against any political candidate or position while on duty, on department property or while in any way representing him/herself as a member of this department, except as expressly authorized by Town policy, the collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding, or the Chief of Police (Md. Code PS § 3-103(a)(2)).
- (h) Engaging in political activities during assigned working hours except as expressly authorized by Town policy, the collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding, or the Chief of Police (Md. Code PS § 3-103(a)(2)).
- (i) Any act on or off duty that tends to bring discredit to this department.

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##### 320.5.9 CONDUCT

- (a) Failure of any member to promptly and fully report activities on his/her part or the part of any other member where such activities resulted in contact with any other law enforcement agency or that may result in criminal prosecution or discipline under this policy.
- (b) Unreasonable and unwarranted force to a person encountered or a person under arrest.
- (c) Exceeding lawful peace officer powers by unreasonable, unlawful or excessive conduct.
- (d) Unauthorized or unlawful fighting, threatening or attempting to inflict unlawful bodily harm on another.
- (e) Engaging in horseplay that reasonably could result in injury or property damage.
- (f) Discourteous, disrespectful or discriminatory treatment of any member of the public or any member of this department or the Town.
- (g) Use of obscene, indecent, profane or derogatory language while on duty or in uniform.
- (h) Criminal, dishonest, or disgraceful conduct, whether on- or off-duty, that adversely affects the member's relationship with this department.
- (i) Unauthorized possession of, loss of, or damage to department property or the property of others, or endangering it through carelessness or maliciousness.
- (j) Attempted or actual theft of department property; misappropriation or misuse of public funds, property, personnel or the services or property of others; unauthorized removal or possession of department property or the property of another person.
- (k) Activity that is incompatible with a member's conditions of employment or appointment as established by law or that violates a provision of any employment agreement, including fraud in securing the appointment or hire.
- (l) Initiating any civil action for recovery of any damages or injuries incurred in the course and scope of employment or appointment without first notifying the Chief of Police of such action.
- (m) Any other on- or off-duty conduct that any member knows or reasonably should know is unbecoming a member of this department, is contrary to good order, efficiency or morale, or tends to reflect unfavorably upon this department or its members.

##### 320.5.10 SAFETY

- (a) Failure to observe or violating department safety standards or safe working practices.
- (b) Failure to maintain current licenses or certifications required for the assignment or position (e.g., driver's license, first aid).
- (c) Failure to maintain good physical condition sufficient to adequately and safely perform law enforcement duties.
- (d) Unsafe firearm or other dangerous weapon handling including loading or unloading firearms in an unsafe manner, either on- or off-duty.

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- (e) Carrying, while on the premises of the work site, any firearm or other lethal weapon that is not authorized by the member's appointing authority.
- (f) Unsafe or improper driving habits or actions in the course of employment or appointment.
- (g) Any personal action contributing to a preventable traffic accident.
- (h) Concealing or knowingly failing to report any on-the-job or work-related accident or injury as soon as practicable but within 24 hours.

#### 320.5.11 INTOXICANTS

- (a) Reporting for work or being at work while intoxicated or when the member's ability to perform assigned duties is impaired due to the use of alcohol, medication or drugs, whether legal, prescribed or illegal.
- (b) Possession or use of alcohol at any work site or while on-duty, except as authorized in the performance of an official assignment. A member who is authorized to consume alcohol is not permitted to do so to such a degree that it may impair on-duty performance.
- (c) Unauthorized possession, use of, or attempting to bring a controlled substance, illegal drug or non-prescribed medication to any work site.

## Information Technology Use

### 321.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the proper use of department information technology resources, including computers, electronic devices, hardware, software and systems.

#### 321.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Computer system** - All computers (on-site and portable), electronic devices, hardware, software, and resources owned, leased, rented or licensed by the Federalsburg Police Department that are provided for official use by its members. This includes all access to, and use of, Internet Service Providers (ISP) or other service providers provided by or through the Department or department funding.

**Hardware** - Includes, but is not limited to, computers, computer terminals, network equipment, electronic devices, telephones, including cellular and satellite, pagers, modems or any other tangible computer device generally understood to comprise hardware.

**Software** - Includes, but is not limited to, all computer programs, systems and applications including "shareware." This does not include files created by the individual user.

**Temporary file, permanent file or file** - Any electronic document, information or data residing or located, in whole or in part, on the system including, but not limited to, spreadsheets, calendar entries, appointments, tasks, notes, letters, reports, messages, photographs or videos.

### 321.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that members shall use information technology resources, including computers, software and systems, that are issued or maintained by the Department in a professional manner and in accordance with this policy.

### 321.3 PRIVACY EXPECTATION

Members forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to emails, texts or anything published, shared, transmitted or maintained through file-sharing software or any Internet site that is accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed on any department computer system.

The Department reserves the right to access, audit and disclose, for whatever reason, any message, including attachments, and any information accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed over any technology that is issued or maintained by the Department, including the department e-mail system, computer network or any information placed into storage on any department system or device. This includes records of all keystrokes or web-browsing history made at any department computer or over any department network. The fact that access to a database, service or website requires a user name or password will not create an expectation of privacy if it is accessed through department computers, electronic devices or networks.

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Although the Department may not require access to a member's personal accounts, it may require a member to disclose a user name, password, or other means for accessing non-personal accounts or services that provide access to department computer or information systems (Md. Code LE § 3-712(b)).

#### **321.4 RESTRICTED USE**

Members shall not access computers, devices, software or systems for which they have not received prior authorization or the required training. Members shall immediately report unauthorized access or use of computers, devices, software or systems by another member to their supervisors or Shift Supervisors.

Members shall not use another person's access passwords, logon information and other individual security data, protocols and procedures unless directed to do so by a supervisor.

##### **321.4.1 SOFTWARE**

Members shall not copy or duplicate any copyrighted or licensed software except for a single copy for backup purposes, in accordance with the software company's copyright and license agreement.

To reduce the risk of a computer virus or malicious software, members shall not install any unlicensed or unauthorized software on any department computer. Members shall not install personal copies of any software on any department computer.

When related to criminal investigations, software program files may be downloaded only with the approval of the information systems technology (IT) staff and with the authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

No member shall knowingly make, acquire or use unauthorized copies of computer software that is not licensed to the Department while on department premises, computer systems or electronic devices. Such unauthorized use of software exposes the Department and involved members to severe civil and criminal penalties.

Introduction of software by members should only occur as a part of the automated maintenance or update process of department- or Town-approved or installed programs by the original manufacturer, producer or developer of the software. Any other introduction of software requires prior authorization from IT staff and a full scan for malicious attachments.

##### **321.4.2 HARDWARE**

Access to technology resources provided by or through the Department shall be strictly limited to department-related activities. Data stored on or available through department computer systems shall only be accessed by authorized members who are engaged in an active investigation, assisting in an active investigation, or who otherwise have a legitimate law enforcement or department-related purpose to access such data. Any exceptions to this policy must be approved by a supervisor.

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##### **321.4.3 INTERNET USE**

Internet access provided by or through the Department shall be strictly limited to department-related activities. Internet sites containing information that is not appropriate or applicable to department use and which shall not be intentionally accessed include, but are not limited to, adult forums, pornography, gambling, chat rooms, and similar or related Internet sites. Certain exceptions may be permitted with the express approval of a supervisor as a function of a member's assignment.

Downloaded information from the Internet shall be limited to messages, mail and data files.

##### **321.4.4 OFF-DUTY USE**

Members shall only use technology resources provided by the Department while on-duty or in conjunction with specific on-call assignments unless specifically authorized by a supervisor. This includes the use of telephones, cell phones, texting, email or any other "off-the-clock" work-related activities. This also applies to personally owned devices that are used to access department resources.

Refer to the Personal Communication Devices Policy for guidelines regarding off-duty use of personally owned technology.

##### **321.5 PROTECTION OF SYSTEMS AND FILES**

All members have a duty to protect the computer system and related systems and devices from physical and environmental damage and are responsible for the correct use, operation, care and maintenance of the computer system.

Members shall ensure department computers and access terminals are not viewable by persons who are not authorized users. Computers and terminals should be secured, users logged off and password protections enabled whenever the user is not present. Access passwords, logon information and other individual security data, protocols and procedures are confidential information and are not to be shared. Password length, format, structure and content shall meet the prescribed standards required by the computer system or as directed by a supervisor and shall be changed at intervals as directed by IT staff or a supervisor.

It is prohibited for a member to allow an unauthorized user to access the computer system at any time or for any reason. Members shall promptly report any unauthorized access to the computer system or suspected intrusion from outside sources (including the Internet) to a supervisor.

##### **321.6 INSPECTION AND REVIEW**

A supervisor or the authorized designee has the express authority to inspect or review the computer system, all temporary or permanent files, related electronic systems or devices, and any contents thereof, whether such inspection or review is in the ordinary course of his/her supervisory duties or based on cause.

Reasons for inspection or review may include, but are not limited to, computer system malfunctions, problems or general computer system failure, a lawsuit against the Department

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involving one of its members or a member's duties, an alleged or suspected violation of any department policy, request for disclosure of data, or a need to perform or provide a service.

The IT staff may extract, download, or otherwise obtain any and all temporary or permanent files residing or located in or on the department computer system when requested by a supervisor or during the course of regular duties that require such information.

## Report Preparation

### 322.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to those members of the Department who complete investigations and reports as a part of their duties.

### 322.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that members shall act with promptness and efficiency in the preparation and processing of all reports. Reports shall document sufficient information to refresh the member's memory and shall provide enough detail for follow-up investigation and successful prosecution.

### 322.3 EXPEDITIOUS REPORTING

An incomplete report, unorganized reports or reports that are delayed without supervisory approval are not acceptable. Reports shall be processed according to established priorities or to a special priority made necessary under exceptional circumstances.

### 322.4 REPORT PREPARATION

Reports should be sufficiently detailed for their purpose and free from errors prior to submission and approval. It is the responsibility of the member to complete and submit all reports taken during the shift before going off-duty unless permission to hold the report has been approved by a supervisor (Md. Code PS § 3-514). Generally, reports requiring prompt follow-up action on active leads or arrest reports where the suspect remains in custody should not be held.

All reports shall accurately reflect the identity of the persons involved, all pertinent information seen, heard, or assimilated by any other sense, and any actions taken. Members shall not suppress, conceal, or distort the facts of any reported incident, nor shall any member make a false report orally or in writing. Generally, the reporting member's opinions should not be included in reports unless specifically identified as such.

#### 322.4.1 HANDWRITTEN OR TYPED REPORTS

County, state and federal agency forms may be block printed unless the requirement for typing is apparent. Supervisors may require block printing or typing of reports of any nature for department consistency.

Handwritten reports must be prepared legibly. If the report is not legible, the submitting member will be required by the reviewing supervisor to promptly make corrections and resubmit the report.

In general, the narrative portion of reports where an arrest is made or when there is a long narrative should be typed or dictated. Members who dictate reports shall use appropriate grammar, as the content is not the responsibility of the typist.

Members who generate reports on computers are subject to all requirements of this policy.



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##### **322.4.2 ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES**

The Federalsburg Police Department has established an electronic signature procedure for use by all members of the Federalsburg Police Department. The Lieutenant shall be responsible for maintaining the electronic signature system, ensuring that each member creates a unique, confidential password for his/her electronic signature and that the use of electronic signatures otherwise complies with the law (Md. Code CL § 21-106).

- (a) Members may only use their electronic signatures for official reports or other official communications.
- (b) Each member shall be responsible for the security and use of his/her electronic signature and shall promptly notify a supervisor if the electronic signature has or may have been compromised or misused.

##### **322.5 REQUIRED REPORTING**

In all of the following situations, members shall complete reports using the appropriate department-approved forms and reporting methods, unless otherwise approved by a supervisor.

The reporting requirements are not intended to be all-inclusive. A member may complete a report if he/she deems it necessary or as directed by a supervisor.

##### **322.5.1 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY**

When a member responds to a call for service, or as a result of self-initiated activity becomes aware of any activity where a crime has occurred, the member shall document the incident regardless of whether a victim desires prosecution.

Activity to be documented in a written report includes:

- (a) All arrests.
- (b) All felony crimes.
- (c) Non-felony incidents involving threats or stalking behavior.
- (d) Situations covered by separate policy. These include:
  - 1. Use of Force Policy.
  - 2. Domestic Violence Policy.
  - 3. Child Abuse Policy.
  - 4. Adult Abuse Policy.
  - 5. Hate Crimes Policy.
  - 6. Suspicious Activity Reporting Policy.
- (e) All misdemeanor crimes where the victim desires a report.

Misdemeanor crimes where the victim does not desire a report shall be documented using the department-approved alternative reporting method (e.g., a dispatch log).

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##### 322.5.2 NON-CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

Non-criminal activity to be documented includes:

- (a) Any found property or found evidence.
- (b) All protective custody and welfare detentions.
- (c) Any time a person is reported missing, regardless of jurisdiction (see the Missing Persons Policy).
- (d) Suspicious incidents that may indicate a potential for crimes against children or that a child's safety is in jeopardy.
- (e) Suspicious incidents that may place the public or others at risk.
- (f) Any use of force by members of this department against any person (see the Use of Force Policy).
- (g) Any firearm discharge (see the Firearms Policy).
- (h) Any time a member points a firearm at any person.
- (i) Any traffic accidents above the minimum reporting level (see the Traffic Accidents Policy).
- (j) Whenever the member believes the circumstances should be documented or at the direction of a supervisor.

##### 322.5.3 MISCELLANEOUS INJURIES

Any injury that is reported to this department shall require a report when:

- (a) The injury is a result of drug overdose.
- (b) There is an attempted suicide
- (c) The injury is major or serious, and potentially fatal.
- (d) The circumstances surrounding the incident are suspicious in nature and it is desirable to document the event.

##### 322.5.4 DEATHS

Death investigations require specific investigation methods, depending on the circumstances. They should be handled in accordance with the Death Investigation Policy. The handling member should notify and apprise a supervisor of the circumstances surrounding the incident to determine how to proceed. The following incidents shall be appropriately investigated and documented:

- (a) Unattended deaths (no physician or qualified hospice care during the period preceding death)
- (b) Sudden, accidental or suspicious deaths
- (c) Suicides
- (d) Homicide or suspected homicide

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- (e) Found dead bodies or body parts

#### **322.5.5 TOWN PERSONNEL OR PROPERTY**

Incidents involving Town personnel or property shall require a report when:

- (a) An injury occurs as the result of an act of a Town employee or on Town property.
- (b) There is damage to Town property or equipment.

#### **322.6 REVIEW AND CORRECTIONS**

Supervisors shall review reports for content and accuracy. If a correction is necessary, the reviewing supervisor should complete a correction form stating the reasons for rejection.

The original report and the correction form should be returned to the reporting member for correction as soon as practicable. It shall be the responsibility of the originating member to ensure that any report returned for correction is processed in a timely manner.

#### **322.6.1 CHANGES AND ALTERATIONS**

Reports that have been approved by a supervisor and submitted to the Records Section for filing and distribution shall not be modified or altered except by way of a supplemental report.

Reviewed reports that have not yet been submitted to the Records Section may be corrected or modified by the authoring member only with the knowledge and authorization of the reviewing supervisor.

#### **322.7 STATE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

#### **322.7.1 TEMPORARY DETENTION OR INVESTIGATIVE STOP SEARCHES**

Certain temporary detention or investigative stops involving the wearing, carrying, or transporting of a handgun in violation of Md. Code CR § 4-203 that result in a search or seizure require the officer performing the search to file a written report with this department within 24 hours of the incident. The report shall be completed using the form prescribed by the Secretary of Public Safety and Correctional Services and shall be provided to the Records Section and include:

- (a) The name of the person searched.
- (b) The circumstances surrounding and reasons for the search or seizure.

## Media Relations

### 323.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the release of official department information to the media. It also addresses coordinating media access to scenes of disasters, criminal investigations, emergencies and other law enforcement activities.

### 323.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to protect the privacy rights of individuals, while releasing non-confidential information to the media regarding topics of public concern. Information that has the potential to negatively affect investigations will not be released.

### 323.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

The ultimate authority and responsibility for the release of information to the media shall remain with the Chief of Police. In situations not warranting immediate notice to the Chief of Police and in situations where the Chief of Police has given prior approval, Sgt.s, Shift Supervisors and designated Chiefs (Chiefs) may prepare and release information to the media in accordance with this policy and applicable laws regarding confidentiality.

### 323.4 PROVIDING ADVANCE INFORMATION

To protect the safety and rights of department members and other persons, advance information about planned actions by law enforcement personnel, such as movement of persons in custody or the execution of an arrest or search warrant, should not be disclosed to the media, nor should media representatives be invited to be present at such actions except with the prior approval of the Chief of Police.

Any exceptions to the above should only be considered for the furtherance of legitimate law enforcement purposes. Prior to approving any exception, the Chief of Police will consider, at a minimum, whether the release of information or the presence of the media would unreasonably endanger any individual or prejudice the rights of any person or is otherwise prohibited by law.

### 323.5 MEDIA REQUESTS

Any media request for information or access to a law enforcement incident shall be referred to the Chief of Police or designee . Prior to releasing any information to the media, members shall consider the following:

- (a) At no time shall any member of this department make any comment or release any official information to the media without prior approval from the Chief of Police.
- (b) In situations involving multiple agencies or government departments, every reasonable effort should be made to coordinate media releases with the authorized representative of each involved agency prior to the release of any information by this department.

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- (c) Under no circumstance should any member of this department make any comment to the media regarding any law enforcement incident not involving this department without prior approval of the Chief of Police. Under these circumstances the member should direct the media to the agency handling the incident.

#### **323.6 ACCESS**

Authorized media representatives shall be provided access to scenes of disasters, criminal investigations, emergencies and other law enforcement activities as required by law.

Access by the media is subject to the following conditions:

- (a) The media representative shall produce valid media credentials that shall be prominently displayed at all times while in areas otherwise closed to the public.
- (b) Media representatives should be prevented from interfering and may be removed for interfering with emergency operations and criminal investigations.
  - 1. Based upon available resources, reasonable effort should be made to provide a safe staging area for the media that is near the incident and that will not interfere with emergency or criminal investigation operations. All information released to the media should be coordinated through the Chief or other designated spokesperson.
- (c) Media interviews with individuals who are in custody should not be permitted without the approval of the Chief of Police and the express written consent of the person in custody.
- (d) No member of this department who is under investigation shall be subjected to media visits or interviews without the consent of the involved member.

#### **323.6.1 CRITICAL OPERATIONS**

A critical incident or tactical operation should be handled in the same manner as a crime scene, except the media should not be permitted within the inner perimeter of the incident, subject to any restrictions as determined by the supervisor in charge. Department members shall not jeopardize a critical incident or tactical operation in order to accommodate the media. All comments to the media shall be coordinated through a supervisor or the Chief.

#### **323.6.2 TEMPORARY FLIGHT RESTRICTIONS**

Whenever the presence of media or other aircraft pose a threat to public or member safety or significantly hamper incident operations, the field supervisor should consider requesting a Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR). All requests for a TFR should be routed through the Shift Supervisor. The TFR request should include specific information regarding the perimeter and altitude necessary for the incident and should be requested through the appropriate control tower. If the control tower is not known, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) should be contacted (14 CFR 91.137).

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### **323.7 CONFIDENTIAL OR RESTRICTED INFORMATION**

It shall be the responsibility of the Chief to ensure that confidential or restricted information is not inappropriately released to the media (see the Records Maintenance and Release and Personnel Records policies). When in doubt, authorized and available legal counsel should be consulted prior to releasing any information.

#### **323.7.1 EMPLOYEE INFORMATION**

The identities of officers involved in shootings or other critical incidents may only be released to the media upon the consent of the involved officer or upon a formal request filed and processed in accordance with the Maryland Public Information Act (see the Records Maintenance and Release Policy).

Any requests for copies of related reports or additional information not contained in the information log (see the Information Log section in this policy), including the identity of officers involved in shootings or other critical incidents, shall be referred to the Chief, the Custodian of Records, or if unavailable, the Shift Supervisor. Such requests will be processed in accordance with the provisions of the Maryland Public Information Act (see the Records Maintenance and Release Policy).

### **323.8 RELEASE OF INFORMATION**

The Department may routinely release information to the media without receiving a specific request. This may include media releases regarding critical incidents, information of public concern, updates regarding significant incidents or requests for public assistance in solving crimes or identifying suspects. This information may also be released through the department website or other electronic data sources.

#### **323.8.1 INFORMATION LOG**

The Department will maintain a daily information log of significant law enforcement activities. Log entries shall only contain information that is deemed public information and not restricted or confidential by this policy or applicable law. Upon request, the log entries shall be made available to media representatives through the Administrative Assistant with the consent of the Chief of Police.

The daily information log will generally include:

- (a) The date, time, location, case number, type of crime, extent of injury or loss, and names of individuals involved in crimes occurring within this jurisdiction, unless the release of such information would endanger the safety of any individual, jeopardize the successful completion of any ongoing investigation or is confidential (e.g., juveniles or certain victims).
- (b) The date, time, location, case number, name, birth date and charges for each person arrested by this department, unless the release of such information would endanger the safety of any individual, jeopardize the successful completion of any ongoing investigation or is confidential (e.g., juveniles).
- (c) The time and location of other significant law enforcement activities or requests for service with a brief summary of the incident.

## Subpoenas and Court Appearances

### 324.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the guidelines for department members who must appear in court. It will allow the Federalsburg Police Department to cover any related work absences and keep the Department informed about relevant legal matters.

### 324.2 POLICY

Federalsburg Police Department members will respond appropriately to all subpoenas and any other court ordered appearances.

### 324.3 SUBPOENAS

Only department members authorized to receive a subpoena on behalf of the department or any of its members may do so.

#### 324.3.1 SPECIAL NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

Any member who is subpoenaed to testify, agrees to testify or provides information on behalf or at the request of any party other than the Town Attorney or the prosecutor shall notify his/her immediate supervisor without delay regarding:

- (a) Any civil case where the Town or one of its members, as a result of his/her official capacity, is a party.
- (b) Any civil case where any other city, county, state or federal unit of government or a member of any such unit of government, as a result of his/her official capacity, is a party.
- (c) Any criminal proceeding where the member is called to testify or provide information on behalf of the defense.
- (d) Any civil action stemming from the member's on-duty activity or because of his/her association with the Federalsburg Police Department.
- (e) Any personnel or disciplinary matter when called to testify or to provide information by a government entity other than the Federalsburg Police Department.

The supervisor will then notify the Chief of Police and the appropriate prosecuting attorney as may be indicated by the case. The Chief of Police should determine if additional legal support is necessary.

No member shall be retaliated against for testifying in any matter.

#### 324.3.2 CIVIL SUBPOENA

The Department will compensate members who appear in their official capacity on civil matters arising out of their official duties, as directed by the current collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding.

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The Department should seek reimbursement for the member's compensation through the civil attorney of record who subpoenaed the member.

#### **324.3.3 OFF-DUTY RELATED SUBPOENAS**

Members receiving valid subpoenas for off-duty actions not related to their employment or appointment will not be compensated for their appearance. Arrangements for time off shall be coordinated through their immediate supervisors.

#### **324.4 FAILURE TO APPEAR**

Any member who fails to comply with the terms of any properly served subpoena or court ordered appearance may be subject to discipline. This includes properly served orders to appear that were issued by a state administrative agency.

#### **324.5 STANDBY**

To facilitate standby agreements, members are required to provide and maintain current information on their addresses and contact telephone numbers with the Department.

If a member on standby changes his/her location during the day, the member shall notify the designated department member of how he/she can be reached. Members are required to remain on standby until released by the court or the party that issued the subpoena.

#### **324.6 COURTROOM PROTOCOL**

Members must be punctual when appearing in court and shall be prepared to proceed immediately with the case for which they are scheduled to appear.

Members shall dress in the department uniform or business attire.

Members shall observe all rules of the court in which they are appearing and shall remain alert to changes in the assigned courtroom where their matter is to be heard.

#### **324.6.1 TESTIMONY**

Before the date of testifying, the subpoenaed member shall request a copy of relevant reports and become familiar with the content in order to be prepared for court.

#### **324.7 OVERTIME APPEARANCES**

When a member appears in court on his/her off-duty time, he/she will be compensated in accordance with the current collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding.



## Outside Agency Assistance

### 325.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to members when requesting or responding to a request for mutual aid or when assisting another law enforcement agency.

### 325.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to promptly respond to requests for assistance by other law enforcement agencies, subject to available resources and consistent with the applicable laws and policies of this department.

### 325.3 ASSISTING OUTSIDE AGENCIES

Generally, requests for any type of assistance from another agency should be routed to the Shift Supervisor's office for approval. In some instances, a memorandum of understanding or other established protocol may exist that eliminates the need for approval of individual requests.

When another law enforcement agency requests assistance from this department, the Shift Supervisor may authorize, if available, an appropriate number of personnel to assist. Members are reminded that their actions when rendering assistance must conform with applicable laws and be consistent with the policies of this department.

Officers may respond to a request for emergency assistance, however, they shall notify a supervisor of their activity as soon as practicable.

Arrestees may be temporarily detained by this department until arrangements for transportation are made by the outside agency. Probation violators who are temporarily detained by this department will not ordinarily be booked at this department. Only in exceptional circumstances, and subject to supervisor approval, will this department provide transportation of arrestees to other facilities on behalf of another agency.

When transportation assistance is rendered, a report shall be prepared and submitted by the handling member unless otherwise directed by a supervisor.

#### 325.3.1 INITIATED ACTIVITY

Any on-duty officer who engages in law enforcement activities of any type that are not part of a mutual aid request and take place outside the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department shall notify his/her supervisor or the Shift Supervisor and 911 Center as soon as practicable. This requirement does not apply to special enforcement details or multi-agency units that regularly work in multiple jurisdictions.

### 325.4 REQUESTING OUTSIDE ASSISTANCE

If assistance is needed from another agency, the member requesting assistance should, if practicable, first notify a supervisor. The handling member or supervisor should direct assisting personnel to where they are needed and to whom they should report when they arrive.

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The requesting member should arrange for appropriate radio communication capabilities, if necessary and available, so that communication can be coordinated between assisting personnel.

#### **325.5 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

Incidents of outside assistance or law enforcement activities that are not documented in a crime report shall be documented in a general case report or as directed by the Shift Supervisor.

#### **325.6 MANDATORY SHARING**

Equipment and supplies purchased with federal funds or grants that require such equipment and supplies be shared with other agencies should be documented and updated as necessary by the Administration Sgt. or the authorized designee.

The documentation should include:

- (a) The conditions relative to sharing.
- (b) The training requirements for:
  - 1. The use of the supplies and equipment.
  - 2. The members trained in the use of the supplies and equipment.
- (c) Any other requirements for use of the equipment and supplies.

Copies of the documentation should be provided to 911 Center and the Shift Supervisor to ensure use of the equipment and supplies is in compliance with the applicable sharing agreements.

The Training Sergeant should maintain documentation that the appropriate members have received the required training.

## Registered Sex Offender Information

### 326.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines by which the Federalsburg Police Department will address issues associated with certain offenders who are residing in the jurisdiction, and how the Department will disseminate information and respond to public inquiries for information about registered offenders.

### 326.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to provide access to information regarding registered Sex Offenders living within this jurisdiction, and to ensure that members are aware of the known registered Sex Offenders residing or working within the Town of Federalsburg..

### 326.3 DISSEMINATION OF PUBLIC INFORMATION

Members will not unilaterally make a public notification advising the community of a particular registrant's presence in the community. Members who identify a significant risk or other public safety issue associated with a registrant should promptly advise their supervisor. The supervisor should evaluate the request and forward the information to the Chief of Police if warranted. A determination will be made by the Chief of Police, with the assistance of legal counsel as necessary, whether such a public alert should be made.

Members of the public requesting information on registrants should be directed to the Maryland Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services Sex Offender Registry which may be accessed through a direct link provided on the Federalsburg Police Department website at [www.FederalsburgPolice.com](http://www.FederalsburgPolice.com) under the "Services and Information" tab.

## Major Incident Notification

### 327.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to members of the Federalsburg Police Department in determining when, how and to whom notification of major incidents should be made.

### 327.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department recognizes that certain incidents should be brought to the attention of supervisors or other specified personnel of this department to facilitate the coordination of activities and ensure that inquiries from the media and the public may be properly addressed.

### 327.3 CRITERIA FOR NOTIFICATION

Most situations where the media show a strong interest are also of interest to the Chief of Police . The following list of incident types is provided as a guide for notification and is not intended to be all inclusive:

- Officer-involved shooting, whether on- or off-duty (see the Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths Policy for special notification)
- Homicides, suspicious deaths or deaths related to law enforcement activity, whether on duty - or off-duty
- Crimes of unusual violence or circumstances that may include hostages, barricaded persons, home invasions, armed robbery or sexual assaults
- At risk missing children or endangered missing adults
- In-custody deaths
- Aircraft, train, boat or other transportation accidents with major damage and/or injury or death
- Traffic accidents with fatalities or severe injuries
- Death of a prominent Federalsburg official
- Significant injury or death to a member of the Department, whether on- or off-duty
- Arrest of a member of the Department or prominent Federalsburg official
- Equipment failures, utility failures and incidents that may affect staffing or pose a threat to basic police services
- Any other incident, which has or is likely to attract significant media attention

### 327.4 SHIFT SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The Shift Supervisor is responsible for making the appropriate notifications. The Shift Supervisor shall make reasonable attempts to obtain as much information on the incident as possible before

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notification, and shall attempt to make the notifications as soon as practicable. Notification should be made by using the call notification protocol posted in 911 Center.

##### 327.4.1 COMMAND STAFF NOTIFICATION

In the event an incident occurs as identified in the Criteria for Notification section above, the Chief of Police or designee shall be notified. The notification shall consist of voice communications and text via cellular communications.

##### 327.4.2 INVESTIGATOR NOTIFICATION

If the incident requires that an investigator respond from home, the Chief of Police shall be notified, who will then contact the appropriate investigator.

##### 327.4.3 TRAFFICBUREAU NOTIFICATION

In the event of a major injury or traffic fatality, the Chief of Police shall be notified .

##### 327.4.4 PRESSINFORMATIONOFFICER

The Chief shall be called if it appears the media may have a significant interest in the incident if he / she has not already been notified .

## Death Investigation

### 328.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for situations where officers initially respond to and investigate the circumstances of a deceased person.

Some causes of death may not be readily apparent and some cases differ substantially from what they appear to be initially. The thoroughness of death investigations and use of appropriate resources and evidence gathering techniques is critical.

### 328.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to respond, document and investigate incidents where a person is deceased. Investigations involving the death of a person, including those from natural causes, accidents, workplace incidents, suicide and homicide, shall be initiated, investigated and properly documented.

### 328.3 INVESTIGATION CONSIDERATIONS

Emergency medical services shall be called in all suspected death cases unless death is obvious (e.g., decapitated, decomposed).

A supervisor shall be notified as soon as possible to assist and provide appropriate personnel and resources. The on-scene supervisor should determine whether follow-up investigation is required and notify the Patrol Division Commander as necessary. The Shift Supervisor will make notification to command staff in accordance with the Major Incident Notification Policy.

#### 328.3.1 REPORTING

All incidents involving a death shall be documented on the appropriate form.

#### 328.3.2 MEDICAL EXAMINER REQUEST

Officers are not authorized to pronounce death unless they are also Medical Examiners, Deputy Medical Examiners, or appointed Medical Examiner investigators. The Medical Examiner shall be called in all sudden or unexpected deaths or deaths due to other than natural causes. State law requires that the Medical Examiner and the State's Attorney for the county where the body was found be notified and given the known facts concerning the time, place, manner, and circumstances of the death in any of the following cases (Md. Code HG § 5-308):

(a) If the death occurred:

1. By violence.
2. By suicide.
3. By casualty.
4. Suddenly, if the deceased was in apparent good health or unattended by a physician.
5. In any suspicious or unusual manner.

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- (b) If the death of a human fetus:
  - 1. Occurred before the complete expulsion or extraction of the fetus from the mother when the mother was not attended by a physician at or after the delivery, regardless of the duration of the pregnancy.

#### 328.3.3 SEARCHING DEAD BODIES

- (a) The Medical Examiner, his/her assistant and authorized investigators are generally the only persons permitted to move, handle or search a dead body.
- (b) An officer may make a reasonable search of an individual who it is reasonable to believe is dead, or near death, for the purpose of identification or for information identifying the individual as an anatomical donor. If a donor document is located, the Medical Examiner or his/her assistant shall be promptly notified.
- (c) The Medical Examiner, with the permission of the Department, may take property, objects or articles found on the deceased or in the immediate vicinity of the deceased that may be necessary for conducting an investigation to determine the identity of the deceased or the cause or manner of death.
- (d) Should exigent circumstances indicate to an officer that any other search of a known dead body is warranted prior to the arrival of the Medical Examiner or his/her assistant, the investigating officer should first obtain verbal consent from the Medical Examiner or his/her assistant when practicable.
- (e) Whenever reasonably possible, a witness, preferably a relative to the deceased or a member of the household, should be requested to remain nearby the scene and available to the officer pending the arrival of the Medical Examiner or his/her assistant. The name and address of this person shall be included in the narrative of the death report.
- (f) Whenever personal effects are removed from the body of the deceased by the Medical Examiner or his/her assistant, a receipt shall be obtained. This receipt shall be attached to the death report.

#### 328.3.4 SUSPECTED HOMICIDE

If the initially assigned officer suspects that the death involves a homicide or other suspicious circumstances, the officer shall take steps to protect the scene. The Patrol shall be notified to determine the possible need for an investigator to respond to the scene.

If the on-scene supervisor, through consultation with the Shift Supervisor or Patrol supervisor is unable to determine the manner of death, the investigation shall proceed as though it is a homicide.

The investigator assigned to investigate a homicide or death that occurred under suspicious circumstances may, with the approval of his/her supervisor, request the Medical Examiner to conduct physical examinations and tests, and to provide a report.

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##### **328.3.5 EMPLOYMENT-RELATED DEATHS OR INJURIES**

Any member of this department who responds to and determines that a death, serious illness or serious injury has occurred as a result of an accident at or in connection with the victim's employment should ensure that the regional Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) office is notified of all pertinent information.

##### **328.4 UNIDENTIFIED DEAD BODY**

If the identity of a dead body cannot be established, the handling officer will request from the Medical Examiner a unique identifying number for the body. The number shall be included in any report.

##### **328.5 DEATH NOTIFICATION**

When reasonably practicable, and if not handled by the Medical Examiner's Office, notification to the next-of-kin of the deceased person shall be made, in person, by the officer assigned to the incident. If the next-of-kin lives in another jurisdiction, a law enforcement official from that jurisdiction shall be requested to make the personal notification.

If a deceased person has been identified as a missing person, this department shall attempt to locate family members and inform them of the death and location of the deceased missing person's remains. All efforts to locate and notify family members shall be recorded in appropriate reports.



# Identity Theft

## 329.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the investigation of identity theft.

## 329.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to effectively investigate cases of identity theft.

## 329.3 ACCEPTANCE OF REPORTS

A report should be taken any time a person residing within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department reports that he/she has been a victim of identity theft. This includes:

- (a) Taking a report even if the location of the crime is outside the jurisdiction of this department or has not been determined.
- (b) Providing the victim with department information, as set forth in the Victim and Witness Assistance Policy and encourage the individual to review the material, and assist with any questions.

A report should also be taken if a person living outside the department jurisdiction reports an identity theft that may have been committed or facilitated within this jurisdiction (e.g., use of a post office box in Federalsburg to facilitate the crime).

## 329.4 FOLLOW-UP INVESTIGATION

Members of this department presented with the crime of identity theft shall prepare and file a report and provide a copy to the person making the report when (Md. Code CR § 8-304):

- (a) The person resides in any part of the county.
- (b) The crime occurred in any part of the county.

A member investigating a case of identity theft should ensure that each case is referred to the appropriate agency if it is determined that this department should not be the investigating agency (e.g., an identity theft ring working from out of state). The victim should be advised that the case is being transferred to the agency of jurisdiction for investigation. The investigating member should also ensure that appropriate entries are made into related databases that have been authorized for department use.

## 329.5 IDENTITY THEFT PASSPORT

Upon request by a person who is the victim of identity theft, Records Section staff shall submit an application for an identity theft passport and a copy of the person's identity theft report to the Attorney General (Md. Code CR § 8-305(c)).

An application for an identity theft passport and any supporting documents are not public records and may not be released except to another law enforcement agency.

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##### 329.5.1 ACCEPTANCE OF IDENTITY THEFT PASSPORT

Officers have discretion whether to accept or reject an identity theft passport that an individual presents to help prevent his/her arrest or detention when another person has committed an offense and used the individual's personal identifying information. In determining whether to accept or reject an identity theft passport presented to this department, the officer may consider the surrounding circumstances and available information regarding the offense of identity fraud against the person (Md. Code CR § 8-305(f)).

## Private Person's Arrest

### 330.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for the handling and acceptance of a private person's arrest.

### 330.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to accept a private person's arrest only when legal and appropriate.

### 330.3 ARRESTS BY PRIVATE PERSON

A private person may arrest another under the following circumstances:

- (a) An arrest without a warrant varies based on the nature of the crime.
- (b) If the crime is a felony, a private person can make an arrest if:
  - 1. A felony is being committed in the private person's presence.
  - 2. A felony has in fact been committed and the private person making the arrest has probable cause to believe the individual arrested has committed the felony, whether or not in the private person's presence.
- (c) If the crime is a misdemeanor, a private person can make an arrest if the misdemeanor amounts to a breach of the peace and is committed in the private person's presence or view.

### 330.4 OFFICER\_DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES

An officer confronted with a person claiming to have made a private person's arrest should determine whether or not such an arrest would be lawful.

If the officer determines that the private person's arrest is unlawful, the officer should:

- (a) Take no action to further detain or restrain the arrested individual, unless there is independent justification for continuing a detention.
- (b) Advise the parties that the arrest will not be accepted but the circumstances will be documented in a report.
- (c) Document the incident, including the basis for refusing to accept custody of the individual.

Whenever an officer determines that a private person's arrest is justified, the officer may take the individual into custody and proceed in the same manner as with any other arrest.

### 330.5 PRIVATE PERSON'S ARREST FORM

The arresting person should be asked to complete and sign a private person's arrest form. If the person fails or refuses to do so, the arrested individual should be released, unless the officer has a lawful reason, independent of the private person's arrest, to take the individual into custody and determines an arrest is appropriate.

## Limited English Proficiency Services

### 331.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to members when communicating with individuals with limited English proficiency (LEP) (42 USC § 2000d).

#### 331.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Authorized interpreter** - A person who has been screened and authorized by the Department to act as an interpreter and/or translator for others.

**Interpret or interpretation** - The act of listening to a communication in one language (source language) and orally converting it to another language (target language), while retaining the same meaning.

**Limited English proficient (LEP)** - Any individual whose primary language is not English and who has a limited ability to read, write, speak or understand English. These individuals may be competent in certain types of communication (e.g., speaking or understanding) but still be LEP for other purposes (e.g., reading or writing). Similarly, LEP designations are context-specific; an individual may possess sufficient English language skills to function in one setting but these skills may be insufficient in other situations.

**Qualified bilingual member** - A member of the Federalsburg Police Department, designated by the Department, who has the ability to communicate fluently, directly and accurately in both English and another language. Bilingual members may be fluent enough to communicate in a non-English language but may not be sufficiently fluent to interpret or translate from one language into another.

**Translate or translation** - The replacement of written text from one language (source language) into an equivalent written text (target language).

### 331.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to reasonably ensure that LEP individuals have meaningful access to law enforcement services, programs and activities, while not imposing undue burdens on its members (see generally Md. Code SG § 10-1101 et seq.).

The Department will not discriminate against or deny any individual access to services, rights or programs based upon national origin or any other protected interest or right.

### 331.3 LEP COORDINATOR

The Chief of Police shall delegate certain responsibilities to an LEP coordinator. The coordinator shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Patrol Sgt. or the authorized designee.

The responsibilities of the coordinator include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Coordinating and implementing all aspects of the Federalsburg Police Department's LEP services to LEP individuals.

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- (b) Developing procedures that will enable members to access LEP services, including telephonic interpreters, and ensuring the procedures are available to all members.
- (c) Ensuring that a list of all qualified bilingual members and authorized interpreters is maintained and available to each Shift Supervisor and Dispatch Supervisor. The list should include information regarding the following:
  - 1. Languages spoken
  - 2. Contact information
  - 3. Availability
- (d) Ensuring signage stating that interpreters are available free of charge to LEP individuals is posted in appropriate areas and in the most commonly spoken languages.
- (e) Reviewing existing and newly developed documents to determine which are vital documents and should be translated, and into which languages the documents should be translated.
- (f) Annually assessing demographic data and other resources, including contracted language services utilization data and community-based organizations, to determine if there are additional documents or languages that are appropriate for translation.
- (g) Identifying standards and assessments to be used by this department to qualify individuals as qualified bilingual members or authorized interpreters.
- (h) Periodically reviewing efforts of this department in providing meaningful access to LEP individuals, and, as appropriate, developing reports, new procedures, or recommending modifications to this policy.
- (i) Receiving and responding to complaints regarding department LEP services.
- (j) Ensuring appropriate processes are in place to provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints and inquiries regarding discrimination in access to department services, programs and activities.

#### **331.4 FOUR-FACTOR ANALYSIS**

Since there are many different languages that members could encounter, the Department will utilize the four-factor analysis outlined in the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) Guidance to Federal Financial Assistance Recipients, available at the DOJ website, to determine which measures will provide meaningful access to its services and programs. It is recognized that law enforcement contacts and circumstances will vary considerably. This analysis, therefore, must remain flexible and will require an ongoing balance of the following four factors, which are:

- (a) The number or proportion of LEP individuals eligible to be served or likely to be encountered by department members, or who may benefit from programs or services within the jurisdiction of this department or a particular geographic area.

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- (b) The frequency with which LEP individuals are likely to come in contact with department members, programs or services.
- (c) The nature and importance of the contact, program, information or service provided.
- (d) The cost of providing LEP assistance and the resources available.

#### **331.5 TYPES OF LEP ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE**

Federalsburg Police Department members should never refuse service to an LEP individual who is requesting assistance, nor should they require an LEP individual to furnish an interpreter as a condition for receiving assistance. The Department will make every reasonable effort to provide meaningful and timely assistance to LEP individuals through a variety of services.

The Department will utilize all reasonably available tools, such as language identification cards, when attempting to determine an LEP individual's primary language.

LEP individuals may choose to accept department-provided LEP services at no cost or they may choose to provide their own.

Department-provided LEP services may include, but are not limited to, the assistance methods described in this policy.

#### **331.6 WRITTEN FORMS AND GUIDELINES**

Vital documents or those that are frequently used should be translated into languages most likely to be encountered. The LEP coordinator will arrange to make these translated documents available to members and other appropriate individuals, as necessary.

#### **331.7 AUDIO RECORDINGS**

The Department may develop audio recordings of important or frequently requested information in a language most likely to be understood by those LEP individuals who are representative of the community being served.

#### **331.8 QUALIFIED BILINGUAL MEMBERS**

Bilingual members may be qualified to provide LEP services when they have demonstrated through established department procedures a sufficient level of skill and competence to fluently communicate in both English and a non-English language. Members utilized for LEP services must demonstrate knowledge of the functions of an interpreter/translator and the ethical issues involved when acting as a language conduit. Additionally, bilingual members must be able to communicate technical and law enforcement terminology, and be sufficiently proficient in the non-English language to perform complicated tasks, such as conducting interrogations, taking statements, collecting evidence or conveying rights or responsibilities.

When a qualified bilingual member from this department is not available, personnel from other Town departments, who have been identified by the Department as having the requisite skills and competence, may be requested.

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#### **331.9 AUTHORIZED INTERPRETERS**

Any person designated by the Department to act as an authorized interpreter and/or translator must have demonstrated competence in both English and the involved non-English language, must have an understanding of the functions of an interpreter that allows for correct and effective translation, and should not be a person with an interest in the department case or investigation involving the LEP individual. A person providing interpretation or translation services may be required to establish the accuracy and trustworthiness of the interpretation or translation in a court proceeding.

Authorized interpreters must pass a screening process established by the LEP coordinator which demonstrates that their skills and abilities include:

- (a) The competence and ability to communicate information accurately in both English and in the target language.
- (b) Knowledge, in both languages, of any specialized terms or concepts peculiar to this department and of any particularized vocabulary or phraseology used by the LEP individual.
- (c) The ability to understand and adhere to the interpreter role without deviating into other roles, such as counselor or legal adviser.
- (d) Knowledge of the ethical issues involved when acting as a language conduit.

#### **331.9.1 SOURCES OF AUTHORIZED INTERPRETERS**

The Department may contract with authorized interpreters who are available over the telephone. Members may use these services with the approval of a supervisor and in compliance with established procedures.

Other sources may include:

- Qualified bilingual members of this department or personnel from other Town departments.
- Individuals employed exclusively to perform interpretation services.
- Contracted in-person interpreters, such as state or federal court interpreters, among others.
- Interpreters from other agencies who have been qualified as interpreters by this department, and with whom the Department has a resource-sharing or other arrangement that they will interpret according to department guidelines.

#### **331.9.2 COMMUNITY VOLUNTEERS AND OTHER SOURCES OF LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE**

Language assistance may be available from community volunteers who have demonstrated competence in either monolingual (direct) communication and/or in interpretation or translation (as noted in above), and have been approved by the Department to communicate with LEP individuals.

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Where qualified bilingual members or other authorized interpreters are unavailable to assist, approved community volunteers who have demonstrated competence may be called upon when appropriate. However, department members must carefully consider the nature of the contact and the relationship between the LEP individual and the volunteer to ensure that the volunteer can provide neutral and unbiased assistance.

While family or friends of an LEP individual may offer to assist with communication or interpretation, members should carefully consider the circumstances before relying on such individuals. For example, children should not be relied upon except in exigent or very informal and non-confrontational situations.

#### **331.10 CONTACT AND REPORTING**

While all law enforcement contacts, services and individual rights are important, this department will utilize the four-factor analysis to prioritize service to LEP individuals so that such services may be targeted where they are most needed, according to the nature and importance of the particular law enforcement activity involved.

Whenever any member of this department is required to complete a report or when other documentation, and interpretation services are provided to any involved LEP individual, such services should be noted in the related report. Members should document the type of interpretation services utilized and whether the individual elected to use services provided by the Department or some other identified source.

#### **331.11 RECEIVING AND RESPONDING TO REQUESTS FOR ASSISTANCE**

The Federalsburg Police Department will take reasonable steps and will work with the Human Resources to develop in-house language capacity by hiring or appointing qualified members proficient in languages representative of the community being served.

##### **331.11.1 EMERGENCY CALLS TO 9-1-1**

Department members will make every reasonable effort to promptly accommodate LEP individuals utilizing 9-1-1 lines. When a 9-1-1 call-taker receives a call and determines that the caller is an LEP individual, the call-taker shall quickly determine whether sufficient information can be obtained to initiate an appropriate emergency response. If language assistance is still needed, the language is known and a qualified bilingual member is available in 911 Center, the call shall immediately be handled by the qualified bilingual member.

If a qualified bilingual member is not available or the call-taker is unable to identify the caller's language, the call-taker will contact the contracted telephone interpretation service and establish a three-way call between the call-taker, the LEP individual and the interpreter.

Dispatchers will make every reasonable effort to dispatch a qualified bilingual member to the assignment, if available and appropriate.



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While 9-1-1 calls shall receive top priority, reasonable efforts should also be made to accommodate LEP individuals seeking routine access to services and information by utilizing the resources listed in this policy.

#### **331.12 FIELD ENFORCEMENT**

Field enforcement will generally include such contacts as traffic stops, pedestrian stops, serving warrants and restraining orders, crowd/traffic control and other routine field contacts that may involve LEP individuals. The scope and nature of these activities and contacts will inevitably vary. Members and/or supervisors must assess each situation to determine the need and availability of language assistance to all involved LEP individuals and utilize the methods outlined in this policy to provide such assistance.

Although not every situation can be addressed in this policy, it is important that members are able to effectively communicate the reason for a contact, the need for information and the meaning or consequences of any enforcement action. For example, it would be meaningless to request consent to search if the officer is unable to effectively communicate with an LEP individual.

If available, officers should obtain the assistance of a qualified bilingual member or an authorized interpreter before placing an LEP individual under arrest.

#### **331.13 INVESTIGATIVE FIELD INTERVIEWS**

In any situation where an interview may reveal information that could be used as the basis for arrest or prosecution of an LEP individual and a qualified bilingual member is unavailable or lacks the skills to directly communicate with the LEP individual, an authorized interpreter should be used. This includes interviews conducted during an investigation with victims, witnesses and suspects. In such situations, audio recordings of the interviews should be made when reasonably possible. Identification and contact information for the interpreter (e.g., name, address) should be documented so that the person can be subpoenaed for trial if necessary.

If an authorized interpreter is needed, officers should consider calling for an authorized interpreter in the following order:

- An authorized department member or allied agency interpreter
- An authorized telephone interpreter
- Any other authorized interpreter

Any *Miranda* warnings shall be provided to suspects in their primary language by an authorized interpreter or, if the suspect is literate, by providing a translated *Miranda* warning card.

The use of an LEP individual's bilingual friends, family members, children, neighbors or bystanders may be used only when a qualified bilingual member or authorized interpreter is unavailable and there is an immediate need to interview an LEP individual.

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#### **331.14 CUSTODIAL INTERROGATIONS**

Miscommunication during custodial interrogations may have a substantial impact on the evidence presented in a criminal prosecution. Only qualified bilingual members or, if none is available or appropriate, authorized interpreters shall be used during custodial interrogations. *Miranda* warnings shall be provided to suspects in their primary language by the qualified bilingual member or an authorized interpreter.

In order to ensure that translations during custodial interrogations are accurately documented and are admissible as evidence, interrogations should be recorded whenever reasonably possible. See guidance on recording custodial interrogations in the Investigation and Prosecution Policy.

#### **331.15 BOOKINGS**

When gathering information during the booking process, members should remain alert to the impediments that language barriers can create. In the interest of the arrestee's health and welfare, the safety and security of the facility, and to protect individual rights, it is important that accurate medical screening and booking information be obtained. Members should seek the assistance of a qualified bilingual member whenever there is concern that accurate information cannot be obtained or that booking instructions may not be properly understood by an LEP individual.

#### **331.16 COMPLAINTS**

The Department shall ensure that LEP individuals who wish to file a complaint regarding members of this department are able to do so. The Department may provide an authorized interpreter or translated forms, as appropriate. Complaints will be referred to the LEP coordinator.

Investigations into such complaints shall be handled in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy. Authorized interpreters used for any interview with an LEP individual during an investigation should not be members of this department.

Any notice required to be sent to an LEP individual as a complaining party pursuant to the Personnel Complaints Policy should be translated or otherwise communicated in a language-accessible manner.

#### **331.17 COMMUNITY OUTREACH**

Community outreach programs and other such services offered by this department are important to the ultimate success of more traditional law enforcement duties. This department will continue to work with community groups, local businesses and neighborhoods to provide equal access to such programs and services.

#### **331.18 TRAINING**

To ensure that all members who may have contact with LEP individuals are properly trained, the Department will provide periodic training on this policy and related procedures, including how to access department-authorized telephonic and in-person interpreters and other available resources.

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The Training Sergeant shall be responsible for ensuring new members receive LEP training. Those who may have contact with LEP individuals should receive refresher training at least once every two years thereafter. The Training Sergeant shall maintain records of all LEP training provided, and will retain a copy in each member's training file in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### 331.18.1 TRAINING FOR AUTHORIZED INTERPRETERS

All members on the authorized interpreter list must successfully complete prescribed interpreter training. To complete interpreter training successfully, an interpreter must demonstrate proficiency in and ability to communicate information accurately in both English and in the target language, demonstrate knowledge in both languages of any specialized terms or phraseology, and understand and adhere to the interpreter role without deviating into other roles, such as counselor or legal adviser.

Members on the authorized interpreter list must receive refresher training annually or they will be removed from the authorized interpreter list. This annual training should include language skills competency (including specialized terminology) and ethical considerations.

The Training Sergeant shall be responsible for coordinating the annual refresher training and will maintain a record of all training the interpreters have received.

## Communications with Persons with Disabilities

### 332.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to members when communicating with individuals with disabilities, including those who are deaf or hard of hearing, have impaired speech or vision, or are blind.

#### 332.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Auxiliary aids** - Tools used to communicate with people who have a disability or impairment. They include, but are not limited to, the use of gestures or visual aids to supplement oral communication; a notepad and pen or pencil to exchange written notes; a computer or typewriter; an assistive listening system or device to amplify sound; a teletypewriter (TTY) or videophones (video relay service or VRS); taped text; qualified readers; or a qualified interpreter.

**Disability or impairment** - A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits a major life activity, including hearing or seeing, regardless of whether the disabled person uses assistive or adaptive devices or auxiliary aids. Individuals who wear ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses are not considered to have a disability (42 USC § 12102).

**Qualified interpreter** - A person who is able to interpret effectively, accurately and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary. Qualified interpreters include oral interpreters, transliterators, sign language interpreters and intermediary interpreters.

### 332.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to reasonably ensure that people with disabilities, including victims, witnesses, suspects and arrestees have equal access to law enforcement services, programs and activities. Members must make efforts to communicate effectively with individuals with disabilities.

The Department will not discriminate against or deny any individual access to services, rights or programs based upon disabilities.

### 332.3 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES (ADA) COORDINATOR

The Chief of Police shall delegate certain responsibilities to an ADA coordinator (28 CFR 35.107). The coordinator shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Patrol Sgt. or the authorized designee.

The responsibilities of the coordinator include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Working with the Town ADA coordinator regarding the Federalsburg Police Department's efforts to ensure equal access to services, programs and activities.
- (b) Developing reports, new procedures, or recommending modifications to this policy.

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- (c) Acting as a liaison with local disability advocacy groups or other disability groups regarding access to department services, programs and activities.
- (d) Ensuring that a list of qualified interpreter services is maintained and available to each Shift Supervisor and Dispatch Supervisor. The list should include information regarding the following:
  - 1. Contact information
  - 2. Availability
- (e) Developing procedures that will enable members to access auxiliary aids or services, including qualified interpreters, and ensure the procedures are available to all members.
- (f) Ensuring signage is posted in appropriate areas, indicating that auxiliary aids are available free of charge to individuals with disabilities.
- (g) Ensuring appropriate processes are in place to provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints and inquiries regarding discrimination in access to department services, programs and activities.

#### **332.4 FACTORS TO CONSIDER**

Because the nature of any law enforcement contact may vary substantially from one situation to the next, members of this department should consider all information reasonably available to them when determining how to communicate with an individual with a disability. Members should carefully balance all known factors in an effort to reasonably ensure people who are disabled have equal access to services, programs and activities. These factors may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Members should not always assume that effective communication is being achieved. The fact that an individual appears to be nodding in agreement does not always mean he/she completely understands the message. When there is any doubt, members should ask the individual to communicate back or otherwise demonstrate his/her understanding.
- (b) The nature of the disability (e.g., deafness or blindness vs. hard of hearing or low vision).
- (c) The nature of the law enforcement contact (e.g., emergency vs. non-emergency, custodial vs. consensual contact).
- (d) The availability of auxiliary aids. The fact that a particular aid is not available does not eliminate the obligation to reasonably ensure access. However, in an emergency, availability may factor into the type of aid used.

#### **332.5 INITIAL AND IMMEDIATE CONSIDERATIONS**

Recognizing that various law enforcement encounters may be potentially volatile and/or emotionally charged, members should remain alert to the possibility of communication problems.

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Members should exercise special care in the use of all gestures, and verbal and written communication to minimize initial confusion and misunderstanding when dealing with any individual with known or suspected disabilities.

In a non-emergency situation, when a member knows or suspects an individual requires assistance to effectively communicate, the member shall identify the individual's choice of auxiliary aid or service.

The individual's preferred communication method must be honored unless another effective method of communication exists under the circumstances (28 CFR 35.160).

Factors to consider when determining whether an alternative method is effective include:

- (a) The methods of communication usually used by the individual.
- (b) The nature, length and complexity of the communication involved.
- (c) The context of the communication.

In emergency situations involving an imminent threat to the safety or welfare of any person, members may use whatever auxiliary aids and services that reasonably appear effective under the circumstances. This may include, for example, exchanging written notes or using the services of a person who knows sign language but is not a qualified interpreter, even if the person who is deaf or hard of hearing would prefer a qualified sign language interpreter or another appropriate auxiliary aid or service. Once the emergency has ended, the continued method of communication should be reconsidered. The member should inquire as to the individual's preference and give primary consideration to that preference.

If an individual who is deaf, hard of hearing or has impaired speech must be handcuffed while in the custody of the Federalsburg Police Department, consideration should be given, safety permitting, to placing the handcuffs in the front of the body to facilitate communication using sign language or writing.

#### **332.6 TYPES OF ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE**

Federalsburg Police Department members shall never refuse an available service to an individual with disabilities who is requesting assistance. The Department will not charge anyone to receive auxiliary aids, nor shall they require anyone to furnish their own auxiliary aid or service as a condition for receiving assistance. The Department will make every reasonable effort to provide equal access and timely assistance to disabled individuals through a variety of services.

Disabled individuals may choose to accept department-provided auxiliary aids or services or they may choose to provide their own.

Department-provided auxiliary aids or services may include, but are not limited to, the assistance methods described in this policy.

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#### **332.7 AUDIO RECORDINGS AND ENLARGED PRINT**

The Department may develop audio recordings to assist people who are blind or have a visual impairment with accessing important information. If such a recording is not available, members may read aloud from the appropriate form, for example a personnel complaint form, or provide forms with enlarged print.

#### **332.8 QUALIFIED INTERPRETERS**

A qualified interpreter may be needed in lengthy or complex transactions (e.g., interviewing a victim, witness, suspect or arrestee), if the individual to be interviewed normally relies on sign language or speechreading (lip-reading) to understand what others are saying. The qualified interpreter should not be a person with an interest in the case or the investigation. A person providing interpretation services may be required to establish the accuracy and trustworthiness of the interpretation in a court proceeding.

Qualified interpreters should be:

- (a) Available within a reasonable amount of time but in no event longer than one hour if requested.
- (b) Experienced in providing interpretation services related to law enforcement matters.
- (c) Familiar with the use of VRS and/or video remote interpreting services.
- (d) Certified in either American Sign Language (ASL) or Signed English (SE).
- (e) Able to understand and adhere to the interpreter role without deviating into other roles, such as counselor or legal adviser.
- (f) Knowledgeable of the ethical issues involved when providing interpreter services.

Members should use department-approved procedures to request a qualified interpreter at the earliest reasonable opportunity, and generally not more than 15 minutes after a request for an interpreter has been made or it is reasonably apparent that an interpreter is needed. No individual who is disabled shall be required to provide his/her own interpreter (28 CFR 35.160).

#### **332.9 TTY AND RELAY SERVICES**

In situations where an individual without a disability would have access to a telephone (e.g., booking or attorney contacts), members must also provide those who are deaf, hard of hearing or have impaired speech the opportunity to place calls using an available TTY (also known as a telecommunications device for deaf people, or TDD). Members shall provide additional time, as needed, for effective communication due to the slower nature of TTY and TDD communications.

The Department will accept all TTY or TDD calls placed by those who are deaf or hard of hearing and received via a telecommunications relay service (28 CFR 35.162).

Note that relay services translate verbatim, so the conversation must be conducted as if speaking directly to the caller.

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##### **332.10 COMMUNITY VOLUNTEERS**

Interpreter services may be available from community volunteers who have demonstrated competence in communication services, such as ASL or SE, and have been approved by the Department to provide interpreter services.

Where qualified interpreters are unavailable to assist, approved community volunteers who have demonstrated competence may be called upon when appropriate. However, department members must carefully consider the nature of the contact and the relationship between the individual with the disability and the volunteer to ensure that the volunteer can provide neutral and unbiased assistance.

##### **332.11 FAMILY AND FRIENDS**

While family or friends may offer to assist with interpretation, members should carefully consider the circumstances before relying on such individuals. The nature of the contact and relationship between the individual with the disability and the person offering services must be carefully considered (e.g., victim/suspect).

Children shall not be relied upon except in emergency or critical situations when there is no qualified interpreter reasonably available.

Adults may be relied upon when (28 CFR 35.160):

- (a) There is an emergency or critical situation and there is no qualified interpreter reasonably available.
- (b) The person with the disability requests that the adult interpret or facilitate communication and the adult agrees to provide such assistance, and reliance on that adult for such assistance is reasonable under the circumstances.

##### **332.12 REPORTING**

Whenever any member of this department is required to complete a report or other documentation, and communication assistance has been provided, such services should be noted in the related report. Members should document the type of communication services utilized and whether the individual elected to use services provided by the Department or some other identified source. If the individual's express preference is not honored, the member must document why another method of communication was used.

All written communications exchanged in a criminal case shall be attached to the report or placed into evidence.

##### **332.13 FIELD ENFORCEMENT**

Field enforcement will generally include such contacts as traffic stops, pedestrian stops, serving warrants and restraining orders, crowd/traffic control and other routine field contacts that may involve individuals with disabilities. The scope and nature of these activities and contacts will inevitably vary.



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The Department recognizes that it would be virtually impossible to provide immediate access to complete communication services to every member of this department. Members and/or supervisors must assess each situation and consider the length, complexity and importance of the communication, as well as the individual's preferred method of communication when determining the type of resources to use and whether a qualified interpreter is needed.

Although not every situation can be addressed in this policy, it is important that members are able to effectively communicate the reason for a contact, the need for information and the meaning or consequences of any enforcement action. For example, it would be meaningless to verbally request consent to search if the officer is unable to effectively communicate with an individual who is deaf or hard of hearing and requires communications assistance.

If available, officers should obtain the assistance of a qualified interpreter before placing an individual with a disability under arrest. Individuals who are arrested and are assisted by service animals should be permitted to make arrangements for the care of such animals prior to transport.

#### **332.13.1 FIELD RESOURCES**

Examples of methods that may be sufficient for transactions, such as checking a license or giving directions to a location or for urgent situations such as responding to a violent crime in progress, may, depending on the circumstances, include such simple things as:

- (a) Hand gestures or visual aids with an individual who is deaf, hard of hearing or has impaired speech.
- (b) Exchange of written notes or communications.
- (c) Verbal communication with an individual who can speechread by facing the individual and speaking slowly and clearly.
- (d) Use of computer, word processing, personal communication device or similar device to exchange texts or notes.
- (e) Slowly and clearly speaking or reading simple terms to individuals who have a visual or mental impairment.

Members should be aware that these techniques may not provide effective communication as required by law and this policy depending on the circumstances.

#### **332.14 CUSTODIAL INTERROGATIONS**

In an effort to ensure that the rights of individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech impairment are protected during a custodial interrogation, this department will provide interpreter services before beginning an interrogation, unless exigent circumstances exist or the individual has made a clear indication that he/she understands the process and desires to proceed without an interpreter. The use of a video remote interpreting service should be considered, where appropriate, if a live interpreter is not available. *Miranda* warnings shall be provided to suspects who are deaf or hard of hearing by a qualified interpreter or by providing a written *Miranda* warning card.

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In order to ensure that communications during custodial investigations are accurately documented and are admissible as evidence, interrogations should be recorded whenever reasonably possible. See guidance on recording custodial interrogations in the Investigation and Prosecution Policy.

#### **332.15 ARRESTS AND BOOKINGS**

If an individual with speech or hearing disabilities is arrested, the arresting officer shall use department-approved procedures to provide a qualified interpreter at the place of arrest or booking as soon as reasonably practicable, unless the individual indicates that he/she prefers a different auxiliary aid or service or the officer reasonably determines another effective method of communication exists under the circumstances.

When gathering information during the booking process, members should remain alert to the impediments that often exist when communicating with those who are deaf, hard of hearing, who have impaired speech or vision, are blind, or have other disabilities. In the interest of the arrestee's health and welfare, the safety and security of the facility and to protect individual rights, it is important that accurate medical screening and booking information be obtained. If necessary, members should seek the assistance of a qualified interpreter whenever there is concern that accurate information cannot be obtained or that booking instructions may not be properly understood by the individual.

Individuals who require and possess personally owned communication aids (e.g., hearing aids, cochlear processors) should be permitted to retain them while in custody.

#### **332.16 COMPLAINTS**

The Department shall ensure that individuals with disabilities who wish to file a complaint regarding members of this department are able to do so. The Department may provide a qualified interpreter or forms in enlarged print, as appropriate. Complaints will be referred to the ADA coordinator.

Investigations into such complaints shall be handled in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy. Qualified interpreters used during the investigation of a complaint should not be members of this Department.

#### **332.17 COMMUNITY OUTREACH**

Community outreach programs and other such services offered by this department are important to the ultimate success of more traditional law enforcement duties. This department will continue to work with community groups, local businesses and neighborhoods to provide equal access to such programs and services.

#### **332.18 TRAINING**

To ensure that all members who may have contact with disabled individuals are properly trained, the Department will provide periodic training that should include:

- (a) Awareness and understanding of this policy and related procedures, related forms and available resources.
- (b) Procedures for accessing qualified interpreters and other available resources.

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- (c) Working with in-person and telephone interpreters and related equipment.

The Training Sergeant shall be responsible for ensuring new members receive training related to interacting with individuals who have disabilities, including those who are deaf, hard of hearing, who have impaired speech or vision, or are blind. Those who may have contact with such individuals should receive refresher training at least once every two years thereafter. The Training Sergeant shall maintain records of all training provided, and will retain a copy in each member's training file in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### 332.18.1 CALL-TAKER TRAINING

Emergency call-takers shall be trained in the use of TTY equipment protocols for communicating with individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or who have speech impairments. Such training and information should include:

- (a) The requirements of the ADA and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act for telephone emergency service providers.
- (b) ASL syntax and accepted abbreviations.
- (c) Practical instruction on identifying and processing TTY or TDD calls, including the importance of recognizing silent TTY or TDD calls, using proper syntax, abbreviations and protocol when responding to TTY or TDD calls.
- (d) Hands-on experience in TTY and TDD communications, including identification of TTY or TDD tones.

Training should be mandatory for all 911 Center members who may have contact with individuals from the public who are deaf, hard of hearing or have impaired speech. Refresher training should occur every six months.

## Biological Samples

### 333.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the collection of biological samples from those individuals required to provide samples upon conviction or arrest for certain offenses. This policy does not apply to biological samples collected at a crime scene or taken from an individual in conjunction with a criminal investigation, including voluntary samples. Nor does it apply to biological samples collected from those required to register, for example, as sex offenders.

### 333.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will assist in the expeditious collection of required biological samples from arrestees during booking in accordance with the laws of this state and with as little reliance on force as practicable (COMAR 29.05.01.04(B)).

### 333.3 ARRESTEES AND OFFENDERS SUBJECT TO BIOLOGICAL SAMPLE COLLECTION

A biological sample shall be collected from an individual who is charged with a crime of violence or an attempt to commit a crime of violence, or burglary or an attempt to commit burglary (Md. Code PS § 2-504(a)(3)).

An individual convicted of a felony or a violation of Md. Code CR § 6-205 or Md. Code CR § 6-206 shall have a biological sample collected at the time of sentence, or on intake to a correctional facility, or as a condition of probation (Md. Code PS § 2-504(a)(1)). These samples are generally collected by correctional staff.

### 333.4 PROCEDURE

At the time of collection of the biological sample, the Department must notify the individual that the biological record may be expunged and the biological sample destroyed in accordance with Md. Code PS § 2-511 (Md. Code PS § 2-504(a)(3)(ii)).

When an arrestee or offender is required to provide a biological sample, a designated and trained member shall obtain the sample in accordance with this policy (Md. Code PS § 2-504(c)).

A second biological sample shall be taken if needed to obtain sufficient biological data for the statewide DNA data base system or if ordered by a court (Md. Code PS § 2-504(e)).

#### 333.4.1 COLLECTION

The following steps should be taken to collect a sample:

- (a) Verify the identity of the arrestee or offender and that the individual is required to provide a sample pursuant to state law (COMAR 29.05.01.04(K)).
- (b) Verify that a biological sample has not been previously collected from the arrestee or offender by querying the statewide DNA database. There is no need to obtain a biological sample if one has been previously obtained (COMAR 29.05.01.04(B)(4)).

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- (c) Use the designated collection kit to perform the collection, following directions and taking steps to avoid cross contamination (COMAR 29.05.01.04(J)).

#### **333.5 USE OF FORCE TO OBTAIN SAMPLES**

If an arrestee or offender refuses to cooperate with the sample collection process, members should attempt to identify the reason for refusal and seek voluntary compliance. Reasonable force may be used in the collection of samples as authorized by court order or approval of legal counsel and only with the approval of a supervisor (COMAR 29.05.01.04(C)).

Methods to consider when seeking voluntary compliance include contacting:

- (a) The individual's parole or probation officer, when applicable.
- (b) The prosecuting attorney to seek additional charges against the individual for failure to comply or to otherwise bring the refusal before a judge.
- (c) The judge at the individual's next court appearance.
- (d) The individual's attorney.
- (e) A chaplain.
- (f) Another custody facility with additional resources, where the individual can be transferred to better facilitate sample collection.
- (g) A supervisor who may be able to authorize custodial disciplinary actions to compel compliance, if any are available.

The supervisor shall review and approve any plan to use reasonable force and be present to document the process.

#### **333.5.1 VIDEO RECORDING**

A video recording should be made any time force is used to obtain a biological sample. The recording should document all persons participating in the process, in addition to the methods and all force used during the collection. The recording should be part of the investigation file, if any, or otherwise retained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### **333.6 LEGAL MANDATES AND RELEVANT LAWS**

Immediately after a biological sample is obtained it shall be placed in the kit provided, sealed, and within 24 hours, transported or mailed to the Forensic Sciences Division of the Department of State Police Crime Laboratory (COMAR 29.05.01.04(M)).

Possession of, or access to, individually identifiable biological information contained in the statewide DNA data base system or statewide DNA repository is confidential and may not be willfully disclosed in any manner to a person or agency not entitled to receive the information.

A member may not, without authorization, willfully obtain individually identifiable biological information from the statewide DNA data base system or statewide DNA repository (Md. Code PS § 2-512).

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### **333.7 REPORTING**

The Records Section shall make the following reports:

- (a) To the Department of State Police on or before January 31, the information for the preceding calendar year necessary to compile statistical information as required by Md. Code PS § 2-513.
- (b) To the Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention on or before April 1 of every even numbered year, the status of crime scene DNA collection and analysis for the preceding year pursuant to Md. Code PS § 2-514.

## Chaplains

### 334.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the guidelines for Federalsburg Police Department chaplains to provide counseling or emotional support to members of the Department, their families and members of the public.

### 334.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department shall ensure that department chaplains are properly appointed, trained and supervised to carry out their responsibilities without financial compensation.

### 334.3 ELIGIBILITY

Requirements for participation as a chaplain for the Department may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Being above reproach, temperate, prudent, respectable, hospitable, able to teach, be free from addiction to alcohol or other drugs, and excessive debt.
- (b) Managing their households, families and personal affairs well.
- (c) Having a good reputation in the community.
- (d) Successful completion of an appropriate level background investigation.
- (e) A minimum of five years of successful counseling experience.
- (f) Possession of a valid driver's license.

The Chief of Police may apply exceptions for eligibility based on organizational needs and the qualifications of the individual.

### 334.4 RECRUITMENT, SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT

The Federalsburg Police Department shall endeavor to recruit and appoint only those applicants who meet the high ethical, moral and professional standards set forth by this department.

All applicants shall be required to meet and pass the same pre-employment procedures as department personnel before appointment.

#### 334.4.1 RECRUITMENT

Chaplains should be recruited on a continuous and ongoing basis consistent with department policy on equal opportunity and non-discriminatory employment. A primary qualification for participation in the application process should be an interest in and an ability to assist the Department in serving the public. Chaplain candidates are encouraged to participate in ride-alongs with department members before and during the selection process.

#### 334.4.2 SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT

Chaplain candidates shall successfully complete the following process prior to appointment as a chaplain:

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- (a) Submit the appropriate written application.
- (b) Include a recommendation from their employer or volunteer program.
- (c) Interview with the Chief of Police and the chaplain coordinator.
- (d) Successfully complete an appropriate-level background investigation.
- (e) Complete an appropriate probationary period as designated by the Chief of Police.

Chaplains are volunteers and serve at the discretion of the Chief of Police. Chaplains shall have no property interest in continued appointment. However, if a chaplain is removed for alleged misconduct, the chaplain will be afforded an opportunity solely to clear his/her name through a liberty interest hearing, which shall be limited to a single appearance before the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

#### **334.5 IDENTIFICATION AND UNIFORMS**

As representatives of the Department, chaplains are responsible for presenting a professional image to the community. Chaplains shall dress appropriately for the conditions and performance of their duties. Uniforms and necessary safety equipment will be provided for each chaplain. Identification symbols worn by chaplains shall be different and distinct from those worn by officers through the inclusion of "Chaplain" on the uniform and not reflect any religious affiliation.

Chaplains will be issued Federalsburg Police Department identification cards which must be carried at all times while on-duty. The identification cards will be the standard Federalsburg Police Department identification cards with the exception that "Chaplain" will be indicated on the cards. Chaplains shall be required to return any issued uniforms or department property at the termination of service.

Chaplains shall conform to all uniform regulations and appearance standards of this department.

#### **334.6 CHAPLAIN COORDINATOR**

The Chief of Police shall delegate certain responsibilities to a chaplain coordinator. The coordinator shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Administration Sgt. or the authorized designee.

The chaplain coordinator shall serve as the liaison between the chaplains and the Chief of Police. The function of the coordinator is to provide a central coordinating point for effective chaplain management within the Department, and to direct and assist efforts to jointly provide more productive chaplain services. Under the general direction of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee, chaplains shall report to the chaplain coordinator and/or Shift Supervisor.

The chaplain coordinator may appoint a senior chaplain or other designee to assist in the coordination of chaplains and their activities.

The responsibilities of the coordinator or the authorized designee include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Recruiting, selecting and training qualified chaplains.



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- (b) Conducting chaplain meetings.
- (c) Establishing and maintaining a chaplain callout roster.
- (d) Maintaining records for each chaplain.
- (e) Tracking and evaluating the contribution of chaplains.
- (f) Maintaining a record of chaplain schedules and work hours.
- (g) Completing and disseminating, as appropriate, all necessary paperwork and information.
- (h) Planning periodic recognition events.
- (i) Maintaining liaison with other agency chaplain coordinators.

An evaluation of the overall use of chaplains will be conducted on an annual basis by the coordinator.

#### **334.7 DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Chaplains assist the Department, its members and the community, as needed. Assignments of chaplains will usually be to augment the Patrol Division. Chaplains may be assigned to other areas within the Department as needed. Chaplains should be placed only in assignments or programs that are consistent with their knowledge, skills, abilities and the needs of the Department.

All chaplains will be assigned to duties by the chaplain coordinator or the authorized designee.

Chaplains may not proselytize or attempt to recruit members of the Department or the public into a religious affiliation while representing themselves as a chaplain with this department unless the receiving person has solicited spiritual guidance or teaching. If there is any question as to the receiving person's intent, chaplains should verify that the person is desirous of spiritual counseling or guidance before engaging in such discussion.

Chaplains may not accept gratuities for any service, or any subsequent actions or follow-up contacts that were provided while functioning as a chaplain for the Federalsburg Police Department.

##### **334.7.1 COMPLIANCE**

Chaplains are volunteer members of the Department, and except as otherwise specified within this policy, are required to comply with the Volunteers Policy and other applicable policies.

##### **334.7.2 OPERATIONAL GUIDELINES**

- (a) Chaplains will be scheduled to be on-call for a period of seven consecutive days during each month, beginning on Monday and ending on the following Sunday.
- (b) Generally, each chaplain will serve with Federalsburg Police Department personnel a minimum of eight hours per month.

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- (c) At the end of each watch the chaplain will complete a chaplain shift report and submit it to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (d) Chaplains shall be permitted to ride with officers during any shift and observe Federalsburg Police Department operations, provided the Shift Supervisor has been notified and has approved the activity.
- (e) Chaplains shall not be evaluators of members of the Department.
- (f) In responding to incidents, a chaplain shall never function as an officer.
- (g) When responding to in-progress calls for service, chaplains may be required to stand-by in a secure area until the situation has been deemed safe.
- (h) Chaplains shall serve only within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department unless otherwise authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (i) Each chaplain shall have access to current department member rosters, addresses, telephone numbers, duty assignments and other information that may assist in his/her duties. Such information will be considered confidential and each chaplain will exercise appropriate security measures to prevent distribution of the data.

#### 334.7.3 ASSISTING DEPARTMENT OFFICE MEMBERS

The responsibilities of a chaplain related to department members include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assisting in making notification to families of members who have been seriously injured or killed and, after notification, responding to the hospital or home of the member.
- (b) Visiting sick or injured members in the hospital or at home.
- (c) Attending and participating, when requested, in funerals of active or retired members.
- (d) Serving as a resource for members when dealing with the public in incidents, such as accidental deaths, suicides, suicidal subjects, serious accidents, drug and alcohol abuse and other such situations that may arise.
- (e) Providing counseling and support for members and their families.
- (f) Being alert to the needs of members and their families.

#### 334.7.4 ASSISTING THE DEPARTMENT OFFICE

The responsibilities of a chaplain related to the Department include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assisting members in the diffusion of a conflict or incident, when requested.
- (b) Responding to natural and accidental deaths, suicides and attempted suicides, family disturbances and any other incident that in the judgment of the Shift Supervisor or supervisor aids in accomplishing the mission of the Department.

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- (c) Responding to all major disasters, such as natural disasters, bombings and similar critical incidents.
- (d) Being on-call and, if possible, on-duty during major demonstrations or any public function that requires the presence of a large number of department members.
- (e) Attending department and academy graduations, ceremonies and social events and offering invocations and benedictions, as requested.
- (f) Participating in in-service training classes.
- (g) Willingness to train others to enhance the effectiveness of the Department.

#### **334.7.5 ASSISTING THE COMMUNITY**

The duties of a chaplain related to the community include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Familiarity with the role of law enforcement in the community.
- (b) Providing an additional link between the community, other chaplain coordinators and the Department.
- (c) Providing liaison with various civic, business and religious organizations.
- (d) Promptly facilitating requests for representatives or leaders of various denominations.
- (e) Assisting the community in any other function as needed or requested.
- (f) Making referrals in cases where specialized attention is needed or in cases that are beyond the chaplain's ability to assist.

#### **334.7.6 CHAPLAIN MEETINGS**

All chaplains are required to attend scheduled meetings. Any absences must be satisfactorily explained to the chaplain coordinator.

#### **334.8 PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATIONS**

No person who provides chaplain services to members of the Department may work or volunteer for the Federalsburg Police Department in any capacity other than that of chaplain.

Department chaplains shall be familiar with state evidentiary laws and rules pertaining to the limits of the clergy-penitent, psychotherapist-patient and other potentially applicable privileges and shall inform members when it appears reasonably likely that the member is discussing matters that are not subject to the privileged communications. In such cases, the chaplain should consider referring the member to a non-department counseling resource.

No chaplain shall provide counsel to or receive confidential communications from any Federalsburg Police Department member concerning an incident personally witnessed by the chaplain or concerning an incident involving the chaplain.

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#### **334.9 TRAINING**

The Department will establish a minimum number of training hours and standards for department chaplains. The training, as approved by the Training Sergeant, may include:

- Stress management
- Death notifications
- Symptoms of post-traumatic stress
- Burnout for members of law enforcement and chaplains
- Legal liability and confidentiality
- Ethics
- Responding to crisis situations
- The law enforcement family
- Substance abuse
- Suicide
- Officer injury or death
- Sensitivity and diversity

# Public Safety Video Surveillance System

## 335.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for the placement and monitoring of department public safety video surveillance, as well as the storage and release of the captured images.

This policy only applies to overt, marked public safety video surveillance systems operated by the Department. It does not apply to mobile audio video systems, covert audio video systems or any other image capturing devices used by the Department.

## 335.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department operates a public safety video surveillance system to complement its anti-crime strategy, to effectively allocate and deploy personnel, and to enhance public safety and security in public areas. Cameras may be placed in strategic locations throughout the Town to detect and deter crime, to help safeguard against potential threats to the public, to help manage emergency response situations during natural and man-made disasters and to assist Town officials in providing services to the community.

Video surveillance in public areas will be conducted in a legal and ethical manner while recognizing and protecting constitutional standards of privacy.

## 335.3 OPERATIONAL GUIDELINES

Only department-approved video surveillance equipment shall be utilized. Members authorized to monitor video surveillance equipment should only monitor public areas and public activities where no reasonable expectation of privacy exists. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall approve all proposed locations for the use of video surveillance technology and should consult with and be guided by legal counsel as necessary in making such determinations.

### 335.3.1 PLACEMENT AND MONITORING

Camera placement will be guided by the underlying purpose or strategy associated with the overall video surveillance plan. As appropriate, the Chief of Police should confer with other affected Town divisions and designated community groups when evaluating camera placement. Environmental factors, including lighting, location of buildings, presence of vegetation or other obstructions should also be evaluated when determining placement.

Cameras shall only record video images and not sound. Recorded images may be used for a variety of purposes, including criminal investigations and monitoring of activity around high value or high threat areas. The public safety video surveillance system may be useful for the following purposes:

- (a) To prevent, deter and identify criminal activity.
- (b) To target identified areas of gang and narcotics complaints or activity.
- (c) To respond to critical incidents.

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- (d) To assist in identifying, apprehending and prosecuting offenders.
- (e) To document officer and offender conduct during interactions to safeguard the rights of the public and officers.
- (f) To augment resources in a cost effective manner.
- (g) To monitor pedestrian and vehicle traffic activity.

Images from each camera should be recorded in a manner consistent with the underlying purpose of the particular camera. Images should be transmitted to monitors installed in the Shift Supervisor's office and 911 Center. When activity warranting further investigation is reported or detected at any camera location, the available information should be provided to responding officers in a timely manner. The Shift Supervisor or trained 911 Center personnel are authorized to adjust the cameras to more effectively view a particular area for any legitimate public safety purpose.

The Chief of Police may authorize video feeds from the public safety video surveillance system to be forwarded to a specified location for monitoring by other than police personnel, such as allied government agencies, road or traffic crews, fire or emergency operations personnel.

Unauthorized recording, viewing, reproduction, dissemination or retention is prohibited.

#### **335.3.2 CAMERA MARKINGS**

All public areas monitored by public safety surveillance equipment shall be marked in a conspicuous manner with appropriate signs to inform the public that the area is under police surveillance. Signs should be well lit, placed appropriately and without obstruction to ensure visibility.

#### **335.3.3 INTEGRATION WITH OTHER TECHNOLOGY**

The Department may elect to integrate its public safety video surveillance system with other technology to enhance available information. Systems such as gunshot detection, incident mapping, crime analysis, license plate recognition, facial recognition and other video-based analytical systems may be considered based upon availability and the nature of department strategy.

The Department should evaluate the availability and propriety of networking or otherwise collaborating with appropriate private sector entities and shall evaluate whether the use of certain camera systems, such as pan-tilt-zoom systems, and video enhancement or other analytical technology, requires additional safeguards.

#### **335.4 VIDEO SUPERVISION**

Supervisors should monitor video surveillance access and usage to ensure members are within department policy and applicable laws. Supervisors should ensure such use and access is appropriately documented.

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##### 335.4.1 VIDEO LOG

A log should be maintained at all locations where video surveillance equipment is located. The log should be used to document all persons not assigned to the monitoring locations who have been given access to view or monitor images provided by the video surveillance cameras. The logs should, at a minimum, record the:

- (a) Date and time access was given.
- (b) Name and agency of the person being given access to the images.
- (c) Name of person authorizing access.
- (d) Identifiable portion of images viewed.

##### 335.4.2 PROHIBITED ACTIVITY

Public safety video surveillance systems will not intentionally be used to invade the privacy of individuals or observe areas where a reasonable expectation of privacy exists.

Public safety video surveillance equipment shall not be used in an unequal or discriminatory manner and shall not target individuals or groups based solely on actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, economic status, age, cultural group, or disability.

Video surveillance equipment shall not be used to harass, intimidate, or discriminate against any individual or group.

#### **335.5 STORAGE AND RETENTION OF MEDIA**

All downloaded media shall be stored in a secure area with access restricted to authorized persons. A recording needed as evidence shall be copied to a suitable medium and booked into evidence in accordance with established evidence procedures. All actions taken with respect to retention of media shall be appropriately documented.

The type of video surveillance technology employed and the manner in which recordings are used and stored will affect retention periods. The recordings should be stored and retained in accordance with the established records retention schedule (Md. Code SG § 10-610; COMAR 14.18.02.04).

The Retention Schedule for public safety video surveillance video shall be 30-days unless otherwise designated by the Chief of Police or his designee.

##### 335.5.1 EVIDENTIARY INTEGRITY

All downloaded and retained media shall be treated in the same manner as other evidence. Media shall be accessed, maintained, stored and retrieved in a manner that ensures its integrity as evidence, including strict adherence to chain of custody requirements. Electronic trails, including encryption, digital masking of innocent or uninvolved individuals to preserve anonymity, authenticity certificates and date and time stamping shall be used as appropriate to preserve

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individual rights and to ensure the authenticity and maintenance of a secure evidentiary chain of custody.

#### **335.6 RELEASE OF VIDEO IMAGES**

All recorded video images gathered by the public safety video surveillance equipment are for the official use of the Federalsburg Police Department.

Requests for recorded video images from the public or the media shall be processed in the same manner as requests for department public records.

Requests for recorded images from other law enforcement agencies shall be referred to the Shift Supervisor for release in accordance with a specific and legitimate law enforcement purpose.

Recorded video images that are the subject of a court order or subpoena shall be processed in accordance with the established department subpoena process.

#### **335.7 VIDEO SURVEILLANCE AUDIT**

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee will conduct an annual review of the public safety video surveillance system. The review should include an analysis of the cost, benefit and effectiveness of the system, including any public safety issues that were effectively addressed or any significant prosecutions that resulted, and any systemic operational or administrative issues that were identified, including those related to training, discipline or policy.

The results of each review shall be appropriately documented and maintained by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee and other applicable advisory bodies. Any recommendations for training or policy should be promptly addressed.

#### **335.8 TRAINING**

All department members authorized to operate or access public video surveillance systems shall receive appropriate training. Training should include guidance on the use of cameras, interaction with dispatch and patrol operations and a review regarding relevant policies and procedures, including this policy. Training should also address state and federal law related to the use of video surveillance equipment and privacy.



## Child and Dependent Adult Safety

### 336.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to ensure that children and dependent adults are not left without appropriate care in the event their caregiver or guardian is arrested or otherwise prevented from providing care due to actions taken by members of this department.

This policy does not address the actions to be taken during the course of a child abuse or dependent adult investigation. These are covered in the Child Abuse and Adult Abuse policies.

### 336.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this department to mitigate, to the extent reasonably possible, the stressful experience individuals may have when their parent or caregiver is arrested. The Federalsburg Police Department will endeavor to create a strong, cooperative relationship with local, state and community-based social services to ensure an effective, collaborative response that addresses the needs of those affected, including call-out availability and follow-up responsibilities.

### 336.3 PROCEDURES DURING AN ARREST

When encountering an arrest or prolonged detention situation, officers should make reasonable attempts to determine if the arrestee is responsible for children or dependent adults. In some cases this may be obvious, such as when children or dependent adults are present. However, officers should inquire if the arrestee has caregiver responsibilities for any children or dependent adults who are without appropriate supervision. The following steps should be taken:

- (a) Inquire about and confirm the location of any children or dependent adults.
- (b) Look for evidence of children and dependent adults. Officers should be mindful that some arrestees may conceal the fact that they have a dependent for fear the individual may be taken from them.
- (c) Consider inquiring of witnesses, neighbors, friends and relatives of the arrestee as to whether the person is responsible for a child or dependent adult.

Whenever reasonably possible, officers should consider reasonable alternatives to arresting a parent, guardian or caregiver in the presence of his/her child or dependent adult.

Whenever it is safe to do so, officers should allow the parent or caregiver to assure children or dependent adults that they will be provided care. If this is not safe or if the demeanor of the parent or caregiver suggests this conversation would be non-productive, the officer at the scene should explain the reason for the arrest in age-appropriate language and offer reassurance to the child or dependent adult that he/she will receive appropriate care.

#### 336.3.1 AFTER AN ARREST

Whenever an arrest is made, the officer should take all reasonable steps to ensure the safety of the arrestee's disclosed or discovered children or dependent adults.

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Officers should allow the arrestee reasonable time to arrange for care of children and dependent adults. Temporary placement with family or friends may be appropriate. However, any decision should give priority to a care solution that is in the best interest of the child or dependent adult. In such cases the following guidelines should be followed:

- (a) Allow the person reasonable time to arrange for the care of children and dependent adults with a responsible party, as appropriate.
  - 1. Officers should consider allowing the person to use his/her cell phone to facilitate arrangements through access to contact phone numbers, and to lessen the likelihood of call screening by the recipients due to calls from unknown sources.
- (b) Unless there is evidence to the contrary (e.g., signs of abuse, drug use, unsafe environment), officers should respect the parent or caregiver's judgment regarding arrangements for care. It is generally best if the child or dependent adult remains with relatives or family friends that he/she knows and trusts because familiarity with surroundings and consideration for comfort, emotional state and safety are important.
  - 1. Except when an existing court order limits contact, the officer should attempt to locate and place children or dependent adults with the non-arrested parent, guardian or caregiver.
- (c) Provide for the immediate supervision of children or dependent adults until an appropriate caregiver arrives.
- (d) Notify child protective services or the adult protective services through the local Departments of Social Services, if appropriate.
- (e) Notify the field supervisor or Shift Supervisor of the disposition of children or dependent adults.

If children or dependent adults are at school or another known location outside the household at the time of arrest, the arresting officer should attempt to contact the school or other known location and inform the principal or appropriate responsible adult of the caregiver's arrest and of the arrangements being made for the care of the arrestee's dependent. The result of such actions should be documented in the associated report.

#### 336.3.2 DURING THE BOOKING PROCESS

During the booking process, the arrestee shall be allowed to make telephone calls to arrange for the care of any child or dependent adult in accordance with the Temporary Custody of Adults Policy.

If an arrestee is unable to arrange for the care of any child or dependent adult through this process, a supervisor should be contacted to determine the appropriate steps to arrange for care. These steps may include additional telephone calls or contacting a local, county or state services agency.

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##### 336.3.3 REPORTING

- (a) For all arrests where children are present or living in the household, the reporting member will document the following information:
1. Name
  2. Sex
  3. Age
  4. Special needs (e.g., medical, mental health)
  5. How, where and with whom or which agency the child was placed
  6. Identities and contact information for other potential caregivers
  7. Notifications made to other adults (e.g., schools, relatives)
- (b) For all arrests where dependent adults are present or living in the household, the reporting member will document the following information:
1. Name
  2. Sex
  3. Age
  4. Whether he/she reasonably appears able to care for him/herself
  5. Disposition or placement information if he/she is unable to care for him/herself

##### 336.3.4 SUPPORT AND COUNSELING REFERRAL

If, in the judgment of the handling officers, the child or dependent adult would benefit from additional assistance, such as counseling services, contact with a victim advocate or a crisis response telephone number, the appropriate referral information may be provided.

#### **336.4 DEPENDENT WELFARE SERVICES**

Whenever an arrestee is unwilling or incapable of arranging for the appropriate care of any child or dependent adult, the handling officer should contact the appropriate welfare service or other department-approved social service agency to determine whether protective custody is appropriate.

Only when other reasonable options are exhausted should a child or dependent adult be transported to the police facility, transported in a marked law enforcement vehicle or taken into formal protective custody.

Under no circumstances should a child or dependent adult be left unattended or without appropriate care.

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### **336.5 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant is responsible to ensure that all members of this department who may be involved in arrests affecting children or dependent adults receive approved training on effective safety measures when a parent, guardian or caregiver is arrested.

## Service Animals

### 337.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide the guidelines necessary to ensure the rights of individuals who use service animals to assist with disabilities are protected in accordance with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA).

#### 337.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Service animal** - A dog that is trained to do work or perform tasks for the benefit of an individual with a disability, including a physical, sensory, psychiatric, intellectual or other mental disability. The work or tasks performed by a service animal must be directly related to the individual's disability (28 CFR 35.104).

Service animal also includes a miniature horse if the horse is trained to do work or perform tasks for people with disabilities, provided the horse is housebroken, is under the handler's control, the facility can accommodate the horse's type, size and weight, and the horse's presence will not compromise legitimate safety requirements necessary for safe operation of the facility (28 CFR 35.136(i)).

### 337.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to provide services and access to persons with service animals in the same manner as those without service animals. Department members shall protect the rights of persons assisted by service animals in accordance with state and federal law.

### 337.3 IDENTIFICATION AND USE OF SERVICE ANIMALS

Some service animals may be readily identifiable. However, many do not have a distinctive symbol, harness or collar.

Service animals may be used in a number of ways to provide assistance, including:

- Guiding people who are blind or have low vision.
- Alerting people who are deaf or hard of hearing.
- Retrieving or picking up items, opening doors or flipping switches for people who have limited use of their hands, arms or legs.
- Pulling wheelchairs.
- Providing physical support and assisting with stability and balance.
- Doing work or performing tasks for persons with traumatic brain injury, intellectual disabilities or psychiatric disabilities, such as reminding a person with depression to take medication.

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- Alerting a person with anxiety to the onset of panic attacks, providing tactile stimulation to calm a person with post-traumatic stress disorder, assisting people with schizophrenia to distinguish between hallucinations and reality, and helping people with traumatic brain injury to locate misplaced items or follow daily routines.

#### **337.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Service animals that are assisting individuals with disabilities are permitted in all public facilities and areas where the general public is allowed. Department members are expected to treat individuals with service animals with the same courtesy and respect that the Federalsburg Police Department affords to all members of the public (28 CFR 35.136).

##### **337.4.1 INQUIRY**

If it is apparent or if a member is aware that an animal is a service animal, the individual generally should not be asked any questions as to the status of the animal. If it is unclear whether an animal meets the definition of a service animal, the member should ask the individual only the following questions (28 CFR 35.136(f)):

- Is the animal required because of a disability?
- What task or service has the service animal been trained to perform?

If the individual explains that the animal is required because of a disability and has been trained to work or perform at least one task, the animal meets the definition of a service animal and no further questions as to the animal's status should be asked. The individual should not be questioned about his/her disability nor should the person be asked to provide any license, certification or identification card for the service animal.

##### **337.4.2 CONTACT**

Service animals are not pets. Department members should not interfere with the important work performed by a service animal by talking to, petting or otherwise initiating contact with a service animal.

##### **337.4.3 REMOVAL**

If a service animal is not housebroken or exhibits vicious behavior, poses a direct threat to the health of others, or unreasonably disrupts or interferes with normal business operations, an officer may direct the handler to remove the animal from the premises. The barking of a dog alone is not a threat nor does a direct threat exist if the person takes prompt, effective action to control the service animal (28 CFR 35.136(b)).

Each incident must be considered individually and past incidents alone are not cause for excluding a service animal. Removal of a service animal may not be used as a reason to refuse service to an individual with disabilities. Members of this department are expected to provide all services as are reasonably available to an individual with a disability, with or without a service animal.

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##### 337.4.4 COMPLAINTS

When handling calls of a complaint regarding a service animal, members of this department should remain neutral and should be prepared to explain the ADA requirements concerning service animals to the concerned parties. Businesses are required to allow service animals to accompany their handlers into the same areas that other customers or members of the public are allowed (28 CFR 36.302).

Absent a violation of law independent of the ADA, officers should take no enforcement action beyond keeping the peace. Individuals who believe they have been discriminated against as a result of a disability should be referred to the Civil Rights Division of the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ).

## Volunteers

### 338.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the guidelines for Federalsburg Police Department volunteers to supplement and assist department personnel in their duties. Trained volunteers are members who can augment department personnel and help complete various tasks.

#### 338.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Active status** - A volunteer who provides 144 hours or more of service each year.

**Police auxiliary, reserve volunteer program or program** - The various activities using volunteers to assist the Federalsburg Police Department by performing administrative or technical tasks, or other services in support of the duties or mission of the Department (COMAR 12.04.07.02(B)(6)).

**Volunteer** - An individual who performs a service for the Department without promise, expectation or receipt of compensation for services rendered. This may include unpaid chaplains, unpaid reserve or auxiliary officers, interns, persons providing administrative support, and youth involved in a law enforcement Explorer Post, among others.

### 338.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department shall ensure that volunteers are properly appointed, trained and supervised to carry out specified tasks and duties in order to create an efficient department and improve services to the community.

The program supporting the use of volunteers shall meet all the requirements and have been approved as required by law (COMAR 12.04.07.03; COMAR 12.04.07.04).

### 338.3 ELIGIBILITY

Requirements for participation as a volunteer for the Department may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Residency in the Town of Federalsburg.
- (b) Being at least 18 years of age for all positions other than Explorer.
- (c) Being at least 14 years of age for Explorer.
- (d) Possession of a valid driver's license if the position requires vehicle operation.
- (e) Possession of liability insurance for any personally owned equipment, vehicles or horses utilized during volunteer work.
- (f) No conviction of a felony, any crime of a sexual nature or against children, any crime related to assault or violence, any crime related to dishonesty, or any crime related to impersonating a law enforcement officer.



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- (g) No conviction of a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor crime within the past 10 years, excluding petty misdemeanor traffic offenses.
- (h) No mental illness or chemical dependency condition that may adversely affect the person's ability to serve in the position.
- (i) Physical requirements reasonably appropriate to the assignment.
- (j) A personal background history and character suitable for a person representing the Department, as validated by a background investigation.

The Chief of Police may apply exceptions for eligibility based on organizational needs and the qualifications of the individual.

#### **338.4 RECRUITMENT, SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT**

The Federalsburg Police Department shall endeavor to recruit and appoint only those applicants who meet the high ethical, moral and professional standards set forth by this department.

##### **338.4.1 RECRUITMENT**

Volunteers should be recruited on a continuous and ongoing basis consistent with department policy on equal opportunity, nondiscriminatory employment. A primary qualification for participation in the application process should be an interest in and an ability to assist the Department in serving the public.

Requests for volunteers should be submitted in writing by interested department members to the volunteer coordinator through the requester's immediate supervisor. A complete description of the volunteer's duties and a requested time frame should be included in the request. All department members should understand that the recruitment of volunteers is enhanced by creative and interesting assignments. The volunteer coordinator may withhold assignment of any volunteer until such time as the requestor is prepared to make effective use of volunteer resources.

##### **338.4.2 SELECTION**

Volunteer candidates shall successfully complete the following process prior to appointment as a volunteer:

- (a) Submit the appropriate written application.
- (b) Interview with the volunteer coordinator.
- (c) Successfully complete an appropriate-level background investigation.

##### **338.4.3 APPOINTMENT**

Service as a volunteer with the Department shall begin with an official notice of acceptance or appointment by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee. Notice may only be given by an authorized representative of the Department, who will normally be the volunteer coordinator.

No volunteer should begin any assignment until he/she has been officially accepted for that position and has completed all required screening and paperwork. At the time of final acceptance,

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each volunteer should complete all required enrollment paperwork and will receive a copy of the position description and agreement of service with the Department.

All volunteers shall receive a copy of the volunteer orientation materials and shall be required to sign a volunteer agreement.

Volunteers should be placed only in assignments or programs that are consistent with their knowledge, skills, abilities and the needs of the Department.

Volunteers serve at the discretion of the Chief of Police.

#### **338.5 IDENTIFICATION AND UNIFORMS**

As representatives of the Department, volunteers are responsible for presenting a professional image to the community. Volunteers shall dress appropriately for the conditions and performance of their duties. Uniforms and necessary safety equipment will be provided for each volunteer. Identification symbols worn by volunteers shall be different and distinct from those worn by officers or members of this department through the inclusion of "Volunteer," "Reserve" or "Auxiliary" on the uniform.

Volunteers will be issued Federalsburg Police Department identification cards must be carried at all times while on-duty. The identification cards will be the standard Federalsburg Police Department identification cards, with the exception that "Volunteer," "Reserve" or "Auxiliary" will be indicated on the cards.

#### **338.6 PERSONNEL WORKING AS VOLUNTEERS**

Qualified regular department personnel, when authorized, may also serve as volunteers. However, this department shall not utilize the services of volunteers in such a way that it would violate employment laws, collective bargaining agreements or memorandums of understanding (e.g., a detention officer participating as a volunteer for reduced or no pay). Therefore, the volunteer coordinator should consult with the Human Resources prior to allowing regular department personnel to serve in a volunteer capacity (29 CFR 553.30).

#### **338.7 VOLUNTEER COORDINATOR**

The Chief of Police shall delegate certain responsibilities to a volunteer coordinator. The coordinator shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Administration Sgt. or the authorized designee.

The volunteer coordinator shall serve as the liaison between the volunteers and the Chief of Police. The function of the coordinator is to provide a central coordinating point for effective volunteer management within the Department, and to direct and assist efforts to jointly provide more productive volunteer services. Under the general direction of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee, volunteers shall report to the volunteer coordinator and/or Shift Supervisor.

The volunteer coordinator may appoint a senior volunteer or other designee to assist in the coordination of volunteers and their activities.

The responsibilities of the coordinator or the authorized designee include, but are not limited to:

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- (a) Recruiting, selecting and training qualified volunteers.
- (b) Conducting volunteer meetings.
- (c) Establishing and maintaining a volunteer callout roster.
- (d) Maintaining records for each volunteer.
- (e) Tracking and evaluating the contribution of volunteers.
- (f) Maintaining a record of volunteer schedules and work hours.
- (g) Completing and disseminating, as appropriate, all necessary paperwork and information.
- (h) Planning periodic recognition events.
- (i) Maintaining liaison with other volunteer-utilizing programs in the community and assisting in community-wide efforts to recognize and promote volunteering.
- (j) Maintaining volunteer orientation and training materials, and outlining expectations, policies and responsibilities for all volunteers.

An evaluation of the overall use of volunteers will be conducted on an annual basis by the coordinator.

#### **338.8 DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Volunteers assist department personnel as needed. Assignments of volunteers will usually be to augment the Patrol Division. Volunteers may be assigned to other areas within the Department as needed. Volunteers should be placed only in assignments or programs that are consistent with their knowledge, skills, abilities and the needs of the Department.

All volunteers will be assigned to duties by the volunteer coordinator or the authorized designee.

##### **338.8.1 COMPLIANCE**

Volunteers shall be required to adhere to all department policies and procedures. A copy of the policies and procedures will be made available to each volunteer upon appointment. The volunteer shall become thoroughly familiar with these policies.

Whenever a rule, regulation or guideline in this Policy Manual refers to regular department personnel, it shall also apply to a volunteer, unless by its nature it is inapplicable.

Volunteers are required by this department to meet department-approved training requirements as applicable to their assignments.

##### **338.8.2 VOLUNTEER MEETINGS**

All volunteers are required to attend scheduled meetings. Any absences must be satisfactorily explained to the volunteer coordinator.

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### **338.9 TASK-SPECIFIC TRAINING**

Task-specific training is intended to provide the required instruction and practice for volunteers to properly and safely perform their assigned duties. A volunteer's training should correspond to his/her assignment as determined by the volunteer coordinator.

Volunteers will be provided with an orientation program to acquaint them with the policies of the Department and law enforcement procedures applicable to their assignments.

Volunteers should receive position-specific training to ensure they have adequate knowledge and skills to complete the required tasks, and should receive ongoing training as deemed appropriate by their supervisors or the volunteer coordinator.

Training should reinforce to volunteers that they shall not intentionally represent themselves as, or by omission infer that they are officers or other full-time members of the Department. They shall always represent themselves as volunteers.

All volunteers shall comply with the rules of conduct and with all orders and directives, either oral or written, issued by the Department.

#### **338.9.1 VOLUNTEER TRAINING MATERIALS**

Each new volunteer will be issued volunteer training materials. The materials outline the subject matter and skills necessary to properly function as a volunteer with the Federalsburg Police Department. The volunteer shall become knowledgeable of the subject matter and proficient with the skills as set forth in the training materials.

### **338.10 SUPERVISION**

Each volunteer must have a clearly identified supervisor who is responsible for direct management of that volunteer. This supervisor will be responsible for day-to-day management and guidance of the work of the volunteer and should be available to the volunteer for consultation and assistance.

Functional supervision of volunteers is the responsibility of the supervisor in charge of the volunteer's assigned duties. The following are some considerations that supervisors should keep in mind while supervising volunteers:

- (a) Take the time to introduce volunteers to members on all levels.
- (b) Ensure volunteers have work space and necessary office supplies.
- (c) Make sure the work is challenging. Do not hesitate to give volunteers an assignment or task that will tap these valuable resources.

A volunteer may be assigned as a supervisor of other volunteers, provided that the supervising volunteer is under the direct supervision of Federalsburg Police Department personnel.

#### **338.10.1 EVALUATIONS**

While in training, volunteers should be continuously evaluated using standardized daily and weekly observation reports. A volunteer will be considered a trainee until he/she has satisfactorily

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completed training. Volunteers who have completed their training should be evaluated annually using performance dimensions applicable to the duties and authorities granted to that volunteer.

#### **338.10.2 FITNESS FOR DUTY**

No volunteer shall report for work or be at work when his/her judgment or physical condition has been impaired due to illness or injury, or by the use of alcohol or drugs, whether legal or illegal.

Volunteers shall report to their supervisors any change in status that may affect their ability to fulfill their duties. This includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) Driver's license
- (b) Medical condition
- (c) Arrests
- (d) Criminal investigations
- (e) All law enforcement contacts

#### **338.11 INFORMATION ACCESS**

With appropriate security clearance, a volunteer may have access to or be in the vicinity of criminal histories, investigative files or information portals. Unless otherwise directed by a supervisor, the duties of the position or department policy, all such information shall be considered confidential. Only that information specifically identified and approved by authorized members shall be released. Confidential information shall be given only to persons who have a need and a right to know as determined by department policy and supervisory personnel.

A volunteer whose assignment requires the use of, or access to, confidential information will be required to have his/her fingerprints submitted to the Maryland Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) to obtain clearance. Volunteers working this type of assignment will receive training in data practices and be required to sign a nondisclosure agreement before being given an assignment with the Department. Subsequent unauthorized disclosure of any confidential information verbally, in writing or by any other means by the volunteer is grounds for immediate dismissal and possible criminal prosecution.

Volunteers shall not address public gatherings, appear on radio or television, prepare any article for publication, act as correspondents to newspapers or other periodicals, release or divulge any information concerning the activities of the Department, or maintain that they represent the Department in such matters without permission from the proper department personnel.

#### **338.11.1 RADIO AND LAPTOP USAGE**

Volunteers shall successfully complete state and federal database access training and radio procedures training prior to using the police radio or Laptop and shall comply with all related provisions. The volunteer coordinator should ensure that radio and database access training is provided for volunteers whenever necessary.

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### **338.12 EQUIPMENT**

Any property or equipment issued by the Department shall be for official and authorized use only. Any property or equipment issued to a volunteer shall remain the property of the Department and shall be returned at the termination of service.

#### **338.12.1 VEHICLE USE**

Any volunteer who operates any vehicle while acting in the capacity of a volunteer shall receive training in safe driving and defensive driving. The specific training and course of study shall be determined by the volunteer coordinator.

Volunteers assigned to duties that require the use of a vehicle must first complete:

- (a) A driving safety briefing and department-approved driver safety course.
- (b) Verification that the volunteer possesses a valid driver's license.
- (c) Verification that the volunteer carries current vehicle insurance.

The coordinator should ensure that all volunteers receive safety briefing updates and license and insurance verification at least once a year.

When operating department vehicles, volunteers shall obey all rules of the road, including seat belt requirements.

Volunteers should not operate a marked law enforcement vehicle unless there is a prominently placed sign indicating that the vehicle is out of service.

Volunteers are not authorized to operate department vehicles under emergency conditions (lights and siren).

### **338.13 DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES/TERMINATION**

If a volunteer has a personnel complaint made against him/her or becomes involved in an internal investigation, the matter shall be investigated in compliance with the Personnel Complaints Policy.

Volunteers are considered at-will and may be removed from service at the discretion of the Chief of Police, with or without cause. Volunteers shall have no property interest in their continued appointments. However, if a volunteer is removed for alleged misconduct, the volunteer will be afforded an opportunity solely to clear his/her name through a liberty interest hearing, which shall be limited to a single appearance before the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

Volunteers may resign from volunteer service with the Department at any time. It is requested that volunteers who intend to resign provide advance notice and a reason for their decision.

#### **338.13.1 EXIT INTERVIEWS**

The volunteer coordinator should conduct exit interviews, where possible. These interviews should ascertain why the volunteer is leaving the position and should solicit the volunteer's suggestions on improving the position. When appropriate, an exit interview should also include a discussion on the possibility of involvement in some other capacity with the Department.

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#### **338.14 REPORTING**

The volunteer coordinator shall:

- (a) Maintain annual records on each volunteer, including (COMAR 12.04.07.07(A)):
  1. Full name.
  2. Social Security number.
  3. The total itemized hours of service worked each month.
  4. Other information the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC) or the State Comptroller may require.
- (b) Provide to each active status volunteer, no later than February 15 of each year, a written report in the format specified by MPTSC, the volunteer's specific information, including:
  1. The identity of the volunteer
  2. Certification signed by an authorized department member stating that the volunteer is qualified to apply for the subtraction modification under Md. Code TG § 10-208(l)A(2) on the basis that the individual has, between January 1 and December 31 of the preceding year:
    - (a) Participated in a MPTSC-approved program.
    - (b) Met the requirements of Md. Code TG § 10-208(l)(2) to be considered a qualifying police auxiliary or reserve volunteer.
    - (c) Met the minimum requirements for active status.
- (c) Submit an annual report to MPTSC and the State Comptroller by October 1, in the format specified, that includes the annual records for each volunteer collected under COMAR 12.04.07.07(A) from January 1 through December 31 of the preceding year that either (COMAR 12.04.07.07(C)):
  - (a) Qualified to apply for the subtraction modification established under Md. Code TG § 10-208(l).
  - (b) Otherwise met minimum requirements for active status.
- (d) Report any change to the information submitted as part of the original application for MPTSC approval or the department program supporting volunteers to the Deputy MPTSC Director within 30 days of the effective date (COMAR 12.04.07.06(B)).

## Off-Duty Law Enforcement Actions

### 340.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy is intended to provide guidelines for officers of the Federalsburg Police Department with respect to taking law enforcement action while off-duty.

### 340.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that officers generally should not initiate law enforcement action while off-duty. Officers are not expected to place themselves in unreasonable peril and should first consider reporting and monitoring the activity. However, any officer who becomes aware of an incident or circumstance that he/she reasonably believes poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death, or significant property damage or loss may take reasonable action to minimize or eliminate the threat.

### 340.3 DECISION TO INTERVENE

There is no legal requirement for off-duty officers to take law enforcement action. Officers should consider waiting for on-duty uniformed peace officers to arrive and gather as much accurate intelligence as possible, instead of immediately intervening. However, should an officer decide to intervene, he/she must evaluate whether the action is necessary or desirable, and should take into consideration:

- (a) The potential to be misidentified by other peace officers.
- (b) The potential to be misidentified by members of the public, who may be armed or who may take action.
- (c) The tactical disadvantage of being alone and the possibility of multiple or hidden suspects.
- (d) Limited off-duty firearms capabilities and ammunition.
- (e) The inability to communicate with responding peace officers.
- (f) The lack of equipment, such as body armor, handcuffs or control devices.
- (g) Unfamiliarity with the surroundings, including escape routes.
- (h) The potential for increased risk to bystanders by confronting a suspect or taking action.

#### 340.3.1 INTERVENTION PROCEDURE

If involvement is reasonably necessary, the officer should attempt to call or have someone else call 9-1-1 to request immediate assistance. If possible, the dispatcher receiving the call should obtain a description of the off-duty officer from the caller and broadcast that information to responding officers.

Whenever practicable, the officer should loudly and repeatedly identify him/herself as an officer with the Federalsburg Police Department until acknowledged. Official identification should also be displayed when possible.



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#### **340.4 CONSIDERATIONS**

When encountering a non-uniformed officer in public, uniformed officers should wait for acknowledgement by the non-uniformed officer in case he/she is working in an undercover capacity.

##### **340.4.1 NON-SWORN RESPONSIBILITIES**

Non-sworn members should not become involved in any law enforcement action while off-duty except to notify the local law enforcement authority and remain at the scene, if safe and practicable.

##### **340.4.2 INCIDENTS OF PERSONAL INTEREST**

Department members should refrain from handling incidents of personal interest (e.g., family or neighbor disputes) and should remain neutral. In such circumstances members should call the responsible agency to handle the matter.

#### **340.5 REPORTING**

If prior notification to the appropriate local law enforcement agency is not reasonably possible before taking action, the officer shall notify the agency as soon as reasonably practicable. Officers shall cooperate fully with the agency having jurisdiction by providing statements or reports as requested or as appropriate.

Officers shall notify the Shift Supervisor regarding any law enforcement action taken while off-duty. The Shift Supervisor may send a supervisor to the location. The supervisor may request assistance from the Chief, if deemed appropriate.

The Shift Supervisor shall determine whether a criminal or administrative report should be completed by the involved officer.

## Department Use of Social Media

### 341.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to ensure that any use of social media on behalf of the Department is consistent with the department mission.

This policy does not address all aspects of social media use. Specifically, it does not address:

- Personal use of social media by department members (see the Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking Policy).
- Use of social media in personnel processes (see the Recruitment and Selection Policy).
- Use of social media as part of a criminal investigation, other than disseminating information to the public on behalf of this department (see the Investigation and Prosecution Policy).

#### 341.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Social media** - Any of a wide array of Internet-based tools and platforms that allow for the sharing of information, such as the department website or social networking services.

### 341.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department may use social media as a method of effectively informing the public about department services, issues, investigations and other relevant events.

Department members shall ensure that the use or access of social media is done in a manner that protects the constitutional rights of all.

### 341.3 AUTHORIZED USERS

Only members authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee may utilize social media on behalf of the Department. Authorized members shall use only department-approved equipment during the normal course of duties to post and monitor department-related social media, unless they are specifically authorized to do otherwise by their supervisors.

The Chief of Police may develop specific guidelines identifying the type of content that may be posted. Any content that does not strictly conform to the guidelines should be approved by a supervisor prior to posting.

Requests to post information over department social media by members who are not authorized to post should be made through the member's chain of command.

### 341.4 AUTHORIZED CONTENT

Only content that is appropriate for public release, that supports the department mission and conforms to all department policies regarding the release of information may be posted.

Examples of appropriate content include:

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- (a) Announcements.
- (b) Tips and information related to crime prevention.
- (c) Investigative requests for information.
- (d) Requests that ask the community to engage in projects that are relevant to the department mission.
- (e) Real-time safety information that is related to in-progress crimes, geographical warnings or disaster information.
- (f) Traffic information.
- (g) Press releases.
- (h) Recruitment of personnel.

#### **341.4.1 INCIDENT-SPECIFIC USE**

In instances of active incidents where speed, accuracy and frequent updates are paramount (e.g., crime alerts, public safety information, traffic issues), the Chief or the authorized designee will be responsible for the compilation of information to be released, subject to the approval of the Incident Commander.

#### **341.5 PROHIBITED CONTENT**

Content that is prohibited from posting includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Content that is abusive, discriminatory, inflammatory or sexually explicit.
- (b) Any information that violates individual rights, including confidentiality and/or privacy rights and those provided under state, federal or local laws.
- (c) Any information that could compromise an ongoing investigation.
- (d) Any information that could tend to compromise or damage the mission, function, reputation or professionalism of the Federalsburg Police Department or its members.
- (e) Any information that could compromise the safety and security of department operations, members of the Department, victims, suspects or the public.
- (f) Any content posted for personal use.
- (g) Any content that has not been properly authorized by this policy or a supervisor.

Any member who becomes aware of content on this department's social media site that he/she believes is unauthorized or inappropriate should promptly report such content to a supervisor. The supervisor will ensure its removal from public view and investigate the cause of the entry.

#### **341.5.1 PUBLIC POSTING PROHIBITED**

Department social media sites shall be designed and maintained to prevent posting of content by the public.

The Department may provide a method for members of the public to contact department members directly.

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##### **341.6 MONITORING CONTENT**

The designated Authorized User for the department shall monitor all social media content to insure departmental standards are maintained. The Chief of Police will appoint a supervisor to review, at least annually, the use of department social media and report back on, at a minimum, the resources being used, the effectiveness of the content, any unauthorized or inappropriate content and the resolution of any issues.

##### **341.7 RETENTION OF RECORDS**

The Administration Sgt. should work with the Custodian of Records to establish a method of ensuring that public records generated in the process of social media use are retained in accordance with established records retention schedules.

##### **341.8 TRAINING**

Authorized members should receive training that, at a minimum, addresses legal issues concerning the appropriate use of social media sites, as well as privacy, civil rights, dissemination and retention of information posted on department sites.

## Extreme Risk Protective Orders

### 344.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for petitioning for and serving extreme risk protective orders and accounting for firearms and ammunition obtained pursuant to those orders.

#### 344.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Extreme risk protective order** - An order prohibiting a named person from having in his/her custody or control or purchasing a firearm or ammunition, as applicable (Md. Code PS § 5–601 et seq.).

### 344.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to petition for and serve extreme risk protective orders in compliance with state law, and to properly account for firearms and ammunition obtained by the Department pursuant to such orders.

### 344.3 EXTREME RISK PROTECTIVE ORDER COORDINATOR

The Chief of Police will appoint an extreme risk protective order coordinator. The responsibilities of the coordinator include:

- (a) Developing and maintaining procedures for the filing of a petition for an extreme risk protective order by the Department (Md. Code PS § 5–601; Md. Code PS § 5–602).
- (b) Developing and maintaining procedures for the receipt and service of extreme risk protective orders consistent with the requirements of Md. Code PS § 5–603, Md. Code PS § 5–604, Md. Code PS § 5–607, and Md. Code PS § 5–608. Procedures should include:
  1. Acceptance of voluntarily surrendered firearms and ammunition from a person who is the subject of the protective order.
  2. Assessing a protective order prior to service to determine whether the order should be served pursuant to the Warrant Service Policy and the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy.
  3. Preparing or obtaining a search warrant prior to attempting service of the extreme risk protective order.
  4. Service of the extreme risk protective order as soon as possible, return of service to the clerk, and notification to the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services.
  5. Storage and return or disposition of surrendered and seized firearms.
  6. Criteria for assessing mental health risks and the appropriateness for emergency evaluations.
- (c) Coordinating with the Training Sergeant to provide officers who may be involved in petitioning for or serving extreme risk protective orders with appropriate training.

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Training should include determining when a petition is appropriate, the process for seeking an extreme risk protective order, and the process for serving such an order.

- (d) Reviewing each petition and service for an extreme risk protective order to ensure compliance with this policy, department procedures, and state law.

#### **344.4 EXTREME RISK PROTECTIVE ORDERS**

An officer who reasonably believes that an extreme risk protective order is appropriate should obtain supervisor approval prior to seeking an order.

##### **344.4.1 STANDARDS**

Extreme risk protective orders may be appropriate if a person poses an immediate and present danger of causing personal injury to him/herself or another by having a firearm (Md. Code PS § 5-603).

##### **344.4.2 REQUIREMENTS OF PETITION**

An application for an extreme risk protective order should be prepared consistent with state law and the procedures developed by the extreme risk protective order coordinator (Md. Code PS § 5-602).

#### **344.5 SERVICE**

Officers shall personally serve a copy of an extreme risk protective order, along with the accompanying notice of hearing and petition, if applicable, on the person named in the order as soon as possible and make the proper return. Service of risk protection orders takes precedence over the service of other orders, except for orders of a similar emergency nature (Md. Code PS § 5-603; Md. Code PS § 5-604).

Within two hours after service of an extreme risk protective order, this department is responsible for electronically notifying the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services (Md. Code PS § 5-603; Md. Code PS § 5-604).

##### **344.5.1 SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS**

Upon receipt of an extreme risk protective order, the operations director or the authorized designee should evaluate the circumstances of the order and consider what precautions are appropriate for service.

When appropriate based on the circumstances and department procedures, service of extreme risk protective orders should be executed pursuant to the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy.

In no circumstances should less than two officers be present when an extreme risk protective order is being served.

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##### **344.5.2 SURRENDER OF FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION**

Officers serving an extreme risk protective order shall request that the person who is the subject of the order immediately surrender all firearms and ammunition in his/her custody, control, or possession. Officers shall take custody of any firearms or ammunition.

A receipt identifying all surrendered items and the process for reclaiming the items shall be prepared by the officer and a copy given to the person (Md. Code PS § 5–608). The officer should ensure the original receipt is forwarded to the Administrative Assistant as soon as practicable.

All items collected should be handled and booked in accordance with the Evidence Policy.

##### **344.5.3 SEARCH WARRANTS**

If the person subject to the extreme risk protective order refuses to surrender all firearms and ammunition or if an officer serving an extreme risk protective order reasonably believes there are firearms or ammunition in the person's custody, control, or possession that have not been surrendered, the officer should consider whether to seek a search warrant (Md. Code CP § 1–203; Md. Code PS § 5–607).

Officers should be prepared to file a search warrant prior to attempting service of an extreme risk protective order. Preparation and service of the search warrant should be done in accordance with the Warrant Service Policy.

#### **344.6 RECORDS HEAD RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Administrative Assistant is responsible for:

- (a) Ensuring orders have been properly entered into state and national databases as required.
- (b) Removing from any computer-based system in which it was entered, an original order upon receipt of an order to vacate from the court as required.

#### **344.7 COURT-ORDERED SURRENDER OF FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION**

Authorized members should accept firearms and ammunition from any person who is the subject of an extreme risk protective order. The member receiving any such firearms or ammunition shall issue a receipt identifying all surrendered items, in addition to following other relevant Department procedures (Md. Code PS § 5–608).

##### **344.7.1 STATE-SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS**

The receipt identifying all surrendered items shall contain information concerning make, model, and serial number, as applicable, and a copy shall be given to the person (Md. Code PS § 5–608). The member should ensure the original receipt is forwarded to the Administrative Assistant as soon as practicable.

The receiving member shall also ensure that the person who is the subject of the order is provided with information on the process for reclaiming the firearms and/or ammunition upon the expiration or termination of the order (Md. Code PS § 5–608).

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All firearms received in relation to an extreme risk protective order should be stored and transported in a protective case, if available, and in a manner to prevent damage to the firearm. No identifying or other marks may be placed on the firearm (Md. Code PS § 5–608).

#### **344.8 RELEASE OF FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION**

Any person requesting the release of any firearm or ammunition in Department custody pursuant to an extreme risk protective order should be referred to the Evidence. Firearms or ammunition received in relation to an extreme risk protective order should only be disposed of in accordance with Md. Code PS § 5–608 and established office policies and procedures.

#### **344.9 RENEWAL OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTIVE ORDER**

The Patrol supervisor is responsible for the review of any extreme risk protective order obtained by the Department to determine if renewal or extension of the order should be requested within the time prescribed by law (Md. Code PS § 5–606).

#### **344.10 MENTAL HEALTH REFERRALS**

Any member who receives notice of a referral for an emergency mental evaluation of a respondent in a matter involving an extreme risk protective order from a District Court commissioner should ensure that an emergency mental evaluation is conducted, if appropriate, in accordance with state law and the Mental Health Evaluations policy (Md. Code PS § 5-603; Md. Code HG § 10-601 et seq.).



## Community Relations

### 345.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for community relationship-building.

Additional guidance on community relations and outreach is provided in other policies, including the:

- Hate Crimes Policy.
- Limited English Proficiency Services Policy.
- Communications with Persons with Disabilities Policy.
- Chaplains Policy.
- Patrol Policy.
- Suspicious Activity Reporting Policy.

### 345.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to promote positive relationships between department members and the community by treating community members with dignity and respect and engaging them in public safety strategy development and relationship-building activities, and by making relevant policy and operations information available to the community in a transparent manner.

### 345.3 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Officers should, as time and circumstances reasonably permit:

- (a) Make casual and consensual contacts with community members to promote positive community relationships (see the Contacts and Temporary Detentions Policy).
- (b) Become reasonably familiar with the schools, businesses and community groups in their assigned jurisdictional areas.
- (c) Work with community members and the department community relations coordinator to identify issues and solve problems related to community relations and public safety.
- (d) Conduct periodic foot patrols of their assigned areas to facilitate interaction with community members. Officers carrying out foot patrols should notify an appropriate supervisor and 911 Center of their status (i.e., on foot patrol) and location before beginning and upon completion of the foot patrol. They should also periodically inform 911 Center of their location and status during the foot patrol.

### 345.4 COMMUNITY RELATIONS COORDINATOR

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should designate a member of the Department to serve as the community relations coordinator. He/she should report directly to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee and is responsible for:

- (a) Obtaining department-approved training related to his/her responsibilities.

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- (b) Responding to requests from department members and the community for assistance in identifying issues and solving problems related to community relations and public safety.
- (c) Organizing surveys to measure the condition of the department's relationship with the community.
- (d) Working with community groups, department members and other community resources to:
  - 1. Identify and solve public safety problems within the community.
  - 2. Organize programs and activities that help build positive relationships between department members and the community and provide community members with an improved understanding of department operations.
- (e) Working with the Patrol Sgt. to develop patrol deployment plans that allow officers the time to participate in community engagement and problem-solving activities.
- (f) Recognizing department and community members for exceptional work or performance in community relations efforts.
- (g) Attending Town council and other community meetings to obtain information on community relations needs.
- (h) Assisting with the department's response to events that may affect community relations, such as an incident where the conduct of a department member is called into public question.
- (i) Informing the Chief of Police and others of developments and needs related to the furtherance of the department's community relations goals, as appropriate.

#### **345.5 SURVEYS**

The community relations coordinator should arrange for a survey of community members and department members to be conducted at least annually to assess the condition of the relationship between the Department and the community. Survey questions should be designed to evaluate perceptions of the following:

- (a) Overall performance of the Department
- (b) Overall competence of department members
- (c) Attitude and behavior of department members
- (d) Level of community trust in the Department
- (e) Safety, security or other concerns

A written summary of the compiled results of the survey should be provided to the Chief of Police.

#### **345.6 COMMUNITY AND YOUTH ACTIVITIES AND PROGRAMS**

The community relations coordinator should organize or assist with programs and activities that create opportunities for department members and community members, especially youth, to interact in a positive setting. Examples of such programs and events include:

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- (a) Department-sponsored athletic programs (e.g., baseball, basketball, soccer, bowling).
- (b) Police-community get-togethers (e.g., cookouts, meals, charity events).
- (c) Youth leadership and life skills mentoring.
- (d) School resource officer/Drug Abuse Resistance Education (D.A.R.E.®) programs.
- (e) Neighborhood Watch and crime prevention programs.

#### **345.7 INFORMATION SHARING**

The community relations coordinator should work with the Chief to develop methods and procedures for the convenient sharing of information (e.g., major incident notifications, significant changes in department operations, comments, feedback, positive events) between the Department and community members. Examples of information-sharing methods include:

- (a) Community meetings.
- (b) Social media (see the Department Use of Social Media Policy).
- (c) Department website postings. Information should be regularly refreshed, to inform and engage community members continuously.

#### **345.8 LAW ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS EDUCATION**

The community relations coordinator should develop methods to educate community members on general law enforcement operations so they may understand the work that officers do to keep the community safe. Examples of educational methods include:

- (a) Development and distribution of informational cards/flyers.
- (b) Department website postings.
- (c) Presentations to driver education classes.
- (d) Instruction in schools.
- (e) Department ride-alongs (see the Ride-Alongs Policy).
- (f) Scenario/Simulation exercises with community member participation.
- (g) Youth internships at the Department.
- (h) Citizen academies.

Instructional information should include direction on how community members should interact with the police during enforcement or investigative contacts and how community members can make a complaint to the Department regarding alleged misconduct or inappropriate job performance by department members.

#### **345.9 SAFETY AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS BEST PRACTICE**

Department members responsible for community relations activities should consider the safety of the community participants and, as much as reasonably practicable, not allow them to be present in any location or situation that would jeopardize their safety.

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Department members in charge of community relations events should ensure that participating community members have completed waiver forms before participation, if appropriate. A parent or guardian must complete the waiver form if the participating community member has not reached 18 years of age.

Community members are subject to a criminal history check before approval for participation in certain activities, such as citizen academies.

#### **345.10 COMMUNITY ADVISORY COMMITTEE**

The Chief of Police should establish a committee of volunteers consisting of community members, community leaders and other community stakeholders (e.g., representatives from schools, churches, businesses, social service organizations). The makeup of the committee should reflect the demographics of the community as much as practicable.

The committee should convene regularly to:

- (a) Provide a public forum for gathering information about public safety concerns in the community.
- (b) Work with the Department to develop strategies to solve public safety problems.
- (c) Generate plans for improving the relationship between the Department and the community.
- (d) Participate in community outreach to solicit input from community members, including youth from the community.

The Training Sergeant should arrange for initial and ongoing training for committee members on topics relevant to their responsibilities.

The Chief of Police may include the committee in the evaluation and development of department policies and procedures and may ask them to review certain personnel complaints for the purpose of providing recommendations regarding supervisory, training or other issues as appropriate.

#### **345.10.1 LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS**

The Chief of Police and the community relations coordinator should work with the Town Attorney as appropriate to ensure the committee complies with any legal requirements such as public notices, records maintenance and any other associated obligations or procedures.

#### **345.11 TRANSPARENCY**

The Department should periodically publish statistical data and analysis regarding the department's operations. The reports should not contain the names of the officer, suspects or case numbers. The community relations coordinator should work with the community advisory committee to identify information that may increase transparency regarding department operations.

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##### **345.11.1 POSTING**

The community relations coordinator should post appropriate department policies and other appropriate information on the department website and the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC) website. The community relations coordinator also should post in a prominent public location an explanation of the procedures for filing a complaint of officer misconduct as defined by Md. Code PS § 3-101 (Md. Code PS § 3-515). See the Personnel Complaints Policy for additional information.

##### **345.12 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, members should receive training related to this policy, including training on topics such as:

- (a) Effective social interaction and communication skills.
- (b) Cultural, racial and ethnic diversity and relations.
- (c) Building community partnerships.
- (d) Community policing and problem-solving principles.
- (e) Enforcement actions and their effects on community relations.

Where practicable and appropriate, community members, especially those with relevant expertise, should be involved in the training to provide input from a community perspective.

##### **345.13 OTHER STATE REQUIREMENTS**

The community relations coordinator should ensure that the department's community policing program is filed annually with the MPTSC (Md. Code PS § 3-517).

## **Chapter 4 - Patrol Operations**

## Patrol

### 400.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to define the patrol function and address intraorganizational cooperation and information sharing.

### 400.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department provides patrol services 24 hours a day, seven days a week and will prioritize responses to requests for emergency services using available resources to enhance the safety of the public and department members.

### 400.3 FUNCTION

Patrol will generally be conducted by uniformed officers in clearly marked law enforcement vehicles in assigned jurisdictional areas of Federalsburg. The function of patrol is to respond to calls for assistance and reports of criminal activity, act as a deterrent to crime, enforce state and local laws, identify community needs, provide support and assistance to the community and respond to emergencies.

Patrol services include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Responding to emergency calls for service.
- (b) Apprehending criminal offenders.
- (c) Providing mutual aid and assistance to other agencies for emergency and law enforcement-related activities.
- (d) Patrol that is directed at the prevention of criminal acts, traffic violations and collisions, the maintenance of public order and the discovery of hazardous situations or conditions.
- (e) Responding to reports of both criminal and non-criminal acts.
- (f) Responding to routine calls for service, such as public assistance or public safety.
- (g) Traffic direction and control.
- (h) Crime prevention activities, such as residential inspections, business inspections and community presentations.
- (i) Community-oriented policing and problem-solving activities including the application of resources to improve or resolve specific problems or situations and contacting or assisting members of the public in a positive way.
- (j) The application of resources to specific problems or situations within the community that may be improved or resolved by community-oriented policing and problem-solving strategies.

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### **400.4 INFORMATION SHARING**

To the extent feasible, all information relevant to the mission of the Department should be shared among all divisions and specialized units on a timely basis. Members should be provided with opportunities on a regular basis to share information during the daily briefings and to attend briefings of other divisions or specialized units.

Additionally, information should be shared with outside agencies and the public in conformance with department policies and applicable laws.

### **400.5 CROWDS, EVENTS AND GATHERINGS**

Officers may encounter gatherings of people, including, but not limited to, civil demonstrations, civic, social and business events, public displays, parades and sporting events. Officers should monitor such events as time permits in an effort to keep the peace and protect the safety and rights of those present. A patrol supervisor should be notified when it becomes reasonably foreseeable that such an event may require increased monitoring, contact or intervention.

Officers responding to an event or gathering that warrants law enforcement involvement should carefully balance the speech and association rights of those present with applicable public safety concerns before taking enforcement action.

Generally, officers should consider seeking compliance through advisements and warnings for minor violations, and should reserve greater enforcement options for more serious violations or when voluntary compliance with the law is not achieved.

Officers are encouraged to contact organizers or responsible persons to seek voluntary compliance that may address relevant public safety concerns.



## Bias-Based Policing

### 401.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to department members that affirms the Federalsburg Police Department's commitment to policing that is fair and objective (Md. Code TR § 25-113).

Nothing in this policy prohibits the use of specified characteristics in law enforcement activities designed to strengthen the department's relationship with its diverse communities (e.g., cultural and ethnicity awareness training, youth programs, community group outreach, partnerships).

#### 401.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Bias-based policing** - An inappropriate reliance on actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, economic status, age, cultural group, disability, or affiliation with any non-criminal group (protected characteristics) as the basis for providing differing law enforcement service or enforcement.

### 401.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department is committed to providing law enforcement services to the community with due regard for the racial, cultural or other differences of those served. It is the policy of this department to provide law enforcement services and to enforce the law equally, fairly, objectively and without discrimination toward any individual or group.

### 401.3 BIAS-BASED POLICING PROHIBITED

Bias-based policing is strictly prohibited.

However, nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit an officer from considering protected characteristics in combination with credible, timely and distinct information connecting a person or people of a specific characteristic to a specific unlawful incident, or to specific unlawful incidents, specific criminal patterns or specific schemes.

#### 401.3.1 OTHER PROHIBITIONS

The Federalsburg Police Department prohibits the illegal use of an individual or group's attire, appearance or mode of transportation, including the fact that an individual rides a motorcycle or wears motorcycle-related paraphernalia, as a factor in deciding to stop and question, take enforcement action, arrest or search a person or vehicle (Md. Code PS § 3-207).

### 401.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Every member of this department shall perform his/her duties in a fair and objective manner and is responsible for promptly reporting any suspected or known instances of bias-based policing to a supervisor. Members should, when reasonable to do so, intervene to prevent any biased-based actions by another member.

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##### **401.4.1 REASON FOR CONTACT**

Officers contacting a person shall be prepared to articulate sufficient reason for the contact, independent of the protected characteristics of the individual.

To the extent that written documentation would otherwise be completed (e.g., arrest report, field interview (FI) card), the involved officer should include those facts giving rise to the contact, as applicable.

Except for required data-collection forms or methods, nothing in this policy shall require any officer to document a contact that would not otherwise require reporting.

##### **401.4.2 REPORTING TRAFFIC STOPS**

Officers shall not use an individual's race or ethnicity as the sole justification to initiate a traffic stop. However, this does not alter the authority of an officer to make an arrest, conduct a search or seizure, or otherwise fulfill the officer's law enforcement obligations (Md. Code TR § 25-113).

Each time an officer makes a traffic stop, the officer shall report any information as required in the Safety Equipment Repair Orders (SERO), Traffic and Parking Citations Policy (Md. Code TR § 25-113).

##### **401.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Supervisors should monitor those individuals under their command for compliance with this policy and shall handle any alleged or observed violations in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy.

- (a) Supervisors should discuss any issues with the involved officer and his/her supervisor in a timely manner.
  - 1. Supervisors should document these discussions, in the prescribed manner.
- (b) Supervisors should periodically review Mobile Audio/Video (MAV) recordings, portable audio/video recordings, Laptop (Laptop) data and any other available resource used to document contact between officers and the public to ensure compliance with this policy.
  - 1. Supervisors should document these periodic reviews.
  - 2. Recordings or data that capture a potential instance of bias-based policing should be appropriately retained for administrative investigation purposes.
- (c) Supervisors shall initiate investigations of any actual or alleged violations of this policy.
- (d) Supervisors should take prompt and reasonable steps to address any retaliatory action taken against any member of this department who discloses information concerning bias-based policing.

##### **401.6 STATE REPORTING**

The Records Section shall compile and submit the required traffic stop data to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center no later than March 1 of the following calendar year (Md. Code TR § 25-113).

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##### **401.7 ADMINISTRATION**

The Patrol Sgt. should review the efforts of the Department to provide fair and objective policing, including traffic stop data, and submit an annual report, including public concerns and complaints, to the Chief of Police. The annual report should not contain any identifying information about any specific complaint, member of the public or officer. It should be reviewed by the Chief of Police to identify any changes in training or operations that should be made to improve service (Md. Code TR § 25-113).

Supervisors should review the annual report and discuss the results with those they are assigned to supervise.

The Patrol Sgt. shall also review the annual report generated by the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center analyzing the information submitted by this and other law enforcement agencies (Md. Code TR § 25-113).

##### **401.8 TRAINING**

Training on fair and objective policing and review of this policy should be conducted as directed by the Training Sergeant.

Officers shall complete implicit bias testing and training approved by the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission upon hiring and annually (Md. Code PS § 3-207).

## Briefing

### 402.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy discusses the activity of briefing and includes the tasks that should be accomplished during this short period.

### 402.2 POLICY

Briefing is intended to facilitate the accurate flow of information in order to enhance coordination of activities, improve performance and safety, and outline the expected actions of members.

### 402.3 BRIEFING

All personnel, when relieving the prior shift officer will conduct regular briefing to discuss, disseminate and exchange information among department members, work groups and other organizations. A supervisor generally will conduct briefing. However, the supervisor may delegate this responsibility to a subordinate member in his/her absence or for training purposes.

Briefing should include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Providing members with information regarding daily activities, with particular attention given to changes in the status of the following:
  - 1. Wanted persons.
  - 2. Crime patterns.
  - 3. Suspect descriptions.
  - 4. Intelligence reports and photographs.
  - 5. Community issues affecting law enforcement.
  - 6. Major investigations.
- (b) Notifying members of changes in schedules and assignments.
- (c) Reviewing recent incidents for situational awareness and training purposes.
- (d) Providing training on a variety of subjects.
- (e) Periodic personnel inspections.

Supervisors should also ensure that all members are informed about Departmental Directives and any recent policy changes.

### 402.4 PREPARATION OF MATERIALS

The member conducting briefing is responsible for preparation of the materials necessary for a constructive briefing.

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#### **402.5 TRAINING**

Briefing training should incorporate short segments on a variety of subjects or topics and may include:

- (a) Review and discussion of new or updated policies.
- (b) Presentation and discussion of the proper application of existing policy to routine daily activities.
- (c) Presentation and discussion of the proper application of existing policy to unusual activities.
- (d) Review of recent incidents for training purposes.

Briefing training materials and a curriculum or summary shall be forwarded to the Training Sergeant for inclusion in training records, as appropriate.

## Crime and Disaster Scene Integrity

### 403.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance in handling a major crime or disaster.

### 403.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to secure crime or disaster scenes so that evidence is preserved, and to identify and mitigate the dangers associated with a major crime or disaster scene for the safety of the community and those required to enter or work near the scene.

### 403.3 SCENE RESPONSIBILITY

The first officer at the scene of a crime or major incident is generally responsible for the immediate safety of the public and preservation of the scene. Officers shall also consider officer safety and the safety of those persons entering or exiting the area, including those rendering medical aid to any injured parties. Once an officer has assumed or been assigned to maintain the integrity and security of the crime or disaster scene, it shall be maintained until the officer is properly relieved by a supervisor or other designated person.

### 403.4 FIRST RESPONDER CONSIDERATIONS

The following list generally describes the first responder's function at a crime or disaster scene. This list is not intended to be all-inclusive, is not necessarily in order and may be altered according to the demands of each situation:

- (a) Broadcast emergency information, including requests for additional assistance and resources.
- (b) Provide for the general safety of those within the immediate area by mitigating, reducing or eliminating threats or dangers.
- (c) Locate or identify suspects and determine whether dangerous suspects are still within the area.
- (d) Provide first aid to injured parties if it can be done safely.
- (e) Evacuate the location safely as required or appropriate.
- (f) Secure the inner perimeter.
- (g) Protect items of apparent evidentiary value.
- (h) Secure an outer perimeter.
- (i) Identify potential witnesses.
- (j) Start a chronological log noting critical times and personnel allowed access.

### 403.5 SEARCHES

Officers arriving at crime or disaster scenes are often faced with the immediate need to search for and render aid to victims, and to determine if suspects are present and continue to pose a threat.

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Once officers are satisfied that no additional suspects are present and/or there are no injured persons to be treated, those exigent circumstances will likely no longer exist. Officers should thereafter secure the scene and conduct no further search until additional or alternate authority for the search is obtained, such as consent or a search warrant.

##### 403.5.1 CONSENT

When possible, officers should seek written consent to search from authorized individuals. However, in the case of serious crimes or major investigations, it may be prudent to also obtain a search warrant. Consent as an additional authorization may be sought, even in cases where a search warrant has been granted.

## Crisis Response Unit

### 404.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the specialized support of the Crisis Response Unit (CRU) in handling critical field operations where special tactical deployment methods or intense negotiations are beyond the capacity of field officers.

#### 404.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Negotiation team** - Designated officers, including those in a multijurisdictional team, who are specifically trained and equipped to provide skilled verbal communications to de-escalate or effect surrender in situations where suspects have taken hostages, barricaded themselves or who are suicidal.

**Tactical team** - Designated officers, including those in a multijurisdictional team, who are specifically trained and equipped to resolve critical incidents that are so hazardous, complex or unusual that they may exceed the capabilities of first responders or investigators. This includes, but is not limited to, hostage taking, barricaded suspects, snipers, terrorist acts and other high-risk incidents. As a matter of department policy, a tactical team may also be used to serve high-risk warrants, both search and arrest, where public and officer safety issues necessitate such use.

### 404.2 POLICY

It shall be the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to maintain a CRU or to participate (when available) in a regional team, composed of negotiation and tactical teams, and to provide the equipment, manpower and training necessary to maintain such teams. The CRU should develop sufficient resources to perform three basic operational functions:

- (a) Command and control.
- (b) Containment.
- (c) Entry/apprehension/rescue.

### 404.3 CAPABILITIES

This department acknowledges that training needs may vary based on the experience level of team members, team administrators and potential Incident Commanders (ICs). Therefore, with the preservation of innocent human life being paramount, nothing in this policy shall prohibit individual teams from responding to a situation that exceeds their training level due to the exigency of the circumstances.

The various levels of tactical team capability and training are as follows and may fluctuate based upon personnel, training, available equipment, resources and capabilities:

- Level I - A basic team capable of providing containment and intervention in critical incidents that exceed the training and resources available to line-level officers. This does not include ad hoc teams of officers that are formed around a specific mission,



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detail or incident (e.g., active shooter response). Generally 5 percent of the Level I team's on-duty time should be devoted to training.

- Level II - An intermediate-level tactical team capable of providing containment and intervention. These teams possess tactical capabilities above the Level I teams. These teams may or may not work together on a daily basis, but are intended to respond to incidents as a team. At least 5 percent of the Level II team's on-duty time should be devoted to training with supplemental training for tactical capabilities above the Level I team.
- Level III - An advanced-level tactical team whose members function on a full-time basis. Generally 25 percent of the Level III team's on-duty time is devoted to training. Level III teams operate in accordance with contemporary best practices. Such teams possess both skills and equipment to utilize tactics beyond the capabilities of Level I and Level II teams.

#### **404.4 MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION**

Under the direction of the Chief of Police, through the Patrol Sgt., the CRU shall be managed by the appointed CRU Commander. The CRU Commander shall be selected by the Chief of Police upon recommendation of command staff.

##### **404.4.1 TEAM SUPERVISORS**

The negotiation team and tactical team will be under the direction of designated team supervisors, who shall be selected by the Chief of Police upon specific recommendation by command staff and the CRU Commander.

The primary responsibility of the team supervisors is to oversee the operation of their teams, which includes deployment, training, first-line supervisor participation and other duties as directed by the CRU Commander.

#### **404.5 READINESS**

An operational readiness assessment should be conducted to determine the type and extent of CRU missions and operations appropriate to this department. The assessment should consider the capabilities, training and limitations of the CRU and should be reviewed annually by the CRU Commander or the authorized designee.

##### **404.5.1 EQUIPMENT INSPECTIONS**

The CRU Commander shall appoint a team supervisor to perform operational readiness inspections of all CRU equipment at least quarterly. The result of the inspection will be forwarded to the CRU Commander in writing. The inspections will include personal equipment issued to members of the CRU, operational equipment maintained in the CRU facility and equipment maintained or used in CRU vehicles.

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#### 404.5.2 MULTIJURISDICTIONAL OPERATIONS

The CRU, including any relevant specialized teams and supporting resources, should develop protocols, agreements, memorandums of understanding (MOUs) or working relationships to support multijurisdictional or regional responses.

- (a) If it is anticipated that multijurisdictional CRU operations will regularly be conducted, multi-agency and multidisciplinary joint training exercises are encouraged should occur.
- (b) Members of the Federalsburg Police Department CRU shall operate under the policies, procedures and command of the Federalsburg Police Department when working in a multi-agency situation.

#### **404.6 PROCEDURES**

Situations that necessitate the need for a CRU response vary greatly from incident to incident and often demand on-scene evaluation. The guidelines allow for appropriate on-scene decision-making and development of organizational and operational procedures.

##### 404.6.1 ORGANIZATIONAL PROCEDURES

The Department shall develop a separate written set of organizational procedures that should address, at a minimum:

- (a) Specific missions the CRU is capable of performing.
- (b) CRU organization and function.
- (c) Member selection, retention and termination criteria.
- (d) Training and required competencies including record production and retention.
- (e) Procedures for notification, activation, deactivation and deployment.
- (f) Command and control issues, including a clearly defined command structure and dedicated lines of communication.
- (g) Multi-agency response.
- (h) Out-of-jurisdiction response.
- (i) Specialized functions and supporting resources.

##### 404.6.2 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

The Department shall develop a separate written set of operational procedures in accordance with the determination of the CRU's level of capability, using sound risk-reduction practices. The operational procedures should be patterned after the National Tactical Officers Association's (NTOA) SWAT Standard for Law Enforcement Agencies. Because such procedures are specific to CRU members and outline negotiation, tactical and officer safety issues, they are not included within this policy.

The operational procedures should include, at a minimum:

- (a) Designation of members who are responsible for developing an operational or tactical plan prior to, and/or during CRU operations (time permitting).

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1. All CRU members should have an understanding of operational planning.
  2. CRU training should include planning for both spontaneous and planned events.
  3. CRU planning should incorporate medical emergency contingency plans as part of the CRU operational plan.
- (b) Plans for mission briefings conducted prior to an operation, unless circumstances require immediate deployment.
1. When possible, briefings should include the specialized teams, certified tactical dispatchers and other supporting personnel.
- (c) Protocols for a sustained operation to be developed that may include relief, rotation of members and augmentation of personnel and resources.
- (d) A generic checklist to be worked through prior to initiating a tactical action as a means of conducting a threat assessment to determine the appropriate response and resources necessary, including the use of the CRU.
- (e) Roles for the negotiations team and negotiators.
- (f) A standard method of determining whether a warrant should be regarded as high risk.
- (g) A method for deciding how best to serve a high-risk warrant with all reasonably foreseeable alternatives being reviewed in accordance with risk/benefit criteria prior to selecting the method of response.
- (h) Protocols for post-incident scene management, including:
1. Documentation of the incident.
  2. Transition to investigations and/or other divisions.
  3. Debriefing after every deployment of the CRU.
    - (a) After-action team debriefing provides evaluation and analysis of critical incidents and affords the opportunity for individual and team assessments, helps to identify training needs and reinforces sound risk management practices.
    - (b) Such debriefing should not be conducted until involved members have had the opportunity to individually complete necessary reports or provide formal statements.
    - (c) In order to maintain candor and a meaningful exchange, debriefing will generally not be recorded.
    - (d) When appropriate, debriefing should include specialized teams and supporting or assisting personnel.
- (i) A sound risk management analysis.
- (j) Standardization of equipment deployed.

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#### **404.7 OPERATIONAL GUIDELINES**

The following are guidelines for the operational deployment of the CRU. Generally, the tactical team and the negotiation team will be activated together. It is recognized, however, that the teams can be activated independently as circumstances dictate. The tactical team may be used in a situation not requiring the physical presence of the negotiation team, such as warrant service operations. The negotiation team may be used in a situation not requiring the physical presence of the tactical team, such as handling a suicidal person. Operational deployment of the specialized teams shall be at the discretion of the CRU Commander.

##### **404.7.1 APPROPRIATE USE**

Incidents that may result in the activation of the CRU include:

- (a) Barricaded suspects who refuse an order to surrender.
- (b) Incidents where hostages are taken.
- (c) Individuals who are threatening suicide and have refused to surrender.
- (d) Arrests of potentially armed or dangerous persons.
- (e) Any situation that could threaten or undermine the ability of the Department to preserve life, maintain social order, and ensure the protection of persons or property.

Requests by field personnel for assistance from crisis response units from another agency must be approved by the Shift Supervisor. Deployment of the Federalsburg Police Department CRU in response to requests by other agencies must be authorized by a Sgt..

##### **404.7.2 ON-SCENE DETERMINATION AND NOTIFICATION**

The supervisor-in-charge at the scene of a particular event will be designated as the IC and will assess whether the CRU is to respond to the scene. With input from the IC, final determination will be made by the Shift Supervisor, who shall then notify the CRU Commander. If the CRU Commander is unavailable, then a specialized team supervisor shall be notified.

The Shift Supervisor should brief the CRU Commander about the incident. Such information should include:

- (a) The type of crime involved.
- (b) The number of suspects, identity and criminal history.
- (c) The known weapons and resources available to the suspect.
- (d) If the suspect is in control of hostages and/or barricaded.
- (e) Whether contact has been made with the suspect and whether there have been demands.
- (f) If potential victims are still within the inner perimeter.
- (g) If the suspect has threatened or attempted suicide.
- (h) The location of the command post and a safe approach to it.
- (i) The extent of any inner or outer perimeter and the number of personnel involved.

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- (j) Any other assets or resources at the scene including other involved agencies.
- (k) Any other important facts critical to the immediate situation.

The CRU Commander or team supervisor shall then follow current callout procedures. A current mobilization list shall be maintained in the Shift Supervisor's office and 911 Center by the CRU Commander.

The Shift Supervisor will notify the Patrol Sgt. as soon as practicable.

#### 404.7.3 FIELD PERSONNEL RESPONSIBILITIES

While waiting for the CRU to respond, field personnel should, if safe, practicable and sufficient resources exist:

- (a) Establish an arrest/response team in case the suspect takes action. The response team's tasks may include:
  - 1. Taking action to mitigate a deadly threat or behavior either inside or outside the location.
  - 2. Securing any subject or suspect who may surrender or attempt to escape.
- (b) Evacuate any injured persons in the zone of danger.
- (c) Evacuate or provide safety instructions to other people in the zone of danger.
- (d) Establish an inner and outer perimeter.
- (e) Establish a command post outside of the inner perimeter.
- (f) Attempt to establish preliminary communication with the suspect. Once the CRU has arrived, all negotiations should generally be halted to allow the negotiation and tactical teams time to organize, position and assume the appropriate roles and responsibilities.
- (g) Plan for, and stage, anticipated resources.

#### 404.7.4 ON-SCENE COMMAND RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon arrival of the CRU at the scene, the IC shall brief the CRU Commander and team supervisors. Upon review, it will be the CRU Commander's decision, with input from the IC, whether to deploy the CRU. Once the CRU Commander authorizes deployment, the CRU Commander or the authorized designee will be responsible for the tactical response and negotiations. The IC shall continue supervision of the command post operation, outer perimeter security and evacuation, media access and support the CRU. The IC and CRU Commander or the authorized designee shall maintain direct communication at all times.

#### 404.7.5 COMMUNICATIONS WITH CRU MEMBERS

All persons who are non-CRU members should refrain from any non-emergency contact or interference with any CRU member during active negotiations. CRU operations require the utmost in concentration by involved members and, as a result, no one should interrupt or communicate with CRU members directly. All non-emergency communications shall be channeled through the negotiation team or tactical team supervisor or the authorized designee.

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#### **404.8 TACTICAL TEAM ADMINISTRATIVE GUIDELINES**

The tactical team was established to provide a skilled and trained team for deployment to events that require specialized tactics, in situations where suspects have taken hostages and/or barricaded themselves, and in prolonged or predictable situations where persons who are armed or suspected of being armed pose a danger to themselves or others.

The following procedures serve as directives for the administrative operation of the tactical team.

##### **404.8.1 SELECTION OF TACTICAL MEMBERS**

Interested CRU members who are off probation shall submit a change-of-assignment request to their appropriate Sgt.s, a copy of which will be forwarded to the CRU Commander and other tactical team supervisors. Those qualifying applicants will then be invited to participate in the testing process. The order of the tests will be at the discretion of the CRU Commander. The testing process will consist of an oral interview, physical agility test, firearm qualification and team evaluation.

- (a) Oral interview: The oral interview will be conducted by individuals selected by the CRU Commander. Applicants will be evaluated by certain criteria, which includes:
  - 1. Recognized competence and ability, as evidenced by performance.
  - 2. Demonstrated good judgment and understanding of the critical role of a tactical team member.
  - 3. Special skills, training or appropriate education as it pertains to this assignment.
  - 4. Commitment to the CRU, realizing that the additional assignment may necessitate unusual working hours, conditions and training obligations.
- (b) Physical agility: The physical agility test is designed to determine the physical capabilities of the applicant as they relate to performance of tactical team-related duties. The test and scoring procedure will be established by the CRU Commander. A minimum qualifying score shall be attained by the applicant to be considered for the position.
- (c) Firearm qualification: Candidates will be invited to shoot the CRU basic drill for the handgun. A minimum qualifying score established by the Rangemaster must be attained to qualify.
- (d) Team evaluation: Current team members will evaluate each candidate on field tactical skills, teamwork, ability to work under stress, communication skills, judgment and any special skills that could benefit the team.

The CRU Commander shall submit a list of successful applicants to command staff for final selection.

##### **404.8.2 TACTICAL TRAINING**

Training shall be coordinated by the CRU Commander. The CRU Commander may conduct monthly training exercises that include a review and critique of members and their performance in the exercises, in addition to specialized training. Training shall consist of the following:

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- (a) Each tactical team member shall perform a physical fitness test twice each year. A minimum qualifying score must be attained by each team member.
- (b) Any tactical team member failing to attain the minimum physical fitness qualification score will be notified of the requirement to retest. Within 30 days of the previous physical fitness test date, the member required to qualify shall report to a team supervisor and complete the entire physical fitness test. Failure to qualify after a second attempt may result in dismissal from the team.
- (c) Those who are on vacation, are ill or on light-duty status with a medical professional's note of approval on the test date shall be responsible for reporting to a team supervisor and taking the test within 30 days of their return to regular duty. Any member who fails to arrange for and perform the physical fitness test within the 30-day period shall be considered as having failed to attain a qualifying score for that test period.
- (d) Each tactical team member shall complete the quarterly tactical team handgun qualification course. The qualification course shall consist of the CRU basic drill for the handgun. Failure to qualify will require the team member to seek remedial training from a Rangemaster who has been approved by the CRU Commander. Team members who fail to qualify will not be used in CRU operations until qualified. Team members who fail to qualify must retest within 30 days. Failure to qualify within 30 days, with or without remedial training, may result in dismissal from the team.
- (e) Each tactical team member shall complete the quarterly tactical qualification course for any specialty weapon issued to, or used by, the team member during tactical team operations. Failure to qualify will require the team member to seek remedial training from a Rangemaster who has been approved by the CRU Commander. Team members who fail to qualify on their specialty weapon may not utilize the specialty weapon on CRU operations until qualified. Team members who fail to qualify must retest within 30 days. Failure to qualify with specialty weapons within 30 days may result in the team member being removed from the team or permanently disqualified from use of that particular specialty weapon.

#### **404.8.3 TACTICAL TEAM EVALUATION**

Continual evaluation of a team member's performance and efficiency as it relates to the positive operation of the team shall be conducted by the team supervisor. The performance and efficiency level, as established by the team supervisor, will be met and maintained by all tactical team members. Any member of the tactical team who performs or functions at a level less than satisfactory shall be subject to dismissal from the team.

#### **404.9 NEGOTIATION TEAM ADMINISTRATIVE GUIDELINES**

The negotiation team has been established to provide skilled verbal communicators who will attempt to de-escalate and effect surrender in critical situations where suspects have taken hostages, barricaded themselves or have suicidal tendencies.

The following procedures serve as directives for the administrative operation of the negotiation team.

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##### 404.9.1 SELECTION OF NEGOTIATION MEMBERS

Interested department members who are off probation shall submit a change-of-assignment request to their appropriate Sgt.s. A copy of the request will be forwarded to the CRU Commander and the negotiation team supervisor. Qualified applicants will then be invited to an oral interview. The oral interview board will consist of the CRU Commander, the negotiation team supervisor and a third person to be selected by the two. Interested members shall be evaluated by certain criteria, which include:

- (a) Recognized competence and ability as evidenced by performance.
- (b) Demonstrated good judgment and understanding of the critical role of a negotiator and the negotiation process.
- (c) Effective communication skills.
- (d) Special skills, training or appropriate education as it pertains to the assignment.
- (e) Commitment to the CRU, realizing that the assignment may necessitate unusual working hours, conditions and training obligations.

The oral interview board shall submit a list of successful applicants to command staff for final selection.

##### 404.9.2 NEGOTIATION TRAINING

Training shall be coordinated by the CRU Commander. The CRU Commander may conduct monthly training exercises that include a review and critique of members and their performance in the exercises, in addition to specialized training.

A minimum of one training day per quarter will be required to provide the opportunity for role playing and situational training necessary to maintain proper skills. This will be coordinated by the team supervisor.

##### 404.9.3 NEGOTIATION TEAM EVALUATION

Continual evaluation of a team member's performance and efficiency as it relates to the positive operation of the team shall be conducted by the team supervisor. Performance and efficiency levels, established by the team supervisor, will be met and maintained by all team members. Any member of the negotiation team who performs or functions at a level less than satisfactory shall be subject to dismissal from the team.

#### **404.10 UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT**

CRU specialized teams from this department should wear uniforms that clearly identify them as law enforcement members. It is recognized that certain tactical conditions may require covert movement. Attire may be selected that is appropriate to the specific mission.

##### 404.10.1 EQUIPMENT

CRU specialized teams from this department should be adequately equipped to meet the specific missions identified by the Department.



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#### 404.10.2 FIREARMS

Weapons and equipment used by the CRU specialized teams and any supporting resources should be department-issued or approved, including any modifications, additions or attachments.

#### **404.11 TRAINING**

The CRU Commander shall conduct an annual CRU training needs assessment to ensure that training correlates to the team's capabilities and department policy.

#### 404.11.1 TRAINING SAFETY

Use of a designated safety officer should be considered for all tactical training.

#### 404.11.2 INITIAL TRAINING

Tactical and negotiation team members and team supervisors should not be deployed until successful completion of a basic CRU course or its equivalent has been approved by this department.

- (a) To avoid unnecessary or redundant training, previous training completed by members may be considered equivalent when the hours and content or topics meet or exceed requirements determined by the Department.
- (b) Untrained members may be used in a support or training capacity.

#### 404.11.3 UPDATE/REFRESHER TRAINING

Tactical and negotiation team members, team supervisors and certified tactical dispatchers should complete update or refresher training every 24 months.

#### 404.11.4 MANAGEMENT TRAINING

Command and executive personnel are encouraged to attend training for managing the CRU functions at the organizational level. This is to ensure that those who provide active oversight at the scene understand the purpose and capabilities of these specialized teams.

Command personnel who may assume incident command responsibilities should attend a tactical commander or critical IC course or its equivalent that has been approved by this department.

#### 404.11.5 SCENARIO-BASED TRAINING

CRU specialized teams should participate in scenario-based training that simulates the critical field operations environment. Such training is an established method of improving performance during an actual deployment.

#### 404.11.6 TRAINING DOCUMENTATION

Individual and team training shall be documented and records maintained by the Training Sergeant. Such documentation shall be maintained in each member's training file. A separate department CRU training file shall be maintained with documentation and records of all team training.

## Ride-Alongs

### 405.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for a ride-along with members of the Federalsburg Police Department. This policy provides the requirements, approval process, hours of operation and member responsibilities for ride-alongs.

### 405.2 POLICY

Ride-along opportunities will be provided to the members of the public, Town employees and members of this department to observe and experience first-hand various functions of the Federalsburg Police Department. The term "ride-along" includes riding as a passenger with an officer on patrol or observing the work day of members engaged in other functions within the Department such as 911 Center.

### 405.3 ELIGIBILITY

A ride-along is available to Federalsburg residents, business owners, students currently attending class in Federalsburg and those employed within the Town of Federalsburg. Efforts will be made to accommodate all interested persons. However, any applicant may be disqualified without cause from participating.

Factors that may be considered in disqualifying an applicant include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Being under 18 years of age
- Prior criminal history
- Pending criminal action
- Pending lawsuit against this department or the Town
- Denial by any supervisor

### 405.4 AVAILABILITY

A ride-along is available Monday through Thursday, 0800 hrs. to 2000 hours only. Exceptions to this schedule may be made as approved by the Chief of Police or Shift Supervisor.

### 405.5 REQUESTS TO PARTICIPATE

Generally, ride-along requests will be maintained and scheduled by the Shift Supervisor. The applicant will complete and sign a ride-along waiver form. If the applicant is under 18 years of age, a parent or guardian must be present to complete the waiver form. Information requested will include a valid state-issued identification card or driver's license number, birthdate, address and telephone number.

The Shift Supervisor will schedule a date, based on availability, generally one week after the date of application. If approved, a copy of the waiver form will be forwarded to the appropriate division as soon as possible for scheduling considerations.

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If the request is denied, a representative of this department will advise the applicant of the denial.

#### **405.6 PROCEDURES**

Once approved, ride-along applicants will be allowed to participate no more than once every six months. An exception may apply to the following law enforcement-involved participants:

- Explorers
- Volunteers
- Chaplains
- Federalsburg Police Department applicants
- Any others with approval of the Shift Supervisor
- Students enrolled in any department-approved dispatcher training course

An effort will be made to ensure that no more than one member of the public will participate in a ride-along during any given time period. Normally, no more than one ride-along participant will be allowed in department vehicles at a given time.

Ride-along requirements for department Explorers are covered in the Explorers Policy.

##### **405.6.1 OFF-DUTY PARTICIPATION**

Off-duty members of this department or any other law enforcement agency, and employees of the Town, will not be permitted to participate in a ride-along with on-duty members of this department without the express consent of the Shift Supervisor.

In the event that such participation is permitted, the off-duty department member, other law enforcement agency personnel or Town employee shall not:

- (a) Be considered on-duty.
- (b) Represent him/herself as a member of this department or any other law enforcement agency.
- (c) Participate in any law enforcement activity except as emergency circumstances may require.

##### **405.6.2 CRIMINAL HISTORY CHECK**

All ride-along applicants are subject to a criminal history check. The criminal history check may include a local records check and a Maryland Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) check prior to approval of the ride-along.

##### **405.6.3 SUITABLE ATTIRE**

Any person approved to participate in a ride-along or is required to be suitably dressed in a collared shirt, blouse or jacket, slacks and shoes. Sandals, t-shirts, tank tops, shorts and ripped or torn pants are not permitted. Hats and ball caps will not be worn without the express consent of the

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Shift Supervisor. The Shift Supervisor or a supervisor may refuse a ride-along to anyone who is not dressed appropriately.

#### **405.7 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

The assigned department member shall consider the safety of the ride-along participant at all times. The member shall maintain control over the participant and shall instruct the individual about the conditions that necessarily limit his/her participation. Instructions should include:

- (a) The participant will follow the directions of the department member.
- (b) The participant will not become involved in any investigation, handling of evidence, discussions with victims or suspects, reading an individual's criminal history or other protected information, or handling any police department equipment.
- (c) Participation may be terminated at any time by the department member if the participant interferes with the performance of the member's duties.
  - 1. If the participant is on a ride-along, the member may return the participant to the point the ride originated.
- (d) Participants may be allowed to continue a ride-along during the transportation and booking process, provided it does not jeopardize their safety.
- (e) Members will not allow participants to be present in any location or situation that would jeopardize the participant's safety or cause undue stress or embarrassment to a victim or any other member of the public.
- (f) Participants who are not law enforcement officers shall not be permitted to accompany the department member into a private residence without the express consent of the resident or other authorized person.

The member assigned to provide a ride-along shall advise the dispatcher that a ride-along participant is present in the vehicle before going into service. An officer with a ride-along participant should use sound discretion when encountering a potentially dangerous situation, such as a high speed pursuit, and if feasible, let the participant out of the vehicle in a well-lit public place. The dispatcher will be advised of the situation and as soon as practicable have another department member respond to pick up the participant at that location. The ride-along may be continued or terminated at this time.

Conduct by a person participating in a ride-along that results in termination of the ride, or is otherwise inappropriate, should be immediately reported to the Shift Supervisor. The member should enter comments regarding the reasons for terminating the ride-along on the waiver form.

Upon completion of the ride-along, the member shall return the waiver form to the Shift Supervisor.

## Hazardous Material Response

### 406.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Exposure to hazardous materials presents potential harm to department members and the public. This policy outlines the responsibilities of members who respond to these events and the factors that should be considered while on-scene, including the reporting of exposures and supervisor responsibilities.

#### 406.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Hazardous material** - A substance which, by its nature, containment or reactivity, has the capability of inflicting harm during exposure; characterized as being toxic, corrosive, flammable, reactive, an irritant or strong sensitizer and thereby posing a threat to health when improperly managed.

### 406.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to respond to hazardous material emergencies with due regard for the safety of the public and those members responding to such incidents.

### 406.3 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL RESPONSE

Members may encounter situations involving suspected hazardous materials, such as at the scene of a traffic accident, chemical spill or fire. When members come into contact with a suspected hazardous material, they should take certain steps to protect themselves and other persons.

The fire department is the agency trained and equipped to properly respond and mitigate most incidents involving hazardous materials and biohazards.

Responders should not perform tasks or use equipment without proper training. A responder entering the area may require decontamination before he/she is allowed to leave the scene, and should be evaluated by appropriate technicians and emergency medical services personnel for signs of exposure.

### 406.4 CONSIDERATIONS

The following steps should be considered at any scene involving suspected hazardous materials:

- (a) Make the initial assessment of a potentially hazardous material from a safe distance.
- (b) Notify 911 Center, appropriate supervisors, the appropriate fire department and hazardous response units.
  1. Provide weather conditions, wind direction, a suggested safe approach route and any other information pertinent to responder safety.
- (c) Wear personal protective gear, being cognizant that some hazardous material can be inhaled.

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- (d) Remain upwind, uphill and at a safe distance, maintaining awareness of weather and environmental conditions, until the material is identified and a process for handling has been determined.
- (e) Attempt to identify the type of hazardous material from a safe distance using optical aids (binoculars or spotting scopes) if they are available. Identification can be determined by:
  - 1. Placards or use of an emergency response guidebook.
  - 2. Driver's statements or shipping documents from the person transporting the material.
  - 3. Information obtained from any involved person with knowledge regarding the hazardous material. Information should include:
    - (a) The type of material.
    - (b) How to secure and contain the material.
    - (c) Any other information to protect the safety of those present, the community and the environment.
- (f) Provide first aid to injured parties if it can be done safely and without contamination.
- (g) Make reasonable efforts to secure the scene to prevent access from unauthorized individuals and to protect and identify any evidence.
- (h) Begin evacuation of the immediate and surrounding areas, dependent on the material. Voluntary evacuation should be considered; mandatory evacuation may be necessary and will depend on the type of material.
- (i) Establish a decontamination area when needed.
- (j) Activate automated community notification systems, if applicable.
- (k) Notify the county Department of Emergency Services.

#### **406.5 REPORTING EXPOSURE**

Department members who believe they have been exposed to a hazardous material shall immediately report the exposure to a supervisor. Each exposure shall be documented by the member in an incident report that shall be forwarded via chain of command to the Shift Supervisor as soon as practicable. Should the affected member be unable to document the exposure for any reason, it shall be the responsibility of the notified supervisor to complete the report.

Injury or illness caused or believed to be caused by exposure to hazardous materials shall be reported the same as any other on-duty injury or illness, in addition to a crime report or incident report as applicable.

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##### 406.5.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

When a supervisor has been informed that a member has been exposed to a hazardous material, he/she shall ensure that immediate medical treatment is obtained and appropriate action is taken to mitigate the exposure or continued exposure.

To ensure the safety of members, safety equipment is available from supervisors. Safety items not maintained by this department may be available through the appropriate fire department or emergency response team.

## Hostage and Barricade Incidents

### 407.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for situations where officers have legal cause to contact, detain or arrest a person, and the person refuses to submit to the lawful requests of the officers by remaining in a structure or vehicle and/or by taking a hostage.

The scope of this policy is not intended to address all variables that officers encounter during their initial response or when a hostage or barricade situation has developed. This policy does not require or recommend specific strategies or tactics for resolution as each incident is a dynamic and rapidly evolving event.

#### 407.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Barricade situation** - An incident where a person maintains a position of cover or concealment and ignores or resists law enforcement personnel, and it is reasonable to believe the subject is armed with a dangerous or deadly weapon.

**Hostage situation** - An incident where it is reasonable to believe a person is:

- Unlawfully held by a hostage-taker as security so that specified terms or conditions will be met.
- Unlawfully held against his/her will under threat or actual use of force.

### 407.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to address hostage and barricade situations with due regard for the preservation of life and balancing the risk of injury, while obtaining the safe release of hostages, apprehending offenders and securing available evidence.

### 407.3 COMMUNICATION

When circumstances permit, initial responding officers should try to establish and maintain lines of communication with a barricaded person or hostage-taker. Officers should attempt to identify any additional subjects, inquire about victims and injuries, seek the release of hostages, gather intelligence information, identify time-sensitive demands or conditions and obtain the suspect's surrender.

When available, department-authorized negotiators should respond to the scene as soon as practicable and assume communication responsibilities. Negotiators are permitted to exercise flexibility in each situation based upon their training, the circumstances presented, suspect actions or demands, and the available resources.



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##### **407.3.1 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS**

Officers may intercept a wire, oral or electronic communication in order to provide evidence if a person has created a barricade situation and there is probable cause to believe a hostage may be involved (Md. Code CJ § 10-402(c)(2)).

If the Chief of Police or a supervising officer has probable cause to believe that a hostage situation is occurring or that a person is barricaded within a structure and poses an immediate threat of physical injury to others, he/she may order the telephone company to interrupt, reroute, divert or otherwise control telephone service involved in the hostage or barricade situation (Md. Code CJ § 10-413(c)).

The Chief of Police or supervising officer shall give a written or oral representation of the hostage or barricade situation to the telephone company. If an order is given on the basis of an oral representation, the oral representation shall be followed by a written confirmation within 48 hours (Md. Code CJ § 10-413(e)).

For the purposes of this section, “supervising officer” means an officer as defined in Md. Code CJ § 10-413(g).

The Chief of Police may also designate one or more officers to serve as a hostage and barricade communications specialist responsible for rerouting, diverting or otherwise controlling any telephone communications service involved in a hostage or barricade situation. A hostage and barricade communications specialist shall act only if the telephone company providing service in the area has been contacted and the telephone company (Md. CJ § 10-413(a); Md. CJ § 10-413(d)):

- (a) Declines to respond to a request for assistance because of a threat of physical injury to its employees.
- (b) Indicates that it will be unable to respond appropriately to the request within a reasonable time.

##### **407.4 FIRST RESPONDER CONSIDERATIONS**

First responding officers should promptly and carefully evaluate all available information to determine whether an incident involves, or may later develop into, a hostage or barricade situation.

The first responding officer should immediately request a supervisor’s response as soon as it is determined that a hostage or barricade situation exists. The first responding officer shall assume the duties of the supervisor until relieved by a supervisor or a more qualified responder. The officer shall continually evaluate the situation, including the level of risk to officers, to the persons involved and to bystanders, and the resources currently available.

The handling officer should brief the arriving supervisor of the incident, including information about suspects and victims, the extent of any injuries, additional resources or equipment that may be needed, and current perimeters and evacuation areas.

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##### 407.4.1 BARRICADE SITUATION

Unless circumstances require otherwise, officers handling a barricade situation should attempt to avoid a forceful confrontation in favor of stabilizing the incident by establishing and maintaining lines of communication while awaiting the arrival of specialized personnel and trained negotiators. In the interim, the following options, while not all-inclusive or in any particular order, should be considered:

- (a) Ensure injured persons are evacuated from the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so. Request medical assistance.
- (b) Assign personnel to a contact team to control the subject should he/she attempt to exit the building, structure or vehicle, and attack, use deadly force, attempt to escape or surrender prior to additional resources arriving.
- (c) Request additional personnel, resources and equipment as needed (e.g., canine team, air support).
- (d) Provide responding emergency personnel with a safe arrival route to the location.
- (e) Evacuate uninjured persons in the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so.
- (f) Attempt or obtain a line of communication and gather as much information on the subject as possible, including weapons, other involved parties, additional hazards or injuries.
- (g) Establish an inner and outer perimeter as circumstances require and resources permit to prevent unauthorized access.
- (h) Evacuate bystanders, residents and businesses within the inner and then outer perimeter as appropriate. Check for injuries, the presence of other involved subjects, witnesses, evidence or additional information.
- (i) Determine the need for and notify the appropriate persons within and outside the Department, such as command officers and the Chief.
- (j) If necessary and available, establish a tactical or exclusive radio frequency for the incident.
- (k) Establish a command post.

##### 407.4.2 HOSTAGE SITUATION

Officers presented with a hostage situation should attempt to avoid a forceful confrontation in favor of controlling the incident in anticipation of the arrival of specialized personnel and trained hostage negotiators. However, it is understood that hostage situations are dynamic and can require that officers react quickly to developing or changing threats. The following options, while not all-inclusive or in any particular order, should be considered:

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- (a) Ensure injured persons are evacuated from the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so. Request medical assistance.
- (b) Assign personnel to a contact team to control the subject should he/she attempt to exit the building, structure or vehicle, and attack, use deadly force, attempt to escape or surrender prior to additional resources arriving.
- (c) Establish a rapid response team in the event it becomes necessary to rapidly enter a building, structure or vehicle, such as when the suspect is using deadly force against any hostages (see the Rapid Response and Deployment Policy).
- (d) Assist hostages or potential hostages to escape if it is reasonably safe to do so. Hostages should be kept separated, if practicable, pending further interview.
- (e) Request additional personnel, resources and equipment as needed (e.g., canine team, air support).
- (f) Provide responding emergency personnel with a safe arrival route to the location.
- (g) Evacuate uninjured persons in the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so.
- (h) Coordinate pursuit or surveillance vehicles and control of travel routes.
- (i) Attempt or obtain a line of communication and gather as much information about the suspect as possible, including any weapons, victims and their injuries, additional hazards, other involved parties and any other relevant intelligence information.
- (j) Establish an inner and outer perimeter as resources and circumstances permit to prevent unauthorized access.
- (k) Evacuate bystanders, residents and businesses within the inner and then outer perimeter as appropriate. Check for injuries, the presence of other involved subjects, witnesses, evidence or additional information.
- (l) Determine the need for and notify the appropriate persons within and outside the Department, such as command officers and the Chief.
- (m) If necessary and available, establish a tactical or exclusive radio frequency for the incident.

#### **407.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon being notified that a hostage or barricade situation exists, the supervisor should immediately respond to the scene, assess the risk level of the situation, establish a proper chain of command and assume the role of Incident Commander until properly relieved. This includes requesting Crisis Response Unit (CRU) response if appropriate and apprising the CRU Commander of the circumstances. In addition, the following options, listed here in no particular order, should be considered:

- (a) Ensure injured persons are evacuated and treated by medical personnel.

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- (b) Ensure the completion of necessary first responder responsibilities or assignments.
- (c) Request crisis negotiators, specialized assignment members, additional department members, resources or equipment as appropriate.
- (d) Establish a command post location as resources and circumstances permit.
- (e) Designate assistants who can help with intelligence information and documentation of the incident.
- (f) If it is practicable to do so, arrange for video documentation of the operation.
- (g) Consider contacting utility and communication providers when restricting such services (e.g., restricting electric power, gas, telephone service).
- (h) Ensure adequate law enforcement coverage for the remainder of the Town during the incident. The supervisor should direct nonessential personnel away from the scene unless they have been summoned by the supervisor or 911 Center.
- (i) Identify a media staging area outside the outer perimeter and have the department Chief or a designated temporary media representative provide media access in accordance with the Media Relations Policy.
- (j) Identify the need for mutual aid and the transition or relief of personnel for incidents of extended duration.
- (k) Debrief personnel and review documentation as appropriate.

#### **407.6 CRU RESPONSIBILITIES**

It will be the CRU Commander's decision, with input from the Incident Commander, whether to deploy the CRU during a hostage or barricade situation. Once the CRU Commander authorizes deployment, the CRU Commander or the authorized designee will be responsible for the tactical response and negotiations. The Incident Commander shall continue supervision of the command post operation, outer perimeter security and evacuation, media access and support for the CRU. The Incident Commander and the CRU Commander or the authorized designees shall maintain direct communications at all times.

#### **407.7 REPORTING**

Unless otherwise relieved by a supervisor or Incident Commander, the handling officer at the scene is responsible for completion and/or coordination of incident reports.

## Response to Bomb Calls

### 408.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines to assist members of the Federalsburg Police Department in their initial response to incidents involving explosives, explosive devices, explosion/bombing incidents or threats of such incidents. Under no circumstances should these guidelines be interpreted as compromising the safety of first responders or the public. When confronted with an incident involving explosives, safety should always be the primary consideration.

### 408.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to place a higher priority on the safety of persons and the public over damage or destruction to public or private property.

### 408.3 RECEIPT OF BOMB THREAT

Department members receiving a bomb threat should obtain as much information from the individual as reasonably possible, including the type, placement and alleged detonation time of the device.

If the bomb threat is received on a recorded line, reasonable steps should be taken to ensure that the recording is preserved in accordance with established department evidence procedures.

The member receiving the bomb threat should ensure that the Shift Supervisor is immediately advised and informed of the details. This will enable the Shift Supervisor to ensure that the appropriate personnel are dispatched, and, as appropriate, the threatened location is given an advance warning.

### 408.4 GOVERNMENT FACILITY OR PROPERTY

A bomb threat targeting a government facility may require a different response based on the government agency.

#### 408.4.1 FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT FACILITY

If the bomb threat is against the Federalsburg Police Department facility, the Shift Supervisor will direct and assign officers as required for coordinating a general building search or evacuation of the police department, as he/she deems appropriate.

#### 408.4.2 OTHER MUNICIPAL FACILITY OR PROPERTY

If the bomb threat is against a municipal facility within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department that is not the property of this department, the appropriate agency will be promptly informed of the threat. Assistance to the other entity may be provided as the Shift Supervisor deems appropriate.

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##### 408.4.3 FEDERAL BUILDING OR PROPERTY

If the bomb threat is against a federal building or property, the Federal Protective Service should be immediately notified. The Federal Protective Service provides a uniformed law enforcement response for most facilities, which may include use of its Explosive Detector Dog teams.

##### **408.5 PRIVATE FACILITY OR PROPERTY**

When a member of this department receives notification of a bomb threat at a location in the Town of Federalsburg, the member receiving the notification should obtain as much information as reasonably possible from the notifying individual, including:

- (a) The location of the facility.
- (b) The nature of the threat.
- (c) Whether the type and detonation time of the device is known.
- (d) Whether the facility is occupied, and if so, the number of occupants currently on-scene.
- (e) Whether the individual is requesting police assistance at the facility.
- (f) Whether there are any internal facility procedures regarding bomb threats in place, such as:
  - 1. No evacuation of personnel and no search for a device.
  - 2. Search for a device without evacuation of personnel.
  - 3. Evacuation of personnel without a search for a device.
  - 4. Evacuation of personnel and a search for a device.

The member receiving the bomb threat information should ensure that the Shift Supervisor is immediately notified so that the Shift Supervisor can communicate with the person in charge of the threatened facility.

##### 408.5.1 ASSISTANCE

The Shift Supervisor should be notified when police assistance is requested. The Shift Supervisor will make the decision whether the Department will render assistance and at what level. Information and circumstances that indicate a reasonably apparent, imminent threat to the safety of either the facility or the public may require a more active approach, including police control over the facility.

Should the Shift Supervisor determine that the Department will assist or control such an incident, he/she will determine:

- (a) The appropriate level of assistance.
- (b) The plan for assistance.
- (c) Whether to evacuate and/or search the facility.
- (d) Whether to involve facility staff in the search or evacuation of the building.

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1. The person in charge of the facility should be made aware of the possibility of damage to the facility as a result of a search.
  2. The safety of all participants is the paramount concern.
- (e) The need for additional resources, including:
1. Notification and response, or standby notice, for fire and emergency medical services.

Even though a facility does not request police assistance to clear the interior of a building, based upon the circumstances and known threat, officers may be sent to the scene to evacuate other areas that could be affected by the type of threat, or for traffic and pedestrian control.

#### **408.6 FOUND DEVICE**

When handling an incident involving a suspected explosive device, the following guidelines, while not all inclusive, should be followed:

- (a) No known or suspected explosive item should be considered safe regardless of its size or apparent packaging.
- (b) The device should not be touched or moved except by the bomb squad or military explosive ordnance disposal team.
- (c) Personnel should not transmit on any equipment that is capable of producing radio frequency energy within the evacuation area around the suspected device. This includes the following:
  1. Two-way radios
  2. Cell phones
  3. Other personal communication devices
- (d) The appropriate bomb squad or military explosive ordnance disposal team should be summoned for assistance.
- (e) The largest perimeter reasonably possible should initially be established around the device based upon available personnel and the anticipated danger zone.
- (f) A safe access route should be provided for support personnel and equipment.
- (g) Search the area for secondary devices as appropriate and based upon available resources.
- (h) Consider evacuation of buildings and personnel near the device or inside the danger zone and the safest exit route.
- (i) Promptly relay available information to the Shift Supervisor including:
  1. The time of discovery.

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2. The exact location of the device.
3. A full description of the device (e.g., size, shape, markings, construction).
4. The anticipated danger zone and perimeter.
5. The areas to be evacuated or cleared.

#### **408.7 EXPLOSION/BOMBING INCIDENTS**

When an explosion has occurred, there are multitudes of considerations which may confront the responding officers. As in other catastrophic events, a rapid response may help to minimize injury to victims, minimize contamination of the scene by gathering crowds, or minimize any additional damage from fires or unstable structures.

##### 408.7.1 CONSIDERATIONS

Officers responding to explosions, whether accidental or a criminal act, should consider the following actions:

- (a) Assess the scope of the incident, including the number of victims and extent of injuries.
- (b) Request additional personnel and resources, as appropriate.
- (c) Assist with first aid.
- (d) Identify and take appropriate precautions to mitigate scene hazards, such as collapsed structures, bloodborne pathogens, and hazardous materials.
- (e) Assist with the safe evacuation of victims, if possible.
- (f) Establish an inner perimeter to include entry points and evacuation routes. Search for additional or secondary devices.
- (g) Preserve evidence.
- (h) Establish an outer perimeter and evacuate if necessary.
- (i) Identify witnesses.

##### 408.7.2 NOTIFICATIONS

When an explosion has occurred, the following people should be notified as appropriate:

- Fire department
- Regional bomb squad
- Additional department personnel, such as investigators and forensic services
- Field supervisor
- Shift Supervisor
- Other law enforcement agencies, including local, state or federal agencies, such as the FBI and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF)
- Other government agencies, as appropriate



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#### **408.8 CROWD CONTROL**

Only authorized members with a legitimate need should be permitted access to the scene. Spectators and other unauthorized individuals should be restricted to a safe distance as is reasonably practicable given the available resources and personnel.

##### **408.8.1 PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE**

As in any other crime scene, steps should immediately be taken to preserve the scene. The Shift Supervisor should assign officers to protect the crime scene area, which could extend over a long distance. Consideration should be given to the fact that evidence may be imbedded in nearby structures or hanging in trees and bushes.

## Mental Health Evaluations

### 409.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for when officers may place a person under temporary custody for an involuntary mental health hold at an appropriate facility.

### 409.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to protect the public and individuals through legal and appropriate use of the mental health hold process.

### 409.3 AUTHORITY

An officer may take a person into temporary custody for transfer to an appropriate facility if the person has a mental disorder and the person presents a danger to the life or safety of him/herself or others.

#### 409.3.1 VOLUNTARY EVALUATION

If an officer encounters an individual who may qualify for a mental health hold, he/she may inquire as to whether the person desires to be voluntarily evaluated at an appropriate facility. If the individual so desires, the officers should (Md. Code HG § 10-609):

- (a) Transport the individual to an appropriate facility that is able to conduct the evaluation and admit the person pursuant to a mental health hold.
- (b) Document the circumstances surrounding the individual's desire to pursue voluntary evaluation and/or admission.

If at any point the individual changes his/her mind regarding voluntary evaluation, the officers should proceed with the involuntary emergency mental evaluation, if appropriate.

### 409.4 CONSIDERATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Any officer handling a call involving a person who qualifies for a mental health hold should personally observe the individual or his/her behavior indicating that the individual has a mental disorder and presents a danger to the life or safety of him/herself or others. The officer may also use other pertinent information, including observations and information from other credible sources, in making a determination regarding a petition for emergency evaluation (Md. Code HG § 10-622(a); Md. Code HG § 10-622(b)).

The officer who makes the decision to petition for an emergency evaluation shall complete and sign the petition, which will include all of the pertinent observations by the officer or other interested persons.

If the individual is taken into temporary custody from another person who is the petitioner for an emergency evaluation, the officer shall explain to the petitioner the meaning, content, and seriousness of the petition (Md. Code HG § 10-622(d)).

Mental health holds and placements should be preferred over arrest for individuals with mental health issues who are suspected of committing minor crimes or creating other public safety issues.

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#### *Mental Health Evaluations*

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#### **409.5 TRANSPORTATION**

An officer shall transport an individual with an emergency evaluation to the nearest emergency facility when the officer has a petition that (Md. Code HG § 10-624(a)(1)):

- (a) Has been endorsed by a court within the last five days.
- (b) Is signed and submitted by a physician, psychologist, clinical social worker, licensed clinical professional counselor, clinical nurse specialist in psychiatric and mental health nursing, psychiatric nurse practitioner, licensed clinical marriage and family therapist, health officer or designee of a health officer, or a peace officer.

When transporting any individual for a mental health hold, the transporting officer should have 911 Center notify the receiving facility of the estimated time of arrival, the level of cooperation of the individual, and whether any special medical care is needed (Md. Code HG § 10-624).

Officers may transport individuals in the patrol vehicle and shall secure them in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy. Should the detainee require transport in a medical transport vehicle and the safety of any person, including the detainee, requires the presence of an officer during the transport, Shift Supervisor approval is required before transport commences.

#### **409.6 TRANSFER TO APPROPRIATE FACILITY**

Upon arrival at the facility, the officer will escort the individual into a treatment area designated by a facility staff member. If the individual is not seeking treatment voluntarily, the officer should provide the staff member with the written application for a mental health hold and remain present to provide clarification of the grounds for detention, upon request.

Should a physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or other advanced practice professional working at an emergency facility determine that the individual transported to the facility is violent and request that an officer be present, an officer is required to remain at the facility (Md. Code HG § 10-624(a)).

The officer shall complete a Return of Service by Peace Officer Form (CC-DC 27), as appropriate, and have the facility sign the form.

#### **409.7 DOCUMENTATION**

The officer shall complete the following forms for evaluation and treatment, provide the forms to the facility staff member assigned to the individual and retain a copy for inclusion in the case report:

- Petition for Emergency Evaluation Form (CC-DC 13)
- Certification by Peace Officer Form (CC-DC 14)
- Order for Emergency Evaluation of an Arrested Individual (DC 15)
- Return of Service by Peace Officer Form (CC-DC 27)

The officer should also provide a verbal summary to any evaluating staff member regarding the circumstances leading to the involuntary detention.

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The officer shall include in the narrative sections of the Petition for Emergency Evaluation and the Incident Report the facts, observations and information known to the officer, or provided by others, that the individual is suffering from a mental disorder and warrants the issuance of the Petition for Emergency Evaluation, including:

- Symptoms of mental disorder
- Dangerous behavior
- History of mental disorder psychiatric hospitalization or treatment
- Statements made by the individual

#### 409.7.1 CONFIDENTIALITY

Records relating to mental health evaluations are confidential and the contents may not be divulged, by subpoena or otherwise, except by order of the court on good cause shown or as allowed by law (Md. Code HG § 10-630).

#### 409.8 CRIMINAL OFFENSES

Officers investigating an individual who is suspected of committing a minor criminal offense and who is being taken into custody on a mental health hold should resolve the criminal matter by issuing a warning or a citation, as appropriate.

When an individual who may qualify for a mental health hold has committed a criminal offense that would normally result in an arrest and transfer to a jail facility, the officer should:

- (a) Arrest the individual when there is probable cause to do so.
- (b) Notify the appropriate supervisor of the facts supporting the arrest and the facts that would support the mental health hold.
- (c) Facilitate the individual's transfer to jail.
- (d) Thoroughly document in the related reports the circumstances that indicate the individual may qualify for a mental health hold.

In the supervisor's judgment, the individual may instead be transported to the appropriate mental health facility. The supervisor should consider the seriousness of the offense, the treatment options available, the ability of this department to regain custody of the individual, department resources (e.g., posting a guard) and other relevant factors in making this decision.

The court may issue emergency evaluations for arrested individuals and, unless the court directs otherwise, an officer shall stay with the arrested individual until he/she is either admitted to an appropriate facility, or is returned to the court or an appropriate jail (Md. Code HG § 10-626(c)).

If the arrested individual does not meet the requirements for involuntary admission, the examining physician shall send a brief report of the evaluation to the court and the officer shall return the arrested individual, the court order and the report of the examining physician to the court. If the court is not in session, the officer shall take the arrested individual to an appropriate jail and,

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before the end of the next day that the court is in session, return the individual and the report of the examining physician to the court (Md. Code HG § 10-626(d)).

#### **409.9 FIREARMS AND OTHER WEAPONS**

Whenever an individual is taken into custody for a mental health hold, the handling officers should seek to determine if the individual owns or has access to any firearm or other deadly weapon. Officers should consider whether it is appropriate and consistent with current search and seizure law under the circumstances to seize any such firearms or other dangerous weapons (e.g., safekeeping, evidence, consent).

Officers are cautioned that a search warrant may be needed before entering a residence or other place to search, unless lawful, warrantless entry has already been made (e.g., exigent circumstances, consent). A warrant may also be needed before searching for or seizing weapons.

The handling officers should further advise the individual of the procedure for the return of any firearm or other weapon that has been taken into custody.

#### **409.10 TRAINING**

This department will endeavor to provide department-approved training on interaction with mentally disabled persons, mental health holds and crisis intervention.

## Citation Releases

### 410.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide members of the Federalsburg Police Department with guidance on when to release adults who are suspected offenders on a citation for a criminal offense, rather than having the person held in custody for a court appearance or released on bail.

Additional release restrictions may apply to those detained for domestic violence, as outlined in the Domestic Violence Policy.

### 410.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will consider its resources and its mission of protecting the community when exercising any discretion to release suspected offenders on a citation, when authorized to do so.

### 410.3 RELEASE

An officer shall charge a suspected offender by citation as follows (Md. Code CP § 4-101(c)):

- (a) Any misdemeanor or local ordinance violation that does not carry a penalty of imprisonment.
- (b) Any other misdemeanor or local ordinance violation not involving serious injury or an immediate health risk for which the maximum penalty of imprisonment is 90 days or less.
- (c) Possession of cannabis under Md. Code CR § 5-601.

#### 410.3.1 ARREST AND RELEASE

An officer who has grounds to make a warrantless arrest for an offense that may be charged by citation may (Md. Code CP § 4-101(c)(3)):

- (a) Issue a citation in lieu of making the arrest.
- (b) Make the arrest and subsequently issue a citation in lieu of continued custody.

### 410.4 PROHIBITIONS

The release of a suspected offender on a citation is not permitted when the misdemeanor or local ordinance violation involves any of the following (Md. Code CP § 4-101(c)(1)):

- (a) Failure to comply with a peace order under Md. Code CJ § 3-1508.
- (b) Failure to comply with a protective order under Md. Code FL § 4-509.
- (c) Violation of a condition of pretrial or post trial release under Md. Code CP § 5-213.1.
- (d) Possession of an electronic control device after conviction of a drug felony or crime of violence under Md. Code CR § 4-109(b).
- (e) Violation of an out-of-state domestic violence order under Md. Code FL § 4-508.1.
- (f) Abuse or neglect of an animal under Md. Code CR § 10-604.

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#### *Citation Releases*

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See the Domestic Violence Policy for release restrictions related to those investigations.

#### **410.5 CONSIDERATIONS**

An officer may charge a defendant by citation provided (Md. Code CP § 4-101(c)(2)):

- (a) The officer is satisfied with the defendant's evidence of identity.
- (b) The officer reasonably believes that the defendant will comply with the citation.
- (c) The officer reasonably believes that the failure to charge on a statement of charges will not pose a threat to public safety.
- (d) The defendant is not subject to arrest for an alleged misdemeanor involving serious injury or immediate health risk or an alleged felony arising out of the same incident.
- (e) The defendant is not subject to arrest based on an outstanding arrest warrant.
- (f) The defendant complies with all lawful orders by the officer.

#### **410.6 CITATION REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

Officers charging by citation shall report the following information on the Maryland Uniform Complaint and Citation Form consistent with the procedures developed by the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC) and the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center (Md. Code CP § 4-101.1):

- (a) The date, location and time of the issuance of the citation.
- (b) The offense charged.
- (c) The gender of the offender.
- (d) The date of birth of the offender.
- (e) The street address, state, ZIP code and, if available, the county of residence of the offender.
- (f) The race or ethnicity of the offender as:
  - Asian
  - Black
  - Hispanic
  - White
  - Other

# Foreign Diplomatic and Consular Representatives

## 411.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to ensure that members of the Federalsburg Police Department extend appropriate privileges and immunities to foreign diplomatic and consular representatives in accordance with international law.

## 411.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department respects international laws related to the special privileges and immunities afforded foreign diplomatic and consular representatives assigned to the United States.

All foreign diplomatic and consular representatives shall be treated with respect and courtesy, regardless of any privileges or immunities afforded them.

## 411.3 CLAIMS OF IMMUNITY

If a member comes into contact with a person where law enforcement action may be warranted and the person claims diplomatic or consular privileges and immunities, the member should, without delay:

- (a) Notify a supervisor.
- (b) Advise the person that his/her claim will be investigated and he/she may be released in accordance with the law upon confirmation of the person's status.
- (c) Request the person's identification card, either issued by the U.S. Department of State (DOS), Office of the Chief of Protocol, or in the case of persons accredited to the United Nations, by the U.S. Mission to the United Nations. These are the only reliable documents for purposes of determining privileges and immunities.
- (d) Contact the DOS Diplomatic Security Command Center at 571-345-3146 or toll free at 866-217-2089, or at another current telephone number and inform the center of the circumstances.
- (e) Verify the immunity status with DOS and follow any instructions regarding further detention, arrest, prosecution and/or release, as indicated by the DOS representative. This may require immediate release, even if a crime has been committed.

Identity or immunity status should not be presumed from the type of license plates displayed on a vehicle. If there is a question as to the status or the legitimate possession of a Diplomat or Consul license plate a query should be run via the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS), designating "US" as the state.



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#### *Foreign Diplomatic and Consular Representatives*

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#### **411.4 ENFORCEMENT ACTION**

If the DOS is not immediately available for consultation regarding law enforcement action, members shall be aware of the following:

- (a) Generally, all persons with diplomatic and consular privileges and immunities may be issued a citation or notice to appear. However, the person may not be compelled to sign the citation.
- (b) All persons, even those with a valid privilege or immunity, may be reasonably restrained in exigent circumstances for purposes of self-defense, public safety or the prevention of serious criminal acts.
- (c) An impaired foreign diplomatic or consular representative may be prevented from driving a vehicle, even if the person may not be arrested due to privileges and immunities.
  - 1. Investigations, including the request for field sobriety tests, chemical tests and any other tests regarding impaired driving may proceed but they shall not be compelled.
- (d) The following persons may not be detained or arrested, and any property or vehicle owned by these persons may not be searched or seized:
  - 1. Diplomatic-level staff of missions to international organizations and recognized family members
  - 2. Diplomatic agents and recognized family members
  - 3. Members of administrative and technical staff of a diplomatic mission and recognized family members
  - 4. Career consular officers, unless the person is the subject of a felony warrant
- (e) The following persons may generally be detained and arrested:
  - 1. International organization staff; however, some senior officers are entitled to the same treatment as diplomatic agents.
  - 2. Support staff of missions to international organizations
  - 3. Diplomatic service staff and consular employees; however, special bilateral agreements may exclude employees of certain foreign countries.
  - 4. Honorary consular officers

#### **411.5 DOCUMENTATION**

All contacts with persons who have claimed privileges and immunities afforded foreign diplomatic and consular representatives should be thoroughly documented and the related reports forwarded to DOS.

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#### **411.6 DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY**

Reference table on diplomatic immunity:

<b>Category</b>	<b>Arrested or Detained</b>	<b>Enter Residence Subject to Ordinary Procedures</b>	<b>Issued Traffic Citation</b>	<b>Subpoenaed as Witness</b>	<b>Prosecuted</b>	<b>Recognized Family Members</b>
<b>Diplomatic Agent</b>	No (note (b))	No	Yes	No	No	Same as sponsor (full immunity & inviolability)
<b>Member of Admin and Tech Staff</b>	No (note (b))	No	Yes	No	No	Same as sponsor (full immunity & inviolability)
<b>Service Staff</b>	Yes (note (a))	Yes	Yes	Yes	No for official acts. Yes otherwise (note (a))	No immunity or inviolability (note (a))
<b>Career Consul Officer</b>	Yes if for a felony and pursuant to a warrant (note (a))	Yes (note (d))	Yes	No for official acts  Testimony may not be compelled in any case	No for official acts  Yes otherwise (note (a))	No immunity or inviolability
<b>Honorable Consul Officer</b>	Yes	Yes	Yes	No for official acts  Yes otherwise.	No for official acts  Yes otherwise	No immunity or inviolability
<b>Consulate Employees</b>	Yes (note (a))	Yes	Yes	No-for official acts  Yes otherwise	No for official acts  Yes otherwise (note (a))	No immunity or inviolability (note (a))
<b>Int'l Org Staff (note (b))</b>	Yes (note (c))	Yes (note (c))	Yes	Yes (note (c))	No for official acts  Yes otherwise (note (c))	No immunity or inviolability

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<b>Diplomatic-Level Staff of Missions to Int'l Org</b>	No (note (b))	No	Yes	No	No	Same as sponsor (full immunity and inviolability)
<b>Support Staff of Missions to Int'l Orgs</b>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No for official acts Yes otherwise	No immunity or inviolability

Notes for diplomatic immunity table:

- (a) This table represents general rules. The employees of certain foreign countries may enjoy higher levels of privileges and immunities on the basis of special bilateral agreements.
- (b) Reasonable constraints, however, may be applied in emergency circumstances involving self-defense, public safety, or in the prevention of serious criminal acts.
- (c) A small number of senior officers are entitled to be treated identically to diplomatic agents.
- (d) Note that consul residences are sometimes located within the official consular premises. In such cases, only the official office space is protected from police entry.

## Rapid Response and Deployment

### 412.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Violence that is committed in schools, workplaces and other locations by individuals or a group of individuals who are determined to target and kill persons and to create mass casualties presents a difficult situation for law enforcement. The purpose of this policy is to identify guidelines and factors that will assist officers in situations that call for rapid response and deployment.

### 412.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will endeavor to plan for rapid response to crisis situations, and to coordinate response planning with other emergency services as well as with those that are responsible for operating sites that may be the target of a critical incident.

Nothing in this policy shall preclude the use of reasonable force, deadly or otherwise, by members of the Department in protecting themselves or others from death or serious injury.

### 412.3 CONSIDERATIONS

When dealing with a crisis situation members should:

- (a) Assess the immediate situation and take reasonable steps to maintain operative control of the incident.
- (b) Obtain, explore and analyze sources of intelligence and known information regarding the circumstances, location and suspect involved in the incident.
- (c) Attempt to attain a tactical advantage over the suspect by reducing, preventing or eliminating any known or perceived threat.
- (d) Attempt, if feasible and based upon the suspect's actions and danger to others, a negotiated surrender of the suspect and release of the hostages.

### 412.4 FIRST RESPONSE

If there is a reasonable belief that acts or threats by a suspect are placing lives in imminent danger, first responding officers should consider reasonable options to reduce, prevent or eliminate the threat. Officers must decide, often under a multitude of difficult and rapidly evolving circumstances, whether to advance on the suspect, take other actions to deal with the threat or wait for additional resources.

If a suspect is actively engaged in the infliction of serious bodily harm or other life-threatening activity toward others, officers should take immediate action, if reasonably practicable, while requesting additional assistance.

Officers should remain aware of the possibility that an incident may be part of a coordinated multi-location attack that may require some capacity to respond to other incidents at other locations.

When deciding on a course of action officers should consider:

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- (a) Whether to advance on or engage a suspect who is still a possible or perceived threat to others. Any advance or engagement should be based on information known or received at the time.
- (b) Whether to wait for additional resources or personnel. This does not preclude an individual officer from taking immediate action.
- (c) Whether individuals who are under imminent threat can be moved or evacuated with reasonable safety.
- (d) Whether the suspect can be contained or denied access to victims.
- (e) Whether the officers have the ability to effectively communicate with other personnel or resources.
- (f) Whether planned tactics can be effectively deployed.
- (g) The availability of rifles, shotguns, shields, breaching tools, control devices and any other appropriate tools, and whether the deployment of these tools will provide a tactical advantage.

In the case of a barricaded or trapped suspect, with no hostages and no immediate threat to others, officers should consider covering escape routes and evacuating persons as appropriate, while summoning and waiting for additional assistance (e.g., special tactics and/or hostage negotiation team response).

#### **412.5 PLANNING**

The Patrol Sgt. should coordinate critical incident planning. Planning efforts should consider:

- (a) Identification of likely critical incident target sites, such as schools, shopping centers, entertainment and sporting event venues.
- (b) Availability of building plans and venue schematics of likely critical incident target sites.
- (c) Communications interoperability with other law enforcement and emergency service agencies.
- (d) Training opportunities in critical incident target sites, including joint training with site occupants.
- (e) Evacuation routes in critical incident target sites.
- (f) Patrol first-response training.
- (g) Response coordination and resources of emergency medical and fire services.
- (h) Equipment needs.
- (i) Mutual aid agreements with other agencies.
- (j) Coordination with private security providers in critical incident target sites.

##### **412.5.1 SCHOOL RESPONSE PLANNING**

Emergency response planning for schools should include:

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- (a) Collaboration with the local school system to establish written procedures for responding to emergencies at each public school within the [departmentoffice]'s jurisdiction (Md. Code PS § 3–520).
- (b) Coordination with the local school system to provide assistance for the completion of active shooter drills (Md. Code ED § 15–123).

#### **412.6 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant should include rapid response to critical incidents in the training plan. This training should address:

- (a) Orientation to likely critical incident target sites, such as schools, shopping centers, entertainment and sporting event venues.
- (b) Communications interoperability with other law enforcement and emergency service agencies.
- (c) Patrol first-response training, including patrol rifle, shotgun, breaching tool and control device training.
- (d) First aid, including gunshot trauma.
- (e) Reality-based scenario training (e.g., active shooter, disgruntled violent worker).

## Immigration Violations

### 413.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines to members of the Federalsburg Police Department relating to immigration and interacting with federal immigration officials.

### 413.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that all members make personal and professional commitments to equal enforcement of the law and equal service to the public. Confidence in this commitment will increase the effectiveness of this department in protecting and serving the entire community and recognizing the dignity of all persons, regardless of their national origin or immigration status.

### 413.3 VICTIMS AND WITNESSES

To encourage crime reporting and cooperation in the investigation of criminal activity, all individuals, regardless of their immigration status, must feel secure that contacting or being addressed by members of law enforcement will not automatically lead to immigration inquiry and/or deportation. While it may be necessary to determine the identity of a victim or witness, members shall treat all individuals equally and not in any way that would violate the United States or Maryland constitutions.

### 413.4 DETENTIONS

An officer shall not inquire about a person's citizenship, immigration status, or place of birth during a detention, a search, or an arrest unless doing so is material to a criminal investigation or intended to provide the person legal protection under the law and the person is advised any related disclosure on the person's part is voluntary (e.g., diplomatic or consular protections) (Md. Code CP § 5–104).

An officer shall not detain any individual, for any length of time, for a civil violation of federal immigration laws or a related civil warrant (Md. Code CP § 5–104).

An officer who has a reasonable suspicion that an individual already lawfully contacted or detained has committed a criminal violation of federal immigration law may detain the person for a reasonable period of time in order to contact federal immigration officials to verify whether an immigration violation is a federal civil violation or a criminal violation. If the violation is a criminal violation, the officer may continue to detain the person for a reasonable period of time if requested by federal immigration officials (8 USC § 1357(g)(10)). No individual who is otherwise ready to be released should continue to be detained only because questions about the individual's status are unresolved.

If the officer has facts that establish probable cause to believe that a person already lawfully detained has committed a criminal immigration offense, the officer may continue the detention and may request a federal immigration official to respond to the location to take custody of the detained person (8 USC § 1357(g)(10)).

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An officer is encouraged to forgo detentions made solely on the basis of a misdemeanor offense when time limitations, availability of personnel, issues of officer safety, communication capabilities, or the potential to obstruct a separate investigation outweigh the need for the detention.

An officer should notify a supervisor as soon as practicable whenever an individual is being detained for a criminal immigration violation.

#### 413.4.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

When notified that an officer has detained an individual and established reasonable suspicion or probable cause to believe the person has violated a criminal immigration offense, the supervisor should determine whether it is appropriate to:

- (a) Transfer the person to federal authorities.
- (b) Lawfully arrest the person for a criminal offense or pursuant to a judicial warrant (see Law Enforcement Authority Policy).

#### 413.5 ARREST NOTIFICATION TO IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT

When applicable, an officer should notify federal immigration officials when booking arrestees at a jail facility not withstanding any required notification handled according to jail operation procedures.

#### 413.6 FEDERAL REQUESTS FOR ASSISTANCE

Requests by federal immigration officials for assistance from this department should be directed to a supervisor. The Department may provide available support services, such as traffic control or peacekeeping efforts.

#### 413.7 INFORMATION SHARING

No member of this department will prohibit, or in any way restrict, any other member from doing any of the following regarding the citizenship or immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of any individual (8 USC § 1373):

- (a) Sending information to, or requesting or receiving such information from federal immigration officials.
- (b) Maintaining such information in department records.
- (c) Exchanging such information with any other federal, state, or local government entity.

#### 413.7.1 IMMIGRATION DETAINERS

No individual should be held based solely on a federal immigration detainer under 8 CFR 287.7 unless the person has been charged with a federal crime or the detainer is accompanied by a warrant, affidavit of probable cause, or removal order. Notification to the federal authority issuing the detainer should be made prior to the release.

#### 413.8 U VISA AND T VISA NONIMMIGRANT STATUS

Under certain circumstances, federal law allows temporary immigration benefits, known as a U visa, to victims and witnesses of certain qualifying crimes (8 USC § 1101(a)(15)(U)).



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#### *Immigration Violations*

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Similar immigration protection, known as a T visa, is available for certain qualifying victims of human trafficking (8 USC § 1101(a)(15)(T)).

Any request for assistance in applying for U visa or T visa status should be forwarded in a timely manner to the Patrol supervisor assigned to oversee the handling of any related case. The Patrol supervisor should:

- (a) Consult with the assigned investigator to determine the current status of any related case and whether further documentation is warranted.
- (b) Contact the appropriate prosecutor assigned to the case, if applicable, to ensure the certification or declaration has not already been completed and whether a certification or declaration is warranted.
- (c) Address the request and complete the certification or declaration, if appropriate, in a timely manner.
  - 1. The instructions for completing certification and declaration forms can be found on the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) website.
- (d) Ensure that any decision to complete, or not complete, a certification or declaration form is documented in the case file and forwarded to the appropriate prosecutor. Include a copy of any completed form in the case file.

#### **413.9 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant should ensure officers receive training on this policy.

Training should include:

- (a) Identifying civil versus criminal immigration violations.
- (b) Factors that may be considered in determining whether a criminal immigration offense has been committed.

## Utility Service Emergencies

### 414.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for addressing Town utility service emergencies. This policy will address calls for service that are directed to the Police Department.

### 414.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to appropriately respond to Town emergency utility service requests received by this department.

### 414.3 UTILITY SERVICE EMERGENCY

A current contact list of Town personnel to be notified in the event of a utility service emergency will be available in the police department .

#### 414.3.1 WATER LINES

The Town's responsibility for water lines ends at the water meter; any break or malfunction in the water system from the water meter to a residence or business is the responsibility of the customer.

If a water line break occurs on the Town side of the water meter, public works personnel should be notified as soon as practicable.

#### 414.3.2 ELECTRICAL LINES

When an electrical power line poses a hazard, a member of this department should be dispatched to the reported location to protect against personal injury or property damage that might be caused by the power line. The fire department, electric company should be promptly notified, as appropriate.

#### 414.3.3 RESERVOIRS, PUMPS, WELLS

In the event of flooding or equipment malfunctions involving Town reservoirs, pumps or wells, the public works department should be contacted as soon as practicable.

#### 414.3.4 NATURAL GAS LINES

All reports of a possible leak of natural gas or damage to a natural gas line shall promptly be referred to the fire department and the local entity responsible for gas lines. A member of this department should be dispatched to the reported location if it appears that assistance such as traffic control or evacuation is needed.

#### 414.3.5 TRAFFIC SIGNALS

A member of this department should be dispatched upon report of a damaged or malfunctioning traffic signal in order to protect against personal injury or property damage that might occur as the result of the damaged or malfunctioning signal. The member will advise 911 Center of the problem with the traffic signal. The dispatcher should make the necessary notification to the appropriate traffic signal maintenance agency as soon as practicable.

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## *Utility Service Emergencies*

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A decision to place a signal on flash should include a consultation with the appropriate traffic signal maintenance agency, unless exigent circumstances exist.

## Crisis Intervention Incidents

### 415.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for interacting with those who may be experiencing a mental health or emotional crisis. Interaction with such individuals has the potential for miscommunication and violence. It often requires an officer to make difficult judgments about a person's mental state and intent in order to effectively and legally interact with the individual.

### 415.2 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Person in crisis** - A person whose level of distress or mental health symptoms have exceeded the person's internal ability to manage his/her behavior or emotions. A crisis can be precipitated by any number of things, including an increase in the symptoms of mental illness despite treatment compliance; non-compliance with treatment, including a failure to take prescribed medications appropriately; or any other circumstance or event that causes the person to engage in erratic, disruptive or dangerous behavior that may be accompanied by impaired judgment.

### 415.3 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department is committed to providing a consistently high level of service to all members of the community and recognizes that persons in crisis may benefit from intervention. The Department will collaborate, where feasible, with mental health professionals to develop an overall intervention strategy to guide its members' interactions with those experiencing a mental health crisis. This is to ensure equitable and safe treatment of all involved.

### 415.4 SIGNS

Members should be alert to any of the following possible signs of mental health issues or crises:

- (a) A known history of mental illness
- (b) Threats of or attempted suicide
- (c) Loss of memory
- (d) Incoherence, disorientation or slow response
- (e) Delusions, hallucinations, perceptions unrelated to reality or grandiose ideas
- (f) Depression, pronounced feelings of hopelessness or uselessness, extreme sadness or guilt
- (g) Social withdrawal
- (h) Manic or impulsive behavior, extreme agitation, lack of control
- (i) Lack of fear
- (j) Anxiety, aggression, rigidity, inflexibility or paranoia

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Members should be aware that this list is not exhaustive. The presence or absence of any of these should not be treated as proof of the presence or absence of a mental health issue or crisis.

#### **415.5 COORDINATION WITH MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONALS**

The Chief of Police should designate an appropriate Sgt. to collaborate with mental health professionals to develop an education and response protocol. It should include a list of community resources, to guide department interaction with those who may be suffering from mental illness or who appear to be in a mental health crisis.

#### **415.6 FIRST RESPONDERS**

Safety is a priority for first responders. It is important to recognize that individuals under the influence of alcohol, drugs or both may exhibit symptoms that are similar to those of a person in a mental health crisis. These individuals may still present a serious threat to officers; such a threat should be addressed with reasonable tactics. Nothing in this policy shall be construed to limit an officer's authority to use reasonable force when interacting with a person in crisis.

Officers are reminded that mental health issues, mental health crises and unusual behavior are not criminal offenses. Individuals may benefit from treatment as opposed to incarceration.

An officer responding to a call involving a person in crisis should:

- (a) Promptly assess the situation independent of reported information and make a preliminary determination regarding whether a mental health crisis may be a factor.
- (b) Request available backup officers and specialized resources as deemed necessary and, if it is reasonably believed that the person is in a crisis situation, use conflict resolution and de-escalation techniques to stabilize the incident as appropriate
- (c) If feasible, and without compromising safety, turn off flashing lights, bright lights or sirens.
- (d) Attempt to determine if weapons are present or available.
- (e) Take into account the person's mental and emotional state and potential inability to understand commands or to appreciate the consequences of his/her action or inaction, as perceived by the officer.
- (f) Secure the scene and clear the immediate area as necessary
- (g) Employ tactics to preserve the safety of all participants.
- (h) Determine the nature of any crime.
- (i) Request a supervisor, as warranted.
- (j) Evaluate any available information that might assist in determining cause or motivation for the person's actions or stated intentions.
- (k) If circumstances reasonably permit, consider and employ alternatives to force.

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##### 415.6.1 CONSIDERATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Any officer handling a call involving an individual who may be experiencing a mental health crisis should consider, as time and circumstances reasonably permit (Md. Code HG § 10-622(b)):

- (a) Available information that might assist in determining the cause and nature of the individual's actions or stated intentions.
- (b) Community or neighborhood mediation services.
- (c) Conflict resolution and de-escalation techniques.
- (d) Community or other resources available to assist in dealing with mental health issues.

While these steps are encouraged, nothing in this section is intended to dissuade officers from taking reasonable action to ensure the safety of officers and others.

##### **415.7 DE-ESCALATION**

Officers should consider that taking no action or passively monitoring the situation may be the most reasonable response to a mental health crisis.

Once it is determined that a situation is a mental health crisis and immediate safety concerns have been addressed, responding members should be aware of the following considerations and should generally:

- Evaluate safety conditions.
- Introduce themselves and attempt to obtain the person's name.
- Be patient, polite, calm, courteous and avoid overreacting.
- Speak and move slowly and in a non-threatening manner.
- Moderate the level of direct eye contact.
- Remove distractions or disruptive people from the area.
- Demonstrate active listening skills (i.e., summarize the person's verbal communication).
- Provide for sufficient avenues of retreat or escape should the situation become volatile.

Responding officers generally should not:

- Use stances or tactics that can be interpreted as aggressive.
- Allow others to interrupt or engage the person.
- Corner a person who is not believed to be armed, violent or suicidal.
- Argue, speak with a raised voice or use threats to obtain compliance.

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#### **415.8 INCIDENT ORIENTATION**

When responding to an incident that may involve mental illness or a mental health crisis, the officer should request that the dispatcher provide critical information as it becomes available. This includes:

- (a) Whether the person relies on drugs or medication, or may have failed to take his/her medication.
- (b) Whether there have been prior incidents, suicide threats/attempts, and whether there has been previous police response.
- (c) Contact information for a treating physician or mental health professional.

Additional resources and a supervisor should be requested as warranted.

#### **415.9 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

A supervisor should respond to the scene of any interaction with a person in crisis. Responding supervisors should:

- (a) Attempt to secure appropriate and sufficient resources.
- (b) Closely monitor any use of force, including the use of restraints, and ensure that those subjected to the use of force are provided with timely access to medical care (see the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy).
- (c) Consider strategic disengagement. Absent an imminent threat to the public and, as circumstances dictate, this may include removing or reducing law enforcement resources or engaging in passive monitoring.
- (d) Ensure that all reports are completed and that incident documentation uses appropriate terminology and language.
- (e) Conduct an after-action tactical and operational debriefing, and prepare an after-action evaluation of the incident to be forwarded to the Sgt..
- (f) Evaluate whether a critical incident stress management debriefing for involved members is warranted.

#### **415.10 INCIDENT REPORTING**

Members engaging in any oral or written communication associated with a mental health crisis should be mindful of the sensitive nature of such communications and should exercise appropriate discretion when referring to or describing persons and circumstances.

Members having contact with a person in crisis should keep related information confidential, except to the extent that revealing information is necessary to conform to department reporting procedures or other official mental health or medical proceedings.

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##### 415.10.1 DIVERSION

Individuals who are not being arrested should be processed in accordance with the Mental Health Evaluations Policy.

##### **415.11 NON-SWORN INTERACTION WITH PEOPLE IN CRISIS**

Non-sworn or clerical members may be required to interact with persons in crisis in an administrative capacity, such as dispatching, records request, animal control issues.

- (a) Members should treat all individuals equally and with dignity and respect.
- (b) If a member believes that he/she is interacting with a person in crisis, he/she should proceed patiently and in a calm manner.
- (c) Members should be aware and understand that the person may make unusual or bizarre claims or requests.

If a person's behavior makes the member feel unsafe, if the person is or becomes disruptive or violent, or if the person acts in such a manner as to cause the member to believe that the person may be harmful to him/herself or others, an officer should be promptly summoned to provide assistance.

##### **415.12 EVALUATION**

The Sgt. designated to coordinate the crisis intervention strategy for this department should ensure that a thorough review and analysis of the department's response to these incidents is conducted annually. The report will not include identifying information pertaining to any involved individuals, officers or incidents and will be submitted to the Chief of Police through the chain of command.

##### **415.13 TRAINING**

In coordination with the mental health community and appropriate stakeholders, the Department will develop and provide comprehensive education and training to all department members to enable them to effectively interact with persons in crisis.



## Aircraft Accidents

### 416.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide department members with guidelines for handling aircraft accidents.

This policy does not supersede, and is supplementary to applicable portions of the Crime and Disaster Scene Integrity, Emergency Operations Plan and Hazardous Material Response policies.

#### 416.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Aircraft** - Any fixed wing aircraft, rotorcraft, balloon, blimp/dirigible or glider that is capable of carrying a person or any unmanned aerial vehicle other than those intended for non-commercial recreational use.

### 416.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to provide an appropriate emergency response to aircraft accidents. This includes emergency medical care and scene management.

### 416.3 ARRIVAL AT SCENE

Officers or other authorized members tasked with initial scene management should establish an inner and outer perimeter to:

- (a) Protect persons and property.
- (b) Prevent any disturbance or further damage to the wreckage or debris, except to preserve life or rescue the injured.
- (c) Preserve ground scars and marks made by the aircraft.
- (d) Manage the admission and access of public safety and medical personnel to the extent necessary to preserve life or to stabilize hazardous materials.
- (e) Maintain a record of persons who enter the accident site.
- (f) Consider implementation of an Incident Command System (ICS).

### 416.4 INJURIES AND CASUALTIES

Members should address emergency medical issues and provide care as a first priority.

Those tasked with the supervision of the scene should coordinate with the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) before the removal of bodies. If that is not possible, the scene supervisor should ensure documentation of what was disturbed, including switch/control positions and instrument/gauge readings.

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#### **416.5 NOTIFICATIONS**

When an aircraft accident is reported to this department, the responding supervisor shall ensure notification is or has been made to NTSB, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), and when applicable, the appropriate branch of the military. The Maryland State Police shall be notified immediately as they are the Primary Law Enforcement Agency designated in Maryland to oversee Aircraft Crash Investigations.

Supervisors shall ensure other notifications are made once an aircraft accident has been reported. The notifications will vary depending on the type of accident, extent of injuries or damage, and the type of aircraft involved. When an aircraft accident has occurred, it is generally necessary to notify the following:

- (a) Fire department
- (b) Appropriate airport tower
- (c) Emergency medical services (EMS)

#### **416.6 CONTROLLING ACCESS AND SCENE AUTHORITY**

Prior to NTSB arrival, scene access should be limited to authorized personnel from the:

- (a) FAA.
- (b) Fire department, EMS or other assisting law enforcement agencies.
- (c) Medical Examiner.
- (d) Appropriate branch of the military, when applicable.
- (e) Other emergency services agencies (e.g., HAZMAT teams, biohazard decontamination teams, fuel recovery specialists, explosive ordinance disposal specialists).

The NTSB has primary responsibility for investigating accidents involving civil aircraft. In the case of a military aircraft accident, the appropriate branch of the military will have primary investigation responsibility.

After the NTSB or military representative arrives on scene, the efforts of this department will shift to a support role for those agencies.

If NTSB or a military representative determines that an aircraft or accident does not qualify under its jurisdiction, the on-scene department supervisor should ensure the accident is still appropriately investigated and documented.

#### **416.7 DANGEROUS MATERIALS**

Members should be aware of potentially dangerous materials that might be present. These may include, but are not limited to:

- Fuel, chemicals, explosives, biological, radioactive materials, bombs or other ordnance.

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- Pressure vessels, compressed gas bottles, accumulators and tires.
- Fluids, batteries, flares and igniters.
- Evacuation chutes, ballistic parachute systems and composite materials.

#### **416.8 DOCUMENTATION**

All aircraft accidents occurring within the Town of Federalsburg shall be documented. At a minimum the documentation should include the date, time and location of the incident; any witness statements, if taken; the names of FPD members deployed to assist; other Town resources that were utilized; and cross reference information to other investigating agencies. Suspected criminal activity should be documented on the appropriate crime report.

##### **416.8.1 WRECKAGE**

When reasonably safe, members should:

- (a) Obtain the aircraft registration number (N number) and note the type of aircraft.
- (b) Attempt to ascertain the number of casualties.
- (c) Obtain photographs or video of the overall wreckage, including the cockpit and damage, starting at the initial point of impact, if possible, and any ground scars or marks made by the aircraft.
  1. Military aircraft may contain classified equipment and therefore shall not be photographed unless authorized by a military commanding officer (18 USC § 795).
- (d) Secure, if requested by the lead authority, any electronic data or video recorders from the aircraft that became dislodged or cell phones or other recording devices that are part of the wreckage.
- (e) Acquire copies of any recordings from security cameras that may have captured the incident.

##### **416.8.2 WITNESSES**

Members tasked with contacting witnesses should obtain:

- (a) The location of the witness at the time of his/her observation relative to the accident site.
- (b) A detailed description of what was observed or heard.
- (c) Any photographs or recordings of the accident witnesses may be willing to voluntarily surrender.
- (d) The names of all persons reporting the accident, even if not yet interviewed.
- (e) Any audio recordings of reports to 9-1-1 regarding the accident and dispatch records.

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##### **416.9 MEDIA RELATIONS**

The Chief (Chief) should coordinate a response to the media, including access issues, road closures, detours and any safety information that is pertinent to the surrounding community. Any release of information regarding details of the accident itself should be coordinated with the NTSB or other authority who may have assumed responsibility for the investigation.

Depending on the type of aircraft, the airline or the military may be responsible for family notifications and the release of victims' names. The Chief should coordinate with other involved entities before the release of information.

## Field Training Officers

### 417.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for field training that ensure standardized training and evaluation; facilitate the transition from the academic setting to the actual performance of general law enforcement duties; and introduce the policies, procedures and operations of the Federalsburg Police Department. The policy addresses the administration of field training and the selection, supervision, training and responsibilities of the Field Training Officer (FTO) (COMAR 12.04.01.17(F)).

### 417.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that all newly hired or appointed officer trainees will participate in field training that is staffed and supervised by trained and qualified FTOs.

### 417.3 FIELD TRAINING

The Department shall establish minimum standards for field training, which should be of sufficient duration to prepare officer trainees for law enforcement duties and be in compliance with state mandates related to field training (COMAR 12.04.01.17). The field training is designed to prepare trainees for a patrol assignment and ensure they acquire the skills needed to operate in a safe, productive and professional manner, in accordance with the general law enforcement duties of this department.

Field training (COMAR 12.04.01.17):

- (a) Shall include activities designed to familiarize the individual with the duties of the officer position, as defined and administered by this department.
- (b) May be conducted in conjunction with an entrance-level training program or a separate training activity provided by a law enforcement agency.
- (c) Shall be no less than the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC)-required duration.
- (d) Shall be monitored by a certified officer, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
  1. Trainees shall be under the direct supervision of an FTO or other approved officer as provided in COMAR 12.04.01.17(G).
- (e) Should include procedures for:
  1. Issuance of training materials to each trainee at the beginning of his/her field training.
  2. Daily, weekly and monthly evaluation and documentation of the trainee's performance.
  3. A multiphase structure that includes:

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- (a) A formal evaluation progress report completed by the FTOs involved with the trainee and submitted to the Training Sergeant and FTO coordinator.
  - (b) Assignment of the trainee to a variety of shifts and geographical areas.
  - (c) Assignment of the trainee to a rotation of FTOs in order to provide for an objective evaluation of the trainee's performance.
4. The trainee's confidential evaluation of his/her assigned FTOs and the field training process.
5. Retention of all field training documentation in the officer trainee's training file including (COMAR 12.04.01.17(H)):
  - (a) All performance evaluations.
  - (b) A certificate of completion certifying that the trainee has successfully completed the required number of field training hours.

#### **417.4 FTO COORDINATOR**

The Chief of Police shall delegate certain responsibilities to an FTO coordinator. The coordinator shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Patrol Sgt. or the authorized designee (COMAR 12.04.01.17(C)).

The FTO coordinator may appoint a senior FTO or other designee to assist in the coordination of FTOs and their activities.

The responsibilities of the coordinator include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assignment of trainees to FTOs.
- (b) Conducting FTO meetings.
- (c) Maintaining and ensuring FTO and trainee performance evaluations are completed.
- (d) Maintaining, updating and issuing department training materials to each FTO and trainee.
- (e) Developing ongoing training for FTOs.
- (f) Mentoring and supervising individual FTO performance.
- (g) Monitoring the overall performance of field training.
- (h) Keeping the Shift Supervisor informed through monthly evaluation reports about the trainees' progress.
- (i) Maintaining liaison with FTO coordinators from other law enforcement agencies.
- (j) Maintaining liaison with police academy staff on recruit officer performance during academy attendance.
- (k) Performing other activities as may be directed by the Patrol Sgt..

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- (l) Completing and submitting a written statement to the MPTSC for each recruit upon successful completion of field training (COMAR 12.04.01.17(G)).
- (m) Establishing guidelines and procedures for the evaluation of FTOs and trainees (COMAR 12.04.01.17(F)).

#### 417.4.1 FTO COORDINATOR TRAINING

The FTO coordinator is required to successfully complete the following courses prior to appointment to this position (COMAR 12.04.01.17(C)):

- (a) An MPTSC-approved supervisor training course.
- (b) An MPTSC-approved FTO course.

### **417.5 FTO SELECTION, TRAINING AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### 417.5.1 SELECTION PROCESS

The selection of an FTO will be at the discretion of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee. Selection will be based on the officer's:

- (a) Desire to be an FTO.
- (b) Experience, which shall include a minimum of four years of patrol experience, two of which shall be with this department (COMAR 12.04.01.17(D)).
- (c) Demonstrated ability as a positive role model.
- (d) Successful completion of an internal oral interview process.
- (e) Evaluation by supervisors and current FTOs.
- (f) Possession of, or ability to obtain, department-approved certification.
- (g) Approval by the MPTSC as an FTO (COMAR 12.04.01.17(D)).

An FTO must remain in good standing and may be relieved from FTO duties due to discipline, inappropriate conduct or poor performance.

#### 417.5.2 TRAINING

An officer selected as an FTO shall successfully complete an MPTSC-approved FTO course prior to being assigned as an FTO (COMAR 12.04.01.17(D)).

All FTOs shall successfully complete an FTO update course approved by the MPTSC every four years while assigned to the position of FTO (COMAR 12.04.01.17(D)).

#### 417.5.3 TRAINING MATERIALS

The FTO shall receive training materials outlining the requirements, expectations and objectives of the FTO position. FTOs should refer to their training materials or the FTO coordinator regarding specific questions related to FTO or field training.

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#### 417.5.4 RESPONSIBILITIES

The responsibilities of the FTO include, but are not limited to (COMAR 12.04.01.17(F)):

- (a) Issuing his/her assigned trainee field training materials in accordance with the Training Policy.
  - 1. The FTO shall ensure that the trainee has the opportunity to become knowledgeable of the subject matter and proficient with the skills as set forth in the training materials.
  - 2. The FTO shall sign off all completed topics contained in the training materials, noting the methods of learning and evaluating the performance of his/her assigned trainee.
- (b) Completing and reviewing daily performance evaluations with the trainee each day.
- (c) Completing and submitting a written evaluation on the performance of his/her assigned trainee to the FTO coordinator on a daily basis.
- (d) Completing a detailed weekly performance evaluation of his/her assigned trainee at the end of each week.
- (e) Completing a monthly evaluation report of his/her assigned trainee at the end of each month.
- (f) Providing the shift supervisor with a verbal synopsis of the trainee's activities at the end of each day or during any unusual occurrence needing guidance or clarification.



## Air Support

### 418.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The use of air support can be invaluable in certain situations. This policy specifies situations where the use of air support may be requested and the responsibilities for making a request.

### 418.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to prioritize requests for air support to enhance law enforcement objectives and provide additional safety to officers and the community.

### 418.3 REQUEST FOR AIR SUPPORT

If a supervisor or officer in charge of an incident determines that the use of air support would be beneficial, a request to obtain air support may be made.

#### 418.3.1 CIRCUMSTANCES FOR REQUESTS

Law enforcement air support may be requested under conditions that include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Whenever the safety of officers or the community is in jeopardy and the presence of air support may reduce such hazard.
- (b) When the use of air support will aid in the capture of a suspected fleeing felon whose continued freedom represents an ongoing threat to officers or the community.
- (c) When air support is needed to locate a person who is lost and whose continued absence constitutes a serious health or safety hazard.
- (d) Vehicle pursuits.
- (e) Pre-planned events or actions that require air support.
- (f) When air support is activated under existing mutual aid agreements.
- (g) When the Shift Supervisor or equivalent authority determines a reasonable need exists.

#### 418.3.2 ALLIED AGENCY REQUEST

After consideration and approval of the request for air support, the Shift Supervisor or the authorized designee will call the closest agency having available air support and will apprise that agency of the specific details of the incident prompting the request.

## Contacts and Temporary Detentions

### 419.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for temporarily detaining but not arresting persons in the field, conducting field interviews (FI) and pat-down searches, and the taking and disposition of photographs.

#### 419.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Consensual encounter** - When an officer contacts an individual but does not create a detention through words, actions, or other means. In other words, a reasonable individual would believe that his/her contact with the officer is voluntary.

**Field interview (FI)** - The brief detainment of an individual, whether on foot or in a vehicle, based on reasonable suspicion for the purpose of determining the individual's identity and resolving the officer's suspicions.

**Field photographs** - Posed photographs taken of a person during a contact, temporary detention, or arrest in the field. Undercover surveillance photographs of an individual and recordings captured by the normal operation of a Mobile Audio/Video (MAV) system, body-worn camera, or public safety camera when persons are not posed for the purpose of photographing are not considered field photographs.

**Pat-down search** - A type of search used by officers in the field to check an individual for dangerous weapons. It involves a thorough patting-down of clothing to locate any weapons or dangerous items that could pose a danger to the officer, the detainee, or others.

**Reasonable suspicion** - When, under the totality of the circumstances, an officer has articulable facts that criminal activity may be afoot and a particular person is connected with that possible criminal activity.

**Temporary detention** - When an officer intentionally, through words, actions, or physical force, causes an individual to reasonably believe he/she is required to restrict his/her movement without an actual arrest. Temporary detentions also occur when an officer actually restrains a person's freedom of movement.

### 419.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department respects the right of the public to be free from unreasonable searches or seizures. Due to an unlimited variety of situations confronting the officer, the decision to temporarily detain a person and complete an FI, pat-down search or field photograph shall be left to the officer based on the totality of the circumstances, officer safety considerations and constitutional safeguards.

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#### **419.3 FIELD INTERVIEWS**

Based on observance of suspicious circumstances or upon information from investigation, an officer may initiate the stop of a person, and conduct an FI, when there is articulable, reasonable suspicion to do so. A person, however, shall not be detained longer than is reasonably necessary to resolve the officer's suspicion.

Nothing in this policy is intended to discourage consensual contacts. Frequent casual contact with consenting individuals is encouraged by the Federalsburg Police Department to strengthen community involvement, community awareness, and problem identification.

##### **419.3.1 INITIATING A FIELD INTERVIEW**

When initiating the stop, the officer should be able to point to specific facts which, when considered with the totality of the circumstances, reasonably warrant the stop. Such facts include but are not limited to an individual's:

- (a) Appearance or demeanor suggesting that he/she is part of a criminal enterprise or is engaged in a criminal act.
- (b) Actions suggesting that he/she is engaged in a criminal activity.
- (c) Presence in an area at an inappropriate hour of the day or night.
- (d) Presence in a particular area is suspicious.
- (e) Carrying of suspicious objects or items.
- (f) Excessive clothes for the climate or clothes bulging in a manner that suggest he/she is carrying a dangerous weapon.
- (g) Location in proximate time and place to an alleged crime.
- (h) Physical description or clothing worn that matches a suspect in a recent crime.
- (i) Prior criminal record or involvement in criminal activity as known by the officer.

#### **419.4 PAT-DOWN SEARCHES**

Once a valid stop has been made, and consistent with the officer's training and experience, an officer may pat a suspect's outer clothing for weapons if the officer has a reasonable, articulable suspicion the suspect may pose a safety risk. The purpose of this limited search is not to discover evidence of a crime, but to allow the officer to pursue the investigation without fear of violence. Circumstances that may establish justification for performing a pat-down search include but are not limited to:

- (a) The type of crime suspected, particularly in crimes of violence where the use or threat of weapons is involved.
- (b) Where more than one suspect must be handled by a single officer.
- (c) The hour of the day and the location or area where the stop takes place.
- (d) Prior knowledge of the suspect's use of force and/or propensity to carry weapons.
- (e) The actions and demeanor of the suspect.

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- (f) Visual indications which suggest that the suspect is carrying a firearm or other dangerous weapon.

Whenever practicable, a pat-down search should not be conducted by a lone officer. A cover officer should be positioned to ensure safety and should not be involved in the search.

#### 419.4.1 LIMITED SEARCH FOR WEAPONS

An officer may make an inquiry and conduct a limited search of a person if, in light of the officer's observations, information and experience, the officer reasonably believes that (Md. Code CR § 4-206):

- (a) A person may be wearing, carrying or transporting a handgun in violation of the law.
- (b) Because the person possesses a handgun, the person is or presently may be dangerous to the officer or to others.
- (c) Under the circumstances, it is impracticable to obtain a search warrant.
- (d) To protect the officers or others, swift measures are necessary to discover whether the person is wearing, carrying or transporting a handgun.

#### **419.5 FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS**

All available databases should be searched before photographing any field detainee. If a photograph is not located, or if an existing photograph no longer resembles the detainee, the officer shall carefully consider, among other things, the factors listed below.

##### 419.5.1 FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITH CONSENT

Field photographs may be taken when the subject being photographed knowingly and voluntarily gives consent. When taking a consensual photograph, the officer should have the individual read and sign the appropriate form accompanying the photograph.

##### 419.5.2 FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHOUT CONSENT

Field photographs may be taken without consent only if they are taken during a detention that is based upon reasonable suspicion of criminal activity, and the photograph serves a legitimate law enforcement purpose related to the detention. The officer must be able to articulate facts that reasonably indicate that the subject was involved in or was about to become involved in criminal conduct. The subject should not be ordered to remove or lift any clothing for the purpose of taking a photograph.

If, prior to taking a photograph, the officer's reasonable suspicion of criminal activity has been dispelled, the detention must cease and the photograph should not be taken.

All field photographs and related reports shall be submitted to a supervisor and retained in compliance with this policy.

##### 419.5.3 DISPOSITION OF PHOTOGRAPHS

All detainee photographs must be adequately labeled and submitted to the Shift Supervisor with either an associated FI card or other documentation explaining the nature of the contact. If an

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individual is photographed as a suspect in a particular crime, the photograph should be submitted as an evidence item in the related case, following standard evidence procedures.

If a photograph is not associated with an investigation where a case number has been issued, the Shift Supervisor should review and forward the photograph to one of the following locations:

- (a) If the photograph and associated FI or documentation is relevant to criminal organization/enterprise enforcement, the Shift Supervisor will forward the photograph and documents to the designated criminal intelligence system supervisor. The supervisor will ensure the photograph and supporting documents are retained as prescribed in the Criminal Organizations Policy.
- (b) Photographs that do not qualify for retention in a criminal intelligence system or temporary information file shall be forwarded to the Records Section.

When a photograph is taken in association with a particular case, the investigator may use such photograph in a photo lineup. Thereafter, the individual photograph should be retained as a part of the case file. All other photographs shall be retained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### 419.5.4 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

While it is recognized that field photographs often become valuable investigative tools, supervisors should monitor such practices in view of the above listed considerations. This is not to imply that supervisor approval is required before each photograph is taken.

Access to, and use of, field photographs shall be strictly limited to law enforcement purposes.

#### **419.6 WITNESS IDENTIFICATION AND INTERVIEWS**

Because potential witnesses to an incident may become unavailable or the integrity of their statements compromised with the passage of time, officers should, when warranted by the seriousness of the case, take reasonable steps to promptly coordinate with an on-scene supervisor and/or criminal investigator to utilize available members for the following:

- (a) Identifying all persons present at the scene and in the immediate area.
  1. When feasible, a recorded statement should be obtained from those who claim not to have witnessed the incident but who were present at the time it occurred.
  2. Any potential witness who is unwilling or unable to remain available for a formal interview should not be detained absent reasonable suspicion to detain or probable cause to arrest. Without detaining the individual for the sole purpose of identification, officers should attempt to identify the witness prior to his/her departure.
- (b) Witnesses who are willing to provide a formal interview should be asked to meet at a suitable location where criminal investigators may obtain a recorded statement. Such witnesses, if willing, may be transported by department members.
  1. A written, verbal, or recorded statement of consent should be obtained prior to transporting a witness. When the witness is a minor, consent should be obtained from the parent or guardian, if available, prior to transport.

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## *Contacts and Temporary Detentions*

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### **419.7 TEMPORARY DETENTIONS**

At the commencement of any temporary detention, absent exigent circumstances, an officer should (Md. Code CP § 2-109):

- (a) Display identification to the temporarily detained individual.
- (b) Provide the individual with the officer's name and identification number, the name of the Department, and the reason for the contact.

# Criminal Organizations

## 420.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that the Federalsburg Police Department appropriately utilizes criminal intelligence systems and temporary information files to support investigations of criminal organizations and enterprises.

### 420.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Criminal intelligence system** - Any record system that receives, stores, exchanges or disseminates information that has been evaluated and determined to be relevant to the identification of a criminal organization or enterprise, its members or affiliates. This does not include temporary information files.

## 420.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department recognizes that certain criminal activities, including but not limited to gang crimes and drug trafficking, often involve some degree of regular coordination and may involve a large number of participants over a broad geographical area.

It is the policy of this department to collect and share relevant information while respecting the privacy and legal rights of the public.

## 420.3 CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS

No department member may create, submit to or obtain information from a criminal intelligence system unless the Chief of Police has approved the system for department use.

Any criminal intelligence system approved for department use should meet or exceed the standards of 28 CFR 23.20.

A designated supervisor will be responsible for maintaining each criminal intelligence system that has been approved for department use. The supervisor or the authorized designee should ensure the following:

- (a) Members using any such system are appropriately selected and trained.
- (b) Use of every criminal intelligence system is appropriately reviewed and audited.
- (c) Any system security issues are reasonably addressed.

### 420.3.1 SYSTEM ENTRIES

It is the designated supervisor's responsibility to approve the entry of any information from a report, FI, photo or other relevant document into an authorized criminal intelligence system. If entries are made based upon information that is not on file with this department, such as open or public source documents or documents that are on file at another agency, the designated supervisor should ensure copies of those documents are retained by the Records Section. Any supporting documentation for an entry shall be retained by the Records Section in accordance

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with the established records retention schedule and for at least as long as the entry is maintained in the system.

The designated supervisor should ensure that any documents retained by the Records Section are appropriately marked as intelligence information. The Administrative Assistant may not purge such documents without the approval of the designated supervisor.

#### **420.4 TEMPORARY INFORMATION FILE**

No member may create or keep files on individuals that are separate from the approved criminal intelligence system. However, members may maintain temporary information that is necessary to actively investigate whether a person or group qualifies for entry into the department-approved criminal intelligence system only as provided in this section. Once information qualifies for inclusion, it should be submitted to the supervisor responsible for consideration of criminal intelligence system entries.

##### **420.4.1 FILE CONTENTS**

A temporary information file may only contain information and documents that, within one year, will have a reasonable likelihood to meet the criteria for entry into an authorized criminal intelligence system.

Information and documents contained in a temporary information file:

- (a) Must only be included upon documented authorization of the responsible department supervisor.
- (b) Should not be originals that would ordinarily be retained by the Records Section or Evidence, but should be copies of, or references to, retained documents, such as copies of reports, field interview (FI) forms, 911 Center records or booking forms.
- (c) Shall not include opinions. No person, organization or enterprise shall be labeled as being involved in crime beyond what is already in the document or information.
- (d) May include information collected from publicly available sources or references to documents on file with another government agency. Attribution identifying the source should be retained with the information.

##### **420.4.2 FILE REVIEW AND PURGING**

The contents of a temporary information file shall not be retained longer than one year. At the end of one year, the contents must be purged.

The designated supervisor shall periodically review the temporary information files to verify that the contents meet the criteria for retention. Validation and purging of files is the responsibility of the supervisor.



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#### **420.5 INFORMATION RECOGNITION**

Department members should document facts that suggest an individual, organization or enterprise is involved in criminal activity and should forward that information appropriately. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Gang indicia associated with a person or residence.
- (b) Information related to a drug-trafficking operation.
- (c) Vandalism indicating an animus for a particular group.
- (d) Information related to an illegal gambling operation.

Department supervisors who utilize an authorized criminal intelligence system should work with the Training Sergeant to train members to identify information that may be particularly relevant for inclusion.

#### **420.6 RELEASE OF INFORMATION**

Department members shall comply with the rules of an authorized criminal intelligence system regarding inquiries and release of information.

Information from a temporary information file may only be furnished to department members and other law enforcement agencies on a need-to-know basis and consistent with the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

When an inquiry is made by the parent or guardian of a juvenile as to whether that juvenile's name is in a temporary information file, such information should be provided by the supervisor responsible for the temporary information file, unless there is good cause to believe that the release of such information might jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation.

#### **420.7 CRIMINAL STREET GANGS**

The Patrol supervisor should ensure that there are an appropriate number of department members who can:

- (a) Testify as experts on matters related to criminal street gangs, and maintain an above average familiarity with identification of criminal organizations, criminal organization members, and patterns of organized crime activity (Md. Code CR § 9-801 et seq.).
- (b) Coordinate with other agencies in the region regarding criminal street gang-related crimes and information.
- (c) Train other members to identify gang indicia and investigate criminal street gang-related crimes.

#### **420.8 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant should provide training on best practices in the use of each authorized criminal intelligence system to those tasked with investigating criminal organizations and enterprises. Training should include:

- (a) The protection of civil liberties.

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- (b) Participation in a multiagency criminal intelligence system.
- (c) Submission of information into a multiagency criminal intelligence system or the receipt of information from such a system, including any governing federal and state rules and statutes.
- (d) The type of information appropriate for entry into a criminal intelligence system or temporary information file.
- (e) The review and purging of temporary information files.

## Shift Supervisors

### 421.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the designation of a Shift Supervisor and, as needed, an acting Shift Supervisor for each shift. Designation as shift supervisor shall be completed by rank and / or seniority.

### 421.2 POLICY

Each shift will be directed by a Shift Supervisor capable of making decisions and managing in a manner consistent with the mission of the Federalsburg Police Department.

### 421.3 DESIGNATION AS ACTING WATCHCOMMANDER

With prior authorization from the Patrol Sgt., generally when a Sergeant is unavailable for duty as Shift Supervisor, a qualified lower-ranking member shall be designated as acting Shift Supervisor in accordance with the terms of applicable memorandums of understanding or collective bargaining agreements.

### 421.4 WATCHCOMMANDER RESPONSIBILITIES

The Shift Supervisor shall have overall responsibility and accountability for the operation of this department on an assigned shift. Duties may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring at least one uniformed shift supervisor is deployed during each shift.
- (b) Ensuring sufficient members are on-duty to accomplish the mission of the Federalsburg Police Department.
- (c) Providing command-level oversight of major crime scenes, tactical situations or disasters.
- (d) Establishing service level priorities.
- (e) Providing job-related training and guidance to subordinates.
- (f) Acquiring outside resources or providing assistance to other agencies, when applicable.
- (g) Handling service inquiries or complaints from the public.
- (h) Acting as the Chief when directed to by the Chief of Police.
- (i) Managing risk exposure.
- (j) Ensuring the security of all department facilities.
- (k) Ensuring the proper equipment and vehicles are available for member use.
- (l) Representing the Department at community functions.
- (m) Serving as a temporary Sgt. when so designated.

## Laptop Use

### **423.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the proper access, use and application of the Laptop (Laptop) system in order to ensure proper access to confidential records from local, state and national law enforcement databases, and to ensure effective electronic communications between department members and 911 Center.

### **423.2 POLICY**

Federalsburg Police Department members using the Laptop shall comply with all appropriate federal and state rules and regulations and shall use the Laptop in a professional manner, in accordance with this policy.

### **423.3 PRIVACY EXPECTATION**

Members forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to messages accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed on any department technology system (see the Information Technology Use Policy for additional guidance).

### **423.4 RESTRICTED ACCESS AND USE**

Laptop use is subject to the Information Technology Use Policy.

Members shall not access the Laptop system if they have not received prior authorization and the required training. Members shall immediately report unauthorized access or use of the Laptop by another member to their supervisors or Shift Supervisors.

Use of the Laptop system to access law enforcement databases or transmit messages is restricted to official activities, business-related tasks or for communications that are directly related to the business, administration or practices of the Department. In the event that a member has questions about sending a particular message or accessing a particular database, the member should seek prior approval from his/her supervisor.

Sending derogatory, defamatory, obscene, disrespectful, sexually suggestive, harassing or any other inappropriate messages on the Laptop system is prohibited and may result in discipline.

It is a violation of this policy to transmit a message or access a law enforcement database under another member's name or to use the password of another member to log in to the Laptop system unless directed to do so by a supervisor. Members are required to log off the Laptop or secure the Laptop when it is unattended. This added security measure will minimize the potential for unauthorized access or misuse.

#### **423.4.1 USE WHILE DRIVING**

Use of the Laptop by the vehicle operator should be limited to times when the vehicle is stopped. Information that is required for immediate enforcement, investigative, tactical or safety needs should be transmitted over the radio.

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In no case shall an operator attempt to send or review lengthy messages while the vehicle is in motion.

#### **423.5 DOCUMENTATION OF ACTIVITY**

Except as otherwise directed by the Shift Supervisor, all calls for service assigned by a dispatcher should be communicated by voice over the police radio and electronically via the Laptop unless security or confidentiality prevents such broadcasting.

Laptop and voice transmissions are used to document the member's daily activity. To ensure accuracy:

- (a) All contacts or activity shall be documented at the time of the contact.
- (b) Whenever the activity or contact is initiated by voice, it shall be documented by a dispatcher.
- (c) Whenever the activity or contact is not initiated by voice, the member shall document it via the Laptop.

##### **423.5.1 STATUS CHANGES**

All changes in status (e.g., arrival at scene, meal periods, in service) will be transmitted over the police radio or through the Laptop system.

Members responding to in-progress calls shall advise changes in status over the radio to assist other members responding to the same incident. Other changes in status can be made on the Laptop when the vehicle is not in motion.

##### **423.5.2 EMERGENCY ACTIVATION**

If there is an emergency activation and the member does not respond to a request for confirmation of the need for emergency assistance or confirms the need, available resources will be sent to assist in locating the member. If the location is known, the nearest available officer should respond in accordance with the Officer Response to Calls Policy.

Members should ensure a field supervisor and the Shift Supervisor are notified of the incident without delay.

Officers not responding to the emergency shall refrain from transmitting on the police radio until a no-further-assistance broadcast is made or if they are handling a different emergency.

#### **423.6 EQUIPMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

##### **423.6.1 MAL-FUNCTIONING LAPTOP**

Whenever possible, members will not use vehicles with malfunctioning Laptops. Whenever members must drive a vehicle in which the Laptop is not working, they shall notify 911 Center. It shall be responsibility of the dispatcher to document all information that will then be transmitted verbally over the police radio.

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### 423.6.2 BOMB CALLS

When investigating reports of possible bombs, members should turn off their Laptops when in close proximity of a suspected explosive device. Radio frequency emitted by the Laptop could cause some devices to detonate.

## Portable Audio/Video Recorders

### 424.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the use of portable audio/video recording devices by members of this department while in the performance of their duties (Md. Code CJ § 10-402; Md. Code PS § 3-511). Portable audio/video recording devices include all recording systems whether body-worn, hand-held, or integrated into portable equipment.

This policy does not apply to mobile audio/video recordings, interviews or interrogations conducted at any Federalsburg Police Department facility, authorized undercover operations, wiretaps or eavesdropping (concealed listening devices).

### 424.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department should provide members with access to portable recorders, either audio or video or both, for use during the performance of their duties. The use of recorders is intended to enhance the mission of the Department by accurately capturing contacts between members of the Department and the public (Md. Code PS § 3-511).

### 424.3 MEMBER PRIVACY EXPECTATION

All recordings made by members on any department-issued device at any time, and any recording made while acting in an official capacity of this department, regardless of ownership of the device it was made on, shall remain the property of the Department (Md. Code PS § 3-511). Members shall have no expectation of privacy or ownership interest in the content of these recordings.

### 424.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

All officers who regularly interact with the public as part of their duties should use a body-worn camera in a manner consistent with department policy/procedure and state law (Md. Code PS § 3-511).

Prior to going into service, uniformed members will be responsible for making sure that they are equipped with a portable recorder issued by the Department, and that the recorder is in good working order. If the recorder is not in working order or the member becomes aware of a malfunction at any time, the member shall promptly report the failure to the member's supervisor and obtain a functioning device as soon as reasonably practicable. Uniformed members should wear the recorder in a conspicuous manner or otherwise notify persons that they are being recorded, whenever reasonably practicable (Md. Code CJ § 10-402; Md. Code PS § 3-511).

Any member assigned to a non-uniformed position may carry an approved portable recorder at any time the member believes that such a device may be useful and may use it in compliance with the law (Md. Code CJ § 10-402; Md. Code PS § 3-511). Unless conducting a lawful recording in an authorized undercover capacity, non-uniformed members should wear the recorder in a conspicuous manner when in use or otherwise notify persons that they are being recorded, whenever reasonably practicable.

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#### *Portable Audio/Video Recorders*

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When using a portable recorder, the assigned member shall record the member's name, FPD identification number, and the current date and time at the beginning and the end of the shift or other period of use, regardless of whether any activity was recorded. This procedure is not required when the recording device and related software captures the user's unique identification and the date and time of each recording.

Members should document the existence of a recording in any report or other official record of the contact, including any instance where the recorder malfunctioned or the member deactivated the recording. Members should include the reason for deactivation.

#### **424.5 ACTIVATION OF THE PORTABLE RECORDER**

This policy is not intended to describe every possible situation in which the portable recorder should be used, although there are many situations where its use is appropriate. Members should activate the recorder any time the member believes it would be appropriate or valuable to record an incident.

The portable recorder should be activated in any of the following situations (Md. Code PS § 3-511):

- (a) All enforcement and investigative contacts including stops and field interview situations
- (b) Traffic stops including but not limited to traffic violations, stranded motorist assistance, and all crime interdiction stops
- (c) Self-initiated activity in which a member would normally notify 911 Center
- (d) Any other contact that becomes adversarial after the initial contact in a situation that would not otherwise require recording

Members should remain sensitive to the dignity of all individuals being recorded and exercise sound discretion to respect privacy by discontinuing recording whenever it reasonably appears to the member that such privacy may outweigh any legitimate law enforcement interest in recording. Requests by members of the public to stop recording should be considered using this same criterion. Recording should resume when privacy is no longer at issue unless the circumstances no longer fit the criteria for recording.

At no time is a member expected to jeopardize the member's safety in order to activate a portable recorder or change the recording media. However, the recorder should be activated in situations described above as soon as reasonably practicable.

Body-worn cameras possessing the capability should be set to automatically record and save video footage at least 60 seconds prior to activation (Md. Code PS § 3-511).

##### **424.5.1 CESSATION OF RECORDING**

Once activated, the portable recorder should remain on continuously until members reasonably believe that their direct participation in the incident is complete or the situation no longer fits the criteria for activation. Recording may be stopped during significant periods of inactivity such as report writing or other breaks from direct participation in the incident (Md. Code PS § 3-511).



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##### 424.5.2 SURREPTITIOUS USE OF THE PORTABLE RECORDER

Maryland law prohibits any individual from surreptitiously recording any conversation in which any party to the conversation has a reasonable belief that the conversation is private or confidential. However, Maryland law exempts members from some of this prohibition during the course of their regular duties pursuant to Md. Code CJ § 10-402. Nothing in this section is intended to interfere with a member's right to openly record during any investigation or interrogation pursuant to Md. Code CJ § 10-402 or Md. Code CP § 2-402.

Members shall not surreptitiously record another department member without a court order unless lawfully authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee (Md. Code PS § 3-511).

##### 424.5.3 EXPLOSIVE DEVICE

Many portable recorders, including body-worn cameras and audio/video transmitters, emit radio waves that could trigger an explosive device. Therefore, these devices should not be used where an explosive device may be present.

##### 424.5.4 CONSENT REQUIRED FOR ACTIVATION OF THE PORTABLE RECORDER

Generally, members are required to first obtain the consent of all parties prior to recording. However, prior consent is not required when (Md. Code CJ § 10-402; Md. Code PS § 3-511):

- (a) The member is a party to the conversation and:
  - 1. The recording is in the course of an investigation of one of the offenses listed in Md. Code CJ § 10-402.
  - 2. The person has created a barricade situation and there is probable cause to believe a hostage may be involved.
- (b) The member has detained a vehicle during a criminal investigation or for a traffic violation and:
  - 1. The member identifies themselves as a law enforcement officer.
  - 2. The member is a party to the conversation.
  - 3. The member informs all other parties of the recording.
  - 4. The recording is made as part of a video recording.
- (c) The member is in uniform or prominently displaying a badge or other department insignia, indicating the member is a law enforcement officer and:
  - 1. The member is a party to the communication.
  - 2. The member is engaged in regular duties as a law enforcement officer.
  - 3. All involved parties are notified that they are being recorded as soon as it is safe and practical.
  - 4. The audio recording is being made as part of a video recording.

Members should provide notice that a recording is being made to any parties joining a conversation after the initial notice of recording has been given as soon as it is safe and practical to do so.

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#### **424.6 PROHIBITED USE OF PORTABLE RECORDERS**

Members are prohibited from using department-issued portable recorders and recording media for personal use and are prohibited from making personal copies of recordings created while on-duty or while acting in their official capacity.

Members are also prohibited from retaining recordings of activities or information obtained while on-duty, whether the recording was created with department-issued or personally owned recorders. Members shall not duplicate or distribute such recordings, except for authorized legitimate department business purposes. All such recordings shall be retained at the Department.

Members are prohibited from using personally owned recording devices while on-duty without the express consent of the Shift Supervisor. Any member who uses a personally owned recorder for department-related activities shall comply with the provisions of this policy, including retention and release requirements.

Recordings shall not be used by any member for the purpose of embarrassment, intimidation or ridicule.

#### **424.7 IDENTIFICATION AND PRESERVATION OF RECORDINGS**

To assist with identifying and preserving data and recordings, members should download, tag or mark these in accordance with procedure and document the existence of the recording in any related case report.

A member should transfer, tag or mark recordings when the member reasonably believes:

- (a) The recording contains evidence relevant to potential criminal, civil or administrative matters.
- (b) A complainant, victim or witness has requested non-disclosure.
- (c) A complainant, victim or witness has not requested non-disclosure but the disclosure of the recording may endanger the person.
- (d) Disclosure may be an unreasonable violation of someone's privacy.
- (e) Medical or mental health information is contained.
- (f) Disclosure may compromise an undercover officer or confidential informant.

Any time a member reasonably believes a recorded contact may be beneficial in a non-criminal matter (e.g., a hostile contact), the member should promptly notify a supervisor of the existence of the recording.

#### **424.8 REVIEW OF RECORDED MEDIA FILES**

When preparing written reports, members should review their recordings as a resource. (See the Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths Policy for guidance in those cases.) However, members shall not retain personal copies of recordings. Members should not use the fact that a recording was made as a reason to write a less detailed report.

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Supervisors are authorized to review relevant recordings any time they are investigating alleged misconduct or reports of meritorious conduct or whenever such recordings would be beneficial in reviewing the member's performance.

Recorded files may also be reviewed (Md. Code PS § 3-511):

- (a) Upon approval by a supervisor, by any member of the Department who is participating in an official investigation, such as a personnel complaint, administrative investigation, or criminal investigation.
- (b) Pursuant to lawful process or by court personnel who are otherwise authorized to review evidence in a related case.
- (c) By media personnel with permission of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (d) In compliance with a public records request, if permitted, and in accordance with the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

All recordings should be reviewed by the Custodian of Records prior to public release (see the Records Maintenance and Release Policy). Recordings that unreasonably violate a person's privacy or sense of dignity should not be publicly released unless disclosure is required by law or order of the court.

#### **424.8.1 PROHIBITED USES**

Recordings should not be used (Md. Code PS § 3-511):

- (a) To identify persons present at public gatherings who are not suspected of being engaged in illegal activity or in need of assistance.
- (b) To create a database or pool of mug shots.
- (c) As fillers in photo arrays.

Recordings shall not be searched with facial or voice recognition software unless an officer has reason to believe that a specific suspect or person in need of assistance may appear in the recording.

#### **424.9 POSTING OF POLICY**

A copy of this policy should be made available to the public on the department website and upon request (Md. Code PS § 3-511).

#### **424.10 TRAINING**

Members should receive periodic training on the operation of body-worn cameras as well as this policy. Training should include methods of providing notice that a recording is being made to persons with limited English proficiency or persons with a disability that renders them otherwise unable to understand (see the Limited English Proficiency Services and Communications with Persons with Disabilities policies) (Md. Code PS § 3-511).

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#### **424.11 COORDINATOR**

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should designate a coordinator responsible for (Md. Code PS § 3-511):

- (a) Establishing procedures for the security, storage, and maintenance of data and recordings.
- (b) Establishing procedures for accessing data and recordings.
- (c) Establishing procedures for logging or auditing access.
- (d) Establishing procedures for transferring, downloading, tagging, or marking events.
- (e) Addressing any other requirements of the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC) model body-worn camera policy.

#### **424.12 RETENTION OF RECORDINGS**

An unaltered version of all recordings shall be retained for a period consistent with the requirements of the organization's records retention schedule but in no event for a period less than 180 days. Recordings shall be securely maintained pursuant to department procedures and a log shall be kept of when a recording is viewed, the length of time it is viewed, and by whom. If copies of a recording or portions of a recording are made, a record shall be kept indicating what portions of a recording were provided and to whom (Md. Code PS § 3-511).

##### **424.12.1 RELEASE OF AUDIO/VIDEO RECORDINGS**

Requests for the release of audio/video recordings shall be processed in accordance with the Records Maintenance and Release Policy (Md. Code PS § 3-511).

## Bicycle Patrol

### 425.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for the Federalsburg Police Department to safely and effectively use bicycle patrol for the purpose of enhancing field patrol efforts in the community.

### 425.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that patrol bicycles may be used for regular patrol duty, traffic enforcement, parking control or special events. The use of the patrol bicycle will emphasize officer mobility and department visibility in the community.

### 425.3 OPERATIONS

Bicycle patrol has been shown to be an effective way to increase officer visibility in congested areas, and the quiet operation of the patrol bicycle can facilitate a tactical approach to crimes in progress. Patrol bicycles may be deployed to any area, at any hour of the day or night, according to department needs and as staffing levels allow.

Requests for specific deployment of bicycle patrol officers shall be coordinated through the bicycle patrol coordinator or the Shift Supervisor.

### 425.4 SELECTION

Interested officers who have completed the probationary period shall submit a change of assignment request to their appropriate Sgt.s. A copy will be forwarded to the bicycle patrol coordinator. Qualified applicants will then be invited to an oral interview. The oral interview will be conducted by the coordinator and a second person to be selected by the coordinator.

Interested officers shall be evaluated by the following criteria:

- (a) Recognized competence and ability as evidenced by performance
- (b) Special skills or training as it pertains to the assignment
- (c) Good physical condition
- (d) Willingness to perform duties using the bicycle as a mode of transportation

#### 425.4.1 OFFICER\_DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES

Officers should operate the bicycle in compliance with Maryland traffic laws under normal operation, unless their duties require otherwise (Md. Code TR § 21-1202).

Officers may operate the bicycle without lighting equipment during hours of darkness only when it reasonably appears necessary for officer safety or tactical considerations. Officers must use caution and care when operating bicycles without lighting equipment or when they are operating in violation of the rules of the road.

Officers are exempt from the rules of the road, while using audible and visual signals, under the following conditions (Md. Code TR § 21-106):

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- (a) In response to an emergency call
- (b) In the immediate pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law
- (c) In response to a fire alarm, but not while returning

#### **425.5 BICYCLE PATROL COORDINATOR**

The bicycle patrol coordinator shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Patrol Sgt. or the authorized designee.

The coordinator may appoint a senior bicycle patrol officer or other designee to assist in the coordination of bicycle patrol officers and their activities.

The responsibilities of the coordinator include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Organizing bicycle patrol training.
- (b) Inspecting and maintaining an inventory of patrol bicycles and program equipment.
- (c) Inspecting and documenting, no less than every three months, that bicycles which are not in active service are in serviceable condition.
- (d) Scheduling maintenance and repairs.
- (e) Evaluating the performance of bicycle patrol officers.
- (f) Coordinating activities with the Patrol Division.
- (g) Other activities as required to maintain the efficient operation of bicycle patrol.

#### **425.6 PATROL BICYCLE**

Bicycle patrol officers will be assigned a specially marked and equipped patrol bicycle, attached gear bag, two batteries and a charger.

Patrol bicycles shall be primarily black or white in color with a "Police" decal affixed to each side of the crossbar or the bicycle's gear bag. Every patrol bicycle shall be equipped with:

- (a) Front and rear reflectors.
- (b) A siren and horn.
- (c) A steady or flashing blue and red warning light that is visible from the front, sides or rear of the bicycle.
- (d) A rear rack and/or gear bag sufficient to carry all necessary equipment to handle routine patrol calls, including report writing, vehicle storage and citations.
- (e) A gear bag that shall include a first-aid kit, tire pump, repair tool, tire tube, security lock, high-visibility vest and equipment information and use manuals. These items are to remain with/on the patrol bicycle at all times.

Patrol bicycles shall be properly secured when not in the officer's immediate presence.

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#### *Bicycle Patrol*

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##### 425.6.1 TRANSPORTING THE PATROL BICYCLE

The patrol bicycle should be transported using a vehicle bicycle rack. Due to possible component damage, transportation of the patrol bicycle in a trunk or on a law enforcement vehicle push-bumper is discouraged.

##### 425.6.2 MAINTENANCE

- (a) Bicycle patrol officers shall conduct an inspection of the patrol bicycle and equipment prior to use to ensure proper working order of the equipment.
- (b) Officers are responsible for the routine care and maintenance of their assigned equipment (e.g., tire pressure, chain lubrication, overall cleaning).
  - 1. Each patrol bicycle will have scheduled maintenance twice yearly to be performed by a repair shop or technician approved by the Department.
- (c) Officers shall not modify the patrol bicycle or remove, modify or add components to the patrol bicycle except with the express approval of the bicycle patrol coordinator, or in the event of an emergency.
- (d) If a needed repair is beyond the ability of the bicycle patrol officer, a repair work order will be completed and forwarded to the coordinator for repair by a technician approved by the Department.
- (e) Patrol bicycle batteries shall be rotated on the assigned charger at the end of each tour of duty.
  - 1. During prolonged periods of non-use, each bicycle patrol officer assigned a patrol bicycle shall periodically rotate the batteries on the respective chargers to increase battery life.
- (f) At the end of a patrol bicycle assignment, the bicycle shall be returned clean and ready for the next tour of duty.

##### **425.7 UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT**

Officers shall wear uniforms and safety equipment in accordance with the Uniforms and Civilian Attire Policy.

The uniform consists of the standard short-sleeve uniform shirt or other department-approved shirt, with Federalsburg Police Department badge and patches, and department-approved bicycle patrol pants or shorts. Optional attire may include, but is not limited to, a jacket in colder weather and turtleneck shirts or sweaters when worn under the uniform shirt.

Bicycle patrol officers shall carry the same equipment on their duty belts as they would on regular patrol assignments. Assignment-specific safety equipment should include, but is not limited to, department-approved helmet, a radio headset and microphone, riding gloves, protective eyewear and approved footwear.

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Officers will be responsible for obtaining the necessary forms, citation books and other department equipment needed while on bicycle patrol.

#### **425.8 TRAINING**

Officers must complete an initial department-approved bicycle-training course prior to assignment to bicycle patrol. Thereafter, bicycle patrol officers should receive twice yearly in-service training to improve skills and refresh safety, health and operational procedures. The initial training shall minimally include the following:

- (a) Bicycle patrol strategies
- (b) Bicycle safety and accident prevention
- (c) Operational tactics and techniques using bicycles

Bicycle patrol officers will be required to train and qualify with their duty and secondary firearms while wearing bicycle safety equipment, including the helmet and riding gloves.



## Automated License Plate Readers (ALPRs)

### 426.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance for the capture, storage and use of digital data obtained through the use of Automated License Plate Reader (ALPR) technology.

#### 426.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Official law enforcement purpose** - The investigation, detection or analysis of a crime; of a violation of the Maryland vehicle laws; of a terrorist operation; or of missing or endangered person searches or alerts (Md. Code PS § 3-509).

### 426.2 POLICY

The policy of the Federalsburg Police Department is to utilize ALPR technology to capture and store digital license plate data and images while recognizing the established privacy rights of the public.

All data and images gathered by the ALPR are for the official use of this department. Because such data may contain confidential information, it is not open to public review.

### 426.3 ADMINISTRATION

The ALPR technology, also known as License Plate Recognition (LPR), allows for the automated detection of license plates. It is used by the Federalsburg Police Department to convert data associated with vehicle license plates for official law enforcement purposes, including identifying stolen or wanted vehicles, stolen license plates and missing persons. It may also be used to gather information related to active warrants, homeland security, electronic surveillance, suspect interdiction and stolen property recovery.

All installation and maintenance of ALPR equipment, as well as ALPR data retention and access shall be managed by a designated patrol supervisor. The designated patrol supervisor will assign members under his/her command to administer the day-to-day operation of the ALPR equipment and data.

### 426.4 OPERATIONS

Use of an ALPR is restricted to the purposes outlined below. Department members shall not use, or allow others to use, the equipment or database records for any unauthorized purpose.

- (a) An ALPR shall only be used for official law enforcement business (Md. Code PS § 3-509).
- (b) An ALPR may be used in conjunction with any routine patrol operation or criminal investigation. Reasonable suspicion or probable cause is not required before using an ALPR.

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- (c) While an ALPR may be used to canvass license plates around any crime scene, particular consideration should be given to using ALPR-equipped vehicles to canvass areas around homicides, shootings and other major incidents. Partial license plates reported during major crimes should be entered into the ALPR system in an attempt to identify suspect vehicles.
- (d) No member of this department shall operate ALPR equipment or access ALPR data without first completing department-approved training.
- (e) No ALPR operator may access confidential department, state or federal data unless authorized to do so.
- (f) If practicable, the officer should verify an ALPR response through the appropriate official law enforcement database before taking enforcement action that is based solely on an ALPR alert.

#### **426.5 DATA COLLECTION AND RETENTION**

The designated patrol supervisor is responsible for ensuring systems and processes are in place for the proper collection and retention of ALPR data. Data will be transferred from vehicles to the designated storage in accordance with department procedures.

All stored ALPR data should be retained in accordance with the established records retention schedule. Thereafter, ALPR data should be purged unless it has become, or it is reasonable to believe it will become, evidence in a criminal or civil action or is subject to a discovery request or other lawful action to produce records. In those circumstances, the applicable data should be downloaded onto portable media and booked into evidence.

#### **426.6 ACCOUNTABILITY**

All data will be closely safeguarded and protected by both procedural and technological means. The Federalsburg Police Department will observe the following safeguards regarding access to and use of stored data (Md. Code PS § 3-509):

- (a) All ALPR data downloaded to the mobile workstation and in storage shall be accessible only through a login/password-protected system capable of documenting all access of information by name, date and time.
- (b) Members approved to access ALPR data under these guidelines are permitted to access the data for legitimate law enforcement purposes only, such as when the data relate to a specific criminal investigation or department-related civil or administrative action.
- (c) ALPR system audits should be conducted on a regular basis.
  1. This shall include audits of requests made by individual law enforcement agencies and those made by individual law enforcement officers.

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##### **426.7 RELEASING ALPR DATA**

Information gathered by the ALPR is not subject to disclosure under the Public Information Act (Md. Code PS § 3-509). The ALPR data may be shared only with other law enforcement or prosecutorial agencies for official law enforcement purposes or as otherwise permitted by law, using the following procedures:

- (a) The agency makes a written request for the ALPR data that includes:
  1. The name of the agency.
  2. The name of the person requesting.
  3. The intended purpose of obtaining the information.
- (b) The request is reviewed by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee and approved before the request is fulfilled.
- (c) The approved request is retained on file.

Requests for ALPR data by non-law enforcement or non-prosecutorial agencies will be processed as provided in the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

# Homeless Persons

## **427.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that department members understand the needs and rights of the homeless, and to establish procedures to guide them during all contacts with the homeless, whether consensual or for enforcement purposes.

This policy establishes a liaison to the homeless community, addresses the responsibilities of the department member appointed to act as a liaison to the homeless, and details the need for special protection and services for homeless persons.

## **427.2 POLICY**

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to protect the rights, dignity and private property of all members of the community, including people who are homeless. Abuse of authority to harass any member of the community will not be permitted. The Federalsburg Police Department will address the needs of homeless persons in balance with the overall mission of this department.

Homelessness is not a crime and members will not use homelessness as the sole basis for detention or law enforcement action.

## **427.3 LIAISON TO THE HOMELESS COMMUNITY**

The Chief of Police shall delegate certain responsibilities to a liaison to the homeless community. The liaison shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

The responsibilities of the liaison include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Maintaining and making available to all department members a list of assistance programs and other resources that are available to homeless persons.
- (b) Meeting with social services and representatives of other organizations that render assistance to the homeless community.
- (c) Maintaining a list of the areas within and near the jurisdiction of this department that are used as frequent homeless encampments.
- (d) Remaining abreast of laws dealing with homelessness, including personal property rights.
- (e) Being present during any clean-up operation conducted by this department that involves the removal of personal property of the homeless. This is to ensure that the established rights of the homeless are not violated.
- (f) Developing training to assist members in understanding current legal and social issues relating to the homeless.

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#### **427.4 FIELD CONTACTS**

Officers are encouraged to contact a homeless person to render aid, offer assistance or to check on the person's welfare. Officers also will take enforcement action when information supports a reasonable and articulable suspicion of criminal activity. However, such contacts shall not be used for harassment.

When encountering a homeless person who has committed a non-violent misdemeanor and continued freedom is not likely to result in a continuation of the offense or a breach of the peace, officers are encouraged to consider long-term solutions, such as shelter referrals and counseling, in lieu of an arrest and criminal charges.

Officers should provide homeless persons with resource and assistance information whenever it is reasonably apparent that such services may be appropriate.

##### **427.4.1 CONSIDERATIONS**

A homeless person will receive the same level and quality of service provided to other members of the community. The fact that a victim, witness or suspect is homeless can, however, require special consideration for a successful investigation and prosecution. When handling investigations involving victims, witnesses or suspects who are homeless, officers should consider:

- (a) Documenting alternate contact information. This may include obtaining addresses and telephone numbers of relatives and friends.
- (b) Documenting locations the person may frequent.
- (c) Providing victim/witness resources, when appropriate.
- (d) Obtaining sufficient statements from all available witnesses in the event that a victim cannot be located and is unavailable for a court appearance.
- (e) Arranging for transportation for investigation-related matters, such as medical exams and court appearances.
- (f) Whether a crime should be reported and submitted for prosecution, even when a victim who is homeless indicates that he/she does not desire prosecution.
- (g) Whether the person may be an adult abuse victim, and if so, proceed in accordance with the Adult Abuse Policy.

#### **427.5 MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES**

When mental health issues are evident, officers should consider referring the person to the appropriate mental health agency or providing the person with contact information for mental health assistance, as appropriate. In these circumstances, officers may provide transportation to a mental health facility for voluntary evaluation if it is requested or offered and accepted by the person, and approved by a supervisor. Officers should consider detaining the person under a mental health evaluation when facts and circumstances reasonably indicate such a detention is warranted (see the Mental Health Evaluations Policy).

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##### **427.6 PERSONAL PROPERTY**

The personal property of homeless persons must not be treated differently than the property of other members of the community. Officers should use reasonable care when handling, collecting and retaining the personal property of homeless persons and shall not destroy or discard the personal property of a homeless person (Md. Code CR § 10-304).

When a homeless person is arrested or otherwise removed from a public place, officers should make reasonable accommodations to permit the person to lawfully secure his/her personal property. Otherwise, it should be collected for safekeeping. If the arrestee has more personal property than can reasonably be collected and transported by the officer, a supervisor should be consulted. The property should be photographed and measures should be taken to remove or secure it. It will be the supervisor's responsibility to coordinate its removal and safekeeping.

Officers should not conduct or assist in clean-up operations of belongings that reasonably appear to be the property of homeless persons without the prior authorization of a supervisor or the homeless liaison. When practicable, requests by the public for clean-up of a homeless encampment should be referred to the liaison.

Officers who encounter unattended encampments, bedding or other personal property in public areas that reasonably appears to belong to a homeless person should not remove or destroy such property and should inform the liaison if such property appears to involve a trespass, is a blight to the community or the subject of a complaint. It will be the responsibility of the liaison to address the matter in a timely fashion.

##### **427.7 ECOLOGICAL ISSUES**

Sometimes homeless encampments can have an impact on the ecology and natural resources of the community and may involve criminal offenses beyond mere littering. Officers are encouraged to notify other appropriate agencies or Town departments when a significant impact to the environment has or is likely to occur. A significant impact to the environment may warrant a crime report, investigation, supporting photographs and supervisor notification.

## Medical Cannabis

### 428.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide members of this department with guidelines for investigating the acquisition, possession, transportation, delivery, production, and use of cannabis under Maryland's medical cannabis laws (Md. Code CR § 5-601(c)(3); Md. Code AB § 36-101 et seq.).

#### 428.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include (Md. Code AB § 36-101; COMAR 10.62.06.01):

**30-day supply** - 120 grams of usable cannabis or 36 grams of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC).

**Administration** – The Maryland Cannabis Administration.

**Cannabis licensee** – A business licensed by the Administration to operate in the cannabis industry.

**Cannabis registrant** – An independent testing laboratory, transporter, security guard company, waste disposal company, or any other business authorized under the Administration to work with a cannabis licensee.

**Caregiver** - A person who has agreed to assist with a qualifying patient's medical use of cannabis, including a parent or legal guardian, or a designee of a parent or legal guardian of a qualified patient under the age of 18.

**Certifying provider** - A person licensed by the State Board of Physicians, the State Board of Dental Examiners, the State Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners, or the State Board of Nursing who has a state-controlled dangerous substances registration and is approved by the Administration to make cannabis available to patients for medical use.

**Dispensary** - An entity licensed by the Administration that acquires, possesses, repackages, transports, sells, distributes, or dispenses cannabis; products containing cannabis; related supplies; related products including tinctures, aerosols, oils, or ointments; or educational materials for use by a qualifying patient or caregiver.

**Identification card** - An identification card provided by the Administration to qualifying patients and caregivers.

**Processor** - An entity licensed by the Administration that transforms cannabis into another product or extract and packages and labels the cannabis product.

**Qualifying patient** - A person who possesses a written certification by a certifying provider with whom the person has a bona fide provider-patient relationship. If the person is under the age of 18, the person must have a caregiver.

**Written certification** - Certification issued by a certifying provider which includes a written statement confirming that, in the certifying provider's professional opinion, the patient has a

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condition justifying the use of medical cannabis and, if appropriate, that a 30-day supply of medical cannabis is not sufficient to meet the patient's medical needs.

#### **428.2 POLICY**

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to prioritize resources to avoid making arrests related to cannabis that the arresting officer reasonably believes would not be prosecuted by state or federal authorities.

Maryland medical cannabis laws are intended to provide protection from prosecution to those who possess a written certification by a certifying provider for the use of cannabis for medical use. However, Maryland medical cannabis laws do not affect federal laws, and there is no medical exception under federal law for the possession or distribution of cannabis. The Federalsburg Police Department will exercise discretion to ensure laws are appropriately enforced without unreasonably burdening both those individuals protected under Maryland law and the resources of the Department.

#### **428.3 INVESTIGATION**

Investigations involving the possession, delivery, production, or use of cannabis generally fall into the following categories:

- (a) Investigations when no person makes a medicinal claim.
- (b) Investigations when the person is a qualifying patient or caregiver.
- (c) Investigations when the person is otherwise authorized.

##### **428.3.1 INVESTIGATIONS WITH NO MEDICAL CLAIM**

In any investigation involving the possession, delivery, production, or use of cannabis or drug paraphernalia where no person claims that the cannabis is used for medicinal purposes, the officer should proceed with a criminal investigation. A medicinal claim may be raised at any time, so officers should document any statements and observations that may be relevant to whether the cannabis was possessed or used for medicinal purposes.

##### **428.3.2 INVESTIGATIONS INVOLVING A QUALIFYING PATIENT OR CAREGIVER**

A qualifying patient or caregiver shall not be arrested for the authorized medical use or possession of cannabis from a dispensary, provided (Md. Code AB § 36-302; Md. Code AB § 36-1201):

- (a) Any qualifying patient possesses no more than a 30-day supply, unless the patient's written certification allows for the possession of more.
- (b) In the case of a caregiver, the caregiver is in possession of the cannabis for a qualifying patient the caregiver has agreed to assist in the use of medical cannabis.

Qualifying patients 21 years or older may also possess four or fewer cannabis plants for cultivation in compliance with Md. Code CL § 5-601.2.

A patient or caregiver identification card should suffice as evidence that a written certification has been issued. Certification or lack of certification should be verified through the Administration's



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registry before making an arrest (COMAR 10.62.04.06; COMAR 10.62.06.01 et seq.). No arrest should be made if there is reason to believe that the individual has a valid claim to possess.

#### 428.3.3 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Officers should consider the following when investigating an incident involving cannabis possession, delivery, production, or use:

- (a) Because enforcement of medical cannabis laws can be complex, time consuming, and call for resources unavailable at the time of initial investigation, officers may consider submitting a report to the prosecutor for review, in lieu of making an arrest. This can be particularly appropriate when:
  - 1. The suspect has been identified and can be easily located at another time.
  - 2. The case would benefit from review by a person with expertise in medical cannabis investigations.
  - 3. Sufficient evidence, such as photographs or samples, has been lawfully obtained.
  - 4. Any other relevant factors, such as available department resources and time constraints.
- (b) Whenever the initial investigation reveals an amount of marijuana greater than that specified by law, officers should consider and document, in anticipation of an affirmative defense:
  - 1. The amount of marijuana recommended by a medical professional to be ingested.
  - 2. The quality of the marijuana.
  - 3. The method of ingestion (e.g., smoking, eating, nebulizer).
  - 4. The timing of the possession in relation to a harvest (patient may be storing marijuana).
  - 5. Whether the marijuana is being cultivated indoors or outdoors.
  - 6. The climate.

#### 428.3.4 INVESTIGATIONS INVOLVING OTHER AUTHORIZED INDIVIDUALS

Any person falling into the following categories shall not be arrested for the authorized medical possession of cannabis (Md. Code AB § 36-1201):

- (a) Certifying providers.
- (b) Hospitals, medical facilities, and hospice programs where a qualifying patient is receiving treatment.
- (c) Academic research representatives authorized under Md. Code AB § 36-701 et seq. to research the medical uses, properties, or composition of cannabis.

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- (d) Designated school personnel authorized to administer cannabis to a student under Md. Code ED § 7-446 unless there is reasonable belief of gross negligence or wanton or willful misconduct.
- (e) Cannabis licensees and cannabis registrants.

#### **428.4 FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT**

Officers should provide information regarding a cannabis investigation to federal law enforcement authorities when it is requested by federal law enforcement authorities or whenever the officer believes those authorities would have a particular interest in the information.

#### **428.5 EVIDENCE**

##### **428.5.1 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

The investigating member should notify the receiving Evidence member in writing when cannabis may be the subject of a medical cannabis claim.

##### **428.5.2 PROPERTYBUREAU SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Evidence supervisor should ensure that cannabis, drug paraphernalia, or other related property seized from a person engaged or assisting in the use of medical cannabis is not destroyed. The Evidence supervisor is not responsible for caring for live cannabis plants.

Upon the prosecutor's decision to forgo prosecution, or the dismissal of charges or an acquittal, the Evidence supervisor should return to the person from whom it was seized any useable cannabis, plants, drug paraphernalia, or other related property.

The Evidence supervisor should not destroy cannabis that was alleged to be for medical purposes except upon receipt of a court order.

The Evidence supervisor may release cannabis to federal law enforcement authorities upon presentation of a valid court order or by a written order of the Patrol supervisor.

## Medical Aid and Response

### 429.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy recognizes that officers often encounter persons in need of medical aid and establishes a law enforcement response to such persons.

### 429.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that all officers and other designated members be trained to provide emergency medical aid and to facilitate an emergency medical response.

### 429.3 FIRST RESPONDING MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Whenever practicable, members should take appropriate steps to provide initial medical aid (e.g., first aid, CPR, use of an automated external defibrillator (AED)) in accordance with their training and current certification levels. This should be done for those in need of immediate care and only when the member can safely do so.

Prior to initiating medical aid, the member should contact 911 Center and request response by Emergency Medical Services (EMS) as the member deems appropriate.

Members should follow universal precautions when providing medical aid, such as wearing gloves and avoiding contact with bodily fluids, consistent with the Communicable Diseases Policy. Members should use a barrier or bag device to perform rescue breathing.

When requesting EMS, the member should provide 911 Center with information for relay to EMS personnel in order to enable an appropriate response, including:

- (a) The location where EMS is needed.
- (b) The nature of the incident.
- (c) Any known scene hazards.
- (d) Information on the person in need of EMS, such as:
  1. Signs and symptoms as observed by the member.
  2. Changes in apparent condition.
  3. Number of patients, sex, and age, if known.
  4. Whether the person is conscious, breathing, and alert, or is believed to have consumed drugs or alcohol.
  5. Whether the person is showing signs of extreme agitation or is engaging in violent irrational behavior accompanied by profuse sweating, extraordinary strength beyond their physical characteristics, and imperviousness to pain.

Members should stabilize the scene whenever practicable while awaiting the arrival of EMS.

Members should not direct EMS personnel regarding whether to transport the person for treatment.

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#### **429.4 TRANSPORTING ILL AND INJURED PERSONS**

Except in exceptional cases where alternatives are not reasonably available, members should not transport persons who are unconscious, who have serious injuries, or who may be seriously ill. EMS personnel should be called to handle patient transportation.

Officers should search any person who is in custody before releasing that person to EMS for transport.

An officer should accompany any person in custody during transport in an ambulance when requested by EMS personnel, when it reasonably appears necessary to provide security, when it is necessary for investigative purposes, or when so directed by a supervisor.

Members should not provide emergency escort for medical transport or civilian vehicles.

#### **429.5 PERSONS REFUSING EMS CARE**

If a person who is not in custody refuses EMS care or refuses to be transported to a medical facility, an officer shall not force that person to receive medical care or be transported.

However, members may assist EMS personnel when EMS personnel determine the person lacks the mental capacity to understand the consequences of refusing medical care or to make an informed decision and the lack of immediate medical attention may result in serious bodily injury or the death of the person.

In cases where mental illness may be a factor, the officer should consider proceeding with a mental health hold in accordance with the Mental Health Evaluations Policy.

If an officer believes that a person who is in custody requires EMS care and the person refuses, he/she should encourage the person to receive medical treatment. The officer may also consider contacting a family member to help persuade the person to agree to treatment or who may be able to authorize treatment for the person.

If the person who is in custody still refuses, the officer will require the person to be transported to the nearest medical facility. In such cases, the officer should consult with a supervisor prior to the transport.

Members shall not sign refusal-for-treatment forms or forms accepting financial responsibility for treatment.

#### **429.6 MEDICAL ATTENTION RELATED TO USE OF FORCE**

Specific guidelines for medical attention for injuries sustained from a use of force may be found in the Use of Force, Handcuffing and Restraints, Control Devices and Conducted Energy Device policies.

#### **429.7 AIR AMBULANCE**

Generally, when on-scene, EMS personnel will be responsible for determining whether an air ambulance response should be requested. An air ambulance may be appropriate when there are

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victims with life-threatening injuries or who require specialized treatment (e.g., gunshot wounds, burns, obstetrical cases), and distance or delays will affect the EMS response.

The Patrol Sgt. should develop guidelines for air ambulance landings or enter into local operating agreements for the use of air ambulances, as applicable. In creating those guidelines, the Department should identify:

- Responsibility and authority for designating a landing zone and determining the size of the landing zone.
- Responsibility for securing the area and maintaining that security once the landing zone is identified.
- Consideration of the air ambulance provider's minimum standards for proximity to vertical obstructions and surface composition (e.g. dirt, gravel, pavement, concrete, grass).
- Consideration of the air ambulance provider's minimum standards for horizontal clearance from structures, fences, power poles, antennas, or roadways.
- Responsibility for notifying the appropriate highway or transportation agencies if a roadway is selected as a landing zone.
- Procedures for ground personnel to communicate with flight personnel during the operation.

One department member at the scene should be designated as the air ambulance communications contact. Headlights, spotlights, and flashlights should not be aimed upward at the air ambulance. Members should direct vehicle and pedestrian traffic away from the landing zone.

Members should follow these cautions when near an air ambulance:

- Never approach the aircraft until signaled by the flight crew.
- Always approach the aircraft from the front.
- Avoid the aircraft's tail rotor area.
- Wear eye protection during the landing and take-off.
- Do not carry or hold items, such as IV bags, above the head.
- Ensure that no one smokes near the aircraft.

#### **429.8 AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR (AED) USE**

A member should use an AED only after he/she has received the required training as provided in COMAR 30.06.02.01.

The Chief of Police shall designate an AED coordinator who shall be responsible for implementing and administering the AED program in accordance with state regulations including registering and receiving certification through the Maryland Institute for Emergency Medical Services Systems (MIEMSS) (Md. Code ED § 13-517; COMAR 30.06.02.01).

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##### **429.8.1 AED USER RESPONSIBILITY**

Members who are issued AEDs for use in department vehicles should check the AED at the beginning of the shift to ensure it is properly charged and functioning. Any AED that is not functioning properly will be taken out of service and given to the Training Sergeant who is responsible for ensuring appropriate maintenance.

Following use of an AED, the device shall be cleaned and/or decontaminated as required. The electrodes and/or pads will be replaced as recommended by the AED manufacturer.

Any member who uses an AED should contact 911 Center as soon as possible and request response by EMS.

##### **429.8.2 AED REPORTING**

Any member using an AED will complete an incident report detailing its use.

The Maryland Facility AED Report Form shall also be completed and forwarded to MIEMSS for each incident of suspected cardiac arrest. If the AED fails when operated, a copy of the report shall be sent to MIEMSS and to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) (COMAR 30.06.02.03).

##### **429.8.3 AED TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE**

The Training Sergeant should ensure appropriate training, including training in the most recent publication of the American Heart Association Guidelines for CPR and emergency cardiovascular care (ECC), is provided to members authorized to use an AED (COMAR 30.06.02.01).

The Training Sergeant is responsible for ensuring AED devices are appropriately maintained and inspected consistent with the manufacturer's guidelines, and will retain records of all maintenance and inspections in accordance with the established records retention schedule (COMAR 30.06.02.01).

#### **429.9 ADMINISTRATION OF OPIOID OVERDOSE MEDICATION**

Authorized members may administer opioid overdose medication when there is an emergency situation and medical services are not immediately available (Md. Code HG § 13-3105). Administration shall be in accordance with protocol specified by the health care provider who prescribed the overdose medication.

##### **429.9.1 OPIOID OVERDOSE MEDICATION USER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Members who are qualified to administer opioid overdose medication, such as naloxone, should handle, store and administer the medication consistent with their training. Members should check the medication and associated administration equipment at the beginning of their shift to ensure they are serviceable and not expired. Any expired medication or unserviceable administration equipment should be removed from service and given to the Training Sergeant.

Any member who administers an opioid overdose medication should contact 911 Center as soon as possible and request response by EMS.

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##### **429.9.2 OPIOID OVERDOSE MEDICATION REPORTING**

Any member administering opioid overdose medication should detail its use in an appropriate report.

The Training Sergeant will ensure that the Administrative Assistant is provided enough information to meet applicable state reporting requirements (Md. Code HG § 13-3103).

##### **429.9.3 OPIOID OVERDOSE MEDICATION TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant should ensure training is provided to members authorized to administer opioid overdose medication. The training should include recognizing the signs and symptoms of opioid overdose and the administration of opioid overdose medication (Md. Code HG § 13-3103).

##### **429.10 SICK OR INJURED ARRESTEE**

If an arrestee appears ill or injured, or claims illness or injury, he/she should be medically cleared prior to booking. If the officer has reason to believe the arrestee is feigning injury or illness, the officer should contact a supervisor, who will determine whether medical clearance will be obtained prior to booking.

If the jail or detention facility refuses to accept custody of an arrestee based on medical screening, the officer should note the name of the facility person refusing to accept custody and the reason for refusal, and should notify a supervisor to determine the appropriate action

Arrestees who appear to have a serious medical issue should be transported by ambulance. Officers shall not transport the arrestee to a hospital without a supervisor's approval

Nothing in this section should delay an officer from requesting EMS when an arrestee reasonably appears to be exhibiting symptoms that appear to be life threatening, including breathing problems or an altered level of consciousness, or is claiming an illness or injury that reasonably warrants an EMS response in accordance with the officer's training.

##### **429.11 FIRST AID TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, the Training Sergeant should ensure officers receive periodic first aid training appropriate for their position.

## First Amendment Assemblies

### 430.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for responding to public assemblies or demonstrations.

### 430.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department respects the rights of people to peaceably assemble. It is the policy of this department not to unreasonably interfere with, harass, intimidate or discriminate against persons engaged in the lawful exercise of their rights, while also preserving the peace, protecting life and preventing the destruction of property.

### 430.3 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Individuals or groups present on the public way, such as public facilities, streets, or walkways, generally have the right to assemble, rally, demonstrate, protest, or otherwise express their views and opinions through varying forms of communication, including the distribution of printed matter. These rights may be limited by laws or ordinances regulating such matters as the obstruction of individual or vehicle access or egress, trespass, noise, picketing, distribution of handbills and leafleting, or loitering. However, officers shall not take action or fail to take action based on the opinions being expressed.

Participant behavior during a demonstration or other public assembly can vary. This may include but is not limited to:

- Lawful, constitutionally protected actions and speech.
- Civil disobedience (typically involving minor criminal acts).
- Rioting.

All of these behaviors may be present during the same event. Therefore, it is imperative that law enforcement actions are measured and appropriate for the behaviors officers may encounter. This is particularly critical if force is being used. Adaptable strategies and tactics are essential.

The purpose of a law enforcement presence at the scene of public assemblies and demonstrations should be to preserve the peace, to protect life, and prevent the destruction of property.

Officers should not:

- (a) Engage in assembly or demonstration-related discussion with participants.
- (b) Harass, confront, or intimidate participants.
- (c) Seize the cameras, cell phones, or materials of participants or observers unless an officer is placing a person under lawful arrest.

Supervisors should continually observe department members under their commands to ensure that members' interaction with participants and their response to crowd dynamics is appropriate.



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##### **430.3.1 PHOTOGRAPHS AND VIDEO RECORDINGS**

Photographs and video recording, when appropriate, can serve a number of purposes, including support of criminal prosecutions by documenting criminal acts; assistance in evaluating department performance; serving as training material; recording the use of dispersal orders; and facilitating a response to allegations of improper law enforcement conduct.

Photographs and videos will not be used or retained for the sole purpose of collecting or maintaining information about the political, religious or social views of associations, or the activities of any individual, group, association, organization, corporation, business or partnership, unless such information directly relates to an investigation of criminal activities and there is reasonable suspicion that the subject of the information is involved in criminal conduct.

##### **430.4 UNPLANNED EVENTS**

When responding to an unplanned or spontaneous public gathering, the first responding officer should conduct an assessment of conditions, including but not limited to the following:

- Location
- Number of participants
- Apparent purpose of the event
- Leadership (whether it is apparent and/or whether it is effective)
- Any initial indicators of unlawful or disruptive activity
- Indicators that lawful use of public facilities, streets, or walkways will be impacted
- Ability and/or need to continue monitoring the incident

Initial assessment information should be promptly communicated to 911 Center, and the assignment of a supervisor should be requested. Additional resources should be requested as appropriate. The responding supervisor shall assume command of the incident until command is expressly assumed by another, and the assumption of command is communicated to the involved members. A clearly defined command structure that is consistent with the Incident Command System (ICS) should be established as resources are deployed.

##### **430.5 PLANNED EVENT PREPARATION**

For planned events, comprehensive, incident-specific operational plans should be developed. The ICS should be considered for such events.

##### **430.5.1 INFORMATION GATHERING AND ASSESSMENT**

In order to properly assess the potential impact of a public assembly or demonstration on public safety and order, relevant information should be collected and vetted. This may include:

- Information obtained from outreach to group organizers or leaders.
- Information about past and potential unlawful conduct associated with the event or similar events.

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- The potential time, duration, scope, and type of planned activities.
- Any other information related to the goal of providing a balanced response to criminal activity and the protection of public safety interests.

Information should be obtained in a transparent manner, and the sources documented. Relevant information should be communicated to the appropriate parties in a timely manner.

Information will be obtained in a lawful manner and will not be based solely on the purpose or content of the assembly or demonstration, or actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, economic status, age, cultural group, or disability of the participants (or any other characteristic that is unrelated to criminal conduct or the identification of a criminal subject).

#### 430.5.2 OPERATIONAL PLANS

An operational planning team with responsibility for event planning and management should be established. The planning team should develop an operational plan for the event.

The operational plan will minimally provide for the following:

- (a) Command assignments, chain of command structure, roles and responsibilities
- (b) Staffing and resource allocation
- (c) Management of criminal investigations
- (d) Designation of uniform of the day and related safety equipment (helmets, shields, etc.)
- (e) Deployment of specialized resources
- (f) Event communications and interoperability in a multijurisdictional event
- (g) Liaison with demonstration leaders and external agencies
- (h) Liaison with Town government and legal staff
- (i) Media relations
- (j) Logistics: food, fuel, replacement equipment, duty hours, relief and transportation
- (k) Traffic management plans
- (l) First aid and emergency medical service provider availability
- (m) Prisoner transport and detention
- (n) Review of policies regarding public assemblies and use of force in crowd control
- (o) Parameters for declaring an unlawful assembly
- (p) Arrest protocol, including management of mass arrests
- (q) Protocol for recording information flow and decisions

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- (r) Rules of engagement, including rules of conduct, protocols for field force extraction and arrests, and any authorization required for the use of force
- (s) Protocol for handling complaints during the event
- (t) Parameters for the use of body-worn cameras and other portable recording devices

#### **430.5.3 MUTUAL AID AND EXTERNAL RESOURCES**

The magnitude and anticipated duration of an event may necessitate interagency cooperation and coordination. The assigned Incident Commander should ensure that any required memorandums of understanding or other agreements are properly executed, and that any anticipated mutual aid is requested and facilitated (Outside Agency Assistance Policy).

#### **430.6 UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY DISPERSAL ORDERS**

If a public gathering or demonstration remains peaceful and nonviolent, and there is no reasonably imminent threat to persons or property, the Incident Commander should generally authorize continued monitoring of the event.

Should the Incident Commander make a determination that public safety is presently or is about to be jeopardized, he/she or the authorized designee should attempt to verbally persuade event organizers or participants to disperse of their own accord. Warnings and advisements may be communicated through established communications links with leaders and/or participants or to the group.

When initial attempts at verbal persuasion are unsuccessful, the Incident Commander or the authorized designee should make a clear standardized announcement to the gathering that the event is an unlawful assembly, and should order the dispersal of the participants. The announcement should be communicated by whatever methods are reasonably available to ensure that the content of the message is clear and that it has been heard by the participants. The announcement should be amplified, made in different languages as appropriate, made from multiple locations in the affected area and documented by audio and video. The announcement should provide information about what law enforcement actions will take place if illegal behavior continues and should identify routes for egress. A reasonable time to disperse should be allowed following a dispersal order.

#### **430.7 USE OF FORCE**

Use of force is governed by current department policy and applicable law (see the Use of Force, Handcuffing and Restraints, Control Devices, and Conducted Energy Device policies).

Individuals refusing to comply with lawful orders (e.g., nonviolent refusal to disperse) should be given a clear verbal warning and a reasonable opportunity to comply. If an individual persists in refusing to comply with lawful orders, the Incident Commander shall evaluate the type of resistance and adopt a reasonable response in order to accomplish the law enforcement mission (such as dispersal or arrest of those acting in violation of the law). Control devices and conducted energy devices should be considered only when the participants' conduct reasonably appears to present the potential to harm officers, themselves or others, or will result in substantial property loss or

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damage. Any use of conducted energy devices must conform to the Conducted Energy Device Policy.

Force or control devices, including oleoresin capsaicin (OC), should be directed toward individuals and not toward groups or crowds, unless specific individuals cannot reasonably be targeted due to extreme circumstances, such as a riotous crowd.

Operational circumstances may preclude contemporaneous completion of use of force reports, in which case use of force incidents shall be communicated to 911 Center for documentation. After-action reports shall include a detailed explanation of all incidents where force was used.

#### **430.8 ARRESTS**

The Federalsburg Police Department should respond to unlawful behavior in a manner that is consistent with the operational plan. If practicable, warnings or advisements should be communicated prior to arrest.

Mass arrests should be employed only when alternate tactics and strategies have been or reasonably appear likely to be unsuccessful. Mass arrests shall only be undertaken upon the order of the Incident Commander or the authorized designee. There must be probable cause for each arrest.

If employed, mass arrest protocols should fully integrate:

- (a) Reasonable measures to address the safety of officers and arrestees.
- (b) Dedicated arrest, booking and report writing teams.
- (c) Timely access to medical care.
- (d) Timely access to legal resources.
- (e) Timely processing of arrestees.
- (f) Full accountability for arrestees and evidence.
- (g) Coordination and cooperation with the prosecuting authority, jail and courts (see the Citation Releases Policy).

#### **430.9 MEDIA RELATIONS**

The Chief should use all available avenues of communication, including press releases, briefings, press conferences and social media to maintain open channels of communication with media representatives and the public about the status and progress of the event, taking all opportunities to reassure the public about the professional management of the event (see the Media Relations Policy).

#### **430.10 DEMOBILIZATION**

When appropriate, the Incident Commander or the authorized designee should implement a phased and orderly withdrawal of law enforcement resources. All relieved personnel should

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promptly complete any required reports, including use of force reports, and account for all issued equipment and vehicles to their supervisors prior to returning to normal operational duties.

#### **430.11 POST EVENT**

The Incident Commander should designate a member to assemble full documentation of the event, to include the following:

- (a) Operational plan
- (b) Any incident logs
- (c) Any assignment logs
- (d) Vehicle, fuel, equipment, and supply records
- (e) Incident, arrest, use of force, injury, and property damage reports
- (f) Photographs, audio/video recordings, and 911 Center records/tapes
- (g) Media accounts (print and broadcast media)

##### **430.11.1 AFTER-ACTION REPORTING**

The Incident Commander should work with Town legal counsel, as appropriate, to prepare a comprehensive after-action report of the event, to include the following:

- (a) Date, time, and description of the event.
- (b) Actions taken and outcomes (injuries, property damage, arrests).
- (c) Problems identified.
- (d) Significant events.
- (e) Recommendations for improvement; opportunities for training should be documented in a generic manner, without identifying individuals or specific incidents, facts, or circumstances.

#### **430.12 TRAINING**

The Department should, when practicable, train with its external and mutual aid partners.

## Civil Disputes

### 431.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides members of the Federalsburg Police Department with guidance for addressing conflicts between persons when no criminal investigation or enforcement action is warranted (e.g., civil matters), with the goal of minimizing any potential for violence or criminal acts.

The Domestic Violence Policy addresses specific legal mandates related to domestic violence court orders. References in this policy to “court orders” apply to any order of a court that does not require arrest or enforcement by the terms of the order or by Maryland law.

### 431.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department recognizes that a law enforcement presence at a civil dispute can play an important role in the peace and safety of the community. Subject to available resources, members of this department will assist at the scene of civil disputes with the primary goal of safeguarding persons and property, preventing criminal activity and maintaining the peace. When handling civil disputes, members will remain impartial, maintain a calm presence, give consideration to all sides and refrain from giving legal or inappropriate advice.

### 431.3 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

When appropriate, members handling a civil dispute should encourage the involved parties to seek the assistance of resolution services or take the matter to the civil courts. Members must not become personally involved in disputes and shall at all times remain impartial.

While not intended to be an exhaustive list, members should give considerations to the following when handling civil disputes:

- (a) Civil disputes tend to be confrontational and members should be alert that they can escalate to violence very quickly. De-escalation techniques should be used when appropriate.
- (b) Members should not dismiss alleged or observed criminal violations as a civil matter and should initiate the appropriate investigation and report when criminal activity is apparent.
- (c) Members shall not provide legal advice, however, when appropriate, members should inform the parties when they are at risk of violating criminal laws.
- (d) Members are reminded that they shall not enter a residence or other non-public location without legal authority.
- (e) Members should not take an unreasonable amount of time assisting in these matters and generally should contact a supervisor if it appears that peacekeeping efforts longer than 30 minutes are warranted.

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#### **431.4 COURT ORDERS**

Disputes involving court orders can be complex. Where no mandate exists for an officer to make an arrest for a violation of a court order, the matter should be addressed by documenting any apparent court order violation in a report. If there appears to be a more immediate need for enforcement action, the investigating officer should consult a supervisor prior to making any arrest.

If a person appears to be violating the terms of a court order but is disputing the validity of the order or its applicability, the investigating officer should document the following:

- (a) The person's knowledge of the court order or whether proof of service exists.
- (b) Any specific reason or rationale the involved person offers for not complying with the terms of the order.

A copy of the court order should be attached to the report when available. The report should be forwarded to the appropriate prosecutor. The report should also be forwarded to the court issuing the order with a notice that the report was also forwarded to the prosecutor for review.

##### **431.4.1 STANDBY REQUESTS**

Officers responding to a call for standby assistance to retrieve property should meet the person requesting assistance at a neutral location to discuss the process. The person should be advised that items that are disputed will not be allowed to be removed. The member may advise the person to seek private legal advice as to the distribution of disputed property.

Members should accompany the person to the location of the property. Members should ask if the other party will allow removal of the property or whether the other party would remove the property.

If the other party is uncooperative, the person requesting standby assistance should be instructed to seek private legal advice and obtain a court order to obtain the items. Officers should not order the other party to allow entry or the removal of any items. If there is a restraining or similar order against the person requesting standby assistance, that person should be asked to leave the scene or they may be subject to arrest for violation of the order.

If the other party is not present at the location, the member will not allow entry into the location or the removal of property from the location.

#### **431.5 VEHICLES AND PERSONAL PROPERTY**

Officers may be faced with disputes regarding possession or ownership of vehicles or other personal property. Officers may review documents provided by parties or available databases (e.g., vehicle registration), but should be aware that legal possession of vehicles or personal property can be complex. Generally, officers should not take any enforcement action unless a crime is apparent. The people and the vehicle or personal property involved should be identified and the incident documented.

#### **431.6 REAL PROPERTY**

Disputes over possession or occupancy of real property (e.g., land, homes, apartments) should generally be handled through a person seeking a court order.

# Suspicious Activity Reporting

## 432.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for reporting and investigating suspicious and criminal activity.

### 432.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Involved party** - An individual who has been observed engaging in suspicious activity, as defined in this policy, when no definitive criminal activity can be identified, thus precluding the person's identification as a suspect.

**Suspicious activity** - Any reported or observed activity that a member reasonably believes may have a nexus to any criminal act or attempted criminal act, or to foreign or domestic terrorism. Actual or perceived characteristics such as race, ethnicity, national origin religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, economic status, age, cultural group, or disability should not be considered as factors that create suspicion (although these factors may be used as specific suspect descriptions). Examples of suspicious activity may include but are not limited to:

- Suspected pre-operational surveillance or intelligence gathering (e.g., photographing security features, asking questions about sensitive security-related subjects).
- Tests of security measures and response to incidents (e.g., "dry run," creating false alarms, attempts to enter secure areas without authorization).
- Suspicious purchases (e.g., purchasing large quantities of otherwise legal items, such as fertilizer, that could be used to create an explosive or other dangerous device).
- An individual in possession of such things as a hoax explosive or dispersal device, sensitive materials (e.g., passwords, access codes, classified government information), or coded or ciphered literature or correspondence.

**Suspicious Activity Report (SAR)** - An incident report used to document suspicious activity.

## 432.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department recognizes the need to protect the public from criminal conduct and acts of terrorism and shall lawfully collect, maintain, and disseminate information regarding suspicious activities, while safeguarding civil liberties and privacy protections.

## 432.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

The Patrol Division supervisor and the authorized designee(s) will manage SAR activities. Authorized designees should include supervisors who are responsible for the department participation in Criminal Intelligence System(s) as outlined in the Criminal Organization policy.

The Patrol Division Supervisor will have the following duties:

- (a) Remain familiar with those databases available to the Federalsburg Police Department that would facilitate the purpose of this policy.



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- (b) Maintain adequate training in the area of intelligence gathering to ensure no information is being maintained that would violate the law or civil rights of any individual.
- (c) Ensure a process is available that would allow employees to report relevant information. The process should be designed to promote efficient and quick reporting, and should not be cumbersome, duplicative or complicated.
- (d) Ensure that Federalsburg Police Department personnel are made aware of the purpose and value of documenting information regarding suspicious activity, as well as the databases and other information resources that are available to the department.
- (e) Ensure that SAR information is appropriately disseminated to personnel in accordance with their job responsibilities.
- (f) Coordinate investigative follow-up, if appropriate.
- (g) Coordinate with the appropriate agency or fusion center.
- (h) Ensure that, as resources are available, the Federalsburg Police Department conducts outreach that is designed to encourage community members to report suspicious activity and that outlines what they should look for and how they should report it (e.g., website, public service announcements).

#### **432.4 REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION**

Any department member receiving information regarding suspicious activity should take any necessary immediate and appropriate action, including a request for tactical response or immediate notification of specialized entities, when applicable. Any department member who is not a peace officer and receives such information should ensure that it is passed on to an officer in a timely manner.

If the activity is not directly related to a reportable crime, the information will be recorded on a SAR, which will document information about the involved party and the circumstances of the incident. If an officer comes across such information while investigating an unrelated crime or incident, he/she will make no mention of the suspicious activity in the original incident/arrest report, but will document the suspicious activity on a SAR and include the incident/arrest report number.

#### **432.5 HANDLING INFORMATION**

Records Section will forward copies of SARs, in a timely manner, to the following:

- Patrol Division supervisor
- Authorized designees
- Crime Analysis Unit

## Public Recording of Law Enforcement Activity

### 433.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for handling situations in which members of the public photograph or audio/video record law enforcement actions and other public activities that involve members of this department. In addition, this policy provides guidelines for situations where the recordings may be evidence.

### 433.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department recognizes the right of persons to lawfully record members of this department who are performing their official duties. Members of this department will not prohibit or intentionally interfere with such lawful recordings. Any recordings that are deemed to be evidence of a crime or relevant to an investigation will only be collected or seized lawfully.

Officers should exercise restraint and should not resort to highly discretionary arrests for offenses such as interference, failure to comply or disorderly conduct as a means of preventing someone from exercising the right to record members performing their official duties.

### 433.3 RECORDING LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITY

Members of the public who wish to record law enforcement activities are limited only in certain aspects.

- (a) Recordings may be made from any public place or any private property where the individual has the legal right to be present.
- (b) Beyond the act of photographing or recording, individuals may not interfere with the law enforcement activity. Examples of interference include, but are not limited to:
  - 1. Tampering with a witness or suspect.
  - 2. Inciting others to violate the law.
  - 3. Being so close to the activity as to present a clear safety hazard to the officers.
  - 4. Being so close to the activity as to interfere with an officer's effective communication with a suspect or witness.
- (c) The individual may not present an undue safety risk to the officers, him/herself or others.

### 433.4 OFFICER RESPONSE

Officers should promptly request that a supervisor respond to the scene whenever it appears that anyone recording activities may be interfering with an investigation or it is believed that the recording may be evidence. If practicable, officers should wait for the supervisor to arrive before taking enforcement action or seizing any cameras or recording media.

Whenever practicable, officers or supervisors should give clear and concise warnings to individuals who are conducting themselves in a manner that would cause their recording or behavior to be unlawful. Accompanying the warnings should be clear directions on what an

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individual can do to be compliant; directions should be specific enough to allow compliance. For example, rather than directing an individual to clear the area, an officer could advise the person that he/she may continue observing and recording from the sidewalk across the street.

If an arrest or other significant enforcement activity is taken as the result of a recording that interferes with law enforcement activity, officers shall document in a report the nature and extent of the interference or other unlawful behavior and the warnings that were issued.

#### **433.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

A supervisor should respond to the scene when requested or any time the circumstances indicate a likelihood of interference or other unlawful behavior.

The supervisor should review the situation with the officer and:

- (a) Request any additional assistance as needed to ensure a safe environment.
- (b) Take a lead role in communicating with individuals who are observing or recording regarding any appropriate limitations on their location or behavior. When practical, the encounter should be recorded.
- (c) When practicable, allow adequate time for individuals to respond to requests for a change of location or behavior.
- (d) Ensure that any enforcement, seizure or other actions are consistent with this policy and constitutional and state law.
- (e) Explain alternatives for individuals who wish to express concern about the conduct of Department members, such as how and where to file a complaint.

#### **433.6 SEIZING RECORDINGS AS EVIDENCE**

Officers should not seize recording devices or media unless (42 USC § 2000aa):

- (a) There is probable cause to believe the person recording has committed or is committing a crime to which the recording relates, and the recording is reasonably necessary for prosecution of the person.
  1. Absent exigency or consent, a warrant should be sought before seizing or viewing such recordings. Reasonable steps may be taken to prevent erasure of the recording.
- (b) There is reason to believe that the immediate seizure of such recordings is necessary to prevent serious bodily injury or death of any person.
- (c) The person consents.
  1. To ensure that the consent is voluntary, the request should not be made in a threatening or coercive manner.
  2. If the original recording is provided, a copy of the recording should be provided to the recording party, if practicable. The recording party should be permitted to be present while the copy is being made, if feasible. Another way to obtain the evidence is to transmit a copy of the recording from a device to a department-owned device.

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Recording devices and media that are seized will be submitted within the guidelines of the Evidence Policy.

## USE OF STOP STICKS

### 434.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The utilization of tire deflation devices by law enforcement agencies has proven to be a safe technique in combating the dangers of police pursuits. Although these devices do not stop pursuits, they slow them down considerably. This is an important factor in reducing the dangers of a pursuit to members of the public, the police officers involved and the person being stopped. The lower the speed during a pursuit, the more manageable the situation is.

### 434.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department authorizes the use of tire deflation devices as a method of forcible stopping, but does not generally authorize maneuvers that involve boxing in, heading off, roadblocks or vehicle contact, for the specific purpose of stopping fleeing motor vehicles. This determination is based upon the following:

- (a) These tactics create an inherently dangerous situation for Police Officers, the suspect(s) and other individuals using the roadway.
- (b) These tactics, in situations not requiring deadly force, arouse unfavorable public opinion and exposes the Department to potential civil or criminal liability.
- (c) The Town of Federalsburg's size, proximity to major roadways, and residential nature makes these tactics difficult to be safely used.

There are many types of tire deflation devices; the Federalsburg Police Department has chosen to use STOP STICK ©. No other tire deflation devices are authorized for use by the Federalsburg Police Department.

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to deploy tire deflation devices when:

- (a) The operator of a vehicle knowingly fails to stop when signaled to do so by officers, or if not stopped presents a clear and imminent risk to the safety of citizens.
- (b) There is communication between the pursuing unit (police unit following the subject vehicle) and the officer who will deploy the tire deflation device. This communication between pursuing officer and the deploying officer specifically discusses the place, time and intent to deploy the deflation device.
- (c) The officer deploying the tire deflation device (an officer ahead of the pursued vehicle in position to put the device into its path) has been trained in its use and believes that the device can be deployed safely.

### 434.3 DEPLOYMENT AND UTILIZATION

Officer safety is a primary concern. If the device cannot be deployed safely, then they shall not be used. STOP STICKS are not used on vehicles with fewer than four wheels including motorcycles, as there is a potential for roll over.

- (a) A location that is safe for Officers.

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- (b) A location with less traffic volume.
- (c) A safe geographic location; the device shall not be used at intersections, in curves, in areas with a steep embankment, or other areas that may risk injury to the suspect or others, or in areas frequented by pedestrians.
- (d) Deployment must be on a hard surface.
- (e) The location should limit opportunity for the suspect vehicle to avoid hitting the Stop Sticks.
- (f) The Stop Stick cord should never be wrapped around your hand or any other body part during deployment.
- (g) The use of Stop Sticks should always be consistent with training received by the user.

#### 434.3.1 SUBSECTION TITLE

#### **434.4 COMMUNICATION**

##### 1. Action of Officer deploying Stop Stick

When a vehicle is fleeing and the decision has been made to utilize Stop Sticks, the officer deploying the Stop Sticks should only deploy the Stop Sticks after the pursuing officer has been informed of the deployment location and has acknowledged the information. The deploying officer should observe, when safely possible, the deployment areas to verify if the fleeing vehicle has been impacted by the deployment of the Stop Sticks and report this information accordingly.

##### 2. Action of Pursuing Officer

The officer actively pursuing the vehicle shall ensure they maintain communication with the officer engaged in deployment of the Stop Sticks to provide a coordinated response.

#### **434.5 PURSUIT OFFICER**

1. The pursuing officer shall proceed cautiously when approaching the deployment area and adjust their vehicle speed accordingly. They must allow adequate time for the deploying officer to remove the Stop Stick device from the roadway so as not to cause damage to the patrol vehicle. The pursuing officer must also be alert for sudden, evasive maneuvering by the fleeing vehicle and ensure a proper distance is maintained as speed decreases once the fleeing vehicle has been impacted by the deployment.

#### **434.6 RECOVERY**

The deploying officer must remove the Stop Stick device from the roadway as soon as the suspect vehicle passes the impact area. Once the device has been removed from the roadway, the deploying officer should secure the device in their respective patrol vehicle. The device should be checked thoroughly for any negative or impact related damage to the Stop Sticks before utilizing them during any future deployment.

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##### **434.7 DISABLING A VEHICLE PRIOR TO PURSUIT**

There are situations where it may be prudent to effectively disable a vehicle with the Stop Stick device before a suspect becomes aware of a police presence and/or before a pursuit begins. Utilization under these circumstances is likely to constitute a seizure, therefore Constitutional requirements must be taken into consideration prior the said deployment. The Stop Sticks may be utilized in situations to stop or disable a vehicle without first signaling or otherwise ordering the suspect to stop in order to maintain safety in cases such as:

1. Incidents involving known stolen vehicles;
2. Instances where suspects are wanted on serious felony arrest warrants or violent crimes (such as homicide, Robbery, Rape, or Aggravated Assault).
3. Incidents where it is deemed in the best interest of public safety to remove a suspect from a targeted vehicle or eliminate mobility of said vehicle in cases such as Kidnappings or other potential hostage situations.

##### **434.8 AWARENESS AND REACTIONS**

During any involvement in a pursuit, officers will experience an "adrenaline rush" due to the heightened anxiety and emotion. This can effect the officer in the following ways:

1. Heart rate increase;
2. Breathing can become shallow and rapid;
3. Fine motor skills can suffer and diminish;
4. Vision can be impacted leading to "Tunnel Vision" with a focus on the task at hand or solely on the perceived threat;
5. Auditory blockage or distortion may occur.

Officers must remain alert and aware of these possible reactions as fine motor skills are required to operate the deployment of the Stop Sticks device safely and effectively to avoid danger areas.

##### **434.9 SECTION TITLE**

## **Chapter 5 - Traffic Operations**



## Traffic

### 500.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for improving public safety through education and enforcement of traffic-related laws.

### 500.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to educate the public on traffic-related issues and to enforce traffic laws. The efforts of the Department will be driven by such factors as the location and/or number of traffic accidents based on citizen complaints, traffic volume, traffic conditions and other traffic-related needs. The ultimate goal of traffic law enforcement and education is to increase public safety.

### 500.3 DEPLOYMENT

Enforcement efforts may include such techniques as geographic/temporal assignment of department members and equipment, the establishment of preventive patrols to deal with specific categories of unlawful driving, and a variety of educational activities. These activities should incorporate methods that are suitable to the situation, timed to events, seasons, past traffic problems or locations and, whenever practicable, preceded by enforcement activities.

Several factors will be considered in the development of deployment schedules for department members. State and local data on traffic accidents are a valuable resource. Factors for analysis include, but are not limited to the following:

- Location
- Time
- Day
- Violation factors
- Requests from the public
- Construction zones
- School zones
- Special events

Department members assigned to uniformed patrol or traffic enforcement functions will emphasize the enforcement of violations that contribute to traffic accidents, and consider the hours and locations where traffic accidents tend to occur. Members will take directed enforcement action on request, and random enforcement action when appropriate, against violators. Members shall maintain high visibility while working general enforcement, especially in areas where traffic accidents frequently occur.

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#### **500.4 ENFORCEMENT**

Traffic enforcement will be consistent with applicable laws and take into account the degree and severity of the violation committed. This department does not establish ticket quotas. The number of arrests or citations issued by any member shall not be used as the sole criterion for evaluating member overall performance.

Several methods are effective in the reduction of traffic accidents, including but not limited to:

##### 500.4.1 WARNINGS

Warnings are a non-punitive option that may be considered by the member when circumstances warrant, for example when a minor violation was inadvertent.

##### 500.4.2 CITATIONS

Citations should be issued when a member believes it is appropriate. When issuing a citation for a traffic violation, it is essential that the rights and requirements imposed on motorists be fully explained. At a minimum, motorists should be provided with (Md. Code TR § 26-201):

- (a) A copy of the traffic citation.
- (b) An explanation of the violation or charge.
- (c) The court appearance procedure, including the optional or mandatory appearance by the motorist.
- (d) Notice that:
  1. The motorist can enter a plea and pay the fine by mail or at the court.
  2. Acknowledgement of receipt of the citation is not an admission of guilt.
  3. Failure to acknowledge receipt of the citation may subject the motorist to arrest.

##### 500.4.3 PHYSICAL ARREST

Physical arrest can be made for a number of criminal traffic offenses. These cases usually deal with, but are not limited to (Md. Code TR § 26-202):

- (a) A violation relating to vehicles transporting hazardous materials (Md. Code TR § 21-1411; Md. Code TR § 22-409).
- (b) A violation relating to the failure or refusal to submit a vehicle to a weighing or to remove excess weight from the vehicle (Md. Code TR § 24-111; Md. Code TR § 24-111.1).
- (c) The person does not furnish satisfactory evidence of identity.
- (d) The person refuses to acknowledge receipt of a traffic citation by signature (Md. Code TR § 26-203).
- (e) The officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person will disregard the traffic citation.

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- (f) A violation for any of the following offenses:
1. Driving or attempting to drive while under the influence of alcohol, while impaired by alcohol or in violation of an alcohol restriction.
  2. Driving or attempting to drive while impaired by any drug, any combination of drugs, or any combination of one or more drugs and alcohol, or while impaired by any controlled dangerous substance.
  3. Failure to stop, give information or render reasonable assistance as required by state law in the event of an accident resulting in bodily injury to or death of any person (Md. Code TR § 20-102; Md. Code TR § 20-104).
  4. Driving or attempting to drive a motor vehicle without a driver's license unless exempt or otherwise authorized (Md. Code TR § 16-101).
  5. Driving or attempting to drive a motor vehicle while the driver's license or privilege to drive is suspended or revoked.
  6. Failure to stop or give information, as required by state law, in the event of an accident resulting in damage to a vehicle or other property (Md. Code TR § 20-103; Md. Code TR § 20-104; Md. Code TR § 20-105).
  7. Any offense that caused or contributed to an accident resulting in bodily injury to or death of any person.
  8. Fleeing or attempting to elude an officer.
  9. Falsifying, manufacturing, possessing or sale of any official document issued by the Maryland Department of Transportation (Md. Code TR § 14-110(b); Md. Code TR § 14-110(c); Md. Code TR § 14-110(d); Md. Code TR § 14-110(e)).
  10. Racing a vehicle that results in serious bodily injury to another person (Md. Code TR § 21-1116(a)).
- (g) A person is a nonresident and the officer has probable cause to believe that the person committed a violation that contributed to an accident.

#### **500.5 HIGH-VISIBILITY VESTS**

The Department has provided American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Class II high-visibility vests to increase the visibility of department members, who may be exposed to hazards presented by passing traffic, maneuvering or operating vehicles, machinery and equipment (23 CFR 655.601).

##### **500.5.1 REQUIRED USE**

Except when working in a potentially adversarial or confrontational role, such as during vehicle stops, high-visibility vests should be worn when increased visibility would improve the safety of the department member or when the member will be exposed to the hazards of passing traffic, maneuvering or operating vehicles, machinery and equipment.

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Examples of when high-visibility vests should be worn include traffic control duties, traffic accident investigations, lane closures and disaster scenes.

When emergency conditions preclude the immediate donning of the vest, members should retrieve and wear the vest as soon as conditions reasonably permit.

Use of the vests shall also be mandatory when directed by a supervisor.

#### 500.5.2 CARE AND STORAGE

High-visibility vests shall be maintained in the trunk of each patrol and investigation vehicle, in the side box of each police motorcycle and in the gear bag of each patrol bicycle. Each vest should be stored inside a resealable plastic bag to protect and maintain the vest in a serviceable condition. Before going into service, each member shall ensure that a serviceable high-visibility vest is properly stored.

A supply of high-visibility vests will be maintained and made available for replacement of damaged or unserviceable vests. The Training Sergeant should be promptly notified whenever the supply of vests needs replenishing.

## Traffic Accidents

### 501.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for responding to and investigating traffic accidents.

### 501.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to respond to traffic accidents and to render or summon aid to injured victims as needed. The Department will investigate and prepare reports according to established minimum reporting requirements with the goal of reducing the occurrence of accidents by attempting to identify the cause of the accident and through enforcing applicable laws. Unless restricted by law, accident reports will be made available to the public upon request.

### 501.3 RESPONSE

Upon arriving at the scene, the responding member should assess the need for additional resources and summon assistance as appropriate. Generally, the member initially dispatched to the scene will be responsible for the investigation and report, if required, unless responsibility is reassigned by a supervisor.

A supervisor should be called to the scene when the incident:

- (a) Is within the jurisdiction of this department and there is:
  - 1. A life-threatening injury.
  - 2. A fatality.
  - 3. A Town vehicle involved.
  - 4. A Town official or employee involved.
  - 5. Involvement of an on- or off-duty member of this department.
- (b) Is within another jurisdiction and there is:
  - 1. A Town of Federalsburg vehicle involved.
  - 2. A Town of Federalsburg official involved.
  - 3. Involvement of an on-duty member of this department.

#### 501.3.1 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon arriving at the scene, the responding member should consider and appropriately address:

- (a) Traffic direction and control.
- (b) Proper placement of emergency vehicles, cones, roadway flares or other devices if available to provide protection for members, the public and the scene.
- (c) First aid for any injured parties if it can be done safely.
- (d) The potential for involvement of hazardous materials.

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- (e) The need for additional support as necessary (e.g., traffic control, emergency medical services, fire department, HAZMAT, tow vehicles).
- (f) Clearance and cleanup of the roadway.

#### **501.4 NOTIFICATION**

If a traffic accident involves a life-threatening injury or fatality, the responding officer shall notify a supervisor, or if unavailable, the Shift Supervisor. The Shift Supervisor or any supervisor may assign a traffic investigator or other appropriate personnel to investigate the incident. The Shift Supervisor will ensure notification is made to the patrol sergeant, department command staff and Town Manager in accordance with the Major Incident Notification Policy.

##### 501.4.1 NOTIFICATION OF FAMILY

In the event of a life-threatening injury or fatality, the supervisor responsible for the incident should ensure notification of the victim's immediate family or coordinate such notification with the Medical Examiner, department chaplain or another suitable person. Notification should be made as soon as practicable following positive identification of the victim.

The identity of any person seriously injured or deceased in a traffic accident should not be released until notification is made to the victim's immediate family.

In the event of a fatality, members involved in notification should ensure that family members of the victim are provided with a victim's representation notification form, and advised of their right to file the form, as appropriate (Md. Code TR § 12-206.1). The form allows family members to request notice of a hearing on a moving violation related to the victim's death.

#### **501.5 MINIMUM REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

An accident report shall be taken when (Md. Code TR § 20-107; Md. Code TR § 20-113):

- (a) A fatality, any injury (including complaint of pain), driving under the influence, or hit and run is involved.
- (b) An on-duty member of the Town of Federalsburg is involved.
- (c) The accident results in any damage to any Town-owned or leased vehicle.
- (d) The accident involves any other public agency driver or vehicle.
- (e) There is damage to public property.
- (f) The accident involves a public or private school bus.
- (g) There is damage to any vehicle to the extent that towing is required.
- (h) Prosecution or follow-up investigation is contemplated.
- (i) Directed by a supervisor.

Accidents involving a Maryland Transit Administration (MTA) vehicle should be handled by MTA.

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##### 501.5.1 PRIVATE PROPERTY

Generally, reports should not be taken when a traffic accident occurs on private property unless there is an injury or fatality, a hit-and-run violation or other traffic law violation. Members may provide assistance to motorists as a public service, such as exchanging information and arranging for the removal of the vehicles.

##### 501.5.2 TOWN VEHICLE INVOLVED

A traffic accident report shall be taken when a Town vehicle is involved in a traffic accident that results in property damage or injury.

A general information report may be taken in lieu of a traffic accident report at the direction of a supervisor when the incident occurs entirely on private property or does not involve another vehicle.

Whenever there is damage to a Town vehicle, a vehicle damage report shall be completed and forwarded to the appropriate Sgt.. The traffic investigator or supervisor at the scene should determine what photographs should be taken of the scene and the vehicle damage.

##### 501.5.3 INJURED ANIMALS

Department members should refer to the Animal Control Policy and make appropriate notifications when a traffic accident involves the disposition of an injured animal or when learning that a domestic animal has been struck by a vehicle (Md. Code TR § 20-106(b)).

#### **501.6 INVESTIGATION**

When a traffic accident meets minimum reporting requirements the investigation should include, at a minimum:

- (a) Identification and interview of all involved parties.
- (b) Identification and interview of any witnesses.
- (c) A determination of whether a violation of law has occurred and the appropriate enforcement action.
- (d) Identification and protection of items of apparent evidentiary value.
- (e) Documentation of the incident as necessary (e.g., statements, measurements, photographs, collection of evidence and reporting) on the appropriate forms.

##### 501.6.1 INVESTIGATION BY OUTSIDE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY

The patrol sergeant or on-duty Shift Supervisor should request that the Maryland State Police (MSP) or other outside law enforcement agency investigate and complete a traffic accident investigation when a life-threatening injury or fatal traffic accident/collision occurs within the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department and involves:

- (a) An on- or off-duty member of the Department.

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1. The involved member shall complete the department traffic accident form. If the member is unable to complete the form, the supervisor shall complete it.

- (b) An on- or off-duty official or employee of the Town of Federalsburg.

Department members shall promptly notify a supervisor when any department vehicle is involved in a traffic accident. The traffic accident investigation and report shall be completed by the agency having jurisdiction.

#### **501.7 ENFORCEMENT ACTION**

After a thorough investigation in which physical evidence or independent witness statements indicate that a violation of a traffic law contributed to the accident, authorized members should issue a citation or arrest the offending driver, as appropriate.

More serious violations, such as driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol, vehicular manslaughter or other felonies, shall be enforced. If a driver who is subject to enforcement action is admitted to a hospital, a supervisor shall be contacted to determine the best enforcement option.

#### **501.8 REPORTS**

Department members shall utilize forms approved by the MSP as required for the reporting of traffic accidents. All such reports shall be forwarded to the Patrol Division for approval and filing.

##### **501.8.1 REPORT MODIFICATION**

A change or modification of a written report that alters a material fact in the report may be made only by the member who prepared the report, and only prior to its approval and distribution. Once a report has been approved and distributed, corrections shall only be made by way of a written supplemental report. A written supplemental report may be made by any authorized member.

##### **501.8.2 PATROL SERGEANT RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of the patrol sergeant include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring the monthly and quarterly reports on traffic accident information and statistics are forwarded to the Patrol Sgt. or other persons as required.
  - (b) Forwarding traffic accident reports to the MSP (Md. Code TR § 20-107(f)).



## Vehicle Towing

### 502.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance related to vehicle towing. Nothing in this policy shall require a member of this department to tow a vehicle.

### 502.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will tow vehicles when appropriate and in accordance with the law.

### 502.3 REMOVAL OF VEHICLES DUE TO HAZARD

When a vehicle should be towed because it presents a hazard, the owner or operator should arrange for the towing. Department members may assist by communicating requests through 911 Center to expedite the process.

If the owner or operator is unable to arrange for towing and the vehicle presents a hazard, the vehicle may be towed at the direction of the department member.

Vehicles that are not the property of the Town should not be driven by department members unless it is necessary to move the vehicle a short distance to eliminate a hazard, prevent the obstruction of a fire hydrant or to comply with posted signs.

### 502.4 ARREST SCENES

Whenever the owner or operator of a vehicle is arrested, the arresting officer should provide reasonable safekeeping by leaving the vehicle secured and lawfully parked at the scene or when appropriate, by having the vehicle towed, such as when the vehicle presents a traffic hazard or the vehicle would be in jeopardy of theft or damage if left at the scene.

Officers are not required to investigate whether alternatives to towing a vehicle exist after an arrest. However, a vehicle should not be towed if reasonable alternatives exist. When considering whether to leave a vehicle at the scene, officers should take into consideration public safety as well as the reasonable safety of the vehicle and its contents.

The following are examples of situations where a vehicle should not be towed:

- The vehicle can be legally parked, left in a reasonably secure and safe location and the vehicle is not needed as evidence.
- The vehicle is parked on private property, on which the arrestee or owner is legally residing, or the property owner does not object to the vehicle being parked at that location.
- The arrestee or owner of the vehicle requests that it be released to a person who is present, willing and able to legally take control of the vehicle.

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- The vehicle is legally parked and the arrestee or owner requests that it be left at the scene. In such cases the requestor should be informed that the Department will not be responsible for theft or damages.

#### **502.5 VEHICLES RELATED TO CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS**

Officers should tow vehicles that are needed for the furtherance of an investigation or prosecution of a case, or that are otherwise appropriate for seizure as evidence. Officers should make reasonable efforts to return a recovered stolen vehicle to its owner rather than have it towed, so long as the vehicle is not needed for evidence.

#### **502.6 RECORDS**

Records Section members shall ensure that pertinent data regarding a towed vehicle is promptly entered into the appropriate database.

##### 502.6.1 VEHICLE STORAGE REPORT

Department members towing a vehicle shall complete a vehicle tow report. The report should be submitted to the Records Section as soon as practicable after the vehicle is towed.

##### 502.6.2 NOTICE OF TOW

As soon as reasonably possible and within seven days of a vehicle being towed, it shall be the responsibility of the Records Section to send a notice of tow to all registered owners and others having a recorded interest in the vehicle. Notice shall be sent to all such individuals by certified mail. The notice shall include (Md. Code TR § 25-204; Md. Code TR § 16-303.1):

- (a) A statement that the vehicle has been taken into custody.
- (b) The location of the vehicle.
- (c) A description of the vehicle, including the following:
  1. Color
  2. Manufacturer year
  3. Make and model
  4. License plate number and/or Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)
  5. Mileage
- (d) The authority and purpose for the removal of the vehicle.
- (e) An explanation of the procedure for release of the vehicle and for obtaining a vehicle tow hearing.
- (f) Information for the owner, or others having a recorded interest in the vehicle, of the right to reclaim the vehicle within three weeks after the date of the notice, on payment of all towing, preservation and storage charges resulting from taking or placing the vehicle in custody.

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1. For vehicles impounded pursuant to Md. Code TR § 16-303.1, the owner or others having a recorded interest in the vehicle shall be notified that the vehicle must be reclaimed within 10 days after the date specified in the applicable court order.
- (g) A statement that the failure of the owner, or others having a recorded interest in the vehicle, to exercise this right to reclaim the vehicle in the time provided is:
  1. A waiver to right, title and interest in the vehicle.
  2. Consent to the sale of the vehicle at public auction.
  3. Consent by the owner, other than a lessor, to the retention of the vehicle for public purposes as provided by state law (Md. Code TR § 25-207).

If the identity or address of the last registered owner, or others having a recorded interest in the vehicle, cannot be determined or the certified notice is returned as undeliverable, the Records Section shall post the notice where the abandoned vehicle was found as provided by state law (Md. Code TR § 25-205(c)).

#### **502.7 TOWING SERVICES**

Members shall not show preference among towing services that have been authorized for use by the Department. A rotation or other system established by the Department for tow services should be followed.

#### **502.8 VEHICLE INVENTORY**

The contents of all vehicles towed at the request of department members shall be inventoried and listed on the inventory report. When reasonably practicable, photographs may be taken to assist in the inventory.

- (a) An inventory of personal property and the contents of open containers will be conducted throughout the passenger and engine compartments of the vehicle including, but not limited to, any unlocked glove box, other accessible areas under or within the dashboard area, any pockets in the doors or in the back of the front seat, in any console between the seats, under any floor mats and under the seats.
- (b) In addition to the passenger and engine compartments as described above, an inventory of personal property and the contents of open containers will also be conducted in any other type of unlocked compartments that are a part of the vehicle, including unlocked vehicle trunks and unlocked car top containers.
- (c) Any locked compartments including, but not limited to, locked glove compartments, locked vehicle trunks, locked hatchbacks and locked car-top containers should be inventoried, provided the keys are available and released with the vehicle to the third-party towing company or an unlocking mechanism for such compartment is available within the vehicle.

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- (d) Closed containers located either within the vehicle or any of the vehicle's compartments will not be opened for inventory purposes except for the following: wallets, purses, coin purses, fanny packs, personal organizers, briefcases or other closed containers designed for carrying money, small valuables or hazardous materials.

Members should ask the occupants whether the vehicle contains any valuables or hazardous materials. Responses should be noted in the inventory report. If the occupant acknowledges that any closed container contains valuables or a hazardous material, the container shall be opened and inventoried. When practicable and appropriate, such items should be removed from the vehicle and given to the owner, or booked into property for safekeeping.

Any cash, jewelry or other small valuables located during the inventory process will be held for safekeeping, in accordance with the Evidence Policy. A copy of the property receipt should be given to the person in control of the vehicle, or if that person is not present, left in the vehicle.

A copy of the vehicle inventory will be given to the tow truck operator.

These inventory procedures are for the purpose of protecting the vehicle owner's property, providing for the safety of department members and protecting the Department against fraudulent claims of lost, stolen or damaged property.

Towing a vehicle in order to perform an inventory should not be used as a pretext for an evidence search. Nothing in this policy prevents the towing of a vehicle that would occur for reasons independent of any suspicion that the vehicle may contain evidence if it is otherwise justified by law or this policy.

#### **502.9 SECURITY OF VEHICLES AND RETRIEVAL OF PROPERTY**

If the search of a vehicle leaves the vehicle or any property contained therein vulnerable to unauthorized entry, theft or damage, the department member conducting the search shall take such steps as are reasonably necessary to secure or protect the vehicle or property from such hazards.

Unless it would cause an unreasonable delay in towing the vehicle or create an issue of officer safety, reasonable accommodations should be made to permit the owner, operator or occupant to retrieve small items of value or personal need (e.g., cash, jewelry, cell phone, prescriptions), which are not considered evidence or contraband.

Members who become aware that a vehicle may have been towed by the Department in error should promptly advise a supervisor. Supervisors should approve, when appropriate, the release of the vehicle without requiring the owner or his/her agent to request a hearing to contest the tow.

## Under the Influence/Impaired Driving

### 504.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to those department members who play a role in the detection and investigation of driving under the influence/driving while impaired (DUI/DWI).

### 504.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department is committed to the safety of the roadways and the community and will pursue fair but aggressive enforcement of Maryland's impaired driving laws.

### 504.3 INVESTIGATIONS

Officers should not enforce DUI/DWI laws to the exclusion of their other duties unless specifically assigned to DUI/DWI enforcement. All officers are expected to enforce these laws with due diligence.

The patrol sergeant will develop and maintain, in consultation with the prosecuting attorney, report forms with appropriate checklists to assist investigating officers in documenting relevant information and maximizing efficiency. Any DUI/DWI investigation will be documented using these forms. Information documented elsewhere on the form does not need to be duplicated in the report narrative. Information that should be documented includes, at a minimum:

- (a) The field sobriety tests (FST) administered and the results.
- (b) The officer's observations that indicate impairment on the part of the individual, and the officer's health-related inquiries that may help to identify any serious health concerns (e.g., diabetic shock).
- (c) Sources of additional information (e.g., reporting party, witnesses) and their observations.
- (d) Information about any audio and/or video recording of the individual's driving or subsequent actions.
- (e) The location and time frame of the individual's vehicle operation and how this was determined.
- (f) Any prior related convictions in this state or another jurisdiction.

### 504.4 FIELD TESTS

The patrol sergeant should identify standardized FSTs and any approved alternate tests for officers to use when investigating violations of DUI/DWI laws.

### 504.5 CHEMICAL TESTS

A person implies consent under Maryland law to a chemical test or tests, and to providing the associated chemical sample, when an officer has detained the person on suspicion of driving or attempting to drive a motor vehicle when the person is (Md. Code TR § 16-205.1(a)(2); Md. Code TR § 16-205.2(a); Md. Code TR § 16-813):

- (a) Under the influence of alcohol or impaired by alcohol.

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- (b) So impaired by any drug, any combination of drugs or a combination of a drug and alcohol that he/she cannot safely drive a vehicle.
- (c) Impaired by a controlled dangerous substance.
- (d) In violation of an alcohol restriction.
- (e) Driving, operating or in physical control of a commercial vehicle with any concentration of alcohol in his/her blood or breath.

If a person withdraws this implied consent, or is unable to withdraw consent (e.g., the person is unconscious), the officer should consider implied consent revoked and proceed as though the person has refused to provide a chemical sample.

A test to determine alcohol concentration shall be taken within two hours after the person is apprehended. A test to determine the presence of a drug or a controlled dangerous substance shall be taken within four hours after the person is apprehended (Md. Code CJ § 10-303).

#### 504.5.1 STATUTORY NOTIFICATIONS

Officers shall advise the detained person that:

- (a) Neither a refusal nor the taking of a preliminary breath test shall prevent or require a subsequent chemical test (Md. Code TR § 16-205.2(b)).
- (b) Upon receipt of a sworn statement from the officer that the person was charged with DUI/DWI and refused to take a test, or was tested and the result indicated an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, the Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA) shall (Md. Code TR § 16-205.1(b)):
  1. Suspend the person's driving privilege pursuant to state law.
  2. Disqualify the person's privilege to operate a commercial vehicle pursuant to state law.

The result of the preliminary breath test shall be used only to decide whether an arrest should be made (Md. Code TR § 16-205.2(c)).

#### 504.5.2 BREATH SAMPLES

The patrol sergeant should ensure that all devices used for the collection and analysis of breath samples are properly serviced and tested, and that a record of such service and testing is properly maintained.

Department members obtaining a breath sample should monitor the device for any sign of malfunction. Any anomalies or equipment failures should be noted in the appropriate report and promptly reported to the patrol sergeant.

A breath test shall be administered at the direction of an officer by a qualified person trained in the use of equipment that has been approved by the Department of State Police Forensic Sciences Division. The arresting officer may not administer the breath test (Md. Code CJ § 10-304(b)).

Unless otherwise required by law, a breath test shall be used to determine alcohol concentration (Md. Code CJ § 10-305(a)).

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##### 504.5.3 BLOOD SAMPLES

Only a qualified medical person trained in the use of equipment that has been approved by the Department of State Police Forensic Sciences Division shall draw blood to collect blood samples. The blood draw should be witnessed by the assigned officer. No officer, even if properly certified, should perform this task (Md. Code CJ § 10-304(c)(1)).

The blood sample shall be packaged, marked, handled, stored, and transported as required by the testing facility.

If an arrestee cannot submit to a blood draw because the arrestee has a bleeding disorder or has taken medication that inhibits coagulation, the arrestee shall not be required to take a blood test. Such inability to take a blood test shall not be considered a refusal. However, that arrestee may be required to complete another available and viable test.

##### 504.5.4 TYPE OF TEST

A blood test may be required: (Md. Code CJ § 10-305):

- (a) To determine alcohol concentration when:
  - 1. Injuries to the person require removal of the arrestee to a medical facility.
  - 2. Equipment for administering the test of breath is not available.
  - 3. An officer has reasonable grounds to believe a person who was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in death or a life-threatening injury to another person was driving while under the influence or impaired by alcohol or drugs, pursuant to Md. Code TR § 16-205.1(c)(1)(ii) or (c)(1)(iii).
- (b) The officer reasonably believes that the impairment is caused by drug or controlled dangerous substance content.

##### 504.6 REFUSALS

When an arrestee refuses to provide a chemical sample, officers should (Md. Code TR § 16-205.1(b)(2)):

- (a) Advise the arrestee of the requirement to provide a sample and the administrative sanctions or criminal penalties for refusal (Md. Code TR § 16-205.1(b)(1)).
- (b) Audio- and/or video-record the admonishment and the response when practicable.
- (c) Document the refusal in the appropriate report.

Any person who drives, operates or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle and refuses to take a chemical test to determine the alcohol concentration shall be placed out of service for the 24-hour period immediately following the time the officer detects alcohol in the driver's blood or breath (Md. Code TR § 16-813(b)).

##### 504.6.1 STATUTORY NOTIFICATIONS UPON REFUSAL

Upon refusal to submit to an alcohol concentration test or a drug and controlled dangerous substance test, officers shall (Md. Code TR § 16-205.1(b)(3)):

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- (a) Confiscate the person's driver's license.
- (b) Personally serve an order of suspension of the driver's license on the person.
- (c) Issue a temporary license to drive.
- (d) Inform the person that the temporary license allows the person to continue driving for 45 days.
- (e) Inform the person of his/her rights, as listed on the MVA Advice of Rights form.

#### 504.6.2 BLOOD SAMPLE WITHOUT CONSENT

A blood sample should be obtained when any of the following conditions exist:

- (a) A person has refused to submit to a chemical test and the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person was involved in a vehicle accident while driving under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance that resulted in serious bodily injury or death of another (Md. Code TR § 16-205.1(c)(1)).
- (b) The officer has reasonable grounds to believe a person was driving while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance and the person is dead, unconscious or otherwise in a condition that renders him/her incapable of refusing a test. (Md. Code CJ § 10-305; Md. Code TR § 16-205.1(d)(1)).
- (c) A warrant is required if either of these circumstances exists, unless the officer can articulate that exigent circumstances exist. Exigency does not exist solely because of the short time period associated with the natural dissipation of alcohol or controlled or prohibited substances in the person's bloodstream. Exigency can be established by the existence of special facts, such as a lengthy time delay resulting from an accident investigation or medical treatment of the person.

#### 504.6.3 FORCED BLOOD SAMPLE

If an arrestee indicates by word or action that he/she will physically resist a blood draw, the officer should request a supervisor to respond.

The responding supervisor should:

- (a) Evaluate whether using force to obtain a blood sample is appropriate under the circumstances.
- (b) Ensure that all attempts to obtain a blood sample through force cease if the person agrees to, and completes, a viable form of testing in a timely manner.
- (c) Advise the person of his/her duty to provide a sample (even if this advisement was previously done by another officer), and attempt to persuade the individual to submit to providing such a sample without physical resistance.
  - 1. This dialogue should be recorded on audio and/or video when practicable.
- (d) Ensure that the blood sample is taken in a medically approved manner.
- (e) Ensure that the forced blood draw is recorded on audio and/or video when practicable.
- (f) Monitor and ensure that the type and level of force applied appears reasonable under the circumstances:



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1. Unless otherwise provided in a warrant, force should generally be limited to handcuffing or similar restraint methods.
  2. In misdemeanor cases, if the arrestee becomes violent or more resistant, no additional force will be used and a refusal should be noted in the report.
  3. In felony cases, force that reasonably appears necessary to overcome the resistance to the blood draw may be permitted.
- (g) Ensure the use of force and methods used to accomplish the collection of the blood sample are documented in the related report.

If a supervisor is unavailable, officers are expected to use sound judgment and perform the duties of a supervisor, as set forth above.

#### **504.7 ARREST AND INVESTIGATION**

##### 504.7.1 REPORTING

The patrol sergeant shall ensure that this department complies with all state reporting requirements pursuant to Md. Code TR § 16-205.1(b)(3)(viii).

##### 504.7.2 TEST ADMINISTERED BY OUTSIDE PHYSICIAN

A person is permitted to have a physician of his/her own choosing administer tests, in addition to the test administered at the direction of an officer. In the event a test was neither offered nor requested by the officer, the person may request, and the officer shall have administered, one or more of the tests provided by state law (Md. Code CJ § 10-304(e)).

#### **504.8 RECORDS SECTION RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Administrative Assistant will ensure that all case-related records are transmitted according to current records procedures and as required by the prosecuting attorney's office.

#### **504.9 ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS**

The Administrative Assistant will ensure that all appropriate reports and documents related to administrative license suspensions are reviewed and forwarded to the MVA.

Any officer who receives notice of required attendance at an administrative license suspension hearing should promptly notify the prosecuting attorney.

An officer called to testify at an administrative hearing should document the hearing date and the MVA file number in a supplemental report. Specific details of the hearing generally should not be included in the report unless errors, additional evidence or witnesses are identified.

# Safety Equipment Repair Orders (SERO), Traffic and Parking Citations

## 505.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy outlines the responsibilities for issuing, correcting, voiding and dismissing Safety Equipment Repair Order (SERO), traffic and parking citations.

## 505.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to enforce traffic laws fairly and equally. Authorized members may issue a SERO, traffic citation, parking citation, written or verbal warning based upon the circumstances of the contact and in the best interest of the motoring public and community safety.

## 505.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

The Records Section shall be responsible for the supply and accounting of all SERO, traffic and parking citation books issued to members of this department using Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA) inventory withdrawal forms (COMAR 11.17.18.01; COMAR 11.17.18.02). Citations and SERO forms will be kept in a secure location and issued to members by the Records Section staff. SERO forms (MSP Form 157) may be obtained from the Maryland State Police (MSP) Automotive Safety Enforcement Division (ASED).

Members will sign for the SERO or citation books when issued or upon return of unused citations. A traffic citation book may not be reassigned to another member or another law enforcement agency without the prior authorization of the MVA. Members may not lend, borrow or share traffic citations (COMAR 11.17.18.03).

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall submit a report on official letterhead advising the MVA within five days of any lost, stolen, mutilated or destroyed traffic citation (COMAR 11.17.18.04(B)).

Upon request, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall account for the disposition of traffic citations in a format and within the time required by MVA (COMAR 11.17.18.04(D)).

### 505.3.1 WRITTEN OR VERBAL WARNINGS

Written or verbal warnings may be issued when the department member believes it is appropriate. The Records Section should maintain information relating to traffic stops in which a written warning is issued. Written warnings are retained by this department in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

## 505.4 TRAFFIC CITATIONS

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##### 505.4.1 ISSUANCE

Upon issuing a traffic citation, members shall ask the person to acknowledge receipt of a copy of the citation and advise the person that failure to acknowledge receipt may lead to the person's arrest (Md. Code TR § 26-201(b); Md. Code TR § 26-203).

Following issuance of a traffic citation, members shall promptly file an electronic or written copy of the citation with the District Court. If the person acknowledges receipt on a written copy of the citation, members shall keep that copy to produce as evidence if required in court and dispose of the other copies of the citation in accordance with the regulations adopted by the MVA (Md. Code TR § 26-407(b)).

##### 505.4.2 CORRECTION

When a traffic citation is issued but is in need of correction, the member issuing the citation shall submit the citation and a letter to his/her immediate supervisor requesting a specific correction. Once approved, the citation and letter shall then be forwarded to the Records Section. The Administrative Assistant or the authorized designee shall prepare a letter of correction to the District Court having jurisdiction and notify the citation recipient in writing.

##### 505.4.3 VOIDING

Voiding a traffic citation may occur when the citation has not been completed or when it is completed but not issued. All copies of the voided citation shall be presented to a supervisor for approval. The citation and copies shall then be forwarded to the Records Section.

##### 505.4.4 DISMISSAL

Members of this department do not have the authority to dismiss a traffic citation once it has been issued. Upon a review of the circumstances involving the issuance of the traffic citation, the patrol sergeant may request the Patrol Sgt. to recommend dismissal. If approved, the citation will be forwarded to the appropriate prosecutor with a request for dismissal (Md. Code TR § 26-407(c); Md. Code TR § 26-407(g)).

Any request from a recipient to dismiss a citation shall be referred to the District Court (Md. Code TR § 26-408).

Prior to a court hearing, a member may submit a request for dismissal of a traffic citation to his/her supervisor. The request must be in writing and should include the reason for dismissal (i.e., in the interest of justice, prosecution is deemed inappropriate). Upon a review of the circumstances involving the issuance of the traffic citation, the supervisor may forward the request to the Patrol Sgt. to recommend dismissal. If approved, the citation will be forwarded to the appropriate prosecutor with a request for dismissal.

Should a member determine during a court proceeding that a traffic citation should be dismissed in the interest of justice or where prosecution is deemed inappropriate, the member may request the court to dismiss the citation. Upon such dismissal, the member shall notify his/her immediate supervisor of the circumstances surrounding the dismissal and shall complete any paperwork as directed or required, and forward it to the Patrol Sgt. for review.

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##### 505.4.5 DISPOSITION

The court and file copies of all traffic citations issued by members of this department shall be forwarded to the member's immediate supervisor for review by the end of each shift. The citation copies shall then be filed with the Records Section.

Upon separation from appointment or employment with this department, all members who were issued traffic citations books shall return any unused citations to the Records Section.

##### 505.4.6 JUVENILE CITATIONS

Completion of traffic citation forms for juveniles may vary slightly from the procedure for adults. The juvenile's age, place of residency and the type of offense should be considered before issuing a juvenile a citation.

##### 505.4.7 DATA COLLECTION

Whenever an officer conducts a traffic stop and detains the driver for any period of time for a violation of the Maryland Vehicle Law, he/she shall document the stop as required by law (Md. Code TR § 25-113(d)).

The following are exempt from the reporting requirement:

- Checkpoint or roadblock stops
- Stops of multiple vehicles due to a traffic accident or emergency situation requiring vehicles to stop for public safety purposes
- Stops based on the use of radar, laser or Visual Average Speed Computer and Recorder (VASCAR) technology
- Stops based on the use of automated license plate reader (ALPR) technology

Traffic stop data shall be reported and reviewed as specified in the Bias-Based Policing Policy.

#### **505.5 PARKING CITATION APPEALS**

Parking citations may be appealed in accordance with local and state law.

An appeal of a parking citation must be received by this department at least five days prior to the date of payment set forth on the citation. The patrol sergeant shall forward a copy of the notice of intention to stand trial and a copy of the parking citation to the District Court (Md. Code CJ § 7-302(d); Md. Code TR § 26-303(a)).

If the presence of the member who issued the citation is required at trial and the Department has received notice, the member shall appear at trial. Absent proper notice, the member need not appear at the trial and the copy of the citation bearing the certification of the member is prima facie evidence of the facts stated in it (Md. Code TR § 26-303(b)).

#### **505.6 SERO**

An officer may issue a SERO for defective safety equipment on all classes of Maryland registered motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers except those vehicles displaying historic license plates,

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interchangeable license plates and temporary registration plates. Specific equipment violations subject to a SERO is maintained by the MSP and are included on the SERO form (Md. Code TR § 23-105(a)).

An officer shall complete a visual inspection and certification upon contact by a member of the public or as assigned (Md. Code TR § 23-105(c)).

#### **505.7 RECORDS**

For each citation issued, this department shall keep:

- (a) Every citation, or a record of every citation, for at least three years after issuance (COMAR 11.17.18.04).
- (b) A record of the disposition of the charge by the District Court (Md. Code TR § 26-407(e)).

## Disabled Vehicles

### 506.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for department members who provide assistance to motorists in disabled vehicles within the primary jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department.

### 506.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to assist motorists with disabled vehicles until those vehicles are safely removed from the roadway. Members should take appropriate action to mitigate potential problems when a vehicle constitutes a traffic hazard or the safety of the motorist is a concern.

### 506.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

When an on-duty member of this department sees a disabled vehicle on the roadway, the member should make a reasonable effort to provide assistance. If this is not reasonably possible, the dispatcher should be advised of the location of the disabled vehicle and the need for assistance. The dispatcher should then assign another department member to respond as soon as practicable.

### 506.4 ASSISTANCE

In most cases, a disabled motorist will require assistance. After arrangements for assistance are made, continued involvement by department members will be contingent on the time of day, the location, the availability of department resources and the vulnerability of the disabled motorist.

#### 506.4.1 MECHANICAL REPAIRS

Department members shall not make mechanical repairs to a disabled vehicle. The use of push bumpers, with consent of the owner, to relocate vehicles to a position of safety is not considered a mechanical repair.

#### 506.4.2 RELOCATION OF DISABLED VEHICLES

The relocation of disabled vehicles by members of this department by pushing or pulling a vehicle should only occur when the conditions reasonably indicate that immediate movement is necessary to reduce a hazard presented by the disabled vehicle.

#### 506.4.3 RELOCATION OF DISABLED MOTORIST

The relocation of a disabled motorist should only occur with the person's consent and should be suggested when conditions reasonably indicate that immediate movement is necessary to mitigate a potential hazard. The department member may stay with the disabled motorist or transport him/her to a safe area to await pickup.

## **Chapter 6 - Investigation Operations**

## Investigation and Prosecution

### 600.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to set guidelines and requirements pertaining to the handling and dispositions of criminal investigations.

### 600.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to investigate crimes thoroughly and with due diligence, and to evaluate and prepare criminal cases for appropriate clearance or submission to a prosecutor.

### 600.3 INITIAL INVESTIGATION

#### 600.3.1 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES

An officer responsible for an initial investigation shall complete no less than the following:

- (a) Make a preliminary determination of whether a crime has been committed by completing, at a minimum:
  - 1. An initial statement from any witnesses or complainants.
  - 2. A cursory examination for evidence.
- (b) If information indicates a crime has occurred, the officer shall:
  - 1. Preserve the scene and any evidence as required to complete the initial and follow-up investigation.
  - 2. Determine if additional investigative resources (e.g., investigators or scene processing) are necessary and request assistance as required.
  - 3. If assistance is warranted, or if the incident is not routine, notify a supervisor or the Shift Supervisor.
  - 4. Make reasonable attempts to locate, identify and interview all available victims, complainants, witnesses and suspects.
  - 5. Collect any evidence.
  - 6. Take any appropriate law enforcement action.
  - 7. Complete and submit the appropriate reports and documentation.
- (c) If the preliminary determination is that no crime occurred, determine what other action may be necessary and what other resources may be available, and advise the informant or complainant of this information.

#### 600.3.2 NON-SWORN RESPONSIBILITIES

A non-sworn member assigned to any preliminary investigation is responsible for all investigative steps, except making any attempt to locate, contact or interview a suspect face-to-face or take



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any enforcement action. Should an initial investigation indicate that those steps are required, the assistance of an officer shall be requested.

#### **600.4 CUSTODIAL INTERROGATION REQUIREMENTS**

Suspects who are in custody and subjected to an interrogation shall be given the *Miranda* warning, unless an exception applies. Interview or interrogation of a juvenile shall be in accordance with the Temporary Custody of Juveniles Policy.

##### **600.4.1 AUDIO/VIDEO RECORDINGS**

An officer conducting a custodial interrogation of an individual who is suspected of having committed any violent felony offense, including murder, rape, sexual offense in the first degree or sexual offense in the second degree, shall make reasonable efforts to create an audiovisual recording in its entirety. Regardless of where the interrogation occurs, every reasonable effort should be made to secure functional recording equipment to accomplish such recordings (Md. Code CP § 2-402).

Consideration should also be given to recording a custodial interrogation, or any investigative interview, for any other offense when it is reasonable to believe it would be appropriate and beneficial to the investigation and is otherwise allowed by law.

No recording of a custodial interrogation should be destroyed or altered without written authorization from the prosecuting attorney and the Patrol supervisor. Copies of recorded interrogations or interviews may be made in the same or a different format as the original recording, provided the copies are true, accurate and complete and are made only for authorized and legitimate law enforcement purposes. An audio or audiovisual recording made by a law enforcement unit of a custodial interrogation of a criminal suspect is exempt from the Maryland Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Act (Md. Code CP § 2-403).

Recordings should not take the place of a thorough report and investigative interviews. Written statements from suspects should continue to be obtained when applicable.

#### **600.5 DISCONTINUATION OF INVESTIGATIONS**

The investigation of a criminal case or efforts to seek prosecution should only be discontinued if one of the following applies:

- (a) All reasonable investigative efforts have been exhausted, no reasonable belief that the person who committed the crime can be identified and the incident has been documented appropriately.
- (b) The perpetrator of a misdemeanor has been identified and a warning is the most appropriate disposition.
  1. In these cases, the investigator shall document that the person was warned and why prosecution was not sought.
  2. Warnings shall not be given for felony offenses or other offenses identified in this policy or by law that require an arrest or submission of a case to a prosecutor.

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- (c) The case has been submitted to the appropriate prosecutor but no charges have been filed. Further investigation is not reasonable nor has the prosecutor requested further investigation.
- (d) The case has been submitted to the appropriate prosecutor; charges have been filed; further investigation is not reasonable, warranted or requested; and there is no need to take the suspect into custody.
- (e) Suspects have been arrested, there are no other suspects, and further investigation is either not warranted or requested.
- (f) Investigation has proved that a crime was not committed (see the Sexual Assault Investigations Policy for special considerations in these cases).

The Domestic Violence, Child Abuse, Sexual Assault Investigations and Adult Abuse policies may also require an arrest or submittal of a case to a prosecutor.

#### **600.6 COMPUTERS AND DIGITAL EVIDENCE**

The collection, preservation, transportation and storage of computers, cell phones and other digital devices may require specialized handling to preserve the value of the related evidence. If it is anticipated that computers or similar equipment will be seized, officers should request that computer forensic examiners assist with seizing computers and related evidence. If a forensic examiner is unavailable, officers should take reasonable steps to prepare for such seizure and use the resources that are available.

#### **600.7 INVESTIGATIVE USE OF SOCIAL MEDIA AND INTERNET SOURCES**

Use of social media and any other Internet source to access information for the purpose of criminal investigation shall comply with applicable laws and policies regarding privacy, civil rights and civil liberties. Information gathered via the Internet should only be accessed by members while on-duty and for purposes related to the mission of this department. If a member encounters information relevant to a criminal investigation while off-duty or while using his/her own equipment, the member should note the dates, times and locations of the information and report the discovery to his/her supervisor as soon as practicable. The member, or others who have been assigned to do so, should attempt to replicate the finding when on-duty and using department equipment.

Information obtained via the Internet should not be archived or stored in any manner other than department-established record keeping systems (see the Records Maintenance and Release and the Criminal Organizations policies).

##### **600.7.1 ACCESS RESTRICTIONS**

Information that can be accessed from any department computer, without the need of an account, password, email address, alias or other identifier (unrestricted websites), may be accessed and used for legitimate investigative purposes without supervisory approval.

Accessing information from any Internet source that requires the use or creation of an account, password, email address, alias or other identifier, or the use of nongovernment IP addresses,

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requires supervisor approval prior to access. The supervisor will review the justification for accessing the information and consult with legal counsel as necessary to identify any policy or legal restrictions. Any such access and the supervisor approval shall be documented in the related investigative report.

Accessing information that requires the use of a third party's account or online identifier requires supervisor approval and the consent of the third party. The consent must be voluntary and shall be documented in the related investigative report.

Information gathered from any Internet source should be evaluated for its validity, authenticity, accuracy and reliability. Corroborative evidence should be sought and documented in the related investigative report.

Any information collected in furtherance of an investigation through an Internet source should be documented in the related report. Documentation should include the source of information and the dates and times that the information was gathered.

#### **600.7.2 INTERCEPTING ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION**

Intercepting social media communications in real time may be subject to federal and state wiretap laws. Officers should seek legal counsel before any such interception.

# Sexual Assault Investigations

## 601.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the investigation of sexual assaults. These guidelines will address some of the unique aspects of such cases and the effects that these crimes have on the victims.

Mandatory notification requirements are addressed in the Child Abuse and Adult Abuse policies.

### 601.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Sexual assault** - Any crime or attempted crime of a sexual nature, to include, but not limited to, offenses defined in Md. Code CR § 3-301 et seq. (Sexual Crimes).

**Sexual Assault Response Team (SART)** - A multidisciplinary team generally comprised of advocates; law enforcement officers; forensic medical examiners, including sexual assault forensic examiners (SAFEs) or sexual assault nurse examiners (SANEs) if possible; forensic laboratory personnel; and prosecutors. The team is designed to coordinate a broad response to sexual assault victims (Md. Code CP § 11-923).

## 601.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that its members, when responding to reports of sexual assaults, will strive to minimize the trauma experienced by the victims, and will aggressively investigate sexual assaults, pursue expeditious apprehension and conviction of perpetrators, and protect the safety of the victims and the community. Further, all members of the department will follow established protocols and memorandum's of understanding with allied agencies in Caroline County as it relates to these types of investigations.

## 601.3 QUALIFIED INVESTIGATORS

Qualified investigators should be available for assignment of sexual assault investigations. These investigators should:

- (a) Have specialized training in, and be familiar with, interview techniques and the medical and legal issues that are specific to sexual assault investigations.
- (b) Conduct follow-up interviews and investigation.
- (c) Present appropriate cases of alleged sexual assault to the prosecutor for review.
- (d) Coordinate with other enforcement agencies, social service agencies, and medical personnel as needed.
- (e) Provide referrals to therapy services, victim advocates, and support for the victim (Md. Code CP § 11-926).
- (f) Participate in or coordinate with the SART or other multidisciplinary investigative teams as applicable.

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#### *Sexual Assault Investigations*

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##### **601.4 REPORTING**

In all reported or suspected cases of sexual assault, a report shall be written and assigned for follow-up investigation. This includes incidents in which the allegations appear unfounded or unsubstantiated.

##### **601.5 COLLECTION AND TESTING OF BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE**

Whenever possible, a SART member should be involved in the collection of forensic evidence from the victim.

When the facts of the case indicate that collection of biological evidence is warranted, it should be collected regardless of how much time has elapsed since the reported assault.

If a drug-facilitated sexual assault is suspected, urine and blood samples should be collected from the victim as soon as practicable.

Subject to requirements set forth in this policy, biological evidence from all sexual assault cases, including cases where the suspect is known by the victim, should be submitted for testing (Md. Code PS § 2-504(a)(3)(iii)).

Victims who choose not to assist with an investigation, do not desire that the matter be investigated, or wish to remain anonymous may still consent to the collection of evidence under their control. In these circumstances, the evidence should be collected and stored appropriately.

##### **601.5.1 DNA TEST RESULTS**

Members investigating sexual assault cases should (Md. Code CP § 11-926; COMAR 02.08.01.03):

- (a) Within 30 days of any request by a victim, provide notification regarding the [DepartmentOffice]'s decision as to whether to send a sexual assault evidence kit for analysis; and if sent, the status and results, unless doing so would impede or compromise the investigation.
- (b) If no request is made, victims should be notified of any DNA test results as soon as reasonably practicable.

A SART member should be consulted regarding the best way to deliver biological testing results to a victim so as to minimize victim trauma, especially in cases where there has been a significant delay in getting biological testing results (e.g., delays in testing the evidence or delayed DNA databank hits). Members should make reasonable efforts to assist the victim by providing available information on local assistance programs and organizations as provided in COMAR 02.08.02.04 and the Victim and Witness Assistance Policy.

Members investigating sexual assault cases should ensure that DNA results are entered into databases when appropriate and as soon as practicable.

##### **601.6 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, periodic training should be provided to:

- (a) Members who are first responders. Training should include:

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1. Initial response to sexual assaults.
  2. Legal issues.
  3. Victim advocacy.
  4. Victim's response to trauma.
- (b) Qualified Investigators, who should receive advanced training on additional topics. Advanced training should include:
1. Interviewing sexual assault victims.
  2. SART.
  3. Medical and legal aspects of sexual assault investigations.
  4. Serial crimes investigations.
  5. Use of community and other federal and state investigative resources, such as the Violent Criminal Apprehension Program (ViCAP).
  6. Techniques for communicating with victims to minimize trauma.

#### **601.7 VICTIM INTERVIEWS**

The primary considerations in sexual assault investigations, which begin with the initial call the victim makes to 911 Center, should be the health and safety of the victim, the preservation of evidence, and preliminary interviews to determine if a crime has been committed and to attempt to identify the suspect.

Whenever possible, a member of the SART should be included in the initial victim interviews.

An in-depth follow-up interview should not be conducted until after the medical and forensic examinations are completed and the personal needs of the victim have been met (e.g., change of clothes, bathing). The follow-up interview may be delayed to the following day based upon the circumstances. Whenever practicable, the follow-up interview should be conducted by a qualified investigator.

No opinion of whether the case is unfounded should be included in a report.

Victims should not be asked or required to take a polygraph examination (34 USC § 10451).

Victims should be apprised of applicable victim's rights provisions, as outlined in the Victim and Witness Assistance Policy.

#### **601.8 DISPOSITION OF CASES**

If the assigned investigator has reason to believe the case is without merit, the case may be classified as unfounded only upon review and approval of the Criminal Investigation Division supervisor.

Classification of a sexual assault case as unfounded requires the Criminal Investigation Division supervisor to determine that the facts have significant irregularities with reported information and that the incident could not have happened as it was reported. When a victim has

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recanted his/her original statement, there must be corroborating evidence that the allegations were false or baseless (i.e., no crime occurred) before the case should be determined as unfounded.

#### **601.9 CASE REVIEW**

The Criminal Investigation Division supervisor should ensure cases are reviewed on a periodic basis, at least annually, using an identified group that is independent of the investigation process. The reviews should include an analysis of:

- Case dispositions.
- Decisions to collect biological evidence.
- Submissions of biological evidence for lab testing.

The SART and/or victim advocates should be considered for involvement in this audit. Summary reports on these reviews should be forwarded through the chain of command to the Chief of Police.

#### **601.10 RELEASING INFORMATION TO THE PUBLIC**

In cases where the perpetrator is not known to the victim, and especially if there are multiple crimes where more than one appear to be related, consideration should be given to releasing information to the public whenever there is a reasonable likelihood that doing so may result in developing helpful investigative leads. The Criminal Investigation Division supervisor should weigh the risk of alerting the suspect to the investigation with the need to protect the victim and the public, and to prevent more crimes.

## Asset Forfeiture

### 602.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy describes the authority and procedure for the seizure, forfeiture, and liquidation of property associated with designated offenses.

#### 602.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Fiscal agent** - The person designated by the Chief of Police to be responsible for securing and maintaining seized assets and distributing any proceeds realized from any forfeiture proceedings. This includes any time the Federalsburg Police Department seizes property for forfeiture or when the Federalsburg Police Department is acting as the fiscal agent pursuant to a multi-agency agreement.

**Forfeiture** - The process by which legal ownership of an asset is transferred to a government or other authority.

**Forfeiture reviewer** - The department member assigned by the Chief of Police who is responsible for reviewing all forfeiture cases and acting as the liaison between the Department and the forfeiting authority (Md. Code CP § 12-101(f)).

**Property subject to forfeiture** - Items that may generally be subject to forfeiture include:

- (a) Real property, tangible and intangible personal property, money, weapons, vehicles, aircraft or vessels, and items or objects used in connection with a crime under the Controlled Dangerous Substances law (Md. Code CP § 12-102).
  1. Motor vehicles must meet required seizure guidelines (Md. Code CP § 12-204).
- (b) A handgun, handgun ammunition, or parts in violation of gun laws (Md. Code CP § 13-201).
- (c) A regulated firearm in violation of the law (Md. Code PS § 5-135).
- (d) Illegal possession of a handgun (Md. Code CR § 4-206).
- (e) Firearms used in specific designated crimes (Md. Code CR § 5-621(e)).
- (f) Money seized in illegal gambling investigations (Md. Code CP § 13-102).
- (g) Vehicles, vessels, or aircraft used in violation of explosives laws (Md. Code CP § 13-301).
- (h) Motor vehicles, money, and real property used in the connection of a violation of human trafficking laws (Md. Code CP § 13-502) or personal property that is directly or indirectly dangerous to health and safety (Md. Code CP § 13-504).
- (i) Contraband alcohol, cigarettes, and motor fuel, and conveyances used to transport the products (Md. Code TG § 13-835).
- (j) Crimes involving telecommunications and electronics (Md. Code CR § 7-310).



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- (k) Property used or intended for use in the course of a violation of the Mortgage Fraud law (Md. Code CP § 13-402).

**Seizure** - The act of law enforcement officials taking property, cash, or assets that have been used in connection with or acquired by specified illegal activities.

#### **602.2 POLICY**

The Federalsburg Police Department recognizes that appropriately applied forfeiture laws are helpful to enforce the law, deter crime, and reduce the economic incentive of crime. However, the potential of revenue shall not be allowed to jeopardize the effective investigation and prosecution of criminal offenses, officer safety, the integrity of ongoing investigations, or any person's due process rights.

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that all members, including those assigned to internal or external law enforcement task force operations, shall comply with all state and federal laws pertaining to forfeitures.

#### **602.3 ASSET SEIZURE**

The following property may be seized for forfeiture as provided in this policy:

##### **602.3.1 PROPERTY SUBJECT TO SEIZURE**

The following may be seized upon review and approval of a supervisor and in conjunction with the forfeiture reviewer:

- (a) Property subject to forfeiture may be seized on a warrant or court order.
- (b) Property subject to forfeiture may be seized without a warrant when:
  1. The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search under a search warrant and the property is subject to forfeiture due to a controlled dangerous substance violation, human trafficking violation, or handgun violation (Md. Code CP § 12-202; Md. Code CP § 13-504; Md. Code CP § 13-202).
  2. The seizure is incident to an inspection under an administrative inspection warrant and the property is forfeitable due to a controlled dangerous substance or human trafficking violation (Md. Code CP § 12-202; Md. Code CP § 13-504).
  3. There is probable cause to believe that the property has been used or is intended to be used for a violation of a Controlled Dangerous Substances law (Md. Code CP § 12-202).
- (c) Property subject to forfeiture that may be lawfully seized as evidence of a crime.
- (d) A vehicle, when there is probable cause to believe that it is subject to forfeiture for a violation of human trafficking (Md. Code CR § 3-1102; Md. Code CR § 3-1103) and after considering (Md. Code CP § 13-507):
  1. Evidence that the motor vehicle was acquired with proceeds from a transaction involving a violation of Md. Code CR § 3-1102 or Md. Code CR § 3-1103.
  2. The circumstances of the arrest.

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#### 3. How the vehicle was used.

Whenever practicable, obtaining a search warrant or court order for seizure prior to making a seizure is the preferred method.

A large amount of money alone is insufficient to establish the probable cause required to make a seizure.

#### 602.3.2 PROPERTY NOT SUBJECT TO SEIZURE

Property that should not be seized for forfeiture includes:

- (a) Cash and property that does not meet the forfeiture counsel's current minimum forfeiture thresholds (Md. Code CP § 12-102).
- (b) Any personal property or vehicle if the officer reasonably knows the owner did not have knowledge of the offense or did not consent to the property's use ("innocent owner").
- (c) Real property without a court order.

#### 602.4 PROCESSING SEIZED PROPERTY FOR FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS

When property or cash subject to this policy is seized, the officer making the seizure should ensure compliance with the following:

- (a) Complete the applicable seizure forms and present the appropriate copy to the person from whom the property is seized. If cash or property is seized from more than one person, a separate copy must be provided to each person, specifying the items seized. When property is seized and no one claims an interest in the property, the officer must leave the copy in the place where the property was found, if it is reasonable to do so.
- (b) Complete and submit a report and original seizure forms within 24 hours of the seizure, if practicable.
- (c) Forward the original seizure forms and related reports to the forfeiture reviewer within two days of seizure.

The officer will book seized property as evidence with the notation in the comment section of the property form, "Seized Subject to Forfeiture." Property seized subject to forfeiture should be booked on a separate property form. No other evidence from the case should be booked on this form.

Photographs shall be taken of seized cash and should be taken of other valuable items (Md. Code CP § 12-202(b)(1); Md. Code CP § 13-103; Md. Code CP § 13-505).

Officers who suspect property may be subject to seizure but are not able to seize the property (e.g., the property is located elsewhere, the whereabouts of the property is unknown, it is real estate, bank accounts, non-tangible assets) should document and forward the information in the appropriate report to the forfeiture reviewer.

#### 602.5 MAINTAINING SEIZED PROPERTY

The Evidence supervisor is responsible for ensuring compliance with the following:

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- (a) All property received for forfeiture is reasonably secured and properly stored to prevent waste and preserve its condition (Md. Code CP § 12-203).
- (b) All property received for forfeiture is checked to determine if the property has been stolen.
- (c) All property received for forfeiture is retained in the same manner as evidence until forfeiture is finalized or the property is returned to the claimant or the person with an ownership interest.
- (d) Property received for forfeiture is not used by the Department unless the forfeiture action has been completed.
- (e) All money is deposited into the appropriate financial account (Md. Code CP § 12-202; Md. Code CP § 13-103; Md. Code CP § 13-505).
- (f) Pending final disposition, money seized for illegal gambling shall be properly accounted for and deposited in an interest-bearing bank account or invested in accordance with Title 17 of the Local Government Article (Md. Code CP § 13-104).
- (g) On receipt of an application, the Department shall hold an informal review to determine whether the owner knew or should have known of the use or intended use of a handgun that is seized in violation of Md. Code CR § 4-203 or Md. Code CR § 4-204 (Md. Code CP § 13-204).
- (h) The Department shall surrender a motor vehicle to the owner upon request if the motor vehicle falls within the purview of a forfeiture exception or the required legal standards are not met (Md. Code CP § 12-207; Md. Code CP § 13-509).

#### **602.6 FORFEITURE REVIEWER**

The Chief of Police will appoint a forfeiture reviewer as allowed by law.

The responsibilities of the forfeiture reviewer include:

- (a) Remaining familiar with forfeiture laws, particularly Criminal Procedure Article Title 12 and Title 13.
- (b) Serving as the liaison between the Department and the Town Treasurer or Director of Finance (Md. Code CP § 12-101(j)).
- (c) Serving as the liaison between the Department and the forfeiting authority and ensuring prompt legal review and filing of all seizures (Md. Code CP § 12-304; Md. Code CP § 13-517).
- (d) Making reasonable efforts to obtain annual training that includes best practices in pursuing, seizing, and tracking forfeitures.
- (e) Reviewing each seizure-related case and deciding whether the seizure is more appropriately made under state or federal seizure laws. The forfeiture reviewer should contact federal authorities when appropriate (Md. Code CP § 12-212).
- (f) Ensuring that responsibilities, including the designation of a fiscal agent, are clearly established whenever multiple agencies are cooperating in a forfeiture case.

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- (g) Ensuring that seizure forms are available and appropriate for department use. These should include notice forms, a receipt form, and a checklist that provides relevant guidance to officers. The forms should be available in languages appropriate for the region and should contain spaces for (Md. Code CP § 12-104):
  - 1. Names and contact information for all relevant persons and law enforcement officers involved.
  - 2. Information as to how ownership or other property interests may have been determined (e.g., verbal claims of ownership, titles, public records).
  - 3. A space for the signature of the person from whom cash or property is being seized.
  - 4. A tear-off portion or copy, which should be given to the person from whom cash or property is being seized, that includes the legal authority for the seizure, information regarding the process to contest the seizure, and a detailed description of the items seized.
  - 5. A case or other reference number associated with the seized property.
  - 6. The notice provisions required by Md. Code CP § 12-104.
  - 7. Any other information required by Md. Code CP § 12-104.
- (h) Ensuring that members who may be involved in asset forfeiture receive training in the proper use of the seizure forms and the forfeiture process. The training should be developed in consultation with the appropriate legal counsel and may be accomplished through traditional classroom education, electronic media, Daily Training Bulletins (DTBs), or Departmental Directives. The training should cover this policy and address any relevant statutory changes and court decisions.
- (i) Reviewing each asset forfeiture case to ensure that:
  - 1. Written documentation of the seizure and the items seized is in the case file.
  - 2. Independent legal review of the circumstances and propriety of the seizure is made in a timely manner.
  - 3. The Chief of Police personally reviews and recommends forfeiture of motor vehicles in violation of the Controlled Dangerous Substances or Human Trafficking laws (Md. Code CP § 12-206; Md. Code CP § 13-508).
  - 4. Notice of seizure has been given in a timely manner to those who hold an interest in the seized property (Md. Code CP § 12-104; Md. Code CP § 12-209).
  - 5. Property is promptly released to those entitled to its return.
  - 6. All changes to forfeiture status are forwarded to any supervisor who initiates a forfeiture case.
  - 7. Any cash received is deposited with the fiscal agent.
  - 8. Assistance with the resolution of ownership claims and the release of property to those entitled is provided (Md. Code CP § 12-203).

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9. Current minimum forfeiture thresholds are communicated appropriately to officers.
  10. This policy and any related policies are periodically reviewed and updated to reflect current federal and state statutes and case law.
- (j) Ensuring that a written plan is available that enables the Chief of Police to address any extended absence of the forfeiture reviewer, thereby ensuring that contact information for other law enforcement personnel and attorneys who may assist in these matters is available.
  - (k) Ensuring that the Department disposes of property as provided by law following any forfeiture.
  - (l) Ensuring that the process of selling or adding forfeited property to department inventory is in accordance with all applicable laws and consistent with the use and disposition of similar property.
  - (m) Upon completion of any forfeiture process, ensuring that no property is retained by the Federalsburg Police Department unless the Chief of Police authorizes in writing the retention of the property for official use.
  - (n) Ensuring that an annual report is filed with the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center of the Governor's Office of Crime Prevention, Youth, and Victim Services as required by Md. Code CP § 12-602.

Forfeiture proceeds should be maintained in a separate fund or account subject to appropriate accounting control, with regular reviews or audits of all deposits and expenditures.

Forfeiture reporting and expenditures should be completed in the manner prescribed by the law and Town financial directives.

#### **602.7 DISPOSITION OF FORFEITED PROPERTY**

No member of this department may use property that has been seized for forfeiture until the forfeiture action has been completed and the Chief of Police has given written authorization to retain the property for official use. No department member involved in the decision to seize property should be involved in any decision regarding the disposition of the property.

If an order of forfeiture is not entered by the court, the Department shall return to the owner that part of the proceeds and any costs of the forfeiture proceedings paid from the proceeds of the sale (Md. Code CP § 12-503; Md. Code CP § 13-534).

After a full court hearing, if the court determines that the property should not be forfeited, the property shall be promptly returned to the legal owner (Md. Code CP § 12-402; Md. Code CP § 13-534).

Whenever property is forfeited by the court under the Controlled Dangerous Substances or Human Trafficking laws, the property may be kept for official use, destroyed or otherwise disposed of, or the Department may sell the property if the law does not require the property to be destroyed and the property is not harmful to the public (Md. Code CP § 12-403; Md. Code CP § 13-529).

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Whenever property is forfeited under a violation of gun laws, the Department may only retain the property for official use, destroy the forfeited property, or sell, exchange, or transfer the forfeited property to another law enforcement agency for official use by that agency (Md. Code CP § 13-206(a)).

Shared forfeiture proceeds from a state law enforcement agency under the Controlled Dangerous Substances law shall be deposited in the Town general fund (Md. Code CP § 12-403(e)).

Forfeiture proceeds under the Maryland Mortgage Fraud Protection Act shall be deposited in the state's general fund (Md. Code CP § 13-407(c)(4)).

Proceeds from a violation of the Human Trafficking laws shall be deposited to the Town General Fund (Md. Code CP § 13-530).

## Eyewitness Identification

### 604.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy sets forth guidelines to be used when members of this department employ eyewitness identification techniques (Md. Code PS § 3-506).

#### 604.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include (Md. Code PS § 3-506.1):

**Eyewitness identification process** - Any field identification, live lineup or photographic identification.

**Field identification** - A live presentation of a single individual to a witness following the commission of a criminal offense for the purpose of identifying or eliminating the person as the suspect.

**Live lineup** - A live presentation of individuals to a witness for the purpose of identifying or eliminating an individual as the suspect.

**Photographic lineup** - Presentation of photographs to a witness for the purpose of identifying or eliminating an individual as the suspect.

### 604.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will strive to use eyewitness identification techniques, when appropriate, to enhance the investigative process and will emphasize identifying persons responsible for crime and exonerating the innocent.

### 604.3 INTERPRETIVE SERVICES

Members should make a reasonable effort to arrange for an interpreter before proceeding with eyewitness identification if communication with a witness is impeded due to language or hearing barriers.

Before the interpreter is permitted to discuss any matter with the witness, the investigating member should explain the identification process to the interpreter. Once it is determined that the interpreter comprehends the process and can explain it to the witness, the eyewitness identification may proceed as provided for within this policy.

### 604.4 EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION PROCESS AND FORM

The Patrol supervisor shall be responsible for the development and maintenance of an eyewitness identification process for use by members when they are conducting eyewitness identifications.

The process should include appropriate forms or reports that provide:

- (a) The date, time and location of the eyewitness identification procedure.
- (b) The name and identifying information of the witness.
- (c) The name of the person administering the identification procedure.

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- (d) If applicable, the names of all individuals present during the identification procedure.
- (e) An instruction to the witness that it is as important to exclude innocent persons as it is to identify a perpetrator.
- (f) An instruction to the witness that the perpetrator may or may not be among those presented and that the witness is not obligated to make an identification (Md. Code PS § 3-506.1).
- (g) If the identification process is a photographic or live lineup, an instruction to the witness that the perpetrator may not appear exactly as he/she did on the date of the incident.
- (h) An instruction to the witness that the investigation will continue regardless of whether an identification is made by the witness.
- (i) A signature line where the witness acknowledges that he/she understands the identification procedures, instructions and identification statement.
- (j) A signed statement from the witness in the witness's own words describing how certain he/she is of the identification or non-identification. This statement should be taken at the time of the identification procedure (Md. Code PS § 3-506.1).

The process and related forms should be reviewed at least annually and modified when necessary.

#### **604.5 EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION**

Members are cautioned not to, in any way influence a witness as to whether any subject or photo presented in a lineup is in any way connected to the case. Members should avoid mentioning that:

- The individual was apprehended near the crime scene.
- The evidence points to the individual as the suspect.
- Other witnesses have identified or failed to identify the individual as the suspect.

In order to avoid undue influence, witnesses should view suspects or a lineup individually and outside the presence of other witnesses. Witnesses should be instructed to avoid discussing details of the incident or of the identification process with other witnesses.

Whenever feasible, the eyewitness identification procedure should be audio and/or video recorded and the recording should be retained according to current evidence procedures.

#### **604.6 PHOTOGRAPHIC LINEUP AND LIVE LINEUP CONSIDERATIONS**

When practicable, the member presenting the lineup should not be involved in the investigation of the case or know the identity of the suspect. In no case should the member presenting a lineup to a witness know which photograph or person in the lineup is being viewed by the witness. Techniques to achieve this include randomly numbering photographs, shuffling folders or using a computer program to order the persons in the lineup (Md. Code PS § 3-506.1).

Individuals in the lineup should reasonably match the description of the perpetrator provided by the witness and should bear similar characteristics to avoid causing any person to unreasonably stand out. In cases involving multiple suspects, a separate lineup should be conducted for each suspect. The suspects should be placed in a different order within each lineup.



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The member presenting the lineup should do so sequentially (i.e., show the witness one person at a time) and not simultaneously. The witness should view all persons in the lineup.

A live lineup should only be used before criminal proceedings have been initiated against the suspect. If there is any question as to whether any criminal proceedings have begun, the investigating member should contact the appropriate prosecuting attorney before proceeding.

#### **604.6.1 MULTIPLE EYEWITNESSES**

When there are multiple eyewitnesses (Md. Code PS § 3-506.1):

- (a) The identification procedure shall be conducted separately for each eyewitness.
  - 1. Instructions shall be provided to each eyewitness outside the presence of other eyewitnesses.
- (b) The suspect shall be placed in a different position for each identification procedure conducted for each eyewitness.
- (c) The eyewitnesses may not be allowed to communicate with each other until all identification procedures have been completed.

#### **604.6.2 MULTIPLE SUSPECTS**

If an eyewitness has previously participated in an identification procedure in connection with the identification of another person suspected of involvement in the offense, the fillers in the identification procedure shall be different from the fillers used in any prior identification procedure (Md. Code PS § 3-506.1).

#### **604.6.3 NUMBER OF LINEUP MEMBERS**

Lineups shall consist of the following number of members, not including the suspect (Md. Code PS § 3-506.1).

- (a) For a live lineup, at least four persons.
- (b) For a photo lineup, at least five photographs.

#### **604.7 FIELD IDENTIFICATION CONSIDERATIONS**

Field identifications, also known as field elimination show-ups or one-on-one identifications, may be helpful in certain cases, where exigent circumstances make it impracticable to conduct a photo or live lineup identification. A field elimination show-up or one-on-one identification should not be used when independent probable cause exists to arrest a suspect. In such cases a live or photo lineup is the preferred course of action if eyewitness identification is contemplated.

When initiating a field identification, the member should observe the following guidelines:

- (a) Obtain a complete description of the suspect from the witness.
- (b) Assess whether a witness should be included in a field identification process by considering:
  - 1. The length of time the witness observed the suspect.

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2. The distance between the witness and the suspect.
  3. Whether the witness could view the suspect's face.
  4. The quality of the lighting when the suspect was observed by the witness.
  5. Whether there were distracting noises or activity during the observation.
  6. Any other circumstances affecting the witness's opportunity to observe the suspect.
  7. The length of time that has elapsed since the witness observed the suspect.
- (c) If safe and practicable, the person who is the subject of the show-up should not be handcuffed or in a patrol vehicle.
- (d) When feasible, members should bring the witness to the location of the subject of the show-up, rather than bring the subject of the show-up to the witness.
- (e) The person who is the subject of the show-up should not be shown to the same witness more than once.
- (f) In cases involving multiple suspects, witnesses should only be permitted to view the subjects of the show-up one at a time.
- (g) The person who is the subject of the show-up should not be required to put on clothing worn by the suspect, to speak words uttered by the suspect or to perform other actions mimicking those of the suspect.
- (h) If a witness positively identifies a subject of a show-up as the suspect, members should not conduct any further field identifications with other witnesses for that suspect. In such instances members should document the contact information for any additional witnesses for follow up, if necessary.

#### **604.8 DOCUMENTATION**

A thorough description of the eyewitness process and the result of any eyewitness identification shall be documented in the case report (Md. Code PS § 3-506.1).

If a photographic lineup is utilized, a copy of the photographic lineup presented to the witness shall be included in the case report. In addition, the order in which the photographs were presented to the witness should be documented in the case report.

A written record is not required if a video or audio record of the identification procedure is made that captures all of the information specified in Md. Code PS § 3-506.1.

## Brady Information

### 605.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for identifying and releasing potentially exculpatory or impeachment information (so-called “*Brady* information”) to a prosecuting attorney.

#### 605.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

***Brady* information** - Information known or possessed by the Federalsburg Police Department that is both favorable and material to the current prosecution or defense of a criminal defendant.

### 605.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will conduct fair and impartial criminal investigations and will provide the prosecution with both incriminating and exculpatory evidence, as well as information that may adversely affect the credibility of a witness. In addition to reporting all evidence of guilt, the Federalsburg Police Department will assist the prosecution by complying with its obligation to disclose information that is both favorable and material to the defense. The Department will identify and disclose to the prosecution potentially exculpatory information, as provided in this policy.

### 605.3 DISCLOSURE OF INVESTIGATIVE INFORMATION

Officers must include in their investigative reports adequate investigative information and reference to all material evidence and facts that are reasonably believed to be either incriminating or exculpatory to any individual in the case. If an officer learns of potentially incriminating or exculpatory information any time after submission of a case, the officer or the handling investigator must prepare and submit a supplemental report documenting such information as soon as practicable. Supplemental reports shall be promptly processed and transmitted to the prosecutor’s office.

If information is believed to be privileged or confidential (e.g., informant or attorney-client information, attorney work product), the officer should discuss the matter with a supervisor and/or prosecutor to determine the appropriate manner in which to proceed.

Evidence or facts are considered material if there is a reasonable probability that they would affect the outcome of a criminal proceeding or trial. Determining whether evidence or facts are material often requires legal or even judicial review. If an officer is unsure, the officer should address the issue with a supervisor.

Supervisors who are uncertain about whether evidence or facts are material should address the issue in a written memo to an appropriate prosecutor. A copy of the memo should be retained in the department case file.

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#### **605.4 BRADY PROCESS**

The Chief of Police shall select a member of the Department to coordinate requests for *Brady* information. This person shall be directly responsible to the Administration Sgt. or the authorized designee.

The responsibilities of the coordinator include but are not limited to:

- (a) Working with the appropriate prosecutors' offices and the Town Attorney's office to establish systems and processes to determine what constitutes *Brady* information and the method for notification and disclosure.
- (b) Maintaining a current list of members who have *Brady* information in their files or backgrounds.
  1. Updating this list whenever potential *Brady* information concerning any department member becomes known to the Department or is placed into a personnel or internal affairs file.

#### **605.5 DISCLOSURE OF REQUESTED INFORMATION**

If *Brady* information is located, the following procedure shall apply:

- (a) In the event that a motion has not already been filed by the criminal defendant or other party, the prosecuting attorney and department member whose file is related to the motion shall be notified of the potential presence of *Brady* information.
- (b) The prosecuting attorney or Town Attorney should be requested to file a motion in order to initiate an in-camera review by the court.
  1. If no motion is filed, the Custodian of Records should work with the appropriate counsel to determine whether the records should be disclosed to the prosecutor.
- (c) The Custodian of Records shall accompany all relevant personnel files during any in-camera inspection and address any issues or questions raised by the court in determining whether any information contained in the files is both material and favorable to the criminal defendant.
- (d) If the court determines that there is relevant *Brady* information contained in the files, only that information ordered released will be copied and released to the parties filing the motion.
  1. Prior to the release of any information pursuant to this process, a protective order should be requested from the court limiting the use of such information to the involved case and requiring the return of all copies upon completion of the case.
- (e) If a court has determined that relevant *Brady* information is contained in a member's file in any case, the prosecutor should be notified of that fact in all future cases involving that member.

#### **605.6 INVESTIGATING BRADY ISSUES**

If the Department receives information from any source that a member may have issues of credibility, dishonesty or has been engaged in an act of moral turpitude or criminal conduct, the

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information shall be investigated and processed in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy.

#### **605.7 SUBPOENA PROCESSING**

The individual processing subpoenas (or the supervisor of the subpoenaed member) shall check the subpoenaed member's name against the current list of those who are known to have *Brady* information in their files or background, and shall alert the coordinator if a person on the list is subpoenaed.

#### **605.8 TRAINING**

Department personnel should receive periodic training on the requirements of this policy.

## Warrant Service

### 606.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for the planning and serving of arrest and search warrants by members of this department. It is understood that this policy cannot address every variable or circumstance that can arise in the service of a search or arrest warrant, as these tasks can involve rapidly evolving and unique circumstances.

This policy is intended to be used in conjunction with the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy, which has additional guidance on planning and serving high-risk warrants.

This policy is not intended to address the service of search warrants on locations or property already secured or routine field warrant arrests by patrol officers.

### 606.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to balance the safety needs of the public, the safety of department members, privacy interests and other relevant factors when making decisions related to the service of search and arrest warrants.

### 606.3 OPERATIONS DIRECTOR

The operations director (see the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy) shall review all risk assessment forms with the involved supervisor to determine the risk level of the warrant service.

The operations director will also have the responsibility to coordinate service of those warrants that are categorized as high risk. Deconfliction, risk assessment, operational planning, briefing and debriefing should follow guidelines in the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy.

### 606.4 SEARCH WARRANTS

Officers should receive authorization from a supervisor before preparing a search warrant application. Once authorization is received, the officer will prepare the affidavit and search warrant, consulting with the applicable prosecuting attorney as needed. He/she will also complete the risk assessment form and submit it, along with the warrant affidavit, to the appropriate supervisor and the operations director for review and classification of risk (see the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy).

### 606.5 ARREST WARRANTS

If an officer reasonably believes that serving an arrest warrant may pose a higher risk than commonly faced on a daily basis, the officer should complete the risk assessment form and submit it to the appropriate supervisor and the operations director for review and classification of risk (see the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy).

If the warrant is classified as high risk, service will be coordinated by the operations director. If the warrant is not classified as high risk, the supervisor should weigh the risk of entry into a residence to make an arrest against other alternatives, such as arresting the person outside the residence where circumstances may pose a lower risk.

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#### **606.6 WARRANT PREPARATION**

An officer who prepares a warrant should ensure the documentation in support of the warrant contains as applicable:

- (a) Probable cause to support the search or arrest, including relevant dates and times to demonstrate timeliness and facts to support any request for nighttime or no-knock warrant execution (Md. Code CP § 1-203).
- (b) A clear explanation of the affiant's training, experience and relevant education.
- (c) Adequately supported opinions, when relevant, that are not left to unsubstantiated conclusions.
- (d) A nexus between the place to be searched and the persons or items central to the investigation. The facts supporting this nexus should be clear and current. For example, the affidavit shall explain why there is probable cause to believe that a particular person is currently residing at a particular location or that the items sought are present at a particular location.
- (e) Full disclosure of known or suspected residents at the involved location and any indication of separate living spaces at the involved location. For example, it should be disclosed that several people may be renting bedrooms at a single location, even if the exact location of the rooms is not known.
- (f) A specific description of the location to be searched, including photographs of the location, if reasonably available.
- (g) A sufficient description of the items to be seized.
- (h) Full disclosure of any known exculpatory information relevant to the warrant application (refer to the *Brady* Information Policy).

#### **606.6.1 WARRANT EXECUTION PROCEDURES**

The operations director should establish procedures regarding execution of search warrants (e.g., appropriate approvals and training, time of service limitations, measures for participants to be identifiable and recognizable as uniformed officers, use of body-worn cameras where required) (Md. Code CP § 1-203).

#### **606.7 HIGH-RISK WARRANT SERVICE**

The operations director or the authorized designee shall coordinate the service of warrants that are categorized as high risk and shall have sole authority in determining the manner in which the warrant will be served, including the number of officers deployed.

The member responsible for directing the service should ensure the following as applicable:

- (a) When practicable and when doing so does not cause unreasonable risk, video or photographic documentation is made of the condition of the location prior to execution of a search warrant. The images should include the surrounding area and persons present.
- (b) Body-worn cameras should be used by officers executing the warrant (Md. Code CP § 1-203) (see the Portable Audio/Video Recorders Policy).

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- (c) Evidence is handled and collected only by those members who are designated to do so. All other members involved in the service of the warrant should alert one of the designated members to the presence of potential evidence and not touch or disturb the items.
- (d) Reasonable efforts are made during the search to maintain or restore the condition of the location.
- (e) Persons who are detained as part of the warrant service are handled appropriately under the circumstances.
- (f) Reasonable care provisions are made for children and dependent adults (see the Child and Dependent Adult Safety Policy).
- (g) A list is made of all items seized and a copy provided to the person in charge of the premises if present or otherwise left in a conspicuous place.
- (h) A copy of the search warrant is left at the location.
- (i) The condition of the property is documented with video recording or photographs after the search.

#### **606.8 DETENTIONS DURING WARRANT SERVICE**

Officers must be sensitive to the safety risks of all persons involved with the service of a warrant. Depending on circumstances and facts present, it may be appropriate to control movements of any or all persons present at a warrant service, including those who may not be the subject of a warrant or suspected in the case. However, officers must be mindful that only reasonable force may be used and weapons should be displayed no longer than the officer reasonably believes is necessary (see the Use of Force Policy).

As soon as it can be determined that an individual is not subject to the scope of a warrant and that no further reasonable suspicion or safety concerns exist to justify further detention, the person should be promptly released.

Officers should, when and to the extent reasonable, accommodate the privacy and personal needs of people who have been detained.

#### **606.9 ACTIONS AFTER WARRANT SERVICE**

The supervisor shall ensure that all affidavits, warrants, receipts and returns, regardless of any associated cases, are filed with the issuing judge or magistrate as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event no later than any date specified on the warrant.

#### **606.10 OUTSIDE AGENCIES AND CROSS-JURISDICTIONAL WARRANTS**

The operations director will ensure that cooperative efforts with other agencies in the service of warrants conform to existing mutual aid agreements or other memorandums of understanding and will work cooperatively to mitigate risks including, but not limited to, the following:

- Identity of team members
- Roles and responsibilities



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#### *Warrant Service*

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- Familiarity with equipment
- Rules of engagement
- Asset forfeiture procedures

Any outside agency requesting assistance in the service of a warrant within this jurisdiction should be referred to the operations director. The director should review and confirm the warrant, including the warrant location, and should discuss the service with the appropriate supervisor from the other agency. The director should ensure that members of the Federalsburg Police Department are utilized appropriately. Any concerns regarding the requested use of Federalsburg Police Department members should be brought to the attention of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee. The actual service of the warrant will remain the responsibility of the agency requesting assistance.

If the operations director is unavailable, the Shift Supervisor should assume this role.

If officers intend to serve a warrant outside Federalsburg Police Department jurisdiction, the operations director should provide reasonable advance notice to the applicable agency, request assistance as needed and work cooperatively on operational planning and the mitigation of risks detailed in this policy.

Officers will remain subject to the policies of the Federalsburg Police Department when assisting outside agencies or serving a warrant outside Federalsburg Police Department jurisdiction.

#### **606.11 MEDIA ACCESS**

No advance information regarding warrant service operations shall be released without the approval of the Chief of Police. Any media inquiries or press release after the fact shall be handled in accordance with the Media Relations Policy.

#### **606.12 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant should ensure officers receive periodic training on this policy and associated topics, such as legal issues, warrant preparation, warrant service and reporting requirements.

## **Chapter 7 - Equipment**

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## Department-Owned and Personal Property

### 700.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The policy addresses the care of department-owned property and the role of the Department when personal property, the property of another or department-owned property is damaged or lost.

### 700.2 POLICY

Members of the Federalsburg Police Department shall properly care for department property assigned or entrusted to them. Department-owned property that becomes damaged shall be promptly replaced. Members' personal property that becomes damaged during the performance of assigned duties will be reimbursed in accordance with this policy.

### 700.3 DEPARTMENT PROPERTY

All property and equipment issued by the Department shall be documented in the appropriate property sheet or equipment log. Receipt of issued items shall be acknowledged by the receiving member's signature. Upon separation from the Department, all issued property and equipment shall be returned. Documentation of the return shall be acknowledged by the signature of a supervisor.

#### 700.3.1 CARE OF PROPERTY

Members shall be responsible for the safekeeping, serviceable condition, proper care, use and replacement of department property that has been assigned or entrusted to them.

Intentional or negligent abuse or misuse of department property may lead to discipline including, but not limited to, the cost of repair or replacement.

- (a) Members shall promptly report, through their chain of command, any loss, damage to, or unserviceable condition of any department-issued property or equipment.
  - 1. A supervisor receiving such a report shall conduct an investigation and direct a memo to the appropriate Sgt., which shall include the result of the investigation and whether misconduct or negligence caused the loss, damage or unserviceable condition.
  - 2. A review by command staff should determine whether additional action is appropriate.
- (b) The use of damaged or unserviceable property should be discontinued as soon as practicable, and the item replaced with a comparable item as soon as available and following notice to a supervisor.
- (c) Except when otherwise directed by competent authority or otherwise reasonable by circumstances, department property shall only be used by those to whom it was assigned. Use should be limited to official purposes and in the capacity for which it was designed.

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#### *Department-Owned and Personal Property*

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- (d) Department property shall not be thrown away, sold, traded, donated, destroyed or otherwise disposed of without proper authority.
- (e) A supervisor's approval is required before any attempt to repair damaged or unserviceable property is made by a member.

#### **700.4 PERSONAL PROPERTY**

Carrying and/or using personal property or equipment on-duty requires prior written approval by the Chief of Police or appropriate Sgt.. The member should submit a request that includes a description of the property, and the reason and length of time it will be used. Personal property of the type routinely carried by persons who are not performing law enforcement duties, and that is not a weapon, is excluded from this requirement.

The Department will not replace or repair costly items (e.g., jewelry, expensive watches, exotic equipment) that are not reasonably required as part of work.

##### **700.4.1 FILING CLAIMS FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY**

Claims for reimbursement for damage to, or loss of, personal property must be made on the proper form. This form is submitted to the member's immediate supervisor. The supervisor may require a separate written report.

The supervisor receiving such a report shall investigate and direct a memo to the appropriate Sgt., which shall include the result of the investigation and whether reasonable care was taken to prevent the loss, damage or unserviceable condition.

Upon review by command staff and a finding that no misconduct or negligence was involved, repair or replacement may be recommended by the Chief of Police, who will then forward the claim to the Town department responsible for issuing payments.

#### **700.5 DAMAGE TO PROPERTY OF ANOTHER**

Members who intentionally or unintentionally damage or cause to be damaged the real or personal property of another while performing any law enforcement function shall promptly report the damage through their chain of command.

The supervisor receiving such a report shall conduct an investigation and direct a memo to the appropriate Sgt., which shall include the result of the investigation and whether reasonable care was taken to prevent the loss, damage or unserviceable condition.

A review of the incident by command staff to determine whether misconduct or negligence was involved should be completed.

##### **700.5.1 DAMAGE BY PERSONNEL OF ANOTHER AGENCY**

Personnel from another agency may intentionally or unintentionally cause damage or cause to be damaged the real or personal property of the Town of Federalsburg or of another person while performing their duties within the jurisdiction of this department. It shall be the responsibility of

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#### *Department-Owned and Personal Property*

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this department member present or the member responsible for the property to report the damage as follows:

- (a) A verbal report shall be made to the member's immediate supervisor as soon as circumstances permit.
- (b) A written report shall be submitted before the member goes off-duty or as otherwise directed by the supervisor.

The supervisor receiving such a report shall conduct an investigation and direct a memo to the appropriate Sgt., which shall include the result of the investigation and whether misconduct or negligence caused the loss, damage or unserviceable condition.

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## Personal Communication Devices

### 701.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the use of mobile telephones and communication devices, whether issued or funded by the Department or personally owned, while on-duty or when used for authorized work-related purposes.

This policy generically refers to all such devices as Personal Communication Devices (PCDs) but is intended to include all mobile telephones, personal digital assistants (PDAs), wireless capable tablets and similar wireless two-way communications and/or portable Internet access devices. PCD use includes, but is not limited to, placing and receiving calls, text messaging, blogging and microblogging, emailing, using video or camera features, playing games and accessing sites or services on the Internet.

### 701.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department allows members to utilize department-issued or funded PCDs and to possess personally owned PCDs in the workplace, subject to certain limitations. Any PCD used while on-duty, or used off-duty in any manner reasonably related to the business of the Department, will be subject to monitoring and inspection consistent with the standards set forth in this policy.

The inappropriate use of a PCD while on-duty may impair officer safety. Additionally, members are advised and cautioned that the use of a personally owned PCD either on-duty or after duty hours for business-related purposes may subject the member and the member's PCD records to civil or criminal discovery or disclosure under applicable Maryland Public Information Act (PIA) laws.

Members who have questions regarding the application of this policy or the guidelines contained herein are encouraged to seek clarification from supervisory staff.

### 701.3 PRIVACY EXPECTATION

Members forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to any communication accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed on any PCD issued or funded by the Department and shall have no expectation of privacy in their location should the device be equipped with location detection capabilities (see the Information Technology Use Policy for additional guidance).

### 701.4 DEPARTMENT-ISSUED PCD

Depending on a member's assignment and the needs of the position, the Department may, at its discretion, issue or fund a PCD for the member's use to facilitate on-duty performance. Department-issued or funded PCDs may not be used for personal business either on or off-duty unless authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee. Such devices and the associated telephone number, if any, shall remain the sole property of the Department and shall be subject to inspection or monitoring (including all related records and content) at any time without notice and without cause.

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#### *Personal Communication Devices*

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Unless a member is expressly authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee for off-duty use of the PCD, the PCD will either be secured in the workplace at the completion of the tour of duty or will be turned off when leaving the workplace.

#### **701.5 PERSONALLY OWNED PCD**

Members may carry a personally owned PCD while on-duty, subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (a) Permission to carry a personally owned PCD may be revoked if it is used contrary to provisions of this policy.
- (b) The Department accepts no responsibility for loss of or damage to a personally owned PCD.
- (c) The PCD and any associated services shall be purchased, used and maintained solely at the member's expense.
- (d) The device should not be used for work-related purposes except in exigent circumstances (e.g., unavailability of radio communications). Members will have a reduced expectation of privacy when using a personally owned PCD in the workplace and have no expectation of privacy with regard to any department business-related communication.
  - 1. Members may use personally owned PCDs on-duty for routine administrative work as authorized by the Chief of Police.
- (e) The device shall not be utilized to record or disclose any department business-related information, including photographs, video or the recording or transmittal of any information or material obtained or made accessible as a result of employment or appointment with the Department, without the express authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (f) Use of a personally owned PCD while at work or for work-related business constitutes consent for the Department to access the PCD to inspect and copy data to meet the needs of the Department, which may include litigation, PIA retention and release obligations and internal investigations. If the PCD is carried on-duty, members will provide the Department with the telephone number of the device.
- (g) All work-related documents, emails, photographs, recordings or other public records created or received on a member's personally owned PCD should be transferred to the Federalsburg Police Department and deleted from the member's PCD as soon as reasonably practicable but no later than the end of the member's shift.

Except with prior express authorization from their supervisors, members are not obligated or required to carry, access, monitor or respond to electronic communications using a personally owned PCD while off-duty. If a member is in an authorized status that allows for appropriate compensation consistent with policy or existing collective bargaining agreements or memorandums of understanding, or if the member has prior express authorization from

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his/her supervisor, the member may engage in department business-related communications. Should members engage in such approved off-duty communications or work, members entitled to compensation shall promptly document the time worked and communicate the information to their supervisors to ensure appropriate compensation. Members who independently document off-duty department-related business activities in any manner shall promptly provide the Department with a copy of such records to ensure accurate record keeping.

#### **701.6 USE OF PCD**

The following protocols shall apply to all PCDs that are carried while on-duty or used to conduct department business:

- (a) A PCD shall not be carried in a manner that allows it to be visible while in uniform, unless it is in an approved carrier.
- (b) All PCDs in the workplace shall be set to silent or vibrate mode.
- (c) A PCD may not be used to conduct personal business while on-duty, except for brief personal communications (e.g., informing family of extended hours). Members shall endeavor to limit their use of PCDs to authorized break times, unless an emergency exists.
- (d) Members may use a PCD to communicate with other personnel in situations where the use of radio communications is either impracticable or not feasible. PCDs should not be used as a substitute for, as a way to avoid, or in lieu of regular radio communications.
- (e) Members are prohibited from taking pictures, making audio or video recordings or making copies of any such picture or recording media unless it is directly related to official department business. Disclosure of any such information to any third party through any means, without the express authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee, may result in discipline.
- (f) Members will not access social networking sites for any purpose that is not official department business.
- (g) Using PCDs to harass, threaten, coerce or otherwise engage in inappropriate conduct with any third party is prohibited. Any member having knowledge of such conduct shall promptly notify a supervisor.

#### **701.7 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of supervisors include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring that members under their command are provided appropriate training on the use of PCDs consistent with this policy.
- (b) Monitoring, to the extent practicable, PCD use in the workplace and taking prompt corrective action if a member is observed or reported to be improperly using a PCD.



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1. An investigation into improper conduct should be promptly initiated when circumstances warrant.
2. Before conducting any administrative search of a member's personally owned device, supervisors should consult with the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

#### **701.8 OFFICIAL USE**

Members are reminded that PCDs are not secure devices and conversations may be intercepted or overheard. Caution should be exercised while utilizing PCDs to ensure that sensitive information is not inadvertently transmitted. As soon as reasonably possible, members shall conduct sensitive or private communications on a land-based or other department communications network.

#### **701.9 USE WHILE DRIVING**

The use of a PCD while driving is only permitted for officers who are acting within the scope of their official duties. However, such use can adversely affect safety, cause unnecessary distractions and present a negative image to the public. Therefore, officers should restrict the use of these devices to matters of an urgent nature and should, where practicable, stop the vehicle at an appropriate location to use the PCD (Md. Code TR § 21-1124.2).

Except in an emergency, members who are operating vehicles that are not equipped with lights and siren shall not use a PCD while driving unless the device is specifically designed and configured to allow hands-free use (Md. Code TR § 21-1124.2). Hands-free use should be restricted to business-related calls or calls of an urgent nature.

## Vehicle Maintenance

### 702.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that department vehicles are appropriately maintained.

### 702.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will service department vehicles to ensure they remain operational and maintain their appearance, as resources allow.

### 702.3 GENERAL DUTIES

Members are responsible for assisting in maintaining department vehicles so that they are properly equipped, properly maintained, properly refueled and present a clean appearance.

### 702.4 DEFECTIVE VEHICLES

When a vehicle becomes inoperative or in need of repair that affects the safety of the vehicle, that vehicle shall be removed from service. Proper documentation shall be promptly completed by the member who becomes aware of the defective condition and forwarded for action.

Documents describing the correction of the safety issue shall be filed with the vehicle history without delay.

#### 702.4.1 DAMAGE OR POOR PERFORMANCE

Vehicles that may have been damaged or perform poorly shall be removed from service for inspections and repairs as soon as practicable.

#### 702.4.2 SEVERE USE

Vehicles operated under severe-use conditions, which include operations for which the vehicle is not designed or that exceed the manufacturer's parameters, should be removed from service and subjected to a safety inspection as soon as practicable. Such conditions may include rough roadway or off-road driving, hard or extended braking, pursuits or prolonged high-speed operation.

#### 702.4.3 REMOVAL OF WEAPONS

All firearms, weapons and control devices shall be removed from a vehicle and properly secured in the department armory prior to the vehicle being released for maintenance, service or repair.

### 702.5 VEHICLE EQUIPMENT

Certain items shall be maintained in all department vehicles.

#### 702.5.1 PATROL VEHICLES

Officers shall inspect the patrol vehicle at the beginning of the shift and ensure that the following equipment, at a minimum, is in the vehicle:

- 20 emergency road flares
- 2 sticks yellow crayon or chalk

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- 1 roll crime scene barricade tape
- 1 first-aid kit and CPR mask
- 1 blanket
- 1 fire extinguisher
- 1 bloodborne pathogen kit, including protective gloves and a National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) particulate respirator mask
- 1 sharps container
- 1 hazardous waste disposal bag
- 1 high-visibility vest
- 1 hazardous materials emergency response handbook
- 1 evidence collection kit
- 1 camera
- Spare tire, jack and lug wrench
- Rain gear
- Set of tire chains (seasonal)

#### 702.5.2 UNMARKED VEHICLES

Members driving unmarked department vehicles shall ensure that the following equipment, at a minimum, is in the vehicle:

- 20 emergency road flares
- 1 roll crime scene barricade tape
- 1 first-aid kit and CPR mask
- 1 blanket
- 1 bloodborne pathogen kit, including protective gloves and NIOSH particulate respirator mask
- 1 sharps container
- 1 hazardous waste disposal bag
- 1 high-visibility vest
- 1 hazardous materials emergency response handbook
- 1 evidence collection kit
- 1 camera
- Spare tire, jack and lug wrench

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- Rain gear
- Set of tire chains (seasonal)

#### **702.6 VEHICLE REFUELING**

Absent emergency conditions or supervisor approval, patrol vehicles shall not be placed into service with less than one-quarter tank of fuel. Patrol vehicles should not be retired at the end of shift with less than one-quarter tank of fuel. Vehicles shall only be refueled at the authorized location.

#### **702.7 WASHING OF VEHICLES**

Vehicles shall be kept clean at all times and, weather conditions permitting, shall be washed as necessary to maintain the professional appearance of the Department.

Patrol officers shall obtain clearance from the dispatcher before going to the car wash. Only one patrol vehicle should be at the car wash at a time unless otherwise approved by a supervisor.

Members using a vehicle shall remove any trash or debris at the end of their shifts. Confidential material should be placed in a designated receptacle that has been provided for shredding this material.

## Vehicle Use

### 703.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish a system of accountability to ensure department vehicles are used appropriately. This policy provides guidelines for on- and off-duty use of department vehicles and shall not be construed to create or imply any contractual obligation by the Town of Federalsburg to provide assigned take-home vehicles.

### 703.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department provides vehicles for department-related business and may assign patrol and unmarked vehicles based on a determination of operational efficiency, economic impact to the Department, requirements for tactical deployments and other considerations.

### 703.3 USE OF VEHICLES

All vehicles that are the property of The Federalsburg Police Department are to be operated in a safe manner. A Federalsburg Police Department vehicle will be operated within the guidelines of The Maryland State Traffic Laws. Safe and prudent operation is required at all times.

#### 703.3.1 SHIFT ASSIGNED VEHICLES

The Chief of Police or his/her designee shall assign vehicles to officers for duty use. If a member has the need to change assigned vehicles for mechanical or other unknown reasons, the Chief Of Police or his/her designee shall be notified.

#### 703.3.2 OTHER USE OF VEHICLES

Members utilizing a vehicle for any purpose other than their normally assigned duties or normal vehicle assignment (e.g., transportation to training, community event) shall first notify the Chief of Police . Whenever possible one vehicle shall be used if more than one officer is assigned to the training or event.

This subsection does not apply to those who are assigned to transport vehicles to and from the assigned maintenance location.

#### 703.3.3 INSPECTIONS

Members shall be responsible for inspecting the interior and exterior of any assigned vehicle before taking the vehicle into service and at the conclusion of their shifts. Any previously unreported damage, mechanical problems, unauthorized contents or other problems with the vehicle shall be promptly reported to a supervisor and documented as appropriate.

The interior of any vehicle that has been used to transport any person other than a member of this department should be inspected prior to placing another person in the vehicle and again after the person is removed. This is to ensure that unauthorized or personal items have not been left in the vehicle.

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When transporting any suspect, prisoner or arrestee, the transporting member shall search all areas of the vehicle that are accessible by the person before and after that person is transported.

All department vehicles are subject to inspection and/or search at any time by a supervisor without notice and without cause. No member assigned to or operating such vehicle shall be entitled to any expectation of privacy with respect to the vehicle or its contents.

#### 703.3.4 SECURITY AND UNATTENDED VEHICLES

Unattended vehicles should be locked and secured at all times. No key should be left in the vehicle except when it is necessary that the vehicle be left running (e.g., continued activation of emergency lights, canine safety, equipment charging). Officers who exit a vehicle rapidly in an emergency situation or to engage in a foot pursuit must carefully balance the need to exit the vehicle quickly with the need to secure the vehicle.

Members shall ensure all weapons are secured while the vehicle is unattended.

#### 703.3.5 LAPTOP

Members assigned to vehicles equipped with a Laptop (Laptop) shall log onto the Laptop with the required information when going on-duty. If the vehicle is not equipped with a working Laptop, the member shall notify the shift supervisor or the Chief of Police . Use of the Laptop is governed by the Laptop Use Policy.

#### 703.3.6 KEYS

Members approved to operate marked patrol vehicles should be issued a copy of the key as part of their initial equipment distribution. Members who are assigned a specific vehicle should be issued keys for that vehicle.

Members shall not duplicate keys. The loss of a key shall be promptly reported in writing through the member's chain of command.

#### 703.3.7 AUTHORIZED PASSENGERS

Members operating department vehicles shall not permit persons other than Town personnel or persons required to be conveyed in the performance of duty, or as otherwise authorized, to ride as passengers in the vehicle, except as stated in the Ride-Alongs Policy.

#### 703.3.8 ALCOHOL

Members who have consumed alcohol are prohibited from operating any department vehicle unless it is required by the duty assignment (e.g., task force, undercover work). Regardless of assignment, members may not violate state law regarding vehicle operation while intoxicated.

#### 703.3.9 PARKING

Except when responding to an emergency or when urgent department-related business requires otherwise, members driving department vehicles should obey all parking regulations at all times.

Department vehicles should be parked in the rear fenced in area behind the Police Department or the assigned location at Public Works. Members shall not park privately owned vehicles in stalls

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assigned to department vehicles or in other areas of the parking lot that are not so designated unless authorized by a supervisor. Privately owned motorcycles shall be parked in designated areas.

#### **703.3.10 ACCESSORIES AND/OR MODIFICATIONS**

There shall be no modifications, additions or removal of any equipment or accessories without written permission from the assigned vehicle program manager.

#### **703.3.11 NON-SWORN MEMBER USE**

Non-sworn members using marked emergency vehicles shall ensure that all weapons have been removed before going into service. Non-sworn members shall not operate the emergency lights or siren of any vehicle unless expressly authorized by a supervisor.

#### **703.3.12 VEHICLE LOCATION SYSTEM**

Patrol and other vehicles, at the discretion of the Chief of Police, may be equipped with a system designed to track the vehicle's location. While the system may provide vehicle location and other information, members are not relieved of their responsibility to use required communication practices to report their location and status.

Members shall not make any unauthorized modifications to the system. At the start of each shift, members shall verify that the system is on and report any malfunctions to their supervisor. If the member finds that the system is not functioning properly at any time during the shift, he/she should exchange the vehicle for one with a working system, if available.

System data may be accessed by supervisors at any time. However, access to historical data by personnel other than supervisors will require Sgt. approval.

All data captured by the system shall be retained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### **703.4 INDIVIDUAL MEMBER ASSIGNMENT TO VEHICLES**

Department vehicles may be assigned to individual members at the discretion of the Chief of Police. Vehicles may be assigned for on-duty and/or take-home use. Assigned vehicles may be changed at any time. Permission to take home a vehicle may be withdrawn at any time.

When a member is assigned a take home vehicle and they live more than 3 miles from the cooperate limits of Federalsburg they will report via radio 10-8 O.D. when leaving their residence. Members will also be required at the end of their assigned shift report via radio 10-42 when leaving the cooperate limits of Federalsburg, and report 10-8 O.D., and upon arrival at their residence or at a pre-approved location report 10-7 O.D. At any time members are in their assigned vehicle and are not on Official duty they are to report via radio 10-8 O.D. and/or 10-7 O.D.

The assignment of vehicles may be suspended when the member is unable to perform his/her regular assignment.

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##### 703.4.1 ON-DUTY USE

Vehicle assignments shall be based on the nature of the member's duties, job description and essential functions, and employment or appointment status. Vehicles may be reassigned or utilized by other department members at the discretion of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

##### 703.4.2

- (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- (e)
- (f)

##### 703.4.3 ASSIGNED VEHICLES

Assignment of take-home vehicles shall be based on the location of the member's residence; the nature of the member's duties, job description and essential functions; and the member's employment or appointment status. Residence in the Town of Federalsburg is a prime consideration for assignment of a take-home vehicle. Members who reside outside the Town of Federalsburg may be required to secure the vehicle at a designated location or the Department at the discretion of the Chief of Police.

Department members shall sign a take-home vehicle agreement that outlines certain standards, including, but not limited to, how the vehicle shall be used, where it shall be parked when the member is not on-duty, vehicle maintenance responsibilities and member enforcement actions.

Members are cautioned that under federal and local tax rules, personal use of a Town vehicle may create an income tax liability for the member. Questions regarding tax rules should be directed to the member's tax adviser.

Criteria for use of take-home vehicles include the following:

- (a) Vehicles shall only be used for work-related purposes and shall not be used for personal errands or transports, unless special circumstances exist and the Chief of Police or a Sgt. gives authorization.
- (b) Vehicles may be used to transport the member to and from the member's residence for work-related purposes.
- (c) Vehicles will not be used when off-duty except:
  1. In circumstances when a member has been placed on call by the Chief of Police or Sgt.s and there is a high probability that the member will be called back to duty.



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2. When the member is performing a work-related function during what normally would be an off-duty period, including vehicle maintenance or traveling to or from a work-related activity or function.
  3. When the member has received permission from the Chief of Police or Sgt.s.
  4. When the vehicle is being used by the Chief of Police, Sgt.s or members who are in on-call administrative positions.
  5. When the vehicle is being used by on-call investigators.
- (d) While operating the vehicle, authorized members will carry and have accessible their duty firearms and be prepared to perform any function they would be expected to perform while on-duty.
- (e) The two-way communications radio, Laptop and global positioning satellite device, if equipped, must be on and set to an audible volume when the vehicle is in operation.
- (f) Unattended vehicles are to be locked and secured at all times.
1. No key should be left in the vehicle except when it is necessary that the vehicle be left running (e.g., continued activation of emergency lights, canine safety, equipment charging).
  2. All weapons shall be secured while the vehicle is unattended.
  3. All department identification, portable radios and equipment should be secured.
- (g) Vehicles are to be parked off-street at the member's residence unless prior arrangements have been made with the Chief of Police or the authorized designee. All firearms and kinetic impact weapons shall be removed and properly secured in the residence (see the Firearms Policy regarding safe storage of firearms at home).
- (h) Vehicles are to be secured at the member's residence or the appropriate department facility, at the discretion of the Department when a member will be away (e.g., on vacation) for periods exceeding two days.
1. If the vehicle remains at the residence of the member, the Department shall have access to the vehicle.
  2. If the member is unable to provide access to the vehicle, it shall be parked at the Department.
- (i) The member is responsible for the care and maintenance of the vehicle.

#### 703.4.4 ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS

When driving a take-home vehicle to and from work outside of the jurisdiction of the Federalsburg Police Department or while off-duty, an officer shall not initiate enforcement actions except in those circumstances where a potential threat to life or serious property damage exists (see the Off-Duty Law Enforcement Actions and Law Enforcement Authority policies).

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Officers may render public assistance when it is deemed prudent (e.g., to a stranded motorist).

Officers driving take-home vehicles shall be armed, appropriately attired, display in plain view their badge, and have department-issued identification. Officers should also ensure that department radio communication capabilities are maintained to the extent feasible.

#### **703.4.5 MAINTENANCE**

Members are responsible for the cleanliness (exterior and interior) and overall maintenance of their assigned vehicles. Cleaning and maintenance supplies will be provided by the Department. Failure to adhere to these requirements may result in discipline and loss of vehicle assignment. The following should be performed as outlined below:

- (a) Members shall make daily inspections of their assigned vehicles for service/maintenance requirements and damage.
- (b) It is the member's responsibility to ensure that his/her assigned vehicle is maintained according to the established service and maintenance schedule.
- (c) All scheduled vehicle maintenance shall be performed as necessary at a facility approved by the Chief of Police
- (d) The Department shall be notified of problems with the vehicle and approve any major repairs before they are performed.
- (e) When leaving the vehicle at the maintenance facility, the member will complete a vehicle repair card explaining the service or repair, and leave it on the seat or dash.
- (f) All weapons shall be removed from any vehicle left for maintenance.
- (g) The Patrol Sergeant shall make, at a minimum, monthly inspections of vehicles assigned to members under their command to ensure the vehicles are being maintained in accordance with this policy.

#### **703.5 UNMARKED VEHICLES**

Unmarked vehicles are assigned to various divisions and their use is restricted to the respective division and the assigned member, unless otherwise approved by a supervisor.

#### **703.6 DAMAGE, ABUSE AND MISUSE**

When any department vehicle is involved in a traffic accident or otherwise incurs damage, the involved member shall promptly notify The Chief of Police. Any traffic accident report shall be filed with the agency having jurisdiction (see the Traffic Accidents Policy).

Damage to any department vehicle that was not caused by a traffic accident shall be immediately reported during the shift in which the damage was discovered, documented in memorandum format and forwarded to the Shift Supervisor. An administrative investigation should be initiated to determine if there has been any vehicle abuse or misuse.

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### **703.7 TOLL ROAD USAGE**

Law enforcement vehicles are not routinely exempt from incurring toll road charges.

To avoid unnecessary toll road charges, all members operating department vehicles on a toll road shall adhere to the following:

- (a) Members operating department vehicles for any reason other than in response to an emergency shall pay the appropriate toll charge or utilize the appropriate toll way transponder. Members may submit a request for reimbursement from the Town for any toll fees incurred in the course of official business.
- (b) Members passing through a toll plaza or booth during a response to an emergency shall notify, in writing, the appropriate Sgt. within five working days explaining the circumstances.

### **703.8 ATTIRE AND APPEARANCE**

When operating any department vehicle while off-duty, members may dress in a manner appropriate for their intended activity. Whenever in view of or in contact with the public, attire and appearance, regardless of the activity, should be suitable to reflect positively upon the Department.

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# Personal Protective Equipment

## 705.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy identifies the different types of personal protective equipment (PPE) provided by the Department as well the requirements and guidelines for the use of PPE.

This policy does not address ballistic vests or protection from communicable disease, as those issues are addressed in the Body Armor and Communicable Diseases policies.

### 705.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Personal protective equipment (PPE)** - Equipment that protects a person from serious workplace injuries or illnesses resulting from contact with chemical, radiological, physical, electrical, mechanical or other workplace hazards.

**Respiratory PPE** - Any device that is worn by the user to protect from exposure to atmospheres where there is smoke, low levels of oxygen, high levels of carbon monoxide, or the presence of toxic gases or other respiratory hazards. For purposes of this policy, respiratory PPE does not include particulate-filtering masks such as N95 or N100 masks.

## 705.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department endeavors to protect members by supplying certain PPE to members as provided in this policy.

## 705.3 OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES

Members are required to use PPE as provided in this policy and pursuant to their training.

Members are responsible for proper maintenance and storage of issued PPE. PPE should be stored in an appropriate location so that it is available when needed.

Any member who identifies hazards in the workplace is encouraged to utilize the procedures in the Workplace Safety and Health Policy to recommend new or improved PPE or additional needs for PPE.

## 705.4 HEARING PROTECTION

Approved hearing protection shall be used by members during firearms training.

Hearing protection shall meet or exceed the requirements provided in COMAR 09.12.31.9999 and 29 CFR 1910.95.

## 705.5 EYE PROTECTION

Approved eye protection, including side protection, shall be used by members during firearms training. Eye protection for members who wear prescription lenses shall incorporate the prescription (e.g., eye protection that can be worn over prescription lenses). Members shall ensure their eye protection does not interfere with the fit of their hearing protection.

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The Rangemaster shall ensure eye protection meets or exceeds the requirements provided in COMAR 09.12.31.9999 and 29 CFR 1910.133.

#### **705.6 HEAD AND BODY PROTECTION**

Members assigned to control crowds should be provided ballistic head protection with an attachable face shield.

#### **705.7 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

The Administration Sgt. is responsible for ensuring a respiratory protection plan is developed and maintained by a trained and qualified member. The plan shall include procedures for (29 CFR 1910.134; COMAR 09.12.31.9999):

- (a) Selecting appropriate respiratory PPE based on hazards and risks associated with functions or positions.
- (b) Fit testing, including identification of members or contractors qualified to conduct fit testing.
- (c) Medical evaluations.
- (d) PPE inventory control.
- (e) PPE issuance and replacement.
- (f) Cleaning, disinfecting, storing, inspecting, repairing, discarding and otherwise maintaining respiratory PPE, including schedules for these activities.
- (g) Regularly reviewing the PPE plan.
- (h) Remaining current with applicable National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Environmental Protective Agency (EPA) and state PPE standards and guidelines.

##### **705.7.1 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION USE**

Designated members may be issued respiratory PPE based on the member's assignment (e.g., a narcotics investigator who is involved in clandestine lab investigations).

Respiratory PPE may be worn when authorized by a scene commander who will determine the type and level of protection appropriate at a scene based upon an evaluation of the hazards present.

Scene commanders are responsible for monitoring members using respiratory PPE and their degree of exposure or stress. When there is a change in work area conditions or when a member's degree of exposure or stress may affect respirator effectiveness, the scene commander shall reevaluate the continued effectiveness of the respirator and direct the member to leave the respirator use area when the scene commander reasonably believes (29 CFR 1910.134; COMAR 09.12.31.9999):

- (a) It is necessary for the member to wash his/her face and the respirator facepiece to prevent eye or skin irritation associated with respirator use.

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- (b) The member detects vapor or gas breakthrough, or there is a change in breathing resistance or leakage of the facepiece.
- (c) The member needs to replace the respirator, filter, cartridge or canister.

#### 705.7.2 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Members shall not use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), full-face respirators or cartridge respirators unless they have completed training requirements for the equipment.

Members exposed to environments that are reasonably known to be harmful due to gases, smoke or vapors shall use respiratory PPE.

Members using respiratory PPE shall (29 CFR 1910.134; COMAR 09.12.31.9999):

- (a) Ensure that they have no facial hair between the sealing surface of the facepiece and the face that could interfere with the seal or the valve function. Members also shall ensure that they have no other condition that will interfere with the face-to-facepiece seal or the valve function.
- (b) Not wear corrective glasses, goggles or other PPE that interferes with the seal of the facepiece to the face, or that has not been previously tested for use with that respiratory equipment.
- (c) Perform a user seal check per department-approved procedures recommended by the respirator manufacturer each time they put on a tight-fitting respirator.
- (d) Leave a respiratory use area whenever they detect vapor or gas breakthrough, changes in breathing resistance or leakage of their facepiece and ensure that the respirator is replaced or repaired before returning to the affected area.

#### 705.7.3 GAS MASK

Full-face air-purifying respirators, commonly referred to as gas masks, may be fitted with mechanical pre-filters or combination cartridge/filter assemblies for use in areas where gases, vapors, dusts, fumes or mists are present. Members must identify and use the correct cartridge based on the circumstances (29 CFR 1910.134; COMAR 09.12.31.9999).

A scene commander may order the use of gas masks in situations where the use of a SCBA is not necessary. These incidents may include areas where tear gas has or will be used or where a vegetation fire is burning. Gas masks shall not be used if there is a potential for an oxygen-deficient atmosphere.

Members shall ensure their gas mask filters are replaced whenever:

- (a) They smell, taste or are irritated by a contaminant.
- (b) They experience difficulty breathing due to filter loading.
- (c) The cartridges or filters become wet.
- (d) The expiration date on the cartridges or canisters has been reached.

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##### **705.7.4 SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS**

Scene commanders may direct members to use SCBA when entering an atmosphere that may pose an immediate threat to life, would cause irreversible adverse health effects or would impair an individual's ability to escape from a dangerous atmosphere. These situations may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Entering the hot zone of a hazardous materials incident.
- (b) Entering any area where contaminant levels may become unsafe without warning, or any situation where exposures cannot be identified or reasonably estimated.
- (c) Entering a smoke- or chemical-filled area.

The use of SCBA should not cease until approved by a scene commander.

##### **705.7.5 RESPIRATOR FIT TESTING**

No member shall be issued respiratory PPE until a proper fit testing has been completed by a designated member or contractor (29 CFR 1910.134; COMAR 09.12.31.9999).

After initial testing, fit testing for respiratory PPE shall be repeated (29 CFR 1910.134; COMAR 09.12.31.9999):

- (a) At least once every 12 months.
- (b) Whenever there are changes in the type of SCBA or facepiece used.
- (c) Whenever there are significant physical changes in the user (e.g., obvious change in body weight, scarring of the face seal area, dental changes, cosmetic surgery or any other condition that may affect the fit of the facepiece seal).

All respirator fit testing shall be conducted in negative-pressure mode.

##### **705.7.6 RESPIRATORY MEDICAL EVALUATION QUESTIONNAIRE**

No member shall be issued respiratory protection that forms a complete seal around the face until (29 CFR 1910.134; COMAR 09.12.31.9999):

- (a) The member has completed a medical evaluation that includes a medical evaluation questionnaire.
- (b) A physician or other licensed health care professional has reviewed the questionnaire.
- (c) The member has completed any physical examination recommended by the reviewing physician or health care professional.

##### **705.8 RECORDS**

The Training Sergeant is responsible for maintaining records of all:

- (a) PPE training.
- (b) Initial fit testing for respiratory protection equipment.
- (c) Annual fit testing.

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- (d) Respirator medical evaluation questionnaires and any subsequent physical examination results.

- 1. These records shall be maintained in a separate confidential medical file.

The records shall be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule (29 CFR 1910.1020 and COMAR 09.12.31.9999).

#### **705.9 TRAINING**

Members should be trained in the respiratory and other hazards to which they may be potentially exposed during routine and emergency situations.

All members shall be trained in the proper use and maintenance of PPE issued to them, including when the use is appropriate; how to put on, remove and adjust PPE; how to care for the PPE; and the limitations (29 CFR 1910.132; COMAR 09.12.31.9999).

Members issued respiratory PPE shall attend annual training on the proper use of respiratory protection devices (29 CFR § 1910.134; COMAR 09.12.31.9999).



## **Chapter 8 - Support Services**

## Property

### 802.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the proper processing, storage, security and disposition of evidence and other property. This policy also provides for the protection of the chain of custody and identifies those persons authorized to remove and/or destroy property.

#### 802.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Property** - All articles placed in secure storage within the Evidence, including the following:

- Evidence - Items taken or recovered in the course of an investigation that may be used in the prosecution of a case, including photographs and latent fingerprints.
- Found property - Items found by members of the Department or the public that have no apparent evidentiary value and where the owner cannot be readily identified or contacted.
- Safekeeping - Items received by the Department for safekeeping, such as a firearm, the personal property of an arrestee that has been not taken as evidence, and items taken for safekeeping under authority of law.

### 802.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to process and store all property in a manner that will protect it from loss, damage or contamination, while maintaining documentation that tracks the chain of custody, the location of property and its disposition.

### 802.3 EVIDENCE SECURITY

The Property Room Manager shall maintain secure storage and control of all property in the custody of this department. A Property Room Manager shall be appointed by the Chief and will be directly responsible to the Chief or the authorized designee. The Property Room Manager is responsible for the security of the Evidence.

#### 802.3.1 REFUSAL OF PROPERTY

The Property Room Manager has the obligation to refuse any piece of property that is hazardous or that has not been properly documented or packaged. Should the Property Room manager refuse an item of property, they shall maintain secure custody of the item in a temporary property locker or other safe location and inform the submitting member's supervisor of the reason for refusal and the action required.

#### 802.3.2 KEY CONTROL

keys and access codes should be maintained by the Property Room Manager, the Chief of Police, and his designee. Property Room keys and access codes shall not be loaned to anyone and shall be maintained in a secure manner. If a Property Room key is lost or an access codes is otherwise

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compromised, all access points shall be re-keyed and new keys/codes issued as necessary. All entries made into the Property Room shall be digitally recorded and monitored.

#### 802.3.3 ACCESS

Only authorized, designated members shall have access to the Property Room and any Temporary Storage Lockers. Any individual who needs to enter the property storage area (e.g., maintenance or repair contractors) must be approved by the Chief and accompanied by the Property Room Manager. Other than designated members, all other access by individuals shall be logged with the following data recorded, to wit:

- (a) The date and time of entry and exit.
- (b) The purpose for access, including the specific case or property number.
- (c) The authorized member accompanying them.

department.

#### 802.4 PROPERTY HANDLING

The member who first comes into possession of any property is generally responsible for the care, custody and control of such property until it is transferred to the Property Room Manager and/or processed and placed in a temporary property locker or storage area. Care shall be taken to maintain the chain of custody for all items of evidence.

Whenever property is taken from an individual, a property receipt form will be completed. The receipt shall describe the property and contain a notice on how to retrieve the property from the Department. A copy of the property receipt form shall be given to the individual from whom the property was taken.

#### 802.4.1 PROCESSING AND PACKAGING

All property must be processed prior to the responsible member going off-duty, unless otherwise approved by a supervisor. Members shall process and package property as follows:

- (a) A property form shall be completed, separately describing each item of property. List all known information including:
  - 1. Serial numbers
  - 2. Owner's name
  - 3. Finder's name
  - 4. Other identifying information or markings
- (b) Each item shall be marked with the member's initials and the date processed using a method that will not damage, deface, degrade, or devalue the item. Items too small or too delicate to mark should be individually packaged and labeled and the package marked with the member's initials and date.
- (c) Property shall be packaged in a container suitable for its size.

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- (d) A property tag shall be completed and attached to the property or container in which the property is stored.
- (e) The case number shall be indicated on the property tag and the container.
- (f) The property form, without the hard card portion (property control card), shall be submitted with the case report.
- (g) The property control card shall be submitted with the property directly to the Property Room Manager or placed in a temporary property locker. Items too large to fit in a temporary property locker may be placed in a designated storage area that can be secured from unauthorized entry, and the property control card placed in a temporary property locker.

#### 802.4.2 EXCEPTIONAL PROCESSING

The following items require special consideration and shall be processed as follows, unless special conditions dictate a reasonable deviation:

**Bicycles** - Bicycles and bicycle frames shall have a property tag securely attached and should be placed in the designated bicycle storage area.

**Biological and related items** - Evidence that may contain biological samples shall be indicated as such on the property form.

Property stained with bodily fluids, such as blood or semen, shall be air-dried in a secure location (e.g., locked drying cabinet) prior to processing.

Items of evidence collected from a crime scene that require specific storage requirements pursuant to laboratory processing shall have such storage requirements clearly indicated on the property form.

Items that are potential biohazards shall be appropriately packaged and marked "Biohazard" to reduce the risk of exposure or contamination.

**Cash** - Cash shall be counted in the presence of another member. The cash shall be placed in a property envelope and initialed by both members. A supervisor shall be contacted for cash in excess of \$1,000. The supervisor shall witness the count, initial and date the envelope, and specify any additional security procedures that may be necessary.

**Explosives and fireworks** - Explosives will not be retained in the police facility. Fireworks that are considered stable and safe, as well as road flares or similar signaling devices, may be stored in proper containers in an area designated for storage of flammable materials.

The chief is responsible for transporting to the fire department, on a regular basis, any fireworks or signaling devices that are not retained as evidence.

**Firearms and other weapons** - Firearms shall be unloaded and packaged separately from ammunition. Knife boxes should be used to package knives.

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**Government property** - License plates that have not been reported stolen or are of no evidentiary value should be placed in the designated container for return to the Motor Vehicle Administration. No formal property processing is required.

Town property that is of no evidentiary value should be released directly to the appropriate Town department. No formal property processing is required.

If no responsible Town personnel can be located, the property should be held for safekeeping.

**Sharps** - Syringe tubes should be used to package syringes and needles.

#### 802.4.3 CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES

- (a) Controlled dangerous substances (CDS) shall not be packaged with other property, but shall be processed separately using a separate property form.
- (b) The member processing CDS shall retain such property in his/her possession until it is weighed, packaged, tagged, and placed in the designated CDS locker, accompanied by the property control card and lab copy of the property form.
- (c) Prior to packaging and if the quantity allows, a presumptive test should be made on all suspected CDS. If conducted, the result of the test shall be included in the crime report.
  - 1. The member shall package CDS as follows:
    - (a) Maintain the property in the container in which it was seized and place it in a property envelope of appropriate size.
    - (b) Seal and initial the property envelope and cover the initials with cellophane tape.
    - (c) Weigh the property envelope to obtain the Gross Package Weight (GPW).
    - (d) Write the GPW and then initial and date the outside of the package and the property form.
- (d) When the quantity of CDS exceeds the available safe storage capacity as determined by the Property Room Manager, the quantity shall be photographed and weighed.
  - 1. A representative sample of sufficient quantity to allow scientific analysis of the CDS should be taken as allowed by state law and placed in a separate package or container.
  - 2. Excess quantities should be stored or disposed of as required by law or directed by court order.
- (e) Marijuana with any perceptible moisture content shall be loosely packaged in a container that allows for drying or shall be dried prior to storage. The Property Room Manager shall monitor stored marijuana for growth of mold.
- (f) All CDS which is to be processed by the Maryland State Police shall be packaged according to standards established by the Maryland State Police.

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##### **802.4.4 EXTREME RISK PROTECTIVE ORDERS**

Whenever a firearm or ammunition is received under an extreme risk protective order, the receiving member should complete a property form identifying the firearm by make, model, and serial number, retain the form, and provide a copy of the form to the person, along with information on the process for reclaiming the firearm/ammunition (Md. Code PS § 5–608).

All firearms taken in relation to an extreme risk protective order should be stored and transported in a protective case, if available, and in a manner intended to prevent damage to the firearm. No identifying or other marks may be placed on the firearm (Md. Code PS § 5–608).

##### **802.4.5 FIREARMS CRIMES**

Whenever a firearm is recovered in connection with illegal firearm possession, transportation, or transfer, or that was used in the commission of a crime of violence as defined in Md. Code PS § 5-101, the responsible member should record on the appropriate form (Md. Code PS § 5-703):

- (a) The number and type of firearms recovered.
- (b) The jurisdiction where the firearm was recovered.
- (c) The source of the firearm recovered if it can be determined.
- (d) Information concerning any person found in possession of the firearm.
- (e) Any additional information required by the Maryland State Police Gun Center.

##### **802.5 RECORDING OF PROPERTY**

The Property Room Manager receiving custody of property shall ensure a property control card for each item or group of items is created. The property control card will be the permanent record of the property in the Evidence. The Property Room Manager will record on the property control card his/her signature, GPW if the package contains CDS, the date and time the property was received and where the property will be stored.

A unique property number shall be obtained for each item or group of items from the property log. This number shall be recorded on the property form, property tag and the property control card. The property log shall document the following:

- (a) Property number
- (b) Case number
- (c) Property tag number
- (d) Item description
- (e) Item storage location
- (f) Receipt, release and disposal dates

Any change in the location of property held by the Federalsburg Police Department shall be noted in the property log.

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#### **802.6 PROPERTY CONTROL**

The Property Room Manager relinquishing custody of property to another person shall record his/her signature, the date and time the property was released and the name of the person accepting custody of the property on the property control card.

The Property Room Managers shall obtain the signature of the person to whom the property is released, and the reason for release. Any member receiving property shall be responsible for such property until it is properly returned to the Evidence or properly released to another authorized person or entity.

The return of the property to the Evidence should be recorded on the property control card, indicating the date, time and the name of the person who returned the property, and to whom the property is returned.

##### **802.6.1 EVIDENCE**

Every time evidence is released or received, an appropriate entry on the property control card shall be completed to maintain the chain of custody. No evidence is to be released without first receiving written authorization from a supervisor or investigator.

Temporary release of evidence to members for investigative purposes, or for court proceedings, shall be noted on the property control card, stating the date, time and to whom released. Requests for items of evidence needed for court proceedings shall be submitted to the Property Room Manager at least one day prior to the court date.

Requests for laboratory analysis for items other than CDS shall be completed on the appropriate lab form and submitted to the Property Room Manager. This request may be submitted any time after the property has been processed.

##### **802.6.2 TRANSFER OF EVIDENCE TO CRIME LABORATORY**

The Property Room Manager releasing items of evidence for laboratory analysis must complete the required information on the property control card. The transporting member will acknowledge receipt of the evidence by indicating the date and time on the property control card. The lab form will be transported with the evidence to the examining laboratory. Upon delivering the item involved, the member will record the delivery time on the lab form and the property control card and obtain the signature of the person accepting responsibility of the evidence. The original copy of the lab form will remain with the evidence and a copy of the form will be returned to the Records Section for filing with the case.

##### **802.6.3 CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES**

The Patrol will be responsible for the storage, control and destruction of all CDS coming into the custody of the Department. The GPW will be verified every time CDS are checked in or out of the Evidence and any discrepancies will be noted on the outside of the package. Any change in weight should be immediately reported to the Patrol Sgt..

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##### 802.6.4 UNCLAIMED MONEY

The Evidence Supervisor or the authorized designee shall submit an annual report regarding money that is presumed to have been abandoned to the Chief of Police and the Town department responsible for auditing property, or more frequently as directed. The Evidence Supervisor may transfer such money in compliance with existing laws upon receipt of proper authorization from the Chief of Police.

##### **802.7 RELEASE OF PROPERTY**

The Patrol shall authorize the release of all property coming into the care and custody of the Department. All reasonable attempts shall be made to identify the rightful owner of found property or items of evidence not needed for an investigation.

Release of property shall be made upon receipt of an authorized property release form, listing the name and address of the person to whom the property is to be released. The property release form shall be signed by the authorizing supervisor or investigator and must conform to the items listed on the property control card or must specify the specific items to be released. Release of all property shall be documented on the property control card.

Found property and property held for safekeeping shall be held for the period of time required by law. During such period, Evidence members shall attempt to contact the rightful owner by telephone and/or mail when sufficient identifying information is available. The final disposition of all such property shall be fully documented in related reports.

A Property Room Manager shall release the property when the owner presents proper identification and an authorized property release form has been received. A signature of the person receiving the property shall be recorded on the property control card. If some items of property have not been released, the property control card will remain with the Evidence. After release of all property entered on the property control card, the card shall be forwarded to the Records Section for filing with the case. Upon release, the proper entry shall be documented in the property log.

Firearms or ammunition should only be released upon presentation of valid identification and determination that the individual may legally possess the item.

##### 802.7.1 DISCREPANCIES

The Shift Supervisor shall be notified whenever a person alleges there is a shortage or discrepancy regarding the person's property. The Shift Supervisor will interview the person claiming the shortage. The Shift Supervisor shall ensure that a search for the alleged missing items is complete and shall attempt to prove or disprove the claim.

##### 802.7.2 DISPUTED CLAIMS TO PROPERTY

Occasionally, more than one party may claim an interest in property being held by the Department and the legal rights of the parties cannot be clearly established. Such property shall not be released until one party has obtained a valid court order or other undisputed right to the involved property.

All parties should be advised that their claims are civil and in extreme situations, legal counsel for the Department should be contacted.



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##### **802.7.3 EXTREME RISK PROTECTIVE ORDERS**

Firearms or ammunition taken in relation to an extreme risk protective order should only be released as follows (Md. Code PS § 5-608):

- (a) On the expiration or termination of the order, the Property Room Managers should notify the respondent on the order that the respondent may request a return of the firearms/ammunition.
- (b) If the respondent requests a return of the firearms/ammunition and is not prohibited from possessing the firearms/ammunition, the Property Room Manager should return the firearms/ammunition no later than 14 days after the expiration of an interim or temporary order or termination of a final order and no later than 48 hours after the expiration of a final order.
- (c) If the respondent does not desire that the firearms/ammunition be returned, the Property Room Manager may release the firearms/ammunition to a licensed firearms dealer or another person who is not prohibited from possessing the firearms/ammunition and who does not live with the respondent, but only upon written verification that the respondent has agreed to the transfer.
- (d) If another person claims ownership of the firearms/ammunition, the Property Room Manager may release the property to the person upon proof of ownership if the person is not prohibited from possessing the firearms/ammunition.

##### **802.8 DESTRUCTION OR DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY**

The Patrol shall authorize the destruction or disposal of all property held by the Department. All property not held for evidence in a pending criminal investigation or proceeding may be destroyed or disposed of in compliance with existing laws upon receipt of proper authorization from a supervisor. The disposition of all property shall be entered on the property control card and property log.

The following types of property shall be destroyed or disposed of in the manner and at the time prescribed by law, unless a different disposition is ordered by a court:

- Weapons or devices that are forfeited or declared by law to be illegal to possess (Md. Code CP § 13-206).
- CDS declared by law to be illegal to possess without a legal prescription (Md. Code CP § 12-403).
- Money seized in connection with arrest for unlawful bookmaking, betting, or gaming (Md. Code CP § 13-106).
- A forfeited motor vehicle, other vehicle, vessel, or aircraft that was used to conceal, convey, or transport explosives in violation of law (Md. Code CP § 13-301(d)).
- Firearms or ammunition surrendered pursuant to an extreme risk protective order, upon a respondent's request for destruction, or if such property is not reclaimed within six months of the notice provided to the respondent (Md. Code PS § 5-608).

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##### 802.8.1 BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE

The chief shall ensure that no biological evidence held by this department is destroyed without adequate notification to the following persons, when applicable:

- (a) The defendant
- (b) The defendant's attorney
- (c) The appropriate prosecutor and Attorney General
- (d) Any sexual assault victim
- (e) The Patrol Sgt.

Biological evidence shall be retained for a minimum period established by law (Md. Code CP § 8-201) or the expiration of any sentence imposed related to the evidence, whichever time period is greater. Following the retention period, notifications should be made by certified mail and should inform the recipient that the evidence will be destroyed after a date specified in the notice, unless a motion seeking an order to retain the sample is filed and served on this department within 90 days of the date of the notification. A record of all certified mail receipts shall be retained in the appropriate file. Any objection to, or motion regarding, the destruction of the biological evidence should be retained in the appropriate file and a copy forwarded to the Patrol Sgt.. If the Property Room Manager determines that biological evidence should be destroyed before the end of the statutorily required retention period, he/she should give 120-days' notice to the appropriate parties pursuant to Maryland law.

Biological evidence related to a homicide shall be retained indefinitely and may only be destroyed with the written approval of the Chief of Police and the head of the applicable prosecutor's office.

Biological evidence from an unsolved sexual assault should not be disposed of prior to expiration of the statute of limitations and in no case, prior to 20 years from the date of collection unless allowed by law (Md. Code CP § 11-926; COMAR 02.08.01.04). Even after expiration of the applicable statute of limitations, the Patrol Sgt. should be consulted and the sexual assault victim should be notified.

##### 802.8.2 MARIJUANA

At the first sign of mold growth, stored marijuana shall be photographed showing the mold growth and the Property Room Managers shall make efforts to lawfully destroy the contaminated marijuana in compliance with this policy and as soon as practicable. The Property Room Manager should consult with the member assigned to the case investigation for his/her authorization to destroy the remaining marijuana after taking representative samples and should request assistance from the appropriate prosecutor in obtaining a court order for immediate destruction.

##### 802.8.3 MEDICAL CANNABIS

The investigating member should advise the Property Room Manager and the prosecutor if the party from whom the marijuana was seized claims that the possession of the marijuana is for medical purposes.

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The Property Room Manager shall store marijuana, drug paraphernalia or other related property seized from a person engaged or assisting in the use of medical cannabis consistent with the provisions of the Medical Cannabis Policy.

Marijuana that is infected with mold shall not be returned. This includes marijuana seized from a person who holds a valid medical permit to possess marijuana or who claims that possession of the marijuana is for medical purposes.

#### **802.8.4 REQUEST FOR NOTICE**

Upon written request by a victim of sexual assault, the Federalsburg Police Department should notify the victim 60 days before the date of intended disposal of biological or other evidence relating to the victim's case or retain the evidence for 12 months longer than the time period required by law unless a different time period has been agreed upon by the victim (Md. Code CP § 11-926; COMAR 02.08.01.04).

#### **802.9 INSPECTIONS OF THE EVIDENCE**

The Patrol Sgt. shall ensure that periodic, unannounced inspections of the Evidence operations and storage facilities are conducted to ensure adherence to appropriate policies and procedures. The Patrol Sgt. also shall ensure that an audit is conducted annually, or as directed by the Chief of Police. Inspections and audits shall be conducted by a member of this department who is not routinely or directly connected with the Evidence operations.

Whenever there is a change of assignment for any member with authorized access to the Evidence, an inventory of all property shall be conducted by a person who is not associated with the Evidence or function. This is to ensure that all property is accounted for and records are correct.

## Records Section

### 803.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the guidelines for the operational functions of the Federalsburg Police Department Records Section. The policy addresses department file access and internal requests for case reports.

### 803.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to maintain department records securely, professionally and efficiently.

### 803.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 803.3.1 ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

The Chief of Police shall appoint and delegate certain responsibilities to a Administrative Assistant. The Administrative Assistant shall be directly responsible to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

The responsibilities of the Administrative Assistant include but are not limited to:

- (a) Overseeing the efficient and effective operation of the Records Section.
- (b) Scheduling and maintaining Records Section time records.
- (c) Supervising, training, and evaluating Records Section staff.
- (d) Maintaining and updating a Records Section procedure manual.
- (e) Ensuring compliance with established policies and procedures.
- (f) Supervising the access, use, and release of protected information (see the Protected Information Policy).
- (g) Establishing security and access protocols for case reports designated as sensitive, where additional restrictions to access have been implemented. Sensitive reports may include but are not limited to:
  1. Homicides
  2. Cases involving department members or public officials
  3. Any case where restricted access is prudent

#### 803.3.2 RECORDS SECTION

The responsibilities of the Records Section include but are not limited to:

- (a) Maintaining a records management system for case reports.
  - (a) The records management system should include a process for numbering, identifying, tracking, and retrieving case reports.
- (b) Entering case report information into the records management system.
  1. Modification of case reports shall only be made when authorized by a supervisor.

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- (c) Providing members of the Department with access to case reports when needed for investigation or court proceedings.
- (d) Maintaining compliance with federal, state, and local regulations regarding reporting requirements of crime statistics.
- (e) Maintaining compliance with federal, state, and local regulations regarding criminal history reports and auditing.
- (f) Identifying missing case reports and notifying the responsible member's supervisor.
- (g) Complying with the annual reporting requirements established by the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC) regarding (Md. Code PS § 3-518; Md. Code PS § 3-207):
  1. The number of serious officer-involved incidents.
  2. The number of officers disciplined.
  3. The type of discipline administered to each officer.
- (h) Complying with state requirements regarding the annual reporting of officer-involved deaths and deaths in the line-of-duty (Md. Code PS § 3-507).
- (i) Complying with reporting requirements related to sexual assault evidence collection kits in accordance with COMAR 02.08.04.01.
- (j) Complying with reporting requirements related to searches and seizures involving potential handgun violations under Md. Code CR § 4-203 (Md. Code CR § 4-206).
- (k) Complying with reporting requirements related to incidents apparently directed against an individual or group because of race, color, religious beliefs, sexual orientation, gender, disability, national origin, homelessness, or any other class specified by state law as specified by Md. Code PS § 2-307.
- (l) Complying with the annual reporting requirements related to use of force incidents involving an officer that result in a monetary settlement or judgment against the department (Md. Code PS § 3-528).
- (m) Complying with the annual reporting requirements related to search warrants (Md. Code PS § 3-525).
- (n) Complying with the annual reporting requirements to the MPTSC related to the number of use of force complaints made against the Federalsburg Police Department's officers (Md. Code PS § 3-514).
- (o) Complying with reporting requirements related to CRU activation and deployment, if applicable (Md. Code PS § 3-508).
- (p) Complying with reporting requirements regarding firearms-related crimes (Md. Code PS § 5-703).

#### **803.4 FILE ACCESS AND SECURITY**

The security of files in the Records Section must be a high priority and shall be maintained as mandated by state or federal law. All case reports including, but not limited to, initial, supplemental, follow-up, evidence and any other reports related to a police department case, including field

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interview (FI) cards, criminal history records and publicly accessible logs, shall be maintained in a secure area within the Records Section, and accessible only by authorized members of the Records Section. Access to case reports or files when Records Section staff is not available may be obtained through the Shift Supervisor.

The Records Section will also maintain a secure file for case reports deemed by the Chief of Police as sensitive or otherwise requiring extraordinary access restrictions.

#### **803.4.1 ORIGINAL CASE REPORTS**

Generally, original case reports shall not be removed from the Records Section. Should an original case report be needed for any reason, the requesting department member shall first obtain authorization from the Administrative Assistant. All original case reports removed from the Records Section shall be recorded on a designated report check-out log, which shall be the only authorized manner by which an original case report may be removed from the Records Section.

All original case reports to be removed from the Records Section shall be photocopied and the photocopy retained in the file location of the original case report until the original is returned to the Records Section. The photocopied report shall be shredded upon return of the original report to the file.

#### **803.5 CONFIDENTIALITY**

Records Section staff has access to information that may be confidential or sensitive in nature. Records Section staff shall not access, view or distribute, or allow anyone else to access, view or distribute any record, file or report, whether in hard copy or electronic file format, or any other confidential, protected or sensitive information except in accordance with the Records Maintenance and Release and Protected Information policies and the Records Section procedure manual.

## Records Maintenance and Release

### 804.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance on the maintenance and release of department records. Protected information is separately covered in the Protected Information Policy.

### 804.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department is committed to providing access to public records in a manner that is consistent with the Maryland Public Information Act (PIA) (Md. Code GP § 4-101 et seq.).

### 804.3 CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS

The Chief of Police shall designate a Custodian of Records for each unit responsible for record retention. The responsibilities of the Custodian of Records include but are not limited to (Md. Code GP § 4-201 et seq.):

- (a) Managing the records management system for the Department, including the retention, archiving, release, and destruction of department public records.
- (b) Maintaining and updating the department records retention schedule including (Md. Code SG § 10-610; Md. Code SG § 10-615; COMAR 14.18.02.04):
  1. Identifying the minimum length of time the Department must keep records.
  2. Identifying the department division responsible for the original record.
- (c) Establishing rules regarding the inspection and copying of department public records as reasonably necessary for the protection of such records.
- (d) Identifying records or portions of records that are confidential under state or federal law and not open for inspection or copying.
- (e) Establishing procedures for correcting an error in records (Md. Code GP § 4-502).
- (f) Establishing rules regarding the processing of subpoenas for the production of records.
- (g) Ensuring a current schedule of fees for public records as allowed by law is available.
- (h) Preparing and making available to the public a description of the basic rights of a person who requests public information, the responsibilities of the Department, and the procedures, including the cost of inspecting or obtaining copies.
- (i) Ensuring that the Department only maintains information about a person that is (Md. Code GP § 4-102):
  1. Authorized or required by law.
  2. Relevant to the accomplishment of a legitimate purpose.
- (j) Adopting rules defining sociological information held by the Federalsburg Police Department and restricted release of the information (Md. Code GP § 4-330).

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- (k) Ensuring updated contact information for the Administrative Assistant is maintained on the department's website and submitted annually to the Maryland Office of the Attorney General as required by Md. Code GP § 4-503.
- (l) Establishing database access requirements consistent with state and federal laws related to immigration enforcement (8 USC § 1373; Md. Code PS § 3-529).
- (m) Adopting rules for the appropriate proactive disclosure of public records that are available for inspection under the Maryland PIA (Md. Code GP § 4-104).
- (n) Posting in a prominent public location an explanation of the procedures for filing a request to obtain records relating to officer misconduct as defined by Md. Code PS § 3-101 (Md. Code PS § 3-515).

#### **804.4 PROCESSING REQUESTS FOR PUBLIC RECORDS**

Any department member who receives a request for any record shall route the request to the Custodian of Records or the authorized designee.

##### **804.4.1 REQUESTS FOR RECORDS**

The processing of requests for any public record is subject to the following (Md. Code GP § 4-203):

- (a) Absent a valid reason for denial, the Custodian of Records shall grant access to the requested records promptly or within the reasonable period that is needed to retrieve the public record, but not more than 30 days after receipt of the request.
- (b) If the Custodian of Records reasonably believes that it will take more than 10 working days to produce the requested records, written or electronic notice shall be provided to the applicant within 10 working days indicating the amount of time needed to produce the records, the reason for the delay, and the estimated fees that may be charged for the production.
- (c) The Department is not required to create records that do not exist.
- (d) When a record contains material with release restrictions and material that is not subject to release restrictions, the restricted material shall be redacted and the unrestricted material released.
  - 1. A copy of the redacted release should be maintained in the case file, or in an electronic file, as proof of what was actually released and as a place to document the reasons for the redactions. If the record is audio or video, a copy of the redacted audio/video release should be maintained in the department-approved media storage system and a notation should be made in the case file to document the release and the reasons for the redacted portions.
- (e) A Custodian of Records may not ignore a request to inspect public records on the grounds that the request was made for the purpose of harassment.
- (f) If a request for records is denied, the Custodian of Records must notify the applicant within 10 working days in writing of the following (Md. Code GP § 4-203):
  - 1. The reasons for the denial.
  - 2. The legal authority for the denial.



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3. A brief description of the undisclosed record that will allow the applicant to evaluate the applicability of the legal authority for the denial. The description provided shall not disclose any protected information from the record.
  4. The remedies available to the applicant for review of the denial (Md. Code GP § 4-362).
- (g) The time limits set forth above in this section may be extended for an additional 30 days with the agreement of the applicant (Md. Code GP § 4-203).
- (h) The time limits set forth above in this section may be extended in the event of a dispute under Md. Code GP § 4-1A-01 et seq. or Md. Code GP § 4-1B-01 et seq.

Whenever the Custodian of Records reasonably believes that inspection would cause substantial injury to the public interest, the Custodian of Records may deny inspection temporarily, but within 10 working days after the denial, the Custodian of Records shall petition a court to issue an order permitting the continued denial of inspection (Md. Code GP § 4-358). If the Custodian of Records reasonably believes that inspection of part of a public record would be contrary to the public interest, the Custodian may deny inspection of that part of the record, but shall provide an explanation of why denial is necessary and why redaction would not address the reason for the denial (Md. Code GP § 4-203; Md. Code GP § 4-343).

#### **804.4.2 DISPUTES**

Anytime a written complaint regarding a dispute is received from the State Public Information Act Compliance Board (Board), the Custodian of Records shall notify the Administration Sgt.. A written response containing the required information shall be filed with the Board within 30 days after receipt of the complaint (Md. Code GP § 4-1A-06). The Custodian of Records shall cooperate with the Board and participate in any processes outlined by law (Md. Code GP § 4-1A-05 et seq.). Legal counsel should be consulted with regard to all such challenges unless waived by the Administration Sgt..

In the event that the Custodian of Records becomes aware that an applicant has made a complaint to the Office of the Public Access Ombudsman, the Custodian of Records shall notify the Administration Sgt.. Legal counsel should be consulted with regard to all such complaints unless waived by the Administration Sgt. (Md. Code GP § 4-1B-04; Md. Code GP § 4-301).

If the Custodian of Records believes that an applicant's request or pattern of requests is frivolous or has been made in bad faith or with the purpose to annoy, the Custodian of Records should notify the Administration Sgt., who, in consultation with legal counsel, should determine whether a complaint should be made with the Ombudsman or Board as allowed by law (Md. Code GP § 4-1A-01 et seq.; Md. Code GP § 4-1B-01 et seq.).

#### **804.5 RELEASE RESTRICTIONS**

Examples of release restrictions include:

- (a) Any personal identifying information, including an individual's photograph; Social Security and driver identification numbers; name, address, and telephone number; and

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medical or disability information that is contained in any driver's license record, motor vehicle record, or any department record, including traffic accident reports, is restricted except as authorized by the Department, and only when such use or disclosure is permitted or required by law to carry out a legitimate law enforcement purpose (18 USC § 2721; 18 USC § 2722).

- (b) Records of ongoing investigations (Md. Code GP § 4-351).
- (c) Traffic and criminal records may not be released to persons reasonably known to be soliciting or marketing legal services (Md. Code GP § 4-315).
- (d) Arrest warrants and associated charging documents may not be released until the warrant has been served or 90 days has elapsed since the warrant was issued (Md. Code GP § 4-316).
- (e) Traffic control signal monitoring and speed monitoring system records (Md. Code GP § 4-321).
- (f) Personnel records, including retirement records, medical records, and personal employee information, including an employee's home address or telephone number (Md. Code GP § 4-306; Md. Code GP § 4-311; Md. Code GP § 4-312; Md. Code GP § 4-331).
- (g) Surveillance images (Md. Code GP § 4-322).
- (h) Information systems, alarm or security systems, and emergency policies, procedures, and plans (Md. Code GP § 4-314.1; Md. Code GP § 4-338; Md. Code GP § 4-339; Md. Code GP § 4-352).
- (i) Any record that the Custodian of Records reasonably believes would cause substantial injury to the public interest may be temporarily denied (Md. Code GP § 4-358).
- (j) Records relating to juveniles (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-27).
- (k) Criminal history records (Md. Code CP § 10-219).
- (l) Information protected by the Address Confidentiality Program (Md. Code SG § 7-310).
- (m) Reports of suspected cruelty received from a veterinarian, including the identity of the veterinarian who filed the report (COMAR 15.14.15.04).
- (n) Portions of 9-1-1 communications records that depict a victim (Md. Code GP § 4-356).
- (o) Certain records sought for the purpose of enforcing federal immigration laws (Md. Code GP § 4-320; Md. Code GP § 4-320.1; Md. Code PS § 3-529).

#### **804.6 SUBPOENAS AND DISCOVERY REQUESTS**

Any member who receives a subpoena duces tecum or discovery request for records should promptly contact a supervisor and the Custodian of Records for review and processing. While a subpoena duces tecum may ultimately be subject to compliance, it is not an order from the court that will automatically require the release of the requested information.

Generally, discovery requests and subpoenas from criminal defendants and their authorized representatives (including attorneys) should be referred to the State's Attorney, Town Attorney or the courts.

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All questions regarding compliance with any subpoena duces tecum or discovery request should be promptly referred to legal counsel for the Department so that a timely response can be prepared.

#### **804.7 RELEASED RECORDS TO BE MARKED**

Each page of any written record released pursuant to this policy should be stamped in a colored ink or otherwise marked to indicate the department name and to whom the record was released.

Each audio/video recording released should include the department name and to whom the record was released.

#### **804.8 EXPUNGEMENT**

Expungement orders received by the Department shall be reviewed for appropriate action by the Custodian of Records. The Custodian of Records shall expunge such records as ordered by the court. Records may include, but are not limited to, a record of arrest, investigation, detention or conviction. Once a record is expunged, members shall respond to any inquiry as though the record did not exist (Md. Code CP § 10-101 et seq.).

Unless an order is stayed pending an appeal, the Custodian of Records served with an order of expungement of a juvenile record under Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-27.1 shall notify the court, the petitioner, and all parties in writing within 60 days after entry of the order that the Department has complied with the order.

#### **804.9 TRAINING**

All members authorized to manage, release or facilitate public access to department records shall complete a training program that includes identification of material appropriate for public access and the department systems and procedures guiding such release and access.

#### **804.10 SECURITY BREACHES**

Members who become aware that any Federalsburg Police Department system containing personal information may have been breached should notify the Administrative Assistant as soon as practicable.

The Administrative Assistant shall ensure the required notice is provided to the Office of the Attorney General, the Department of Information Technology, and the persons whose personal information is reasonably believed to have been breached pursuant to the requirements set forth in Md. Code SG § 10-1305. Notice shall be in the form and manner specified in Md. Code SG § 10-1305.

Notice shall be given as soon as reasonably practicable after discovery of the possible breach consistent with the legitimate needs of the Federalsburg Police Department and any measures to determine the scope of the breach, the identity of those affected, and to restore the integrity of the breached system. Notice may be delayed if notification will impede a criminal investigation or jeopardize homeland or national security (Md. Code SG § 10-1305).

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For purposes of the notice requirement, personal information includes a person's first name, first initial and last name, personal mark, or unique biometric or genetic print or image in combination with any one or more of the following (Md. Code SG § 10-1301):

- (a) Social Security number and Individual Taxpayer Identification Number
- (b) Driver's license number, Maryland identification card number or other similar identification number, including a passport number
- (c) Full account number, credit or debit card number, or any required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to an individual's financial account

If the breach reasonably appears to have been made to protected information covered in the Protected Information Policy, the Administrative Assistant should promptly notify the appropriate member designated to oversee the security of protected information (see the Protected Information Policy).

## Protected Information

### 805.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the access, transmission, release and security of protected information by members of the Federalsburg Police Department. This policy addresses the protected information that is used in the day-to-day operation of the Department and not the public records information covered in the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

#### 805.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Protected information** - Any information or data that is collected, stored or accessed by members of the Federalsburg Police Department and is subject to any access or release restrictions imposed by law, regulation, order or use agreement. This includes all information contained in federal, state or local law enforcement databases that is not accessible to the public.

### 805.2 POLICY

Members of the Federalsburg Police Department will adhere to all applicable laws, orders, regulations, use agreements and training related to the access, use, dissemination and release of protected information.

### 805.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chief of Police shall select a member of the Department to coordinate the use of protected information.

The responsibilities of this position include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring member compliance with this policy and with requirements applicable to protected information, including requirements for the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) system, National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS), Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA) records, Maryland Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS) and Maryland Electronic Telecommunications Enforcement Resource System (METERS).
- (b) Developing, disseminating and maintaining procedures that adopt or comply with the U.S. Department of Justice's current Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Security Policy.
- (c) Developing, disseminating and maintaining procedures necessary to comply with confidentiality and release of information obtained from the Biological Agents Registry Program (BAR) (Md. Code HG § 17-604).
- (d) Developing, disseminating and maintaining any other procedures necessary to comply with any other requirements for the access, use, dissemination, release and security of protected information.

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- (e) Developing procedures to ensure training and certification requirements are met.
- (f) Resolving specific questions that arise regarding authorized recipients of protected information.
- (g) Ensuring security practices and procedures are in place to comply with requirements applicable to protected information.

#### **805.4 ACCESS TO PROTECTED INFORMATION**

Protected information shall not be accessed in violation of any law, order, regulation, user agreement, Federalsburg Police Department policy or training. Only those members who have completed applicable training and met any applicable requirements, such as a background check, may access protected information, and only when the member has a legitimate work-related reason for such access.

Unauthorized access, including access for other than a legitimate work-related purpose, is prohibited and may subject a member to administrative action pursuant to the Personnel Complaints Policy and/or criminal prosecution.

#### **805.5 RELEASE OR DISSEMINATION OF PROTECTED INFORMATION**

Protected information may be released only to authorized recipients who have both a right to know and a need to know.

A member who is asked to release protected information that should not be released should refer the requesting person to a supervisor or to the Administrative Assistant for information regarding a formal request.

Unless otherwise ordered or when an investigation would be jeopardized, protected information maintained by the Department may generally be shared with authorized persons from other law enforcement agencies who are assisting in the investigation or conducting a related investigation. Any such information should be released through the Records Section to ensure proper documentation of the release (see the Records Maintenance and Release Policy).

Protected information, such as Criminal Justice Information (CJI), which includes Criminal History Record Information (CHRI), should generally not be transmitted by radio, cellular telephone, or any other type of wireless transmission to members in the field or in vehicles through any computer or electronic device, except in cases where there is an immediate need for the information to further an investigation or where circumstances reasonably indicate that the immediate safety of officers, other department members, or the public is at risk.

Nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit broadcasting warrant information.

#### **805.6 SECURITY OF PROTECTED INFORMATION**

The Chief of Police will select a member of the Department to oversee the security of protected information.

The responsibilities of this position include, but are not limited to:

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- (a) Developing and maintaining security practices, procedures and training.
- (b) Ensuring federal and state compliance with the CJIS Security Policy and the requirements of any state or local criminal history records systems.
- (c) Establishing procedures to provide for the preparation, prevention, detection, analysis and containment of security incidents including computer attacks.
- (d) Tracking, documenting and reporting all breach of security incidents to the Chief of Police and appropriate authorities.

#### **805.6.1 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Members accessing or receiving protected information shall ensure the information is not accessed or received by persons who are not authorized to access or receive it. This includes leaving protected information, such as documents or computer databases, accessible to others when it is reasonably foreseeable that unauthorized access may occur (e.g., on an unattended table or desk; in or on an unattended vehicle; in an unlocked desk drawer or file cabinet; on an unattended computer terminal).

#### **805.7 TRAINING**

All members authorized to access or release protected information shall complete a training program that complies with any protected information system requirements and identifies authorized access and use of protected information, as well as its proper handling and dissemination.

## Animal Control

### 806.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for interacting with animals and responding to calls for service that involve animals.

### 806.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to be responsive to the needs of the community regarding animal-related issues. This includes enforcing local, state and federal laws relating to animals and appropriately resolving or referring animal-related problems, as outlined in this policy.

### 806.3 ANIMALCONTROL

Animal control services are generally the primary responsibility of the Humane Society and the Caroline County Animal Control Department. Those services include the following:

- (a) Animal-related matters during periods when the Humane Society is available.
- (b) Ongoing or persistent animal nuisance complaints. Such complaints may be scheduled, if reasonable, for handling during periods that the Humane Society is available for investigation and resolution.
- (c) Follow-up on animal-related calls, such as locating owners of injured animals.

### 806.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Members who respond to or assist with animal-related calls for service should evaluate the situation to determine appropriate actions to control the situation.

Due to the hazards of handling animals without proper training and equipment, responding members generally should not attempt to capture or pick up any animal, but should keep the animal under observation until the arrival of appropriate assistance.

Members may consider acting before the arrival of such assistance when:

- (a) There is a threat to public safety.
- (b) An animal has bitten someone; members should take measures to confine the animal and prevent further injury.
- (c) An animal is creating a traffic hazard.
- (d) An animal is seriously injured.
- (e) The owner/handler of an animal has been arrested or is incapacitated. In such circumstances, the member should find appropriate placement for the animal.
  - 1. This is only necessary when the arrestee is expected to be in custody for a time period longer than would reasonably allow him/her to properly care for the animal.



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2. With the owner's consent, locating appropriate placement may require contacting relatives or neighbors to care for the animal.
3. If no person can be found or the owner does not or cannot give consent, the animal should be taken to a designated animal care facility.

#### **806.5 ANIMAL CRUELTY COMPLAINTS**

Laws relating to the cruelty to animals should be enforced, including but not limited to:

- (a) Abuse or neglect of an animal (Md. Code CR § 10-604).
- (b) Aggravated cruelty to animals (Md. Code CR § 10-606).
- (c) Dogfights (Md. Code CR § 10-607).
- (d) Cockfights (Md. Code CR § 10-608).
- (e) Poisoning a dog (Md. Code CR § 10-618).
- (f) Endangering the health or safety of a dog or cat by leaving the animal unattended in a motor vehicle (Md. Code TR § 21-1004.1).
- (g) An investigation should be conducted on all reports of animal cruelty.
- (h) Officers may seize an animal if necessary to protect an animal that is in need of immediate care or protection from acts of cruelty (Md. Code CR § 10-615(b)(1)).
  1. If an animal is impounded, yarded or confined without necessary food, water or proper attention, or is subject to cruelty or is neglected, an officer may enter the place where the animal is located, except if the animal is in a private dwelling, and supply the animal with necessary food, water and attention, or remove the animal if removal is necessary for the animal's health (Md. Code CR § 10-615(c)).
  2. The officer shall notify the animal's owner or custodian of the removal and any administrative remedies that may be available (Md. Code CR § 10-615(d)).
  3. Removal of a farm animal requires the prior recommendation of a veterinarian licensed in the state (Md. Code CR § 10-615(f)).

##### **806.5.1 CONFIDENTIAL REPORTS**

Reports of suspected cruelty received from a veterinarian and the identity of the veterinarian shall be confidential, must be kept in a secure location, and may only be disclosed pursuant to state law and the Records Maintenance and Release Policy (COMAR 15.14.15.04).

##### **806.6 ANIMAL BITE REPORTS**

Members investigating an animal bite should obtain as much information as possible for follow-up with the appropriate health or animal authorities. Members shall complete the Maryland Animal-Bite Report and Rabies Quarantine Agreement Form and make the report available within 24 hours to the local health officers and, on request, to the Public Health Veterinarian (COMAR 10.06.02.05; Md. Code HG § 18-316).

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Efforts should be made to capture or otherwise have the animal placed under quarantine in accordance with Md. Code HG § 18-320. Members should attempt to identify and notify the owner of the final disposition of the animal.

#### **806.7 STRAY DOGS**

If the dog has a license or can otherwise be identified, the owner should be contacted, if possible. If the owner is contacted, the dog should be released to the owner and a citation may be issued, if appropriate. If a dog is taken into custody, it shall be transported to the appropriate shelter/holding pen.

Members shall provide reasonable treatment to animals in their care (e.g., food, water, shelter).

#### **806.8 DANGEROUS ANIMALS**

In the event responding members cannot fulfill a request for service because an animal is difficult or dangerous to handle, the Shift Supervisor will be contacted to determine available resources, including requesting the assistance of animal control services from an allied agency.

#### **806.9 PUBLIC NUISANCE CALLS RELATING TO ANIMALS**

Members should diligently address calls related to nuisance animals (i.e., barking dogs), as such calls may involve significant quality of life issues.

#### **806.10 DECEASED ANIMALS**

When a member becomes aware of a deceased animal, all reasonable attempts should be made to preliminarily determine if the death of the animal is related to criminal activity.

Deceased animals on public property should be removed, sealed in a plastic bag, and properly disposed of by the responding member.

Members should not climb onto or under any privately owned structure for the purpose of removing a deceased animal.

#### **806.11 INJURED ANIMALS**

When a member becomes aware of an injured domesticated animal, all reasonable attempts should be made to contact an owner or responsible handler. If an owner or responsible handler cannot be located, the animal should be taken to a designated animal care facility.

When an animal is injured in a traffic accident, the member shall notify the appropriate local organization to give such injured animal medical care (Md. Code TR § 20-106(b)).

#### **806.12 DESTRUCTION OF ANIMALS**

When it is necessary to use a firearm to euthanize a badly injured animal or stop an animal that poses an imminent threat to human safety, the Firearms Policy shall be followed. A badly injured animal shall only be euthanized with the approval of a supervisor.

#### **806.13 TRAINING**

Members shall receive training as follows (COMAR 15.14.15.04):

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- (a) All members handling reports of animal cruelty shall receive training on the confidentiality and restrictions on dissemination of records and information relating to these reports.
- (b) All members shall receive training on the requirements of COMAR 15.14.15.04 and the consequences for releasing confidential information (Md. Code Ag § 12-101 et seq.).
- (c) All members shall receive training on the requirements of the Public Information Act and how to protect confidential information.

# Communication with Persons of Limited English Proficiency

## 808.1 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will take reasonable steps to ensure that persons with limited English proficiency (LEP) have meaningful access and an equal opportunity to participate in receiving our services. The policy of the Federalsburg Police Department is to ensure meaningful communication with LEP citizens. The policy also provides for communication of information contained in documents necessary for the conduct of business with victims of crime, potential witnesses to crime, concerned citizens and suspects. All interpreters, translators, and other aids needed to comply with this policy shall be provided at tax-payer expense to the person being served or requiring law enforcement services whenever possible.

Language assistance will be provided through the use of competent, bilingual staff, or interpreters whenever possible. All staff will be provided notice of this policy and the procedures necessary to provide LEP persons with the proper resources to facilitate the best communications available, including the effective use of an interpreter.

The Federalsburg Police Department will conduct a regular review of the language access needs of those we serve and protect to ensure the needs of the community are being met.

## 808.2 PROCEDURES

### 1. Identifying LEP Persons and Their Language

The Federalsburg Police Department will promptly identify the language and communication needs of a person who presents as being LEP. If necessary, staff will utilize a language identification card (or "I Speak Cards" available online at [www.LEP.gov](http://www.LEP.gov)) or posters to determine the appropriate language.

### 2. Obtaining a Qualified Interpreter

The Administrative Lieutenant is responsible for:

- (a) Maintaining an accurate and current list showing the name, language, phone number, and availability of bilingual staff or department designated resources.

The On-Duty Sergeant or, in his absence, the Investigating Officer is responsible for:

- (a) Contacting the appropriate bilingual staff member or agency resource to interpret when one is required.

While some LEP persons may prefer or request a family member or friend interpret for them, these persons may not be utilized as interpreters in conducting official law enforcement business unless they have been previously certified as interpreters by competent legal authority. In the event of an emergency or existing exigent circumstances, a family member or friend of an LEP person may provide limited communications to ensure the safety of the LEP person. Children will not be

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utilized in this capacity unless, under emergency and exigent circumstances, no adult is available to provide these limited communications.

#### 3. Providing Written Translations

- (a) Whenever possible, official documents regularly utilized in the conduct of law enforcement actions and investigations will be provided to LEP persons in their language.
- (b) The Federalsburg Police Department will endeavor to expand the documents available for this purpose over time.

#### 4. Providing Notice to LEP Persons

The Federalsburg Police Department will inform LEP persons of the availability of language assistance through the use of printed notices and signs posted in areas most often utilized by the public.

5. On an ongoing basis, the Federalsburg Police Department will assess changes in demographics, types of services or other needs that may require the evaluation of this policy and its procedures.

## **Chapter 9 - Custody**

## Temporary Custody of Adults

### 900.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to address the health and safety of adults taken into temporary custody by members of the Federalsburg Police Department for processing prior to being released or transferred to a housing or other type of facility.

Temporary custody of juveniles is addressed in the Temporary Custody of Juveniles Policy. Juveniles will not be permitted where adults in custody are being held.

Custodial searches are addressed in the Custodial Searches Policy.

#### 900.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Holding cell/cell** - Any locked enclosure for the custody of an adult or any other enclosure that prevents the occupants from being directly visually monitored at all times for a member of the Department.

**Safety checks** - Direct, visual observation by a member of this department performed at random intervals, within time frames prescribed in this policy, to provide for the health and welfare of adults in temporary custody

**Temporary custody** - The time period an adult is in custody at the Federalsburg Police Department prior to being released or transported to a housing or other type of facility.

### 900.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department is committed to releasing adults from temporary custody as soon as reasonably practicable, and to keeping adults safe while in temporary custody at the Department. Adults should be in temporary custody only for as long as reasonably necessary for investigation, processing, transfer or release.

### 900.3 GENERAL CRITERIA AND SUPERVISION

No adult should be in temporary custody for longer than six hours. If the six hour limit can not be accomplished because of justifiable or uncontrollable circumstances, the release or transfer should be done as soon as possible.

#### 900.3.1 INDIVIDUALS WHO SHOULD NOT BE IN TEMPORARY CUSTODY

Individuals who exhibit certain behaviors or conditions should not be in temporary custody at the Federalsburg Police Department, but should be transported to a jail facility, a medical facility or other type of facility as appropriate. These include:

- (a) Any individual who is unconscious or has been unconscious while being taken into custody or while being transported.
- (b) Any individual who has a medical condition, including pregnancy, that may require medical attention, supervision or medication while in temporary custody.

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- (c) Any individual who is seriously injured.
- (d) Individuals who are suspected suicide risk (see the Mental Health Evaluation Policy).
  - 1. If the officer taking custody of an individual believes that he/she may be a suicide risk, the officer shall ensure continuous direct supervision until evaluation, release or a transfer to an appropriate facility is completed.
- (e) Individuals who are obviously in crisis, as defined in the Crisis Intervention Incidents Policy.
- (f) Individuals who are under the influence of alcohol, a controlled substance or any substance to the degree that may require medical attention, or who have ingested any substance that poses a significant risk to their health, whether or not they appear intoxicated.
- (g) Any individual who has exhibited extremely violent or continuously violent behavior.
- (h) Any individual who has claimed, is known to be afflicted with, or displays symptoms of any communicable disease that poses an unreasonable exposure risk.
- (i) Any individual with a prosthetic or orthopedic device where removal of the device would be injurious to his/her health or safety.

Officers taking custody of a person who exhibits any of the above conditions should notify a supervisor of the situation. These individuals should not be in temporary custody at the Department unless they have been evaluated by a qualified medical or mental health professional, as appropriate for the circumstances.

#### 900.3.2 SUPERVISION IN TEMPORARY CUSTODY

An authorized department member capable of supervising shall be present at all times when an individual is held in temporary custody. The member responsible for supervising should not have other duties that could unreasonably conflict with his/her supervision. Any individual in custody must be able to summon the supervising member if needed. If the person in custody is deaf or hard of hearing or cannot speak, accommodations shall be made to provide this ability.

At least one female department member should be present if available, when a female adult is in temporary custody.

Absent exigent circumstances, such as a medical emergency or a violent subject, members should not enter the cell of a person of the opposite sex unless a member of the same sex as the person in custody is present.

No individual in custody shall be permitted to supervise, control or exert any authority over other individuals in custody.

#### 900.3.3 ENTRY RESTRICTIONS

Entry into any location where a person is held in custody should be restricted to:



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- (a) Authorized members entering for official business purposes.
- (b) Emergency medical personnel when necessary.
- (c) Any other person authorized by the Shift Supervisor.

When practicable, more than one authorized member should be present for entry into a location where a person is held in custody for security purposes and to witness interactions.

#### **900.4 INITIATING TEMPORARY CUSTODY**

The officer responsible for an individual in temporary custody should evaluate the person for any apparent chronic illness, disability, vermin infestation, possible communicable disease or any other potential risk to the health or safety of the individual or others. The officer should specifically ask if the individual is contemplating suicide and evaluate him/her for obvious signs or indications of suicidal intent. If there is any suspicion that the individual may be suicidal, he/she shall be transported to the appropriate mental health facility.

The officer should promptly notify the Shift Supervisor of any conditions that may warrant immediate medical attention or other appropriate action. The Shift Supervisor shall determine whether the individual will be placed in a cell, immediately released or transported to jail or other facility.

##### **900.4.1 SCREENING AND PLACEMENT**

The officer responsible for an individual in custody shall:

- (a) Advise the Shift Supervisor of any significant risks presented by the individual (e.g., suicide risk, health risk, violence).
- (b) Evaluate the following issues against the stated risks in (a) to determine the need for placing the individual in a single cell:
  1. Consider whether the individual may be at a high risk of being sexually abused based on all available known information (28 CFR 115.141), or whether the person is facing any other identified risk.
  2. Provide an individual identified as being at a high risk for sexual or other victimization with heightened protection. This may include (28 CFR 115.113; 28 CFR 115.141):
    - (a) Continuous, direct sight and sound supervision.
    - (b) Single-cell placement in a cell that is actively monitored on video by a member who is available to immediately intervene.
  3. Ensure individuals are separated according to severity of the crime (e.g. felony or misdemeanor).
  4. Ensure males and females are separated by sight and sound when in cells.

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5. Ensure restrained individuals are not placed in cells with unrestrained individuals.
  - (c) Ensure that those confined under civil process or for civil causes are kept separate from those who are in temporary custody pending criminal charges.
  - (d) Ensure separation, as appropriate, based on other factors, such as age, criminal sophistication, assaultive/non-assaultive behavior, mental state, disabilities and sexual orientation.

#### 900.4.2 CONSULAR NOTIFICATION

Consular notification may be mandatory when certain foreign nationals are arrested. The patrol supervisor will ensure that the U.S. Department of State's list of countries and jurisdictions that require mandatory notification is readily available to department members. There should also be a published list of foreign embassy and consulate telephone and fax numbers, as well as standardized notification forms that can be transmitted and then retained for documentation. Prominently displayed signs informing foreign nationals of their rights related to consular notification should also be posted in areas used for the temporary custody of adults.

Department members assigned to process a foreign national shall:

- (a) Inform the individual, without delay, that he/she may have his/her consular officers notified of the arrest or detention and may communicate with them.
  1. If the country is on the mandatory notification list, then:
    - (a) Notify the country's nearest embassy or consulate of the arrest or detention by fax or telephone.
    - (b) Tell the individual that this notification has been made and inform him/her without delay that he/she may communicate with consular officers.
    - (c) Forward any communication from the individual to his/her consular officers without delay.
    - (d) Document all notifications to the embassy or consulate and retain the faxed notification and any faxed confirmation for the individual's file.
  2. If the country is not on the mandatory notification list and the individual requests that his/her consular officers be notified, then:
    - (a) Notify the country's nearest embassy or consulate of the arrest or detention by fax or telephone.
    - (b) Forward any communication from the individual to his/her consular officers without delay.

#### 900.5 SAFETY, HEALTH AND OTHER PROVISIONS

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##### 900.5.1 TEMPORARY CUSTODY LOGS

Any time an individual is in temporary custody at the Federalsburg Police Department, the custody shall be promptly and properly documented in a custody log, including:

- (a) Identifying information about the individual, including his/her name.
- (b) Date and time of arrival at the Department.
- (c) Any charges for which the individual is in temporary custody and any case number.
- (d) Time of all safety checks.
- (e) Any medical and other screening requested and completed.
- (f) Any emergency situations or unusual incidents.
- (g) Any other information that may be required by other authorities, such as compliance inspectors.
- (h) Date and time of release from the Federalsburg Police Department.

The supervisor should initial the log to approve the temporary custody and should also initial the log when the individual is released from custody or transferred to another facility.

The supervisor should make periodic checks to ensure all log entries and safety and security checks are made on time.

##### 900.5.2 TEMPORARY CUSTODY REQUIREMENTS

Members monitoring or processing anyone in temporary custody shall ensure:

- (a) Safety checks and significant incidents/activities are noted on the log.
- (b) Individuals in custody are informed that they will be monitored at all times, except when using the toilet.
  - 1. There shall be no viewing devices, such as peep holes or mirrors, of which the individual is not aware.
  - 2. This prohibition does not apply to surreptitious and legally obtained recorded interrogations
- (c) There is reasonable access to toilets and wash basins.
- (d) There is reasonable access to a drinking fountain or water.
- (e) There are reasonable opportunities to stand and stretch, particularly if handcuffed or otherwise restrained.
- (f) There is privacy during attorney visits.
- (g) Those in temporary custody are generally permitted to remain in their personal clothing unless it is taken as evidence or is otherwise unsuitable or inadequate for continued wear while in custody.

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- (h) Clean blankets are provided as reasonably necessary to ensure the comfort of an individual.
  - 1. The supervisor should ensure that there is an adequate supply of clean blankets.
- (i) Adequate shelter, heat, light and ventilation are provided without compromising security or enabling escape.
- (j) Adequate furnishings are available, including suitable chairs or benches.

#### 900.5.3 MEDICAL CARE

First-aid equipment and basic medical supplies should be available to department members. At least one member who has current certification in basic first aid and CPR should be on-duty at all times.

Should a person in custody be injured or become ill, appropriate medical assistance should be sought. A supervisor should meet with those providing medical aid at the facility to allow access to the person. Members shall comply with the opinion of medical personnel as to whether an individual in temporary custody should be transported to the hospital. If the person is transported while still in custody, he/she will be accompanied by an officer.

Those who require medication while in temporary custody should not be at the Federalsburg Police Department. They should be released or transferred to another facility as appropriate.

#### 900.5.4 ORTHOPEDIC OR PROSTHETIC APPLIANCE

Subject to safety and security concerns, individuals shall be permitted to retain an orthopedic or prosthetic appliance. However, if the appliance presents a risk of bodily harm to any person or is a risk to the security of the facility, the appliance may be removed from the individual unless its removal would be injurious to his/her health or safety.

Whenever a prosthetic or orthopedic appliance is removed, the Shift Supervisor shall be promptly apprised of the reason. It shall be promptly returned when it reasonably appears that any risk no longer exists.

#### 900.5.5 TELEPHONE CALLS

Every individual in temporary custody will only be allowed to make a completed telephone call as soon as possible after the completion of the charging and booking process. Phone calls will not delay the officer in completing their required duties.

- (a) Telephone calls may be limited to local calls, except that long-distance calls may be made by the individual at his/her own expense.
  - 1. The Department should pay the cost of any long-distance calls related to arranging for the care of a child or dependent adult (see Child and Dependent Adult Safety Policy).
- (b) The individual should be given sufficient time to contact whomever he/she desires and to make any necessary arrangements, including child or dependent adult care, or transportation upon release.

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1. Telephone calls are not intended to be lengthy conversations. The member assigned to monitor or process the individual may use his/her judgment in determining the duration of the calls.
  - (c) Calls between an individual in temporary custody and his/her attorney shall be deemed confidential and shall not be monitored, eavesdropped upon or recorded.

#### **900.5.6 RELIGIOUS ACCOMMODATION**

Subject to available resources, safety and security, the religious beliefs and needs of all individuals in custody should be reasonably accommodated. Requests for religious accommodation should generally be granted unless there is a compelling security or safety reason and denying the request is the least restrictive means available to ensure security or safety. The responsible supervisor should be advised any time a request for religious accommodation is denied.

Those who request to wear headscarves or simple head coverings for religious reasons should generally be accommodated absent unusual circumstances. Head coverings shall be searched before being worn.

Individuals wearing headscarves or other approved coverings shall not be required to remove them while in the presence of or while visible to the opposite sex if they so desire. Religious garments that substantially cover the individual's head and face may be temporarily removed during the taking of any photographs.

#### **900.5.7 FIREARMS AND OTHER SECURITY MEASURES**

Firearms and other weapons and control devices shall not be permitted in secure areas where individuals are in custody or are processed. They should be properly secured outside of the secure area. An exception may occur only during emergencies, upon approval of a supervisor.

All perimeter doors to secure areas shall be kept locked at all times, except during routine cleaning, when no individuals in custody are present or in the event of an emergency, such as an evacuation.

#### **900.6 USE OF RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Individuals in custody may be handcuffed in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy. Unless an individual presents a heightened risk, handcuffs should generally be removed when the person is in a cell.

The use of restraints, other than handcuffs or leg irons, generally should not be used for individuals in temporary custody at the Federalsburg Police Department unless the person presents a heightened risk, and only in compliance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy.

Individuals in restraints shall be kept away from other unrestrained individuals in custody and monitored to protect them from abuse.

#### **900.6.1 PREGNANT ADULTS**

Women who are known to be pregnant should be restrained in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy.

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##### **900.7 PERSONAL PROPERTY**

The personal property of an individual in temporary custody should be removed, inventoried and processed as provided in the Custodial Searches Policy, unless the individual requests a different disposition. For example, an individual may request property (i.e., cash, car or house keys, medications) be released to another person. A request for the release of property to another person must be made in writing. Release of the property requires the recipient's signature on the appropriate form.

Upon release of an individual from temporary custody, his/her items of personal property shall be compared with the inventory, and he/she shall sign a receipt for the property's return. If the individual is transferred to another facility or court, the member transporting the individual is required to obtain the receiving person's signature as notice of receipt. The Department shall maintain a copy of the property receipt.

The Shift Supervisor shall be notified whenever an individual alleges that there is a shortage or discrepancy regarding his/her property. The Shift Supervisor shall attempt to prove or disprove the claim.

##### **900.8 SUICIDE ATTEMPT, DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY**

The Chief of Police will ensure procedures are in place to address any suicide attempt, death or serious injury of any individual in temporary custody at the Federalsburg Police Department. The procedures should include the following:

- (a) Immediate notification of the patrol supervisor and the Chief of Police .
- (b) Notification of the spouse, next of kin or other appropriate person.
- (c) Notification of the appropriate prosecutor.
- (d) Notification of the Town Attorney.
- (e) Notification of the Medical Examiner.
- (f) Evidence preservation.

##### **900.9 HOLDING CELLS**

A thorough inspection of a cell shall be conducted before placing an individual into the cell to ensure there are no weapons or contraband and that the cell is clean and sanitary. An inspection also should be conducted when he/she is released. Any damage noted to the cell should be photographed and documented.

The following requirements shall apply:

- (a) The individual shall be searched (see the Custodial Searches Policy), and anything that could create a security or suicide risk, such as contraband, hazardous items, belts, shoes or shoelaces and jackets, shall be removed.
- (b) The individual shall constantly be monitored by an audio/video system during the entire custody.

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- (c) The individual shall have constant auditory access to department members.
- (d) The individual's initial placement into and removal from a locked enclosure shall be logged.
- (e) Safety checks by department members shall occur no less than every 15 minutes.
  - 1. Safety checks should be at varying times.
  - 2. All safety checks shall be logged.
  - 3. The safety check should involve questioning the individual as to his/her well-being.
  - 4. Individuals who are sleeping or apparently sleeping should be awakened.
  - 5. Requests or concerns of the individual should be logged.

#### **900.10 SUICIDE ATTEMPT, DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY**

The Patrol Sgt. will ensure procedures are in place to address any suicide attempt, death or serious injury of any individual in temporary custody at the Federalsburg Police Department. The procedures should include the following:

- (a) Immediate request for emergency medical assistance if appropriate.
- (b) Immediate notification of the Shift Supervisor, Chief of Police and Patrol Sgt..
- (c) Notification of the spouse, next of kin or other appropriate person.
- (d) Notification of the appropriate prosecutor.
- (e) Notification of the Town Attorney.
- (f) Notification of the Medical Examiner.
- (g) Evidence preservation.

#### **900.11 RELEASE AND/OR TRANSFER**

When an individual is released or transferred from custody, the member releasing the individual should ensure the following:

- (a) All proper reports, forms and logs have been completed prior to release.
- (b) A check has been made to ensure that the individual is not reported as missing and does not have outstanding warrants.
- (c) It has been confirmed that the correct individual is being released or transported.
- (d) All property, except evidence, contraband or dangerous weapons, has been return to, or sent with, the individual.
- (e) All pertinent documentation accompanies the individual being transported to another facility (copies of booking forms, medical records, an itemized list of his/her property, warrant copies).
- (f) The individual is not permitted in any non-public areas of the Federalsburg Police Department unless escorted by a member of the Department.

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- (g) Any known threat or danger the individual may pose (escape risk, suicide potential, medical condition) is documented, and the documentation transported with the individual if he/she is being sent to another facility.
  - 1. The department member transporting the individual shall ensure such risks are communicated to intake personnel at the other facility.
- (h) Generally, persons of the opposite sex, or adults and juveniles, should not be transported in the same vehicle unless they are physically separated by a solid barrier. If segregating individuals is not practicable, officers should be alert to inappropriate physical or verbal contact and take appropriate action as necessary.
- (i) Transfers between facilities or other entities, such as a hospital, should be accomplished with a custodial escort of the same sex as the person being transferred to assist with his/her personal needs as reasonable.

#### **900.12 ASSIGNED ADMINISTRATOR**

The Patrol Sgt. will ensure any reasonably necessary supplemental procedures are in place to address the following issues:

- (a) General security
- (b) Key control
- (c) Sanitation and maintenance
- (d) Emergency medical treatment
- (e) Escapes
- (f) Evacuation plans
- (g) Fire and life safety
- (h) Disaster plans
- (i) Building and safety code compliance

#### **900.13 TRAINING**

Department members should be trained and familiar with this policy and any supplemental procedures.



# Temporary Custody of Juveniles

## 901.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines consistent with the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act for juveniles taken into temporary custody by members of the Federalsburg Police Department (34 USC § 11133).

### 901.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Juvenile non-offender** - An abused, neglected, dependent, or alien juvenile who may be legally held by law enforcement for the juvenile's own safety or welfare. This also includes any juvenile who may have initially been contacted for an offense that would not subject an adult to arrest (e.g., fine-only offense) but was taken into custody for the juvenile's protection or for purposes of reuniting the juvenile with a parent, guardian, or other responsible person.

**Juvenile offender** - A juvenile 13 to 17 years of age who is alleged to have committed an offense that would subject an adult to arrest, or a juvenile 10 to 12 years of age who is alleged to have committed a crime of violence as defined in Md. Code CR § 14-101 (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-01; Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-03). A juvenile offender also includes a juvenile in custody for handgun possession by a person under age 21 years under Md. Code PS § 5-133 (28 CFR 31.303).

**Non-secure custody** - When a juvenile is held in the presence of an officer or other department member at all times and is not placed in a locked room, cell, or behind any locked doors. Juveniles in non-secure custody may be handcuffed but not to a stationary or secure object. Personal supervision, through direct visual monitoring and audio two-way communication, is maintained. Monitoring through electronic devices, such as video, does not replace direct visual observation.

**Safety checks** - Direct, visual observation by a member of this department performed at random intervals, within time frames prescribed in this policy, to provide for the health and welfare of juveniles in temporary custody.

**Secure custody** - When a juvenile offender is held in a locked room, a set of rooms, or a cell. Secure custody also includes being physically secured to a stationary object.

Examples of secure custody include:

- (a) A juvenile left alone in an unlocked room within the secure perimeter of the adult temporary holding area.
- (b) A juvenile handcuffed to a rail or other object.
- (c) A juvenile placed in a room that contains doors with delayed egress devices that have a delay of more than 30 seconds.
- (d) A juvenile being processed in a secure booking area when a non-secure booking area is available.

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- (e) A juvenile left alone in a secure booking area after being photographed and fingerprinted.
- (f) A juvenile placed in a cell within the adult temporary holding area, whether or not the cell door is locked.
- (g) A juvenile placed in a room that is capable of being locked or contains a fixed object designed for cuffing or restricting movement.

**Sight and sound separation** - Located or arranged to prevent physical, visual, or auditory contact.

**Status offender** - A juvenile suspected of committing a criminal violation of the law that would not be a criminal violation but for the age of the offender. Examples may include running away, underage possession of tobacco, curfew violation, and truancy. A juvenile in custody on a court order or warrant based upon a status offense is also a status offender.

#### **901.2 POLICY**

The Federalsburg Police Department is committed to releasing juveniles from temporary custody as soon as reasonably practicable and to keeping juveniles safe while in temporary custody at the Department. Juveniles should be held in temporary custody only for as long as reasonably necessary for processing, transfer, or release.

#### **901.3 JUVENILES WHO SHOULD NOT BE HELD**

Juveniles who exhibit certain behaviors or conditions should not be held at the Federalsburg Police Department. These include:

- (a) Unconsciousness or having been unconscious while being taken into custody or transported.
- (b) Serious injuries or a medical condition requiring immediate medical attention.
- (c) A suspected suicide risk or showing obvious signs of severe emotional or mental disturbance (see the Mental Health Evaluations Policy).
  1. If the officer taking custody of a juvenile believes that he/she may be a suicide risk, the officer shall ensure continuous direct supervision until evaluation, release or transfer to an appropriate facility is completed.
- (d) Significant intoxication or showing signs of having ingested any substance that poses a significant risk to their health, whether or not they appear intoxicated.
- (e) Extremely violent or continuously violent behavior.
- (f) Afflicted with, or displaying symptoms of, a communicable disease that poses an unreasonable exposure risk.

Officers taking custody of a juvenile exhibiting any of the above conditions should take reasonable steps to provide medical attention or mental health assistance and should notify a supervisor of the situation. These juveniles should not be held at the Department unless they have been evaluated by a qualified medical or mental health professional, as appropriate for the circumstances.

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#### **901.4 CUSTODY OF JUVENILES**

Officers should take custody of a juvenile and temporarily hold the juvenile at the Federalsburg Police Department when there is no other lawful and practicable alternative to temporary custody. Refer to the Child Abuse Policy for additional information regarding detaining a juvenile who is suspected of being a victim.

No juvenile should be held in temporary custody at the Department without authorization of the arresting officer's supervisor or the Shift Supervisor. Juveniles taken into custody shall be held in non-secure custody unless otherwise authorized by this policy.

Any juvenile taken into custody shall be released to the care of the juvenile's parent, legal guardian, or other responsible adult, or transferred to a juvenile custody facility or to another authority as soon as practicable. In no event shall a juvenile be held beyond six hours from the time of his/her entry into the Department (34 USC § 11133).

##### **901.4.1 CUSTODY OF JUVENILE NON-OFFENDERS**

Non-offenders taken into protective custody in compliance with the Child Abuse Policy should generally not be held at the Federalsburg Police Department. Custodial arrangements should be made for non-offenders as soon as reasonably possible. Juvenile non-offenders may not be held in secure custody (34 USC § 11133).

##### **901.4.2 CUSTODY OF JUVENILE STATUS OFFENDERS**

Status offenders should generally be released by citation or with a warning rather than taken into temporary custody. However, officers may take custody of a status offender if requested to do so by a parent or legal guardian in order to facilitate reunification (e.g., transported home or to the station to await a parent). Juvenile status offenders may not be held in secure custody (34 USC § 11133).

The following offenses require a citation in lieu of custody absent a separate justification for custody (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-33):

- (a) Alcoholic beverage violations (Md. Code CR § 10-113; Md. Code CR § 10-114; Md. Code CR § 10-115; Md. Code CR § 10-116)
- (b) Possession of *Salvia divinorum* (Md. Code CR § 10-132)
- (c) Table game and video lottery terminal violations (Md. Code CR § 10-136)
- (d) Alcohol possession or consumption on school premises (Md. Code ED § 26-103)
- (e) Use or possession of cannabis (Md. Code CR § 5-601)

##### **901.4.3 CUSTODY OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS**

Juvenile offenders should be held in non-secure custody while at the Federalsburg Police Department unless another form of custody is authorized by this policy or is necessary due to exigent circumstances.

Juvenile offenders are subject to custody when (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-14; Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-19.5):

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- (a) An officer has probable cause to believe the juvenile committed an offense that would subject an adult to arrest or violated a peace order.
- (b) There is a valid warrant for the juvenile's arrest (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-14.1).

An officer should contact the court or an intake officer in cases when there is reason to believe a juvenile offender in custody may need to be detained because the juvenile needs protection, the juvenile is a danger to others, or the juvenile is likely to abscond (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-15).

#### **901.5 NOTIFICATIONS**

When a juvenile is taken into custody, officers should immediately notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian of the custody, the reason for the custody, the juvenile's location, and how to meet with the juvenile. Other reasonable attempts to communicate this information should be made if direct contact cannot be immediately made (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-14; Md. Code CP § 2-108). If the juvenile has been taken into protective custody, the officers should also immediately notify the county department of social services (Md. Code CJ § 3-814). If there is reason to believe that the juvenile is a victim of sex trafficking, officers shall notify the appropriate regional navigator (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-14).

##### **901.5.1 REQUIRED SCHOOL NOTIFICATION**

If a juvenile between the ages of 5 and 21 (inclusive) is taken into custody for one of the reportable offenses listed in Md. Code ED § 7-303(a)(6) or for an offense related to the juvenile's membership in a criminal organization, the officer must notify the following officials of any school the juvenile attends within 24 or as soon as practicable:

- Local superintendent
- School principal
- School security officer (if applicable)

The officer may also notify the State's Attorney (Md. Code ED § 7-303).

#### **901.6 JUVENILE CUSTODY LOGS**

Any time a juvenile is in temporary custody at the Federalsburg Police Department, the custody shall be promptly and properly documented in the juvenile custody log, including:

- (a) Identifying information about the juvenile.
- (b) Date and time of arrival and release from the Department.
- (c) Shift Supervisor notification and approval to temporarily hold the juvenile.
- (d) Any charges for which the juvenile is being held and classification of the juvenile as a juvenile offender, status offender or non-offender.
- (e) Any changes in status (e.g., emergency situations, unusual incidents).
- (f) Time of all safety checks.
- (g) Any medical and other screening requested and completed.

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- (h) Circumstances that justify any secure custody.
- (i) Any other information that may be required by other authorities, such as compliance inspectors or a local juvenile court authority.

The Shift Supervisor should initial the log to approve the temporary custody, including any secure custody, and should initial the log when the juvenile is released.

#### **901.7 NO-CONTACT REQUIREMENTS**

Sight and sound separation shall be maintained between all juveniles and adults while in custody at the Federalsburg Police Department (34 USC § 11133). There should also be sight and sound separation between non-offenders and juvenile and status offenders.

In situations where brief or accidental contact may occur (e.g., during the brief time a juvenile is being fingerprinted and/or photographed in booking), a member of the Department shall maintain a constant, immediate, side-by-side presence with the juvenile or the adult to minimize any contact. If inadvertent or accidental contact does occur, reasonable efforts shall be taken to end the contact.

##### **901.7.1 TRANSPORTATION**

A juvenile may not be transported from the field or to another detention facility with any adult who has been charged with or convicted of a crime unless the court has waived its jurisdiction and the juvenile is being prosecuted as an adult (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-16(c)).

#### **901.8 TEMPORARY CUSTODY REQUIREMENTS**

Members and supervisors assigned to monitor or process any juvenile at the Federalsburg Police Department shall ensure:

- (a) The Shift Supervisor is notified if it is anticipated that a juvenile may need to remain at the Department more than four hours. This will enable the Shift Supervisor to ensure no juvenile is held at the Department more than six hours.
- (b) Safety checks and significant incidents/activities are noted on the log.
- (c) Juveniles in custody are informed that they will be monitored at all times, except when using the toilet.
  - 1. There shall be no viewing devices, such as peep holes or mirrors, of which the juvenile is not aware.
  - 2. This prohibition does not apply to surreptitious and legally obtained recorded interrogations.
- (d) A member of the same sex will supervise personal hygiene activities and care, such as changing clothing or using the restroom, without direct observation to allow for privacy.
- (e) There is reasonable access to toilets and wash basins.
- (f) There is reasonable access to a drinking fountain or water.
- (g) Food is provided if a juvenile has not eaten within the past four hours or is otherwise in need of nourishment, including any special diet required for the health of the juvenile.

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- (h) There are reasonable opportunities to stand and stretch, particularly if handcuffed or otherwise restrained.
- (i) There is privacy during family, guardian, and/or attorney visits.
- (j) Juveniles are generally permitted to remain in their personal clothing unless it is taken as evidence or is otherwise unsuitable or inadequate for continued wear while in custody.
- (k) Clean blankets are provided as reasonably necessary to ensure the comfort of an individual.
  - 1. The supervisor should ensure that there is an adequate supply of clean blankets.
- (l) Adequate shelter, heat, light, and ventilation are provided without compromising security or enabling escape.
- (m) Adequate furnishings are available, including suitable chairs or benches.
- (n) Juveniles have the right to the same number of telephone calls as an adult in temporary custody (see the Temporary Custody of Adults Policy).
- (o) Discipline is not administered to any juvenile, nor will juveniles be subjected to corporal or unusual punishment, humiliation, or mental abuse.

#### **901.9 RELIGIOUS ACCOMMODATION**

Juveniles have the right to the same religious accommodation as an adult in temporary custody (see the Temporary Custody of Adults Policy).

#### **901.10 USE OF RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Juvenile offenders may be handcuffed in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy. A juvenile offender may be handcuffed at the Federalsburg Police Department when the juvenile presents a heightened risk. However, non-offenders and status offenders should not be handcuffed unless they are combative or threatening.

Other restraints shall only be used after less restrictive measures have failed and with the approval of the Shift Supervisor. Restraints shall only be used so long as it reasonably appears necessary for the juvenile's protection or the protection of others.

Juveniles in restraints shall be kept away from other unrestrained individuals in custody and monitored to protect them from abuse.

##### **901.10.1 PREGNANT JUVENILES**

Juveniles who are known to be pregnant should be restrained in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy.

#### **901.11 PERSONAL PROPERTY**

The personal property of a juvenile shall be processed in the same manner as an adult in temporary custody (see the Temporary Custody of Adults Policy).

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##### **901.12 SECURE CUSTODY**

Only juvenile offenders 14 years of age or older may be placed in secure custody. Shift Supervisor approval is required before placing a juvenile offender in secure custody.

Secure custody should only be used for juvenile offenders when there is a reasonable belief that the juvenile is a serious risk of harm to him/herself or others.

Members of this department should not use secure custody for convenience when non-secure custody is, or later becomes, a reasonable option.

When practicable, handcuffing one hand of a juvenile offender to a fixed object while otherwise maintaining the juvenile in non-secure custody should be considered as the method of secure custody. A member must be present at all times to ensure the juvenile's safety while secured to a stationary object.

Generally, juveniles should not be secured to a stationary object for more than 60 minutes. Supervisor approval is required to secure a juvenile to a stationary object for longer than 60 minutes and every 30 minutes thereafter. Supervisor approval should be documented.

##### **901.12.1 LOCKED ENCLOSURES**

A thorough inspection of the area shall be conducted before placing a juvenile into the locked enclosure to ensure there are no weapons or contraband and that the area is clean and sanitary. An inspection should be conducted when the juvenile is released. Any damage noted to the area should be photographed and documented.

The following requirements shall apply:

- (a) Anything that could create a security or suicide risk, such as contraband, hazardous items, belts, shoes or shoelaces, and jackets, shall be removed.
- (b) The juvenile shall constantly be monitored by an audio/video system during the entire temporary custody.
- (c) The juvenile shall have constant auditory access to department members.
- (d) The juvenile's initial placement into and removal from a locked enclosure shall be logged.
- (e) Unscheduled safety checks by department members shall occur no less than every 15 minutes.
  - 1. All safety checks shall be logged.
  - 2. The safety check should involve questioning the juvenile as to his/her well-being.
  - 3. Juveniles who are sleeping or apparently sleeping should be awakened.
  - 4. Requests or concerns of the juvenile should be logged.
- (f) Males and females shall not be placed in the same locked room.
- (g) Juvenile offenders should be separated according to severity of the crime (e.g., felony or misdemeanor).

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- (h) Restrained juveniles shall not be placed in a cell or room with unrestrained juveniles.

#### **901.13 SUICIDE ATTEMPT, DEATH, OR SERIOUS INJURY**

The Patrol Sgt. will ensure procedures are in place to address any suicide attempt, death, or serious injury of any juvenile held at the Federalsburg Police Department. The procedures should include the following:

- (a) Immediate request for emergency medical assistance if appropriate
- (b) Immediate notification of the Shift Supervisor, Chief of Police, and Patrol Sgt.
- (c) Notification of the parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis, of the juvenile
- (d) Notification of the appropriate prosecutor
- (e) Notification of the Town Attorney
- (f) Notification of the Medical Examiner
- (g) Notification of the juvenile court
- (h) Evidence preservation

#### **901.14 INTERVIEWING OR INTERROGATING**

No interview or interrogation of a juvenile should occur unless the juvenile has the apparent capacity to consent, and does consent, to an interview or interrogation.

No custodial interrogation of a juvenile should occur without the juvenile having consulted with an attorney and without an actual or attempted contact of a parent, guardian, or custodian as set forth in Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-14.2 (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-14.2; Md. Code CP § 2-405). Associated documentation of the attorney contacted and the contact or efforts to contact a parent, guardian, or custodian are also to be made (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-14.2; Md. Code CP § 2-405).

All custodial interrogations of juveniles should be recorded in an audio and video format (e.g., body-worn camera) and only after the juvenile is advised the interrogation will be recorded (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-14.2; Md. Code CP § 2-405).

#### **901.15 RESTRICTION ON FINGERPRINTING AND PHOTOGRAPHING**

Any department record, including fingerprints and photographs, concerning a child is confidential and shall be maintained separate from those of adults. These may not be divulged, by subpoena or otherwise, except by order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided by law (Md. Code CJ § 3-8A-27(a)).

#### **901.16 TRAINING**

Department members should be trained on and familiar with this policy and any supplemental procedures.

#### **901.17 SECTION TITLE**



# Custodial Searches

## 902.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance regarding searches of individuals in custody. Such searches are necessary to eliminate the introduction of contraband, intoxicants or weapons into the Federalsburg Police Department facility. Such items can pose a serious risk to the safety and security of department members, individuals in custody, contractors and the public.

Nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit the otherwise lawful collection of evidence from an individual in custody.

### 902.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Custody search** - An in-custody search of an individual and of his/her property, shoes and clothing, including pockets, cuffs and folds on the clothing, to remove all weapons, dangerous items and contraband.

**Physical body cavity search** - A search that includes a visual inspection and may include a physical intrusion into a body cavity. Body cavity means the stomach or rectal cavity of an individual, and the vagina of a female person.

**Strip search** - A search that requires an individual to remove or rearrange some or all of his/her clothing to permit a visual inspection of the underclothing, breasts, buttocks, anus or outer genitalia. This includes monitoring an individual who is changing clothes, where his/her underclothing, buttocks, genitalia or female breasts are visible.

## 902.2 POLICY

All searches shall be conducted with concern for safety, dignity, courtesy, respect for privacy and hygiene, and in compliance with policy and law to protect the rights of those who are subject to any search.

Searches shall not be used for intimidation, harassment, punishment or retaliation.

## 902.3 FIELD AND TRANSPORTATION SEARCHES

An officer should conduct a custody search of an individual immediately after his/her arrest, when receiving an individual from the custody of another, and before transporting a person who is in custody in any department vehicle.

Whenever practicable, a custody search should be conducted by an officer of the same sex as the person being searched. If an officer of the same sex is not reasonably available, a witnessing officer should be present during the search.

## 902.4 SEARCHES AT POLICE FACILITIES

Custody searches shall be conducted on all individuals in custody, upon entry to the Federalsburg Police Department facilities. Except in exigent circumstances, the search should be conducted by

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a member of the same sex as the individual being searched. If a member of the same sex is not available, a witnessing member must be present during the search.

Custody searches should also be conducted any time an individual in custody enters or re-enters a secure area, or any time it is reasonably believed that a search is necessary to maintain the safety and security of the facility.

#### 902.4.1 PROPERTY

Members shall take reasonable care in handling the property of an individual in custody to avoid discrepancies or losses. Property retained for safekeeping shall be kept in a secure location until the individual is released or transferred.

Some property may not be accepted by a facility or agency that is taking custody of an individual from this department, such as weapons or large items. These items should be retained for safekeeping in accordance with the Evidence Policy.

All property shall be inventoried by objective description (this does not include an estimated value). The individual from whom it was taken shall be required to sign the completed inventory. If the individual's signature cannot be obtained, the inventory shall be witnessed by another department member. The inventory should include the case number, date, time, member's Federalsburg Police Department identification number and information regarding how and when the property may be released.

#### 902.4.2 VERIFICATION OF MONEY

All money shall be counted in front of the individual from whom it was received. When possible, the individual shall initial the dollar amount on the inventory. Additionally, all money should be placed in a separate envelope and sealed. Negotiable checks or other instruments and foreign currency should also be sealed in an envelope with the amount indicated but not added to the cash total. All envelopes should clearly indicate the contents on the front. The department member sealing it should place his/her initials across the sealed flap. Should any money be withdrawn or added, the member making such change shall enter the amount below the original entry and initial it. The amount of money in the envelope should always be totaled and written on the outside of the envelope.

#### 902.5 STRIP SEARCHES

No individual in temporary custody at any Federalsburg Police Department facility shall be subjected to a strip search unless there is reasonable suspicion based upon specific and articulable facts to believe the individual has a health condition requiring immediate medical attention or is concealing a weapon or contraband. Factors to be considered in determining reasonable suspicion include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The detection of an object during a custody search that may be a weapon or contraband and cannot be safely retrieved without a strip search.

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- (b) Circumstances of a current arrest that specifically indicate the individual may be concealing a weapon or contraband.
  - 1. A felony arrest charge or being under the influence of a controlled substance should not suffice as reasonable suspicion absent other facts.
- (c) Custody history (e.g., past possession of contraband while in custody, assaults on department members, escape attempts).
- (d) The individual's actions or demeanor.
- (e) Criminal history (i.e., level of experience in a custody setting).

No transgender or intersex individual shall be searched or examined for the sole purpose of determining the individual's genital status. If the individual's genital status is unknown, it may be determined during conversations with the person, by reviewing medical records, or as a result of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner (28 CFR 115.115).

#### 902.5.1 STRIP SEARCHES PROCEDURES

Strip searches at Federalsburg Police Department facilities shall be conducted as follows (28 CFR 115.115):

- (a) Written authorization from the Shift Supervisor shall be obtained prior to the strip search.
- (b) All members involved with the strip search shall be of the same sex as the individual being searched, unless the search is conducted by a medical practitioner.
- (c) All strip searches shall be conducted in a professional manner under sanitary conditions and in a secure area of privacy so that it cannot be observed by those not participating in the search. The search shall not be reproduced through a visual or sound recording.
- (d) Whenever possible, a second member of the same sex should also be present during the search, for security and as a witness to the finding of evidence.
- (e) Members conducting a strip search shall not touch the breasts, buttocks or genitalia of the individual being searched.
- (f) The primary member conducting the search shall prepare a written report to include:
  - 1. The facts that led to the decision to perform a strip search.
  - 2. The reasons less intrusive methods of searching were not used or were insufficient.
  - 3. The written authorization for the search, obtained from the Shift Supervisor.
  - 4. The name of the individual who was searched.
  - 5. The name and sex of the members who conducted the search.

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6. The name, sex and role of any person present during the search.
  7. The time and date of the search.
  8. The place at which the search was conducted.
  9. A list of the items, if any, that were recovered.
  10. The facts upon which the member based his/her belief that the individual was concealing a weapon or contraband.
- (g) No member should view an individual's private underclothing, buttocks, genitalia or female breasts while that individual is showering, performing bodily functions or changing clothes, unless he/she otherwise qualifies for a strip search. However, if serious hygiene or health issues make it reasonably necessary to assist the individual with a shower or a change of clothes, a supervisor should be contacted to ensure reasonable steps are taken to obtain the individual's consent and/or otherwise protect his/her privacy and dignity.

#### **902.5.2 SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCE FIELD STRIP SEARCHES**

A strip search may be conducted in the field only with Shift Supervisor authorization and only in exceptional circumstances, such as when:

- (a) There is probable cause to believe that the individual is concealing a weapon or other dangerous item that cannot be recovered by a more limited search.
- (b) There is probable cause to believe that the individual is concealing controlled substances or evidence that cannot be recovered by a more limited search, and there is no reasonable alternative to ensure the individual cannot destroy or ingest the substance during transportation.

These special-circumstance field strip searches shall only be authorized and conducted under the same restrictions as the strip search procedures in this policy, except that the Shift Supervisor authorization does not need to be in writing.

#### **902.6 PHYSICAL BODY CAVITY SEARCH**

Physical body cavity searches shall be subject to the following:

- (a) No individual shall be subjected to a physical body cavity search without written approval of the Shift Supervisor and only upon a search warrant or approval of legal counsel. A copy of any search warrant and the results of the physical body cavity search shall be included with the related reports and made available, upon request, to the individual or authorized representative (except for those portions of the warrant ordered sealed by a court).
- (b) Only a physician or other qualified medical practitioner may conduct a physical body cavity search.

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- (c) Except for the physician conducting the search, persons present must be of the same sex as the individual being searched. Only the necessary department members needed to maintain the safety and security of the medical personnel shall be present.
- (d) Privacy requirements, including restricted touching of body parts and sanitary condition requirements, are the same as required for a strip search.
- (e) All such searches shall be documented, including:
  - 1. The facts that led to the decision to perform a physical body cavity search of the individual.
  - 2. The reasons less intrusive methods of searching were not used or were insufficient.
  - 3. The Shift Supervisor's approval.
  - 4. A copy of the search warrant, if applicable.
  - 5. The time, date and location of the search.
  - 6. The medical personnel present.
  - 7. The names, sex and roles of any department members present.
  - 8. Any contraband or weapons discovered by the search.
- (f) A copy of the written authorization shall be retained and may be provided/made available to the individual who was searched or other authorized representative upon request.

#### **902.7 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant shall ensure members have training that includes (28 CFR 115.115):

- (a) Conducting searches of cross-gender individuals.
- (b) Conducting searches of transgender and intersex individuals.
- (c) Conducting searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs.

## **Chapter 10 - Personnel**

## Recruitment and Selection

### 1000.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides a framework for employee recruiting efforts and identifying job-related standards for the selection process. This policy supplements the rules that govern employment practices for the Federalsburg Police Department and that are promulgated and/or maintained by the Human Resources.

### 1000.2 POLICY

In accordance with applicable federal, state, and local law, the Federalsburg Police Department provides equal opportunities for applicants and employees regardless of actual or perceived race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, marital status, and any other classification or status protected by law. The Department does not show partiality or grant any special status to any applicant, employee, or group of employees unless otherwise required by law.

The Department will recruit and hire only those individuals who demonstrate a commitment to service and who possess the traits and characteristics that reflect personal integrity and high ethical standards.

### 1000.3 RECRUITMENT

The Administration Sgt. should employ a comprehensive recruitment and selection strategy to recruit and select employees from a qualified and diverse pool of candidates. The Chief shall appoint a Recruitment Officer who shall adopt strategy and follow protocols established by the Maryland Police Training Commission and as authorized by the Chief.

The strategy should include:

- (a) Identification of racially and culturally diverse target markets.
- (b) Use of marketing strategies to target diverse applicant pools.
- (c) Expanded use of technology and maintenance of a strong internet presence. This may include an interactive department website and the use of department-managed social networking sites, if resources permit.
- (d) Expanded outreach through partnerships with media, community groups, citizen academies, local colleges, universities and the military.
- (e) Employee referral and recruitment incentive programs.
- (f) Consideration of shared or collaborative regional testing processes.

The Administration Sgt. shall avoid advertising, recruiting and screening practices that tend to stereotype, focus on homogeneous applicant pools or screen applicants in a discriminatory manner.

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The Department should strive to facilitate and expedite the screening and testing process, and should periodically inform each candidate of his/her status in the recruiting process.

#### **1000.4 SELECTION PROCESS**

The Department shall actively strive to identify a diverse group of candidates who have in some manner distinguished themselves as being outstanding prospects. Minimally, the Department should employ a comprehensive screening, background investigation, and selection process that assesses cognitive and physical abilities and includes review and verification of the following:

- (a) A comprehensive application for employment (including previous employment, references, current and prior addresses, education, military record)
- (b) Driving record
- (c) Reference checks
- (d) Employment eligibility, including U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) Employment Eligibility Verification Form I-9 and acceptable identity and employment authorization documents. This required documentation should not be requested until a candidate is hired. This does not prohibit obtaining documents required for other purposes.
- (e) Information obtained from public internet sites
- (f) Financial history consistent with the Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) (15 USC § 1681 et seq.)
- (g) Local, state, and federal criminal history record checks
- (h) Polygraph or voice stress analyzer (VSA) examination (when legally permissible)
- (i) Medical and psychological examination (may only be given after a conditional offer of employment)
- (j) Review board or selection committee assessment

##### **1000.4.1 CRIMINAL HISTORY INQUIRIES**

The Administration Sgt. should establish procedures to ensure that inquiries into the criminal history of applicants conform to the requirements of Md. Code LE § 3-1501 et seq.

##### **1000.4.2 FACIAL RECOGNITION**

The Department should not use any facial recognition service to create a facial template of a candidate during an interview for employment unless the candidate provides a written consent waiver containing (Md. Code LE § 3-717):

- (a) The candidate's name.
- (b) The date of the interview.
- (c) A statement that the candidate consents to the use of facial recognition during the interview.
- (d) A statement that the candidate has read and understood the consent waiver form.



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#### **1000.5 BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION**

Every candidate shall undergo a thorough background investigation to verify the candidate's personal integrity and high ethical standards, and to identify any past behavior that may be indicative of the candidate's unsuitability to perform duties relevant to the operation of the Federalsburg Police Department.

The Chief of Police shall ensure that background investigations for candidates for officer include (COMAR 12.04.01.05):

- (a) A check of military records, when applicable, including obtaining a complete copy of the candidate's discharge document.
- (b) A report from a credit agency regarding the candidate's current and past credit history.
- (c) An investigation of the prior illegal use of controlled substances by the candidate as specified under COMAR 12.04.01.16. Prior marijuana use is not a disqualifier for certification as an officer and may not be the basis for disqualifying an applicant for a position as an officer (Md. Code PS § 3-209; Md. Code PS § 3-215).
- (d) An examination of school records or interviews with school officials if the candidate attended school within the last five years.
- (e) Interviews of:
  - 1. Personal references furnished by the candidate.
  - 2. Neighbors of the candidate within the past five years.
  - 3. Current and past employers within the last five years.
  - 4. Coworkers within the last five years.

The Chief of Police shall maintain a record of the background investigation on each candidate hired as an officer by this department. The results of the investigation shall be recorded on an Application for Certification (AFC), including any supplemental information, as specified in COMAR 12.04.01.01 and submitted to the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC). The MPTSC may refuse to certify the candidate based upon supplemental information (COMAR 12.04.01.05).

#### **1000.5.1 NOTICES**

Background investigators shall ensure that investigations are conducted and notices provided in accordance with the requirements of the FCRA (15 USC § 1681d).

#### **1000.5.2 STATE NOTICES**

The Chief of Police shall complete an AFC for an officer hired by this department. The Chief of Police is responsible for (COMAR 12.04.01.02):

- (a) Accurately completing the AFC.
- (b) Submitting the AFC to the MPTSC (COMAR 12.04.01.08).
- (c) Signing the AFC to certify that the MPTSC's selection standards have been met.

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- (d) Including on the AFC the:
  - 1. Date the candidate completed the certification requirements.
  - 2. Department telephone number for the Chief of Police.
- (e) Submitting the AFC to the MPTSC if he/she has, within one year before submitting the AFC:
  - 1. Completed or verified for the candidate each of the selection standards as required under COMAR 12.04.01.04 or COMAR 12.04.01.08.
  - 2. Determined that the candidate meets each of the selection standards under COMAR 12.04.01.04 or COMAR 12.04.01.08.

False or misrepresented information on the AFC is a basis for rejection or revocation of certification by the MPTSC and may be the basis for separate administrative or legal action (COMAR 12.04.01.02).

#### 1000.5.3 REVIEW OF SOCIAL MEDIA SITES

Due to the potential for accessing unsubstantiated, private, or protected information, the Administration Sgt. shall not require candidates to provide passwords, account information, or access to password-protected social media accounts (Md. Code LE § 3-712).

The Administration Sgt. should consider utilizing the services of an appropriately trained and experienced third party to conduct open source, internet-based searches and/or review information from social media sites to ensure that:

- (a) The legal rights of candidates are protected.
- (b) Material and information to be considered are verified, accurate, and validated.
- (c) The Department fully complies with applicable privacy protections and local, state, and federal law.

Regardless of whether a third party is used, the Administration Sgt. should ensure that potentially impermissible information is not available to any person involved in the candidate selection process.

#### 1000.5.4 INTERVIEWS

Background investigation interviews may be conducted (COMAR 12.04.01.05):

- (a) In person.
  - 1. A personal interview conducted as part of a background investigation is considered appropriate when an interviewee is available within 50 miles of this department.
- (b) By telephone.
- (c) By using a designated department form and questionnaire that the interviewer or individual interviewed is required to complete.

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- (d) By using other lawful methods designed to elicit useful information from an individual concerning the candidate.

Personal references and others residing outside the state may be contacted by correspondence or telephone (COMAR 12.04.01.05).

#### 1000.5.5 OUT-OF-STATE CANDIDATES

When the candidate for officer has resided or been employed out-of-state, the background investigation may be performed by an appropriate law enforcement agency or a legitimate private background investigation agency in the area where the candidate lived or worked (COMAR 12.04.01.05).

If a candidate has been employed as a police officer for the federal government or in another state, the Chief of Police shall:

- (a) Report the law enforcement agency's name and jurisdiction to the MPTSC.
- (b) Forward any supplemental information obtained from the previous out-of-state law enforcement agency or from any other source.

#### 1000.5.6 INVESTIGATIONS BY OTHER AGENCIES

The Department may authorize another individual, office or agency to conduct a background investigation (COMAR 12.04.01.05).

The Maryland State Police or a local law enforcement agency may assist this department in a background investigation.

#### 1000.5.7 CRIMINAL RECORD CHECKS AND FINGERPRINTS

The Department shall fingerprint candidates for officer and submit the fingerprints to the appropriate local, state, and national agencies for a search of criminal records (COMAR 12.04.01.05).

#### 1000.5.8 DOCUMENTING AND REPORTING

The background investigator shall summarize the results of the background investigation in a report that includes sufficient information to allow the reviewing authority to decide whether to extend a conditional offer of employment. The report shall not include any information that is prohibited from use, including that from social media sites, in making employment decisions. The report and all supporting documentation shall be included in the candidate's background investigation file.

#### 1000.5.9 RECORDS RETENTION

The background report and all supporting documentation shall be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### 1000.5.10 PRIOR PEACE OFFICER EMPLOYMENT

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should require candidates for officer to disclose, under penalty of perjury, all prior instances of employment as an officer at other law enforcement

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agencies and to authorize the Federalsburg Police Department to obtain the candidate's personnel and disciplinary records from those agencies (Md. Code PS § 3-215). The background investigator should obtain and review any personnel and disciplinary records and include the results in the background report. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should certify to the MPTSC that applicant's disciplinary record was reviewed (Md. Code PS § 3-215).

#### **1000.6 DISQUALIFICATION GUIDELINES**

As a general rule, performance indicators and candidate information and records shall be evaluated by considering the candidate as a whole, and taking into consideration the following:

- Age at the time the behavior occurred
- Passage of time
- Patterns of past behavior
- Severity of behavior
- Probable consequences if past behavior is repeated or made public
- Likelihood of recurrence
- Relevance of past behavior to public safety employment
- Aggravating and mitigating factors
- Other relevant considerations

A candidate's qualifications will be assessed on a case-by-case basis, using a totality-of-the-circumstances framework.

#### **1000.7 EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS**

All candidates shall meet the minimum standards required by state law. Candidates will be evaluated based on merit, ability, competence, and experience, in accordance with the high standards of integrity and ethics valued by the Department and the community.

Validated, job-related, and nondiscriminatory employment standards shall be established for each job classification and shall minimally identify the training, abilities, knowledge, and skills required to perform the position's essential duties in a satisfactory manner. Each standard should include performance indicators for candidate evaluation. The Human Resources should maintain validated standards for all positions.

##### **1000.7.1 STANDARDS FOR OFFICERS**

Candidates for certification as an officer shall meet the following MPTSC minimum standards (COMAR 12.04.01.04):

- (a) Be 21 years old or older.
- (b) Be a United States citizen and submit documents supporting a claim of citizenship to this department.

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1. Candidates may be permanent legal residents if they are honorably discharged veterans of the United States armed forces and have applied to obtain United States citizenship, provided that their application for citizenship must be ultimately approved (Md. Code PS § 3-209).
- (c) Possess and submit either of the following:
  1. A high school diploma issued by a high school or recognized by the State Board of Education.
  2. A General Education Development (GED) certificate or diploma issued by Maryland or another state or recognized by the State Board of Education.
    - (a) A college degree may be accepted in place of high school diploma or GED requirements.
    - (b) In the absence of a copy of a diploma, the Chief of Police may accept a certified transcript indicating that a candidate successfully completed the requirements for graduation from a high school or college.
- (d) Be eligible under federal and Maryland law to possess and use a handgun.
- (e) Be of good moral character as determined by a thorough background investigation and criminal history investigation, including a fingerprint check, according to the requirements under COMAR 12.04.01.05.
- (f) Submit to mental health and physical agility assessments as required by the MPTSC and any related regulations and be free from any physical, emotional, or mental condition which might adversely affect the exercise of police powers as evidenced by examinations and recommendations by appropriate health care officials (Md. Code PS § 3-209).
- (g) Possess a valid driver's license
- (h) Participate in an interview with the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (i) Submit to a screening for controlled dangerous substances, narcotic drugs, and marijuana according to procedures outlined in COMAR 12.04.01.15.
- (j) Submit to an implicit bias test as required by the MPTSC and any related regulations (Md. Code PS § 3-207).

The Chief of Police may establish more restrictive standards than those of the MPTSC for selection of a candidate for the position of officer.

The Chief of Police may submit a request for a waiver of MPTSC selection standards in accordance with the requirements of COMAR 12.04.01.14.

#### **1000.8 PROBATIONARY PERIODS**

The Administration Sgt. should coordinate with the Federalsburg Human Resources to identify positions subject to probationary periods and procedures for:

- (a) Appraising performance during probation.
- (b) Assessing the level of performance required to complete probation.

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- (c) Extending probation.
- (d) Documenting successful or unsuccessful completion of probation.

# Performance Evaluations

## 1001.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the Federalsburg Police Department performance evaluation system.

## 1001.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department shall use a performance evaluation system to measure, document and recognize work performance. The performance evaluation will serve as an objective guide for the recognition of good work and the development of a process for improvement.

The Department evaluates employees in a non-discriminatory manner based upon job-related factors specific to the employee's position, without regard to actual or perceived race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, marital status, and any other classification or status protected by law.

## 1001.3 TYPES OF EVALUATIONS

The Department shall use the following types of evaluations:

**Regular** - An evaluation completed at regular intervals by the employee's immediate supervisor. Employees who have been promoted should be evaluated as established by the Human Resources or minimally, on the anniversary of the date of the last promotion.

When an employee transfers to a different assignment in the middle of an evaluation period and less than six months has transpired since the transfer, the evaluation should be completed by the current supervisor with input from the previous supervisor.

**Special** - An evaluation that may be completed at any time the supervisor and Sgt. or the authorized designee determine an evaluation is necessary to address less than standard performance. The evaluation may include a plan for follow-up action (e.g., performance improvement plan (PIP), remedial training, retraining).

### 1001.3.1 RATINGS

When completing an evaluation, the supervisor will identify the rating category that best describes the employee's performance. The definition of each rating category is as follows:

**Outstanding** - Performance is well beyond that required for the position. It is exceptional performance, definitely superior or extraordinary.

**Exceeds standards** - Performance is better than demonstrated by a competent employee. It is performance superior to what is required, but is not of such nature to warrant a rating of outstanding.

**Meets standards** - Performance of a competent employee. It is satisfactory performance that meets the standards required of the position.

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**Needs improvement** - Performance is less than the standards required of the position. A needs improvement rating shall be thoroughly discussed with the employee.

**Unsatisfactory** - Performance is inferior to the standards required of the position. It is very inadequate or undesirable performance that cannot be allowed to continue.

Supervisor comments may be included in the evaluation to document the employee's strengths, weaknesses and requirements for improvement. Any job dimension rating marked as unsatisfactory or outstanding shall be substantiated with supervisor comments.

#### 1001.3.2 PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT PLAN

Employees who receive an unsatisfactory rating may be subject to a PIP. The PIP shall delineate areas that need improvement, any improvement measures and a timetable in which to demonstrate improvement. The issuing supervisor shall meet with the employee to review his/her performance and the status of the PIP at least monthly.

#### 1001.4 EVALUATION PROCESS

Supervisors should meet with the employees they supervise at the beginning of the evaluation period to discuss expectations and establish performance standards. Each supervisor should discuss the tasks of the positions, standards of expected performance and the evaluation criteria with each employee.

Performance evaluations cover a specific period of time and should be based upon documented performance dimensions that are applicable to the duties and authorities granted to the employee during that period. Evaluations should be completed by each employee's immediate supervisor. Other supervisors directly familiar with the employee's performance during the rating period should be consulted by the evaluating supervisor for input.

Assessment of an employee's job performance is an ongoing process. Continued coaching and feedback provides supervisors and employees with opportunities to correct performance issues as they arise and to acknowledge good work. Periodic discussions with the employee during the course of the evaluation period are encouraged. Supervisors should document all discussions in the prescribed manner.

Non-probationary employees demonstrating substandard performance shall be notified in writing of such performance as soon as possible in order to have an opportunity to remediate the issues. Such notification should occur at the earliest opportunity, with the goal being a minimum of 90 days written notice prior to the end of the evaluation period.

All supervisors shall receive training on performance evaluations within one year of a supervisory appointment.

#### 1001.5 EVALUATION FREQUENCY

Supervisors shall ensure that all employees they supervise are evaluated at least once every year on the anniversary of the employee's date of appointment or hire.



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Those employees who are required to successfully complete a probationary period should be evaluated monthly.

#### **1001.6 EVALUATION INTERVIEW**

When the supervisor has completed his/her evaluation, a private discussion of the evaluation should be scheduled with the employee. The supervisor should discuss the evaluation ratings and respond to any questions the employee may have. The supervisor should provide relevant counseling regarding advancement, specialty positions and training opportunities. Any performance areas in need of improvement and goals for reaching the expected level of performance should be identified and discussed. If the employee has reasonable objections to any of the ratings, the supervisor may make appropriate adjustments to the evaluation. The reason for such adjustments shall be documented.

Employees may write comments in an identified section of the evaluation. The supervisor and employee will sign and date the evaluation.

##### **1001.6.1 DISCRIMINATORY HARASSMENT FORM**

At the time of each employee's annual evaluation, the supervisor shall provide access to and require the employee to read the Town harassment and discrimination policies and the Federalsburg Police Department Discriminatory Harassment Policy. The supervisor shall give the employee a form to be completed and returned that acknowledges the following:

- (a) The employee understands the harassment and discrimination policies.
- (b) The employee has had all questions regarding the policies sufficiently addressed.
- (c) The employee knows how to report alleged harassment and discrimination policy violations.
- (d) Whether the employee has been the subject of, or witness to, any unreported conduct that may violate the discrimination or harassment policies.

The completed form should be returned to the supervisor (or other authorized individual if the employee is uncomfortable returning the form to the presenting supervisor) within one week. If the employee has expressed any questions or concerns, the receiving supervisor or other authorized individual shall ensure that appropriate follow up action is taken.

#### **1001.7 APPEAL**

An employee who disagrees with his/her evaluation may provide a formal written response that will be attached to the evaluation, or may request an appeal.

To request an appeal, the employee shall forward a written memorandum within three days to the evaluating supervisor's Sgt. or the authorized designee. The memorandum shall identify the specific basis for the appeal and include any relevant information for the reviewer to consider.

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##### **1001.8 CHAIN OF REVIEW**

The signed performance evaluation and any employee attachment should be forwarded to the evaluating supervisor's Sgt. or the authorized designee. The Sgt. or the authorized designee shall review the evaluation for fairness, impartiality, uniformity and consistency, and shall consider any written response or appeal made by the employee.

The Sgt. or the authorized designee should evaluate the supervisor on the quality of ratings given.

##### **1001.9 RETENTION AND DISTRIBUTION**

The original performance evaluation and any original correspondence related to an appeal shall be maintained by the Department in accordance with the Personnel Records Policy.

A copy of the evaluation and any documentation of a related appeal shall be provided to the employee and also forwarded to the Federalsburg Human Resources.

## Special Assignments and Promotions

### 1002.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for promotions and for making special assignments within the Federalsburg Police Department.

### 1002.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department determines assignments and promotions in a non-discriminatory manner based upon job-related factors and candidate skills and qualifications. Assignments and promotions are made by the Chief of Police.

### 1002.3 SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT POSITIONS

The following positions are considered special assignments and not promotions:

- (a) Crisis Response Unit member
- (b) Investigator
- (c) Motorcycle officer
- (d) Bicycle Patrol officer
- (e) Canine handler
- (f) Accident investigator
- (g) Field Training Officer
- (h) Community Relations/Training Officer
- (i) School Resource and/or Drug Abuse Resistance Education (D.A.R.E.) officer
- (j) Court Officer

#### 1002.3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The following requirements should be considered when selecting a candidate for a special assignment:

- (a) Three years of relevant experience
- (b) Off probation
- (c) Possession of or ability to obtain any certification required by the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC) or law
  1. School resource officers are required to be specially trained as required by Md. Code ED § 7–1508.
- (d) Exceptional skills, experience, or abilities, related to the special assignment

#### 1002.3.2 EVALUATION CRITERIA

The following criteria will be used in evaluating candidates for a special assignment:

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- (a) Presents a professional, neat appearance.
- (b) Maintains a physical condition that aids in his/her performance.
- (c) Expressed an interest in the assignment.
- (d) Demonstrates the following traits:
  - 1. Emotional stability and maturity
  - 2. Stress tolerance
  - 3. Sound judgment and decision-making
  - 4. Personal integrity and ethical conduct
  - 5. Leadership skills
  - 6. Initiative
  - 7. Adaptability and flexibility
  - 8. Ability to conform to department goals and objectives in a positive manner

#### **1002.3.3 SELECTION PROCESS**

The selection process for special assignments will include an administrative evaluation as determined by the Chief of Police to include:

- (a) Supervisor recommendations - Each supervisor who has supervised or otherwise been involved with the candidate will submit a recommendation.
  - 1. The supervisor recommendations will be submitted to the Sgt. or Lieutenant for whom the candidate will work.
- (b) Sgt. interview - The Sgt. will schedule interviews with each candidate.
  - 1. Based on supervisor recommendations and those of the Sgt. after the interview, the Sgt. will submit his/her recommendations to the Chief of Police.
- (c) Assignment by the Chief of Police.

The selection process for all special assignment positions may be waived for temporary assignments, emergency situations, for training, and at the discretion of the Chief of Police.

#### **1002.4 PROMOTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

Requirements and information regarding any promotional process are available at the Human Resources.

## Grievances

### 1003.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the filing and processing of employee grievances.

#### 1003.1.1 GRIEVANCE DEFINED

A grievance is a difference of opinion or dispute regarding the meaning, interpretation, or application of any of the following:

- The employee collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding
- This Policy Manual
- Rules and regulations governing personnel practices or working conditions
- Workplace issues that do not amount to misconduct under the Personnel Complaints Policy, such as fraud, waste, abuse of authority, gross mismanagement, or any inappropriate conduct or practices, including violations that may pose a threat to the health, safety, or well-being of members

Specifically outside the category of grievances are complaints related to allegations of discrimination or harassment subject to the Discriminatory Harassment Policy. Also outside the category of grievances are personnel complaints regarding any allegation of misconduct or improper job performance against any department employee that, if true, would constitute a violation of department policy, federal, state, or local law, as set forth in the Personnel Complaints Policy.

### 1003.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to provide a just and equitable system for the prompt handling of employee grievances without discrimination, coercion, restraint or retaliation against any employee who submits or is otherwise involved in a grievance.

### 1003.3 PROCESS

Grievances may be brought by an individual employee or by an employee group representative. Employees may have representation during the grievance process.

Except as otherwise required under a collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding, if an employee believes that he/she has a grievance as defined above, that employee shall:

- (a) Attempt to resolve the issue through informal discussion with his/her immediate supervisor.
- (b) If after a reasonable amount of time, generally seven days, the grievance cannot be settled by the immediate supervisor, the employee may request an interview with the Lieutenant.

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- (c) If a successful resolution is not found with the Lieutenant, the employee may request a meeting with the Chief of Police.
- (d) If the employee and the Chief of Police are unable to arrive at a mutual solution, the employee shall proceed as follows:
  - 1. Submit a written statement of the grievance to the Chief of Police and provide a copy to the employee's immediate supervisor.
  - 2. Include the following information in the written statement:
    - (a) The basis for the grievance (i.e., the facts of the case).
    - (b) The allegation of any specific wrongful act and the harm done.
    - (c) The specific policies, rules or regulations at issue.
    - (d) The remedy or goal being sought by the grievance.
- (e) The supervisor shall provide the employee with a signed acknowledgment of the grievance that shall include the date and time of receipt.
- (f) The Chief of Police shall review the grievance and respond to the employee within 14 calendar days.
  - (a) The response will be in writing, and will affirm or deny the allegations.
  - (b) The response shall include any remedies, if appropriate.
  - (c) The decision of the Chief of Police is considered final except in instances where the complaint directly involves the action or inaction of the Chief of Police. In these cases, the Town Administrator shall serve as the final arbiter on behalf of the department and town.

#### **1003.4 GRIEVANCE RECORDS**

At the conclusion of the grievance process, all documents pertaining to the process shall be forwarded to the Administration Division for inclusion into a secure file for all written grievances. Copies of the documents should also be sent to the Human Resources.

#### **1003.5 POLICY OR TRAINING IMPLICATIONS**

If an employee who participates in the grievance review process identifies any issue that may warrant an immediate revision to this Policy Manual, a procedural change or an immediate training need, the employee should promptly notify the Chief of Police in a memorandum.

#### **1003.6 GRIEVANCE AUDITS**

The Administrative Lieutenant should perform an annual audit of all grievances filed the previous calendar year to evaluate whether any change in policy, procedure or training may be appropriate to avoid future grievances. The Administrative Lieutenant should record these findings in a confidential memorandum to the Chief of Police without including any identifying information about any individual grievance.

## Anti-Retaliation

### 1004.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy prohibits retaliation against members who identify workplace issues, such as fraud, waste, abuse of authority, gross mismanagement or any inappropriate conduct or practices, including violations that may pose a threat to the health, safety or well-being of members.

This policy does not prohibit actions taken for nondiscriminatory or non-retaliatory reasons, such as discipline for cause.

These guidelines are intended to supplement and not limit members' access to other applicable remedies. Nothing in this policy shall diminish the rights or remedies of a member pursuant to any applicable federal law, provision of the U.S. Constitution, law, ordinance or collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding.

### 1004.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department has a zero tolerance for retaliation and is committed to taking reasonable steps to protect from retaliation members who, in good faith, engage in permitted behavior or who report or participate in the reporting or investigation of workplace issues. All complaints of retaliation will be taken seriously and will be promptly and appropriately investigated.

### 1004.3 RETALIATION PROHIBITED

No member may retaliate against any person for engaging in lawful or otherwise permitted behavior; for opposing a practice believed to be unlawful, unethical, discriminatory or retaliatory; for reporting or making a complaint under this policy; or for participating in any investigation related to a complaint under this or any other policy.

Retaliation includes any adverse action or conduct, including but not limited to:

- Refusing to hire or denying a promotion.
- Extending the probationary period.
- Unjustified reassignment of duties or change of work schedule.
- Real or implied threats or other forms of intimidation to dissuade the reporting of wrongdoing or filing of a complaint, or as a consequence of having reported or participated in protected activity.
- Taking unwarranted disciplinary action.
- Spreading rumors about the person filing the complaint or about the alleged wrongdoing.
- Shunning or unreasonably avoiding a person because he/she has engaged in protected activity.

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#### **1004.4 COMPLAINTS OF RETALIATION**

Any member who feels he/she has been retaliated against in violation of this policy should promptly report the matter to any supervisor, command staff member, Chief of Police or the Town Manager

Members shall act in good faith, not engage in unwarranted reporting of trivial or minor deviations or transgressions, and make reasonable efforts to verify facts before making any complaint in order to avoid baseless allegations. Members shall not report or state an intention to report information or an allegation knowing it to be false, with willful or reckless disregard for the truth or falsity of the information or otherwise act in bad faith.

Investigations are generally more effective when the identity of the reporting member is known, thereby allowing investigators to obtain additional information from the reporting member. However, complaints may be made anonymously. All reasonable efforts shall be made to protect the reporting member's identity. However, confidential information may be disclosed to the extent required by law or to the degree necessary to conduct an adequate investigation and make a determination regarding a complaint. In some situations, the investigative process may not be complete unless the source of the information and a statement by the member is part of the investigative process.

#### **1004.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Supervisors are expected to remain familiar with this policy and ensure that members under their command are aware of its provisions.

The responsibilities of supervisors include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring complaints of retaliation are investigated as provided in the Personnel Complaints Policy.
- (b) Receiving all complaints in a fair and impartial manner.
- (c) Documenting the complaint and any steps taken to resolve the problem.
- (d) Acknowledging receipt of the complaint, notifying the Chief of Police via the chain of command and explaining to the member how the complaint will be handled.
- (e) Taking appropriate and reasonable steps to mitigate any further violations of this policy.
- (f) Monitoring the work environment to ensure that any member making a complaint is not subjected to further retaliation.
- (g) Periodic follow-up with the complainant to ensure that retaliation is not continuing.
- (h) Not interfering with or denying the right of a member to make any complaint.
- (i) Taking reasonable steps to accommodate requests for assignment or schedule changes made by a member who may be the target of retaliation if it would likely mitigate the potential for further violations of this policy.



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##### **1004.6 COMMAND STAFF RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Chief of Police should communicate to all supervisors the prohibition against retaliation.

Command staff shall treat all complaints as serious matters and shall ensure that prompt actions take place, including but not limited to:

- (a) Communicating to all members the prohibition against retaliation.
- (b) The timely review of complaint investigations.
- (c) Remediation of any inappropriate conduct or condition and instituting measures to eliminate or minimize the likelihood of recurrence.
- (d) The timely communication of the outcome to the complainant.

##### **1004.7 WHISTLE-BLOWING**

State law protects officers from discrimination or other negative consequences for disclosing mismanagement, waste, dangers to public health/safety, or law/policy violations, or for lawfully exercising constitutional rights (Md. Code PS § 3-110). State law also protects employees from discrimination or retaliation for opposing discriminatory practices prohibited by Md. Code SG § 20-601 et seq. or participating in matters related to possible violations of that law (Md. Code SG § 20-606).

Members who believe they have been the subject of retaliation for engaging in such protected behaviors should promptly report it to a supervisor. Supervisors should refer the complaint to the Chief for investigation pursuant to the Personnel Complaints Policy.

##### **1004.8 RECORDS RETENTION AND RELEASE**

The Administrative Assistant shall ensure that documentation of investigations is maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedules.

##### **1004.9 TRAINING**

The policy should be reviewed with each new member.

All members should receive periodic refresher training on the requirements of this policy.

# Reporting of Arrests, Convictions and Court Orders

## 1005.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to describe the notification requirements and procedures that members must follow when certain arrests, convictions and court orders restrict their ability to perform the official duties and responsibilities of the Federalsburg Police Department. This policy will also describe the notification requirements and procedures that certain retired officers must follow when an arrest, conviction or court order disqualifies them from possessing a firearm.

## 1005.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department requires disclosure of member arrests, convictions and certain court orders to maintain the high standards, ethics and integrity in its workforce, and to ensure compatibility with the duties and responsibilities of the Department.

## 1005.3 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CONVICTIONS AND COURT ORDERS

Federal and Maryland law prohibits individuals convicted of certain offenses and individuals subject to certain court orders from lawfully possessing firearms. Such convictions and court orders often involve allegations of the use or attempted use of force, or threatened use of a weapon on any individual in a domestic relationship (e.g., spouse, cohabitant, parent, child) (18 USC § 922; Md. Code PS § 5-133).

All members and retired officers with identification cards issued by the Department are responsible for ensuring that they have not been disqualified from possessing firearms by any such conviction or court order, and shall promptly report any such conviction or court order to a supervisor, as provided in this policy.

## 1005.4 OTHER CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS AND COURT ORDERS

COMAR 12.04.01.04 prohibits any individual who is ineligible under federal or Maryland law to possess or use a handgun from receiving or maintaining an officer certification through the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC). Additionally, Md. Code PS § 3-107 and Md. Code PS § 3-212 require the termination and decertification of an officer who is convicted of a felony, perjury, or other misdemeanor related to truthfulness.

While legal restrictions may or may not be imposed by statute or by the courts upon conviction of any criminal offense, criminal conduct by members of this department may be inherently in conflict with law enforcement duties and the public trust, and shall be reported as provided in this policy.

## 1005.5 REPORTING

All members and all retired officers with identification cards issued by the Department shall immediately notify their supervisors (retired officers should immediately notify the Shift Supervisor or the Chief of Police) in writing of any past or current criminal detention, arrest, charge, or

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conviction in any state or foreign country, regardless of whether the matter was dropped or rejected, is currently pending or on appeal, and regardless of the penalty or sentence, if any.

All members and all retired officers with identification cards issued by the Department shall immediately notify their supervisors (retired officers should immediately notify the Shift Supervisor or the Chief of Police) in writing if they become the subject of a domestic violence-related order or any court order that prevents the member or retired officer from possessing a firearm or requires suspension or revocation of applicable MPTSC certification.

Any member whose criminal arrest, conviction, or court order restricts or prohibits that member from fully and properly performing the member's duties, including carrying a firearm, may be disciplined. This includes but is not limited to being placed on administrative leave, reassignment, and/or termination.

Any effort to remove such disqualification or restriction shall remain entirely the responsibility of the member, on the member's own time and at the member's own expense.

Any member failing to provide prompt written notice pursuant to this policy shall be subject to discipline, up to and including termination.

Retired officers may have their identification cards rescinded or modified, as may be appropriate (see the Retiree Concealed Firearms Policy).

#### 1005.5.1 NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

The Department shall report arrests or convictions to the MPTSC for possible suspension and revocation of any applicable certification (Md. Code PS § 3-212).

## Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace

### 1006.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish clear and uniform guidelines regarding controlled dangerous substances (CDS) and alcohol in the workplace (41 USC § 8103).

### 1006.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to provide a drug- and alcohol-free workplace for all members.

### 1006.3 GENERAL GUIDELINES

Alcohol and CDS use in the workplace or on department time can endanger the health and safety of department members and the public.

Members who have consumed an amount of an alcoholic beverage or taken any medication, or combination thereof, that would tend to adversely affect their mental or physical abilities shall not report for duty. Affected members shall notify the Shift Supervisor or appropriate supervisor as soon as the member is aware that the member will not be able to report to work. If the member is unable to make the notification, every effort should be made to have a representative contact the supervisor in a timely manner. If the member is adversely affected while on-duty, the member shall be immediately removed and released from work (see the Work Restrictions section in this policy).

#### 1006.3.1 USE OF MEDICATIONS

Members should not use any medications that will impair their ability to safely and completely perform their duties. Any member who is medically required or has a need to take any such medication shall report that need to the member's immediate supervisor prior to commencing any on-duty status.

#### 1006.3.2 MEDICAL CANNABIS

Possession, use, or being under the influence of medical cannabis on-duty is prohibited and may lead to disciplinary action.

### 1006.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Members shall report for work in an appropriate mental and physical condition. Members are prohibited from purchasing, manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, possessing or using CDS or alcohol on department premises or on department time (41 USC § 8103). The lawful possession or use of prescribed medications or over-the-counter remedies is excluded from this prohibition.

Members who are authorized to consume alcohol as part of a special assignment shall not do so to the extent of impairing on-duty performance.

Members shall notify a supervisor immediately if they observe behavior or other evidence that they believe demonstrates that a fellow member poses a risk to the health and safety of the member or others due to CDS, medication or alcohol use.

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Members are required to notify their immediate supervisors of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than five days after such conviction (41 USC § 8103).

#### **1006.5 EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM**

There may be available a voluntary employee assistance program to assist those who wish to seek help for alcohol and CDS problems (41 USC § 8103). Insurance coverage that provides treatment for CDS and alcohol abuse also may be available. Employees should contact the Human Resources, their insurance providers or the employee assistance program for additional information. It is the responsibility of each employee to seek assistance before alcohol or CDS problems lead to performance problems.

#### **1006.6 WORK RESTRICTIONS**

If a member is on-duty informs a supervisor that he/she has consumed any alcohol, CDS or medication that could interfere with a safe and efficient job performance, the member may be required to obtain clearance from his/her physician before continuing to work.

If the supervisor reasonably believes, based on objective facts, that a member is impaired by the consumption of alcohol, CDS or medication, the supervisor shall prevent the member from continuing work and shall ensure that he/she is safely transported away from the Department.

#### **1006.7 SCREENING TESTS**

A supervisor may require an employee to submit to a screening under any the following circumstances (Md. Code HG § 17-214(h)):

- (a) The supervisor reasonably believes, based upon objective facts, that the employee is under the influence of alcohol or CDS that is impairing the employee's ability to perform duties safely and efficiently.
- (b) The employee discharges a firearm in the performance of the employee's duties (excluding training or authorized euthanizing of an animal).
- (c) The employee discharges a firearm issued by the Department while off-duty, resulting in injury, death, or substantial property damage.
- (d) The employee drives a motor vehicle in the performance of the employee's duties and becomes involved in an incident that results in bodily injury, death, or substantial damage to property.

An officer who is under investigation may be ordered to submit to a blood alcohol test and/or a blood, breath, or urine test for CDS when the testing specifically relates to the investigation (Md. Code PS § 3-107).

##### **1006.7.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The supervisor shall prepare a written record documenting the specific facts that led to the decision to require the test, and shall inform the employee in writing of the following:

- (a) The test will be given to detect either alcohol or CDS, or both.

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- (b) The result of the test is not admissible in any criminal proceeding against the employee.
- (c) The employee may refuse the test, but refusal may result in dismissal or other disciplinary action.

#### 1006.7.2 DISCIPLINE

An employee may be subject to disciplinary action if the employee:

- (a) Fails or refuses to submit to a screening test (Md. Code PS § 3-107).
- (b) After taking a screening test that indicates the presence of a CDS, fails to provide proof, within 72 hours after being requested, that the employee took the CDS as directed, pursuant to a current and lawful prescription issued in the employee's name.

#### 1006.7.3 TESTING REQUIREMENTS

The provisions of a collective bargaining agreement that cover preliminary drug testing of a job applicant preempt conflicting portions of this policy (Md. Code HG § 17-214(l)).

When an employee is required to be tested for job-related reasons for the use or abuse of any CDS or alcohol, this department shall:

- (a) When using a single-use test device, collect, handle, store and ship each specimen in a manner that maintains the employee donor's identity and confidentiality, the physical integrity of the specimen and precludes contamination of the specimen (Md. Code HG § 17-214(d)(1)).
- (b) Maintain a written record of the chain of custody of each specimen from the time that the specimen is collected until the time that the specimen is no longer needed for retesting (Md. Code HG § 17-214(d)(2)).
- (c) Have the specimen tested by a laboratory that is certified or otherwise approved and at the time of testing provide the name and address of the laboratory, if requested by the employee (Md. Code HG § 17-214(b)(1)).
- (d) Upon notice from the laboratory that an employee has tested positive, deliver to the employee by certified mail or in person and within 30 days from the date the test was performed (Md. Code HG § 17-214(c)(1)):
  - 1. A copy of the laboratory test indicating the test results.
  - 2. A copy of this policy.
  - 3. If applicable, written notice of intent to take disciplinary action, terminate employment or change the conditions of continued employment.
  - 4. A statement or copy of the provisions set forth in Md. Code HG § 17-214(e) which permits the employee to request independent testing of the same sample for verification of the test result.

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##### 1006.7.4 DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

Information that may not be disclosed to the Department includes (Md. Code HG § 17-214(i)(1)):

- (a) The use of a nonprescription drug, excluding alcohol, that is not prohibited under state law.
- (b) The use of a medically prescribed drug, unless the employee being tested is unable to establish that the drug was medically prescribed for the employee in accordance with state law.

The prohibitions against disclosure of information do not apply to the extent that they prevent a person from complying with the applicable provisions of the federal Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 and the federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (Md. Code HG § 17-214(i)(2)).

The results of a mandatory test are not admissible or discoverable in a criminal proceeding against an officer (Md. Code PS § 3-107).

##### 1006.7.5 TRAINING

The Department shall establish a program to train individuals to collect specimens and perform CDS tests in the workplace in accordance with the provisions of Md. Code HG § 17-214(k).

The responsibilities of this department shall include:

- (a) Keeping a record of the training received by each trainee.
- (b) Establishing a procedure to ensure that each trainee receives the minimum training required to properly perform and demonstrate competency in performing the test.
- (c) Maintaining documentation that indicates the trainee has been trained in accordance with state law.

##### **1006.8 COMPLIANCE WITH THE DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE ACT**

No later than 30 days following notice of any drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace involving a member, the Department will take appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal, and/or requiring the member to satisfactorily participate in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program (41 USC § 8104).

##### **1006.9 CONFIDENTIALITY**

The Department recognizes the confidentiality and privacy due to its members. Disclosure of any information relating to substance abuse treatment, except on a need-to-know basis, shall only be with the express written consent of the member involved or pursuant to lawful process.

The written results of any screening tests and all documents generated by the employee assistance program are considered confidential medical records and shall be maintained in the employee's medical file in accordance with the Personnel Records Policy.

## Sick Leave

### 1007.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides general guidance regarding the use and processing of sick leave. The accrual and terms of use of sick leave for eligible employees is detailed in the Town personnel manual or applicable collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding.

This policy is not intended to cover all types of sick or other leaves. For example, employees may be entitled to additional paid or unpaid leave for certain family and medical reasons as provided for in the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) (29 USC § 2601 et seq.) or the Maryland Flexible Leave Act (Md. Code LE § 3-802).

### 1007.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to provide eligible employees with a sick leave benefit.

### 1007.3 USE OF SICK LEAVE

Sick leave is intended to be used for qualified absences.

Sick leave is not considered vacation. Abuse of sick leave may result in discipline, denial of sick leave benefits, or both.

Employees on sick leave shall not engage in other employment or self-employment or participate in any sport, hobby, recreational or other activity that may impede recovery from the injury or illness (see the Outside Employment and Outside Overtime Policy).

Qualified appointments should be scheduled during a member's non-working hours when it is reasonable to do so.

#### 1007.3.1 NOTIFICATION

All members should notify the Shift Supervisor or appropriate supervisor as soon as they are aware that they will not be able to report to work and no less than one hour before the start of their scheduled shifts. If, due to an emergency, a member is unable to contact the supervisor, every effort should be made to have a representative for the member contact the supervisor.

When the necessity to be absent from work is foreseeable, such as planned medical appointments or treatments, the member shall, whenever possible and practicable, provide the Department with no less than 30-days' notice of the impending absence.

Upon return to work, members are responsible for ensuring their time off was appropriately accounted for, and for completing and submitting the required documentation describing the type of time off used and the specific amount of time taken.

### 1007.4 EXTENDED ABSENCE

Members absent from duty for more than three consecutive days may be required to furnish a statement from a health care provider supporting the need to be absent and/or the ability to return



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to work. Members on an extended absence shall, if possible, contact their supervisor at specified intervals to provide an update on their absence and expected date of return.

Nothing in this section precludes a supervisor from requiring, with cause, a health care provider's statement for an absence of three or fewer days.

#### **1007.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of supervisors include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Monitoring and regularly reviewing the attendance of those under their command to ensure that the use of sick leave and absences is consistent with this policy.
- (b) Attempting to determine whether an absence of four or more days may qualify as family medical leave and consulting with legal counsel or the Human Resources as appropriate.
- (c) Addressing absences and sick leave use in the member's performance evaluation when excessive or unusual use has:
  - 1. Negatively affected the member's performance or ability to complete assigned duties.
  - 2. Negatively affected department operations.
- (d) When appropriate, counseling members regarding excessive absences and/or inappropriate use of sick leave.
- (e) Referring eligible members to an available employee assistance program when appropriate.

# Communicable Diseases

## 1008.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides general guidelines to assist in minimizing the risk of department members contracting and/or spreading communicable diseases.

### 1008.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Communicable disease** - A human disease caused by microorganisms that are present in and transmissible through human blood, bodily fluid, or tissue, or by breathing or coughing. These diseases commonly include but are not limited to hepatitis B virus (HBV), HIV, and tuberculosis.

**Exposure** - When an eye, mouth, mucous membrane, or non-intact skin comes into contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials, or when these substances are injected or infused under the skin; when an individual is exposed to a person who has a disease that can be passed through the air by talking, sneezing, or coughing (i.e., tuberculosis), or the individual is in an area that was occupied by such a person. Exposure only includes those instances that occur due to a member's position at the Federalsburg Police Department. (See the exposure control plan for further details to assist in identifying whether an exposure has occurred.)

## 1008.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department is committed to providing a safe work environment for its members. Members should be aware that they are ultimately responsible for their own health and safety.

## 1008.3 EXPOSURE CONTROL OFFICER

The Chief of Police will assign a person as the Exposure Control Officer (ECO). The ECO shall develop an exposure control plan that includes:

- (a) Exposure prevention and decontamination procedures.
- (b) Procedures for when and how to obtain medical attention in the event of an exposure or suspected exposure.
- (c) The provision that department members will have no-cost access to the personal protective equipment (PPE) (e. g., gloves, face masks, eye protection, pocket masks) that is appropriate for each member's position and risk of exposure.
- (d) Evaluation of persons in custody for any exposure risk and measures to separate them.
- (e) Compliance with all relevant laws or regulations related to communicable diseases, including:
  1. Communicable disease prevention (Md. Code HG § 18-102).

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2. Responding to a notification that an officer has been exposed to a contagious disease or virus (Md. Code HG § 18-213; Md. Code HG § 18-213.2; COMAR 10.35.01.17).
3. Responding to requests and notifications regarding exposures covered under the Ryan White law (42 USC § 300ff-133; 42 USC § 300ff-136).
4. HIV testing ordered by an infectious disease/communicable disease officer of a hospital (Md. Code HG § 18-338.3; COMAR 10.18.08.12).
5. Bloodborne pathogen standards in 29 CFR 1910.1030 (Md. Code LE § 5-308.1).
6. Providing protection and testing during a catastrophic health emergency as required by the Maryland Essential Workers' Protection Act (Md. Code LE § 3-1601 et seq.).

The ECO should also act as the liaison with Maryland Occupational Safety and Health (MOSH) and may request voluntary compliance inspections. The ECO should periodically review and update the exposure control plan and review implementation of the plan.

#### **1008.4 EXPOSURE PREVENTION AND MITIGATION**

##### 1008.4.1 GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

All members are expected to use good judgment and follow training and procedures related to mitigating the risks associated with communicable disease. This includes but is not limited to:

- (a) Stocking disposable gloves, antiseptic hand cleanser, CPR masks, and other specialized equipment in the work area or department vehicle, as applicable.
- (b) Wearing department-approved disposable gloves when contact with blood, other potentially infectious materials, mucous membranes, and non-intact skin can be reasonably anticipated.
- (c) Washing hands immediately or as soon as feasible after removal of gloves or other PPE.
- (d) Treating all human blood and bodily fluids/tissue as if it is known to be infectious for a communicable disease.
- (e) Using an appropriate barrier device when providing CPR.
- (f) Using a face mask or shield if it is reasonable to anticipate an exposure to an airborne transmissible disease.
- (g) Decontaminating non-disposable equipment (e.g., flashlight, control devices, clothing, portable radio) as soon as possible if the equipment is a potential source of exposure.
  1. Clothing that has been contaminated by blood or other potentially infectious materials shall be removed immediately or as soon as feasible and stored/decontaminated appropriately.
- (h) Handling all sharps and items that cut or puncture (e.g., needles, broken glass, razors, knives) cautiously and using puncture-resistant containers for their storage and/or transportation.

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- (i) Avoiding eating, drinking, or smoking, applying cosmetics or lip balm, or handling contact lenses where there is a reasonable likelihood of exposure.
- (j) Disposing of biohazardous waste appropriately or labeling biohazardous material properly when it is stored.

#### 1008.4.2 IMMUNIZATIONS

Members who could be exposed to HBV due to their positions may receive the HBV vaccine and any routine booster at no cost.

### **1008.5 POST EXPOSURE**

#### 1008.5.1 INITIAL POST-EXPOSURE STEPS

Members who experience an exposure or suspected exposure shall:

- (a) Begin decontamination procedures immediately (e.g., wash hands and any other skin with soap and water, flush mucous membranes with water).
- (b) Obtain medical attention as appropriate.
- (c) Notify a supervisor as soon as practicable.

#### 1008.5.2 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The supervisor on-duty shall investigate every exposure or suspected exposure that occurs as soon as possible following the incident. The supervisor shall ensure the following information is documented:

- (a) Name of the member exposed
- (b) Date and time of incident
- (c) Location of incident
- (d) Potentially infectious materials involved and the source of exposure (e.g., identification of the person who may have been the source)
- (e) Work being done during exposure
- (f) How the incident occurred or was caused
- (g) PPE in use at the time of the incident
- (h) Actions taken post-event (e.g., cleanup, notifications)

The supervisor shall advise the member that disclosing the identity and/or infectious status of a source to the public or to anyone who is not involved in the follow-up process is prohibited. The supervisor should complete the incident documentation in conjunction with other reporting requirements that may apply (see the Work-Related Injury and Illness Reporting and Workplace Safety and Health policies).

#### 1008.5.3 MEDICAL CONSULTATION, EVALUATION AND TREATMENT

Department members shall have the opportunity to have a confidential medical evaluation immediately after an exposure and follow-up evaluations as necessary. The ECO should request

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a written opinion/evaluation from the treating medical professional that contains only the following information:

- (a) Whether the member has been informed of the results of the evaluation.
- (b) Whether the member has been notified of any medical conditions resulting from exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials which require further evaluation or treatment.

No other information should be requested or accepted by the ECO.

#### 1008.5.4 COUNSELING

The Department shall provide the member, and his/her family if necessary, the opportunity for counseling and consultation regarding the exposure.

#### 1008.5.5 SOURCE TESTING

Testing a person for communicable diseases when that person was the source of an exposure should be done when it is desired by the exposed member or when it is otherwise appropriate. Source testing is the responsibility of the ECO. If the ECO is unavailable to seek timely testing of the source, it is the responsibility of the exposed member's supervisor to ensure testing is sought.

Source testing may be achieved by:

- (a) Obtaining consent from the individual.
- (b) Seeking testing through the procedures in the Md. Code HG § 18-338.3 and COMAR 10.18.08.12.
- (c) Seeking testing through the procedures in Md. Code CP § 11-107 et seq. and COMAR 10.52.10.01 et seq.

Since there is the potential for overlap between the different manners in which source testing may occur, the ECO is responsible for coordinating the testing to prevent unnecessary or duplicate testing.

The ECO should seek the consent of the individual for testing and consult the Town Attorney to discuss other options when no statute exists for compelling the source of an exposure to undergo testing if he/she refuses.

#### 1008.6 CONFIDENTIALITY OF REPORTS

Medical information shall remain in confidential files and shall not be disclosed to anyone without the member's written consent (except as required by law). Test results from persons who may have been the source of an exposure are to be kept confidential as well.

#### 1008.7 TRAINING

All members shall participate in training regarding communicable diseases commensurate with the requirements of their position. The training:

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- (a) Should be provided at the time of initial assignment to tasks where an occupational exposure may take place and at least annually after the initial training.
- (b) Should be provided whenever the member is assigned new tasks or procedures affecting his/her potential exposure to communicable disease.
- (c) Should provide guidance on what constitutes an exposure, what steps can be taken to avoid an exposure and what steps should be taken if a suspected exposure occurs.

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## Smoking and Tobacco Use

### 1009.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes limitations on smoking and the use of tobacco products by members and others while on-duty or while in Federalsburg Police Department facilities or vehicles.

For the purpose of this policy, smoking and tobacco use includes, but is not limited to, any tobacco product, such as cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco, snuff, tobacco pouches and chewing tobacco, as well as any device that is intended to simulate smoking, such as an electronic cigarette or personal vaporizer.

### 1009.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department recognizes that tobacco use is a health risk and can be offensive to others. Smoking and tobacco use also presents an unprofessional image for the Department and its members. Therefore smoking and tobacco use is prohibited by members and visitors in all department facilities, buildings and vehicles, and as further outlined in this policy (Md. Code HG § 24-504; COMAR 04.05.01.03F).

### 1009.3 SMOKING AND TOBACCO USE

Smoking and tobacco use by members is prohibited any time members are in public view representing the Federalsburg Police Department.

It shall be the responsibility of each member to ensure that no person under his/her supervision smokes or uses any tobacco product inside Town facilities and vehicles.

### 1009.4 ADDITIONAL PROHIBITIONS

A “NO SMOKING” sign that conforms to the requirements of COMAR 10.19.04.06E shall be conspicuously displayed at every public entrance to an indoor area that is open to the public and at every public entrance to an indoor area that is open to the public where smoking is prohibited (COMAR 10.19.04.06).

A sign stating “Smoking in This Elevator Is Illegal and Subject to a Penalty Not to Exceed \$25.00” shall be posted in any elevator that is available to the public (Md. Code HG § 24-212(a)).

## Personnel Complaints

### 1010.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the reporting, investigation, and disposition of complaints regarding the conduct of members of the Federalsburg Police Department. This policy shall not apply to any questioning, counseling, instruction, informal verbal admonishment, or other routine or unplanned contact of a member in the normal course of duty, by a supervisor or any other member, nor shall this policy apply to a criminal investigation.

### 1010.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department takes seriously all complaints regarding the service provided by the Department and the conduct of its members.

The Department will accept and address all complaints of misconduct in accordance with this policy and applicable federal, state and local laws; municipal and county rules; and the requirements of any collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding.

It is also the policy of this department to ensure that the community can report misconduct without concern for reprisal or retaliation.

### 1010.3 PERSONNEL COMPLAINTS

Personnel complaints include any allegation of misconduct or improper job performance that, if true, would constitute a violation of department policy, or of federal, state or local law, policy or rule. Personnel complaints may be generated internally or by the public.

Inquiries about conduct or performance that, if true, would not violate department policy, federal, state or local law, policy or rule may be handled informally by a supervisor and shall not be considered a personnel complaint. Such inquiries generally include clarification regarding policy, procedures or the response to specific incidents by the Department.

#### 1010.3.1 COMPLAINT CLASSIFICATIONS

Personnel complaints shall be classified in one of the following categories:

**Informal** - A matter in which the Shift Supervisor is satisfied that appropriate action has been taken by a supervisor of rank greater than the accused member.

**Formal** - A matter in which a supervisor determines that further action is warranted. Such complaints may be investigated by a supervisor of rank greater than the accused member or referred to the Chief, depending on the seriousness and complexity of the investigation.

**Incomplete** - A matter in which the complaining party either refuses to cooperate or becomes unavailable after diligent follow-up investigation. At the discretion of the assigned supervisor or the Chief, such matters may be further investigated depending on the seriousness of the complaint and the availability of sufficient information.



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##### 1010.3.2 SOURCES OF COMPLAINTS

The following applies to the source of complaints:

- (a) Individuals from the public may make complaints in any form, including in writing, by email, in person or by telephone.
- (b) Any department member becoming aware of alleged misconduct shall immediately notify a supervisor.
- (c) Supervisors shall initiate a complaint based upon observed misconduct or receipt from any source alleging misconduct that, if true, could result in disciplinary action.
- (d) Anonymous and third-party complaints should be accepted and investigated to the extent that sufficient information is provided.
- (e) Tort claims and lawsuits may generate a personnel complaint.

##### **1010.4 AVAILABILITY AND ACCEPTANCE OF COMPLAINTS**

###### 1010.4.1 COMPLAINT FORMS

Personnel complaint forms will be maintained in a clearly visible location in the public area of the police facility and be accessible through the department website (Md. Code PS § 3-515). Forms may also be available at other Town facilities.

Personnel complaint forms in languages other than English may also be provided, as determined necessary or practicable.

###### 1010.4.2 ACCEPTANCE

All complaints will be courteously accepted by any department member and promptly given to the appropriate supervisor. Although written complaints are preferred, a complaint may also be filed orally, either in person or by telephone. Such complaints will be directed to a supervisor. If a supervisor is not immediately available to take an oral complaint, the receiving member shall obtain contact information sufficient for the supervisor to contact the complainant. The supervisor, upon contact with the complainant, shall complete and submit a complaint form as appropriate.

Although not required, complainants should be encouraged to file complaints in person so that proper identification, signatures, photographs or physical evidence may be obtained as necessary.

##### **1010.5 DOCUMENTATION**

Supervisors shall ensure that all formal and informal complaints are documented on a complaint form. The supervisor shall ensure that the nature of the complaint is defined as clearly as possible.

All complaints and inquiries should also be documented in a log that records and tracks complaints. The log shall include the nature of the complaint and the actions taken to address the complaint. On an annual basis, the Department should audit the log and send an audit report to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

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##### 1010.5.1 COMPLAINTS ALLEGING OFFICER MISCONDUCT

A complaint that alleges a pattern, practice, or conduct by an officer that includes the deprivation of constitutional rights, a violation of criminal law, or a violation of department standards or policy should include (Md. Code PS § 3-103):

- (a) The name of the officer.
- (b) A description of the alleged facts leading to the complaint.
- (c) Contact information of the person making the complaint.
- (d) Any other information required by law.

##### 1010.6 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATIONS

Allegations of misconduct will be administratively investigated as follows.

###### 1010.6.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

In general, the primary responsibility for the investigation of a personnel complaint shall rest with the member's immediate supervisor, unless the supervisor is the complainant, or the supervisor is the ultimate decision-maker regarding disciplinary action or has any personal involvement regarding the alleged misconduct. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee may direct that another supervisor investigate any complaint.

A supervisor who becomes aware of alleged misconduct shall take reasonable steps to prevent aggravation of the situation.

The responsibilities of supervisors include but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring that upon receiving or initiating any formal complaint, a complaint form is completed.
  - 1. The original complaint form will be directed to the Shift Supervisor of the accused member, via the chain of command, who will take appropriate action and/or determine who will have responsibility for the investigation.
  - 2. In circumstances where the integrity of the investigation could be jeopardized by reducing the complaint to writing or where the confidentiality of a complainant is at issue, a supervisor shall orally report the matter to the member's Sgt. or the Chief of Police, who will initiate appropriate action.
- (b) Responding to all complainants in a courteous and professional manner.
- (c) Resolving those personnel complaints that can be resolved immediately.
  - 1. Follow-up contact with the complainant should be made within 24 hours of the Department receiving the complaint.
  - 2. If the matter is resolved and no further action is required, the supervisor will note the resolution on a complaint form and forward the form to the Shift Supervisor.
- (d) Ensuring that upon receipt of a complaint involving allegations of a potentially serious nature, the Shift Supervisor and the Chief of Police are notified via the chain of command as soon as practicable.

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- (e) Promptly contacting the Human Resources and the Shift Supervisor for direction regarding the supervisor's role in addressing a complaint that relates to sexual, racial, ethnic, or other forms of prohibited harassment or discrimination.
- (f) Forwarding unresolved personnel complaints to the Shift Supervisor, who will determine whether to contact the complainant or assign the complaint for investigation.
- (g) Informing the complainant of the investigator's name and the complaint number within three days after assignment.
- (h) Investigating a complaint as follows:
  - 1. Making reasonable efforts to obtain names, addresses, and telephone numbers of witnesses.
  - 2. When appropriate, ensuring immediate medical attention is provided and photographs of alleged injuries and accessible uninjured areas are taken.
- (i) Ensuring that the procedural rights of the accused member are followed.
- (j) Ensuring interviews of the complainant are generally conducted during reasonable hours.

#### 1010.6.2 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

Whether conducted by a supervisor or a member of the Chief, the following applies to employees:

- (a) Interviews of an accused employee shall be conducted during reasonable hours and preferably when the employee is on-duty. If the employee is off-duty, the employee shall be compensated.
- (b) Unless waived by the employee, interviews of an accused employee shall be at the Federalsburg Police Department or other reasonable and appropriate place.
- (c) No more than two interviewers should ask questions of an accused employee.
- (d) Prior to any interview, the employee should be informed in writing of the nature of the investigation.
- (e) All interviews should be for a reasonable period, and the employee's personal needs should be accommodated.
- (f) No employee should be subjected to offensive or threatening language, nor shall any promises, rewards, or other inducements be used to obtain answers.
- (g) Any employee refusing to answer questions directly related to the investigation may be ordered to answer questions administratively and may be subject to discipline for failing to do so.
  - 1. An employee should be given an order to answer questions in an administrative investigation that might incriminate the employee in a criminal matter only after the employee has been given a *Garrity* advisement. Administrative investigators should consider the impact that compelling a statement from the employee may have on any related criminal investigation and should take reasonable steps to avoid creating any foreseeable conflicts between the two related

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investigations. This may include conferring with the person in charge of the criminal investigation (e.g., discussion of processes, timing, implications).

2. No information or evidence administratively coerced from an employee may be provided to anyone involved in conducting the criminal investigation or to any prosecutor.
- (h) The interviewer should record all interviews of employees and witnesses. The employee may also record the interview. If the employee has been previously interviewed, a copy of that recorded interview may be provided to the employee prior to any subsequent interview.
  - (i) All employees subjected to interviews that could result in discipline have the right to have an uninvolved representative present during the interview. However, to maintain the integrity of each individual's statement, involved employees shall not consult or meet with a representative or attorney collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed.
  - (j) All employees shall provide complete and truthful responses to questions posed during interviews.
  - (k) No employee should be compelled to submit to a polygraph examination, nor should any refusal to submit to such examination be mentioned in any investigation (Md. Code PS § 3-107).

#### 1010.6.3 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION FORMAT

Formal investigations of personnel complaints shall be thorough, complete and essentially follow this format:

**Introduction** - Include the identity of the members, the identity of the assigned investigators, the initial date and source of the complaint.

**Synopsis** - Provide a brief summary of the facts giving rise to the investigation.

**Summary** - List the allegations separately, including applicable policy sections, with a brief summary of the evidence relevant to each allegation. A separate recommended finding should be provided for each allegation.

**Evidence** - Each allegation should be set forth with the details of the evidence applicable to each allegation provided, including comprehensive summaries of member and witness statements. Other evidence related to each allegation should also be detailed in this section.

**Conclusion** - A recommendation regarding further action or disposition should be provided.

**Exhibits** - A separate list of exhibits (e.g., recordings, photos, documents) should be attached to the report.

#### 1010.6.4 DISPOSITIONS

Each personnel complaint shall be classified with one of the following dispositions:

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**Unfounded** - When the investigation discloses that the alleged acts did not occur or did not involve department members. Complaints that are determined to be frivolous will fall within the classification of unfounded.

**Exonerated** - When the investigation discloses that the alleged act occurred but that the act was justified, lawful and/or proper.

**Not sustained** - When the investigation discloses that there is insufficient evidence to sustain the complaint or fully exonerate the member.

**Sustained** - When the investigation discloses sufficient evidence to establish that the act occurred and that it constituted misconduct.

If an investigation discloses misconduct or improper job performance that was not alleged in the original complaint, the investigator shall take appropriate action with regard to any additional allegations.

#### 1010.6.5 COMPLETION OF INVESTIGATIONS

Every investigator or supervisor assigned to investigate a personnel complaint or other alleged misconduct shall proceed with due diligence in an effort to complete the investigation within one year from the date of discovery by an individual authorized to initiate an investigation.

A complaint of officer misconduct (as defined in Md. Code PS § 3-101) made by a member of the public is subject to immediate review and completion within a sufficient amount of time so that any disposition by the appropriate administrative charging committee can be accomplished within the obligated statutory timeframe (Md. Code PS § 3-113).

#### 1010.6.6 NOTICE TO COMPLAINANT OF INVESTIGATION STATUS

The member conducting the investigation should provide the complainant with periodic updates on the status of the investigation, as appropriate.

#### 1010.6.7 NOTICE RELATED TO OFFICER MISCONDUCT

The crime victim liaison should serve as the department's contact for the public in complaints related to officer misconduct covered by Md. Code PS § 3-101 et seq. and should (Md. Code PS § 3-108):

- (a) Explain to a complainant the various processes involved and any decisions made, including status updates through each stage.
- (b) Provide a complainant with an opportunity to review an officer's statement before completion of the department's investigation, with any redactions of protected information that may be required by law.
- (c) Provide any other support required by law.

The Department should create and maintain a database that enables a complainant to enter their case number to follow the status of the case throughout each stage, and the crime victim liaison should make sure that a complainant is provided information with how to access this database (Md. Code PS § 3-108).

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##### **1010.7 ADMINISTRATIVE SEARCHES**

Assigned lockers, storage spaces and other areas, including desks, offices and vehicles, may be searched as part of an administrative investigation upon a reasonable suspicion of misconduct.

Such areas may also be searched any time by a supervisor for non-investigative purposes, such as obtaining a needed report, radio or other document or equipment.

##### **1010.8 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION**

Where a member is accused of potential criminal conduct, a separate supervisor or investigator shall be assigned to investigate the criminal allegations apart from any administrative investigation. Any separate administrative investigation may parallel a criminal investigation.

The Chief of Police shall be notified as soon as practicable when a member is accused of criminal conduct. The Chief of Police may request a criminal investigation by an outside law enforcement agency.

A member accused of criminal conduct shall be provided with all rights afforded to a civilian. The member should not be administratively ordered to provide any information in the criminal investigation.

The Chief of Police may release information concerning the arrest or detention of any member, including an officer, that has not led to a conviction. No disciplinary action should be taken until an independent administrative investigation is conducted.

##### **1010.9 POST-ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES**

Upon completion of a formal investigation, an investigation report should be forwarded to the Chief of Police through the chain of command. Each level of command should review the report and include their comments in writing before forwarding the report. The Chief of Police may accept or modify any classification or recommendation for disciplinary action.

###### **1010.9.1 SGT. RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon receipt of any completed personnel investigation, the Sgt. of the involved member shall review the entire investigative file, the member's personnel file, and any other relevant materials.

The Sgt. may make recommendations regarding the disposition of any allegations and the amount of discipline, if any, to be imposed.

Prior to forwarding recommendations to the Chief of Police, the Sgt. may return the entire investigation to the assigned investigator or supervisor for further investigation or action.

When forwarding any written recommendation to the Chief of Police, the Sgt. shall include all relevant materials supporting the recommendation. Actual copies of a member's existing personnel file need not be provided and may be incorporated by reference.

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##### 1010.9.2 CHIEF OF POLICE RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon receipt of any written recommendation for disciplinary action, the Chief of Police shall review the recommendation and all accompanying materials. The Chief of Police may modify any recommendation and/or may return the file to the Sgt. for further investigation or action.

Once the Chief of Police is satisfied that no further investigation or action is required by staff, the Chief of Police shall determine the amount of discipline, if any, that should be imposed. In the event disciplinary action is proposed, the Chief of Police shall provide the member with a written notice and the following:

- (a) Access to all the materials considered by the Chief of Police in recommending the proposed discipline.
- (b) An opportunity to respond orally or in writing to the Chief of Police within five days of receiving the notice.
  - 1. Upon a showing of good cause by the member, the Chief of Police may grant a reasonable extension of time for the member to respond.
  - 2. If the member elects to respond orally, the presentation shall be recorded by the Department. Upon request, the member shall be provided with a copy of the recording.

Once the member has completed the member's response, or if the member has elected to waive any such response, the Chief of Police shall consider all information received in regard to the recommended discipline. The Chief of Police shall render a timely written decision to the member and specify the grounds and reasons for discipline and the effective date of the discipline. Once the Chief of Police has issued a written decision, the discipline shall become effective. Discipline for officers shall be in compliance with the uniform state disciplinary matrix adopted by the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC) (Md. Code PS § 3-105).

##### 1010.9.3 HEARING BY TRIAL BOARD

If an officer refuses the Chief of Police's offer of discipline following an administrative charging committee's charge, the matter should be referred to a trial board for a hearing as provided by Md. Code PS § 3-106 and any related regulations. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should establish a trial board process consistent with state law that will govern these proceedings (Md. Code PS § 3-106). At least 30 days before any trial board proceeding begins, the officer should be (Md. Code PS § 3-105):

- (a) Provided with a copy of the investigatory record.
- (b) Notified of the charges against the officer.
- (c) Notified of the discipline being recommended.

Once the decision from the trial board is final, the Chief of Police should proceed to conclude the matter in accordance with its recommendations.

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##### 1010.9.4 NOTICE OF FINAL DISPOSITION TO THE COMPLAINANT

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should ensure that the complainant is notified of the disposition (i.e., sustained, not sustained, exonerated, unfounded) of the complaint.

##### 1010.9.5 NOTICE REQUIREMENTS

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall provide any notifications required by the uniform citizen complaint process developed by the MPTSC (Md. Code PS § 3-207).

For complaints related to officer misconduct covered by Md. Code PS § 3-101 et seq., the crime victim liaison should provide a case summary to the complainant within 30 days after the final disposition of the complaint, with any redactions of protected information that may be required by law (Md. Code PS § 3-108).

##### 1010.9.6 ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGING COMMITTEE

For complaints alleging a pattern, practice, or conduct by an officer that includes the deprivation of constitutional rights, a violation of criminal law, or a violation of department standards or policy involving a member of the public, before the determination or imposition of any discipline, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee should forward the investigatory files to the appropriate Administrative Charging Committee, with any redactions of protected information that may be required by law (Md. Code PS § 3-101; Md. Code PS § 3-104). All such submissions to the Administrative Charging Committee may include certain written recommendations from the Chief of Police and should be made within the timeframe established by law (COMAR 12.04.09.06).

If the Administrative Charging Committee issues an administrative charge against an officer, within 15 days thereafter, the Chief of Police should offer that officer discipline that is consistent with the uniform state disciplinary matrix, but in no case less than the discipline recommended by the Administrative Charging Committee (Md. Code PS § 3-105).

#### **1010.10 PRE-DISCIPLINE EMPLOYEE RESPONSE**

Employees not covered by Md. Code PS § 3-101 et seq. will be given a pre-discipline meeting with the Chief of Police.

The pre-discipline process is intended to provide the accused employee with an opportunity to present a written or oral response to the Chief of Police after having had an opportunity to review the supporting materials and prior to imposition of any recommended discipline. The employee shall consider the following:

- (a) The response is not intended to be an adversarial or formal hearing.
- (b) Although the employee may be represented by an uninvolved representative or legal counsel, the response is not designed to accommodate the presentation of testimony or witnesses.
- (c) The employee may suggest that further investigation be conducted or may offer any additional information or mitigating factors for the Chief of Police to consider.
- (d) In the event that the Chief of Police elects to conduct further investigation, the employee shall be provided with the results prior to the imposition of any discipline.



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- (e) The employee may thereafter have the opportunity to further respond orally or in writing to the Chief of Police on the limited issues of information raised in any subsequent materials.

#### **1010.11 RESIGNATIONS/RETIREMENTS PRIOR TO DISCIPLINE**

In the event that a member tenders a written resignation or notice of retirement prior to the imposition of discipline, it shall be noted in the file. The tender of a resignation or retirement by itself shall not serve as grounds for the termination of any pending investigation or discipline.

Notice that a licensed member separated shall be sent to the MPTSC within 30 days of member's change in employment status (COMAR 12.04.01.02).

#### **1010.12 POST-DISCIPLINE APPEAL RIGHTS**

Non-probationary employees have the right to appeal a suspension without pay, punitive transfer, demotion, reduction in pay or step, or termination from employment. The employee has the right to appeal using the procedures established by an employment agreement or other rules.

In the event of punitive action against an officer under Md. Code PS § 3-101 et seq., the appeal process shall be as provided in Md. Code PS § 3-109.

#### **1010.13 PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEES AND OTHER MEMBERS**

At-will and probationary employees and members other than non-probationary employees or officers under Md. Code PS § 3-101 et seq. may be disciplined and/or released from employment without adherence to any of the procedures set out in this policy, and without notice or cause at any time. These individuals are not entitled to any rights under this policy. However, any of these individuals released for misconduct should be afforded an opportunity solely to clear their name through a liberty interest hearing, which shall be limited to a single appearance before the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

Any probationary period may be extended at the discretion of the Chief of Police in cases where the individual has been absent for more than a week or when additional time to review the individual is considered to be appropriate.

#### **1010.14 RETENTION OF PERSONNEL INVESTIGATION FILES**

All personnel complaints shall be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule and as described in the Personnel Records Policy.

#### **1010.15 ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE**

When a complaint of misconduct is of a serious nature, or when circumstances indicate that allowing the accused to continue to work would adversely affect the mission of the Department, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee may temporarily assign an accused employee to administrative leave. Any employee placed on administrative leave:

- (a) May be required to relinquish any department badge, identification, assigned weapons, and any other department equipment.

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- (b) Shall be required to continue to comply with all policies and lawful orders of a supervisor.
- (c) May be temporarily reassigned to a different shift, generally a normal business-hours shift, during the investigation. The employee may be required to remain available for contact at all times during such shift and will report as ordered.

#### 1010.15.1 EMERGENCY SUSPENSION

For complaints against officers covered by Md. Code PS § 3-101 et seq., administrative leave may only be imposed as provided by Md. Code PS § 3-107, which addresses when pay and law enforcement authority may be suspended and which limits suspensions to considerations of the public's best interest and a period of 30 days if the suspension is without pay.

## Seat Belts

### 1011.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for the use of seat belts and child restraints. This policy will apply to all members operating or riding in department vehicles.

#### 1011.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Child restraint system** - An infant or child passenger restraint system that meets Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS) and Regulations set forth in 49 CFR 571.213 (Md. Code TR § 22-412.2).

### 1011.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that members use safety and child restraint systems to reduce the possibility of death or injury in a motor vehicle accident.

### 1011.3 WEARING OF SAFETY RESTRAINTS

All members shall wear properly adjusted safety restraints when operating or riding in a seat equipped with restraints, in any vehicle owned, leased or rented by this department while on- or off-duty, or in any privately owned vehicle while on-duty. The member driving such a vehicle shall ensure that all other occupants, including those who are not members of the Department, are properly restrained.

Exceptions to the requirement to wear safety restraints may be made only in exceptional situations where, due to unusual circumstances, wearing a seat belt would endanger the department member or the public. Members must be prepared to justify any deviation from this requirement.

### 1011.4 TRANSPORTING CHILDREN

Child passengers under 8 years old and under 4 feet 9 inches tall shall be transported using an approved child restraint system in compliance with Md. Code TR § 22-412.2(d).

Child passengers under 16 years old shall be transported in an approved child restraint system or with a seat belt in compliance with Md. Code TR § 22-412.2(e).

A child safety seat or seat belt may not be used to restrain, seat or position more than one individual at a time (Md. Code TR § 22-412.2(g)).

Rear seat passengers in a cage-equipped vehicle may have reduced clearance, which requires careful seating and positioning of seat belts. Due to this reduced clearance, and if permitted by law, children and any child restraint system may be secured in the front seat of such vehicles provided this positioning meets federal safety standards and the vehicle and child restraint system manufacturer's design and use recommendations. In the event that a child is transported in the front seat of a vehicle, the seat should be pushed back as far as possible and the passenger-side airbag should be deactivated. If this is not possible, members should arrange alternate transportation when feasible.

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### **1011.5 TRANSPORTING SUSPECTS, PRISONERS OR ARRESTEES**

Suspects, prisoners and arrestees should be in a seated position and secured in the rear seat of any department vehicle with a prisoner restraint system or, when a prisoner restraint system is not available, by seat belts provided by the vehicle manufacturer. The prisoner restraint system is not intended to be a substitute for handcuffs or other appendage restraints.

Prisoners in leg restraints shall be transported in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy.

### **1011.6 INOPERABLE SEAT BELTS**

Department vehicles shall not be operated when the seat belt in the driver's position is inoperable. Persons shall not be transported in a seat in which the seat belt is inoperable.

Department vehicle seat belts shall not be modified, removed, deactivated or altered in any way, except by the vehicle maintenance and repair staff, who shall do so only with the express authorization of the Chief of Police.

Members who discover an inoperable restraint system shall report the defect to the appropriate supervisor. Prompt action will be taken to replace or repair the system.

### **1011.7 VEHICLES MANUFACTURED WITHOUT SEAT BELTS**

Vehicles manufactured and certified for use without seat belts or other restraint systems are subject to the manufacturer's operator requirements for safe use.

### **1011.8 VEHICLE AIRBAGS**

In all vehicles equipped with airbag restraint systems, the system will not be tampered with or deactivated, except when transporting children as written elsewhere in this policy. All equipment installed in vehicles equipped with airbags will be installed as per the vehicle manufacturer specifications to avoid the danger of interfering with the effective deployment of the airbag device.

## Body Armor

### 1012.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the proper issuance, use, care and maintenance of body armor.

### 1012.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to maximize officer safety through the use of body armor, in combination with prescribed safety procedures. While body armor provides a significant level of protection, it is not a substitute for the observance of officer safety procedures.

### 1012.3 ISSUANCE

The Administration shall ensure that body armor is issued to all officers and that, when issued, the body armor meets or exceeds the standards of the U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice.

Body armor shall be issued when an officer begins service at the Federalsburg Police Department and shall be replaced when it becomes worn or damaged to the point that its effectiveness or functionality has been compromised.

The Chief of Police may authorize issuance of body armor to uniformed, non-sworn members whose jobs may make wearing of body armor advisable.

#### 1012.3.1 USE

Generally, the required use of body armor is subject to the following:

- (a) Members shall only wear department-approved body armor.
- (b) Members shall wear body armor any time they are in a situation where they could reasonably be expected to take enforcement action.
- (c) Members shall wear body armor when working in uniform or taking part in department range training.
- (d) Members are not required to wear body armor when they are functioning primarily in an administrative or support capacity and would not reasonably be expected to take enforcement action.
- (e) Officers may be excused from wearing body armor when they are involved in undercover or plainclothes work that a supervisor determines could be compromised by wearing body armor, or when a supervisor determines that other circumstances make it inappropriate to mandate wearing body armor.
  1. In those instances when body armor is not worn, officers should have reasonable access to their body armor.

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##### 1012.3.2 INSPECTION

Supervisors should ensure through routine observation and periodic documented inspections that body armor is worn and maintained in accordance with this policy.

Annual inspections of body armor should be conducted by a person trained to perform the inspection for fit, cleanliness and signs of damage, abuse and wear.

##### 1012.3.3 CARE AND MAINTENANCE

The required care and maintenance of body armor is subject to the following:

- (a) Members are responsible for inspecting their body armor for signs of damage, wear and cleanliness at the start of each shift.
  - 1. Unserviceable body armor shall be reported to the supervisor.
- (b) Members are responsible for the proper storage of their body armor.
  - 1. Body armor should not be stored for an extended period of time in an area where environmental conditions (e.g., temperature, light, humidity) could potentially degrade its effectiveness.
- (c) Members are responsible for the care and cleaning of their body armor pursuant to the manufacturer's care instructions.
  - 1. Body armor should not be exposed to any cleaning agents or methods not specifically recommended by the manufacturer.
  - 2. Failure to follow manufacturer's care instructions may damage the ballistic performance capabilities of the body armor. If care instructions for the body armor cannot be located, the manufacturer should be contacted to request the instructions.
- (d) Body armor should be replaced in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended replacement schedule, or when its effectiveness or functionality has been compromised.

##### 1012.4 SARGEANT RESPONSIBILITIES

The responsibilities of the Sargeant include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Monitoring technological advances in the body armor industry for any appropriate changes to department-approved body armor.
- (b) Assessing the current level of weapons and ammunition utilized by the public and the suitability of approved body armor to protect against those threats.
- (c) Educating officers about the safety benefits of wearing body armor.

## Personnel Records

### 1013.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy governs maintenance and access to personnel records. Personnel records include any file maintained under an individual member's name.

### 1013.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this department to maintain personnel records and preserve the confidentiality of personnel records pursuant to the Constitution and the laws of Maryland.

### 1013.3 DEPARTMENT FILE

The department file shall be maintained as a record of a person's employment/appointment with this department. The department file should contain, at a minimum:

- (a) Personal data, including photographs, marital status, names of family members, educational, and employment history or similar information. A photograph of the member should be permanently retained.
- (b) Election of employee benefits.
- (c) Personnel action reports reflecting assignments, promotions, and other changes in employment/appointment status. These should be permanently retained.
- (d) Original performance evaluations. These should be permanently maintained.
- (e) Discipline records, including copies of sustained personnel complaints.
- (f) Adverse comments such as supervisor notes or memos may be retained in the department file after the member has had the opportunity to read and initial the comment (Md. Code ).
  - 1. Once a member has had an opportunity to read and initial any adverse comment, the member shall be given the opportunity to respond in writing to the adverse comment.
  - 2. Any member response shall be attached to and retained with the original adverse comment.
  - 3. If a member refuses to initial or sign an adverse comment, at least one supervisor should note the date and time of such refusal on the original comment. Such a refusal, however, shall not be deemed insubordination, nor shall it prohibit the entry of the adverse comment into the member's file.
- (g) Commendations and awards.
- (h) Any other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
- (i) Only information required to accomplish a necessary governmental purpose shall be kept on a member (Md. Code GP § 4-102).

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##### **1013.4 DIVISION FILE**

Division files may be separately maintained internally by a member's supervisor for the purpose of completing timely performance evaluations. The Division file may contain supervisor comments, notes, notices to correct, and other materials that are intended to serve as a foundation for the completion of timely performance evaluations.

##### **1013.5 TRAINING FILE**

An individual training file shall be maintained by the Training Sergeant for each member. Training files will contain records of all training, original or photocopies of available certificates, transcripts, diplomas and other documentation, education and firearms qualifications. Training records may also be created and stored remotely, either manually or automatically (e.g., Daily Training Bulletin (DTB) records).

- (a) The involved member is responsible for providing the Training Sergeant or immediate supervisor with evidence of completed training/education in a timely manner.
- (b) The Training Sergeant or supervisor shall ensure that copies of such training records are placed in the member's training file.

##### **1013.6 INTERNAL AFFAIRS FILE**

Internal affairs files shall be maintained under the exclusive control of the Chief in conjunction with the office of the Chief of Police. Access to these files may only be approved by the Chief of Police or the Chief supervisor.

These files shall contain the complete investigation of all formal complaints of member misconduct, regardless of disposition. Investigations of complaints that result in the following findings shall not be placed in the member's department file but will be maintained in the internal affairs file.

- (a) Not sustained
- (b) Unfounded
- (c) Exonerated

##### **1013.7 MEDICAL FILE**

A medical file shall be maintained separately from all other personnel records and shall contain all documents relating to the member's medical condition and history, including but not limited to:

- (a) Materials relating to a medical leave of absence, including leave under the Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA).
- (b) Documents relating to workers' compensation claims or the receipt of short- or long-term disability benefits.
- (c) Fitness-for-duty examinations, psychological and physical examinations, follow-up inquiries and related documents.
- (d) Medical release forms, doctor's slips and attendance records that reveal a member's medical condition.



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- (e) Any other documents or material that reveals the member's medical history or medical condition, including past, present or future anticipated mental, psychological or physical limitations.

#### **1013.8 SECURITY**

Personnel records should be maintained in a secured location and locked either in a cabinet or access-controlled room. Personnel records maintained in an electronic format should have adequate password protection.

Personnel records are subject to disclosure only as provided in this policy, the Records Maintenance and Release Policy or according to applicable discovery procedures (Md. Code GP § 4-311).

Nothing in this policy is intended to preclude review of personnel records by the Town Manager, Town Attorney or other attorneys or representatives of the Town in connection with official business (Md. Code GP § 4-311).

##### **1013.8.1 REQUESTS FOR DISCLOSURE**

Any member receiving a request for a personnel record shall promptly notify the Custodian of Records or other person charged with the maintenance of such records.

Upon receipt of any such request, the responsible person shall notify the affected member as soon as practicable that such a request has been made.

The responsible person shall further ensure that an appropriate response to the request is made in a timely manner, consistent with applicable law. In many cases, this may require assistance of available legal counsel.

All requests for disclosure, which result in access to a member's personnel records, shall be logged in the corresponding file.

##### **1013.8.2 RELEASE OF PERSONNEL INFORMATION**

The Department may not release personal information about a member unless allowed by law, regulation, or order (Md. Code GP § 4-311; Md. Code GP § 4-401; Md. Code GP § 4-351).

The Department may release any factual information concerning a disciplinary investigation if the member who is the subject of the investigation (or the member's representative) publicly makes a statement that is published in the media and that the member (or representative) knows to be false. The disclosure of such information, if any, shall be limited to facts that refute any such false statement.

#### **1013.9 MEMBER ACCESS TO HIS/HER OWN PERSONNEL RECORDS**

Any member may request access to his/her own personnel records during the normal business hours of those responsible for maintaining such files (Md. Code GP § 4-311).

Any member seeking the removal of any item from his/her personnel records shall file a written request to the Chief of Police through the chain of command. The Department shall remove any

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such item if appropriate, or within 30 days provide the member with a written explanation of why the contested item will not be removed. If the contested item is not removed from the file, the member's request and the written response from the Department shall be retained with the contested item in the member's corresponding personnel record.

Members may be restricted from accessing files containing any of the following information:

- (a) An ongoing internal affairs investigation to the extent that it could jeopardize or compromise the investigation pending final disposition or notice to the member of the intent to discipline.
- (b) Confidential portions of internal affairs files that have not been sustained against the member.
- (c) Criminal investigations involving the member.
- (d) Letters of reference concerning employment/appointment, licensing or issuance of permits regarding the member.
- (e) Any portion of a test document, except the cumulative total test score for either a section of the test document or for the entire test document.
- (f) Materials used by the Department for staff management planning, including judgments or recommendations concerning future salary increases and other wage treatments, management bonus plans, promotions and job assignments or other comments or ratings used for department planning purposes.
- (g) Information of a personal nature about a person other than the member if disclosure of the information would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of the other person's privacy.
- (h) Records relevant to any other pending claim between the Department and the member that may be discovered in a judicial proceeding.

#### **1013.10 RETENTION AND PURGING**

Unless provided otherwise in this policy, personnel records shall be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule (Md. Code SG § 10-615).

- (a) During the preparation of each member's performance evaluation, all personnel complaints and disciplinary actions should be reviewed to determine the relevancy, if any, to progressive discipline, training and career development. Each supervisor responsible for completing the member's performance evaluation should determine whether any prior sustained disciplinary file should be retained beyond the required period for reasons other than pending litigation or other ongoing legal proceedings.
- (b) If a supervisor determines that records of prior discipline should be retained beyond the required period, approval for such retention should be obtained through the chain of command from the Chief of Police.

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- (c) If, in the opinion of the Chief of Police, a personnel complaint or disciplinary action maintained beyond the required retention period is no longer relevant, all records of such matter may be destroyed in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### 1013.10.1 RECORDS RELATED TO OFFICER MISCONDUCT

A record relating to an administrative or criminal investigation of misconduct by an officer, including an internal affairs investigatory record, a hearing record, and records relating to a disciplinary decision, may not be expunged or destroyed (Md. Code PS § 3-112).

## Request for Change of Assignment

### 1014.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for department members to request a change of assignment in response to an announced vacancy.

### 1014.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department that all requests for change of assignment be considered in an equitable and nondiscriminatory manner.

### 1014.3 REQUEST FOR CHANGE OF ASSIGNMENT

Members requesting a change of assignment shall submit a request document through the chain of command to their Sgt.s. In the case of patrol officers, the chain of command must include the Shift Supervisor.

The change of assignment request document provides members with the opportunity to list their qualifications for specific assignments. It should include:

- (a) The member's relevant experience, education and training.
- (b) All assignments in which the member is interested.

The document will remain in effect until the end of the calendar year in which it was submitted. Effective January 1 of each year, members still interested in a change of assignment should complete and submit a new request.

### 1014.4 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 1014.4.1 SUPERVISORS

Upon receipt of a change of assignment request document, the supervisor shall make appropriate comments in the space provided on the document and forward it to the member's Sgt..

In the case of patrol officers, the Shift Supervisor shall make appropriate comments on the form regarding his/her recommendation and forward the request to the Sgt..

#### 1014.4.2 DIVISIONCOMMANDERS

If the Sgt. receives a change of assignment request document from a patrol officer that does not contain Shift Supervisor comments, he/she will make appropriate comments and return it to the member without consideration.

The Sgt. will review all change of assignment requests and submit his/her recommendation to the Chief of Police.

## Commendations and Awards

### 1015.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides general guidelines for recognizing commendable or meritorious acts of members of the Federalsburg Police Department and individuals from the community.

### 1015.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to recognize and acknowledge exceptional individual or group achievements, performance, proficiency, heroism and service of its members and individuals from the community through commendations and awards.

### 1015.3 COMMENDATIONS

Commendations for members of the Department or for individuals from the community may be initiated by any department member or by any person from the community.

### 1015.4 CRITERIA

A meritorious or commendable act may include, but is not limited to:

- Superior handling of a difficult situation.
- Conspicuous bravery or outstanding performance.
- Any action of performance that is above and beyond typical duties.

### 1015.5 DEPARTMENT MEMBER DOCUMENTATION

Members of the Department should document meritorious or commendable acts. The documentation should contain:

- (a) Identifying information:
  1. For members of the Department - name, division and assignment at the date and time of the meritorious or commendable act
  2. For individuals from the community - name, address, telephone number
- (b) A brief account of the meritorious or commendable act with report numbers, as appropriate.
- (c) The signature of the member submitting the documentation.

### 1015.6 COMMUNITY MEMBER DOCUMENTATION

Documentation of a meritorious or commendable act submitted by a person from the community should be accepted in any form. However, written documentation is preferred. Department members accepting the documentation should attempt to obtain detailed information regarding the matter, including:

- (a) Identifying information:

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1. For members of the Department - name, division and assignment at the date and time of the meritorious or commendable act
  2. For individuals from the community - name, address, telephone number
- (b) A brief account of the meritorious or commendable act with report numbers, as appropriate.
- (c) The signature of the person submitting the documentation.

#### **1015.7 PROCESSING DOCUMENTATION**

Documentation regarding the meritorious or commendable act of a member of the Department should be forwarded to the appropriate Sgt. for his/her review. The Sgt. should sign and forward the documentation to the Chief of Police for his/her review.

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee will present the commendation to the department member for his/her signature. The documentation will then be returned to the Administration secretary for entry into the member's personnel file.

Documentation regarding the meritorious or commendable act of an individual from the community should be forwarded to the Administrative Lieutenant. The documentation will be forwarded to the Chief of Police for their review. An appropriate venue or ceremony to acknowledge the individual's actions will be arranged. Documentation of the commendation shall be maintained in a file designated for such records.

#### **1015.8 AWARDS**

Awards may be bestowed upon members of the Department and individuals from the community. These awards include:

- Award of Valor.
- Award of Merit.
- Lifesaving Award.
- Meritorious Service.

#### **1015.9 AWARD TYPES AND CRITERIA**

##### A. Award of Valor

1. Is the highest and most prestigious Departmental award.
2. Awarding procedures requires unanimous consent of all command staff members.
3. May be awarded when the following criteria are met by a person who:
  - With knowledge of risk, find themselves in a life threatening situation
  - Intelligently committed themselves to danger.
  - Unless physically incapable of doing so, were successful in completing their objective.

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- Acted in the only way available to accomplish their objective.
4. Recipient will be presented with a neck ribbon, drape, ribbon, and framed certificate.

#### B. Award of Merit

1. Is awarded to a member of the police department who distinguishes themselves by performing their duties in a manner that clearly exceeds that which is normally required or expected of a member of the department. It may also be awarded for a highly creditable police accomplishment that results in an important contribution to the achievement of the goals of the department and of the law enforcement profession as a whole.

2. The principle elements which must be present in order to qualify for this award are:

- Exceptional attention and devotion to duty; achievement or service resulting from personal initiative, proficiency, or;
- An outstanding act which involves performances clearly above and beyond that which is required by the members basic duties, or;
- Exemplary performance which is either sustained or for a single action.

3. Nomination for the Award of Merit will be deliberated on by the Chief and his designee.

4. The recipient will be presented with a ribbon and framed certificate.

#### C. Lifesaving Award

1. Is awarded for a successful effort in saving a victim's life if all of the following criteria are met:

- Immediate and positive medical treatment or rescue efforts had to be undertaken;
- The action taken was during a life threatening situation;
- The incident was verified by medical reports or witnesses, and;
- The actions of the nominee do not meet the criteria for an Award of Valor.

2. Nomination for the Lifesaving Award will be deliberated by the Chief and his designee.

3. The recipient will be presented with a ribbon and framed certificate.

#### D. Meritorious Service

1. Is awarded in recognition of significant contributions toward the mission of the Police Department. The Meritorious Service Ribbon places a focus on the overall performance of assigned tasks and recognizes outstanding job performance in carrying out duties as assigned.

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2. Nomination for the Meritorious Service Ribbon may be made by any Squad Supervisor or a Lieutenant.

3. Nominations will be deliberated by the Chief or his designee.

4. The recipient will be presented with a ribbon and framed certificate.

#### E. Veteran of Armed Forces Award

1. Is awarded to members who have honorably served a branch of the United States Armed Forces.

2. Members are eligible for this award upon presentation of a copy of Form DD-214, Honorable Discharge Certificate, or other acceptable proof of Honorable service.

3. Is awarded by the Chief of Police and is not subject to review.

4. Recipient will be presented with a ribbon.

#### F. Educational Incentive Award

1. Is awarded to a member who possesses an Associate of Arts Degree or higher.

2. Members are eligible for this award upon presentation of a copy of their respective degree to the Chief of Police.

3. Is awarded by the Chief of Police and is not subject to review.

4. Recipient will be presented with a ribbon.

#### G. Law Enforcement Service Award

1. Is awarded to all members based on consecutive years of service within the law enforcement profession.

2. The award shall be recognized incrementally at the following:

- Five (5) years of service;
- Ten (10) years of service;
- Fifteen (15) years of service.
- Twenty (20) years of service.

3. Is awarded by the Chief of Police and is not subject to review.

4. Recipient will be presented with a designated service stripe(s).

5. Recipients who receive the this award for time credited with the Federalsburg Police Department shall be presented with distinct designated service stripe(s).

#### H. Physical Fitness Award



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1. Is awarded to members in recognition of their successful participation in a designated physical fitness program who are able to complete the testing criteria established for their respective age group and gender as set by the Eastern Shore Criminal Justice Academy.
2. The testing criteria shall consist of the following on a pass/fail basis:
  - (a) 1.5 mile timed run;
  - (b) Push-ups;
  - (c) Sit-ups.
3. Recipients will be presented with a ribbon.

#### **1015.10 DEPARTMENTAL AWARD NOMINATION PROCESS**

##### A. NOMINATION PROCESS

1. May be submitted by any department member.
2. Must be completed on a Nomination for Award Form and include the following information:
  - (a) Detailed statements of fact, in particular those which may not be contained within official police reports.
  - (b) The use of clear and concise language.
  - (c) Should include any diagrams, drawings, photographs or examples which may help explain what occurred.
  - (d) A copy of any related police reports.
3. If more than one member is being nominated for the same event or action, only one narrative is required with a separate Nomination for Award Form face sheet for each nominee.
4. Completed forms should be to the Chief of Police through the Administrative Lieutenant.
5. The Chief of Police may require endorsements be provided by the appropriate chain of command.
6. The Chief of Police shall be the final arbiter in determining if any award, ribbon, or other recognition is to be made.

#### **1015.11 COMPLIMENTARY LETTERS/CORRESPONDENCE**

##### A. GENERAL

1. In order to facilitate official recognition and recording of the efficient or outstanding performance of any member, all complimentary correspondence, from any source, will be forwarded through the chain of command to the Chief of Police.

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2 The original letter will be presented to the member being recognized with a copy being placed in the member's personnel file.

#### **1015.12 WEARING OF AWARDS AND RIBBONS**

##### **A. GENERAL**

1. No award, ribbon, medal or insignia may be worn or displayed on a Departmental uniform unless authorized by the Chief of Police.
2. The Medal of Valor medal shall be draped around wearer's collar and shall only be worn with a dress blouse.
3. Department issued drapes will be worn on the wearer's left breast pocket, below the badge, and centered one-half inch below the flap of the dress blouse only. If more than one drape is worn they shall be centered on the pocket with the highest-ranking award worn from the wearer's right to left.
4. Department issued ribbons will be worn on the uniform shirt (Class B) and dress blouse only, centered one half inch above the nameplate. If more than one ribbon is worn, they shall be worn no more than two to a line, in ranking order, from top to bottom and from the wearer's left to right.
  - (a) If there are four ribbons they shall be rows, with the highest ranking ribbon the top, with the second ranking ribbon next to it centered over the two lower ranking ribbons on the bottom row. The lowest ranking ribbon would be worn, farthest to the wearer's right.
  - (b) If an odd number of ribbons are worn, the highest ranking ribbon will be worn centered over the lower ranking ribbons.

##### **B. DEPARTMENTAL AWARDS AND RIBBONS**

1. Awards and ribbons issued the Department rank in the following order:
  - (a) Award of Valor
  - (b) Lifesaving Award
  - (c) Award of Merit
  - (d) Meritorious Service
  - (e) Veteran of United States Award
  - (f) Educational Incentive Award
  - (g) Physical Fitness Award
  - (h) Certificate of Appreciation

##### **C. SPECIALIZED UNIT INSIGNIA**

1. Members assigned to a specialized unit may be authorized by the Chief of Police to wear the approved unit insignia on their uniform shirt (Class B) and dress

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blouse. Other unit designations may also be authorized for wear and display on the Class C uniform. Authorization to wear or display a specialized unit insignia shall be at the direction of the Chief of Police.

#### D. OTHER JURISDICTION AWARDS

1. All ribbons or medals from law enforcement agencies or academies shall be worn one half-inch below the top seam of the wearer's right pocket flap, centered on the flap.
2. All military or insignia, specialized unit or skills pins shall be worn one half-inch above and centered over the top row of Department issued ribbons.

## **Fitness for Duty**

### **1016.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

Monitoring members' fitness for duty is essential for the safety and welfare of the members of the Department and the community. The purpose of this policy is to ensure that all members of this department remain fit for duty and able to perform their job functions.

### **1016.2 POLICY**

The Federalsburg Police Department strives to provide a safe and productive work environment and ensure that all members of this department can safely and effectively perform the essential functions of their jobs. Under limited circumstances, the Department may require a professional evaluation of a member's physical and/or mental capabilities to determine his/her ability to perform essential functions.

### **1016.3 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

It is the responsibility of each member of this department to maintain physical stamina and psychological stability sufficient to safely and effectively perform the essential duties of his/her position.

During working hours, all members are required to be alert, attentive and capable of performing their assigned responsibilities.

Any member who feels unable to perform his/her duties shall promptly notify a supervisor. In the event that a member believes that another department member is unable to perform his/her duties, such observations and/or belief shall be promptly reported to a supervisor.

### **1016.4 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

All supervisors should be alert to any indication that a member may be unable to safely perform his/her duties due to an underlying physical or psychological impairment or condition.

Such indications may include:

- (a) An abrupt and negative change in the member's normal behavior.
- (b) A pattern of irrational conduct, hostility or oppositional behavior.
- (c) Personal expressions of instability.
- (d) Inappropriate use of alcohol or other substances, including prescribed medication.
- (e) A pattern of questionable judgment, impulsive behavior or the inability to manage emotions.
- (f) Any other factor or combination of factors causing a supervisor to believe the member may be suffering from an impairment or condition requiring intervention.

Supervisors shall maintain the confidentiality of any information consistent with this policy.

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##### 1016.4.1 REPORTING

A supervisor observing a member, or receiving a report of a member who is perceived to be unable to safely or effectively perform his/her duties shall promptly document all objective information and/or observations.

The supervisor should attempt to meet with the member to inquire about the conduct or behavior giving rise to the concerns.

If a meeting does not resolve the supervisor's concerns or does not take place, the supervisor shall promptly document his/her observations and actions in a written report and inform the Shift Supervisor or the member's Sgt..

##### 1016.4.2 DUTY STATUS

In conjunction with the Shift Supervisor or the member's Sgt., the supervisor should make a preliminary determination regarding the member's duty status.

If a determination is made that the member can safely and effectively perform the essential functions of his/her job, the member should be returned to duty and arrangements for appropriate follow-up made.

If a preliminary determination is made that the member's conduct or behavior represents an inability to safely and effectively perform the essential functions of his/her job, the Shift Supervisor or the member's Sgt. should immediately relieve the member of duty pending further evaluation.

Employees relieved of duty shall comply with the administrative leave provisions of the Personnel Complaints Policy.

The Chief of Police shall be promptly notified in the event that any member is relieved of duty.

#### **1016.5 FITNESS-FOR-DUTY EVALUATIONS**

A fitness-for-duty evaluation may be ordered whenever circumstances reasonably indicate that a member is unfit for duty or following an officer-involved shooting or death-in-custody incident.

##### 1016.5.1 PROCESS

The Chief of Police, in cooperation with the Human Resources, may order the member to undergo a fitness-for-duty evaluation.

The examining practitioner will provide the Department with a report indicating whether the member is fit for duty. If the member is not fit for duty, the practitioner will include the existing restrictions or conditions in the report.

In order to facilitate the evaluation of any member, the Department will provide all appropriate documents and available information.

All reports and evaluations submitted by the examining practitioner shall be part of the member's confidential medical file.

Any member ordered to undergo a fitness-for-duty evaluation shall comply with the terms of the order and cooperate fully with the examining practitioner. Any failure to comply with such an order

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and any failure to cooperate with the practitioner may be deemed insubordination and shall subject the member to discipline, up to and including termination.

Determinations regarding duty status of members who are found to be unfit for duty or fit for duty with limitations will be made in cooperation with the Human Resources.

#### 1016.5.2 EVALUATION REQUIRED

An officer involved in any incident where a person was seriously injured or killed as a result of a shooting or accident and any officer returning from combat deployment shall undergo a psychological consultation consistent with the standards developed by the Maryland Police Training and Standards Commission (MPTSC) (Md. Code PS § 3-207).

#### 1016.6 LIMITATION ON HOURS WORKED

Absent emergency operations, members should not work more than:

- 16 hours in a one-day (24 hour) period.
- 30 hours in any two-day (48 hours) period.
- 84 hours in any seven-day (168 hours) period.

Except in unusual circumstances, members should have a minimum of eight hours off between shifts. Supervisors should give consideration to reasonable rest periods and are authorized to deny overtime or relieve any member who has exceeded the above guidelines to off-duty status.

Limitations on the number of hours worked apply to shift changes, shift trades, rotation, holdover, training, general overtime, and any other work assignments.

#### 1016.7 APPEALS

Employees disputing the application or interpretation of this policy may submit a grievance as provided in the Grievances Policy.

#### 1016.8 MPTSC CERTIFICATION

Officers are required to submit to a physical agility assessment every year and a mental health assessment every two years in order to maintain their certification (Md. Code PS § 3-209).

## Lactation Breaks

### 1018.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide reasonable accommodations to members desiring to express breast milk for the member's infant child.

### 1018.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to provide, in compliance with the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), reasonable break time and appropriate facilities to accommodate any member desiring to express breast milk for her infant nursing child up to one year after the child's birth (29 USC § 207).

### 1018.3 LACTATION BREAK TIME

A rest period should be permitted each time the member has the need to express breast milk (29 USC § 207). In general, lactation breaks that cumulatively total 30 minutes or less during any four-hour work period or major portion of a four-hour work period would be considered reasonable. However, individual circumstances may require more or less time.

Lactation breaks, if feasible, should be taken at the same time as the member's regularly scheduled rest or meal periods. While a reasonable effort will be made to provide additional time beyond authorized breaks, any such time exceeding regularly scheduled and paid break time will be unpaid.

Members desiring to take a lactation break shall notify the dispatcher or a supervisor prior to taking such a break. Such breaks may be reasonably delayed if they would seriously disrupt department operations.

Once a lactation break has been approved, the break should not be interrupted except for emergency or exigent circumstances.

### 1018.4 PRIVATE LOCATION

The Department will make reasonable efforts to accommodate members with the use of an appropriate room or other location to express milk in private. Such room or place should be in proximity to the member's work area and shall be other than a bathroom or toilet stall. The location must be shielded from view and free from intrusion from co-workers and the public (29 USC § 207).

Members occupying such private areas shall either secure the door or otherwise make it clear to others that the area is occupied with a need for privacy. All other members should avoid interrupting a member during an authorized break, except to announce an emergency or other urgent circumstance.

Authorized lactation breaks for members assigned to the field may be taken at the nearest appropriate private area.

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### **1018.5 STORAGE OF EXPRESSED MILK**

Any member storing expressed milk in any authorized refrigerated area within the Department shall clearly label it as such and shall remove it when the member's shift ends.



## Payroll Records

### 1019.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides the guidelines for completing and submitting payroll records of department members who are eligible for the payment of wages.

### 1019.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department maintains timely and accurate payroll records.

### 1019.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

Members are responsible for the accurate completion and timely submission of their payroll records for the payment of wages.

Supervisors are responsible for approving the payroll records for those under their commands.

### 1019.4 TIME REQUIREMENTS

Members who are eligible for the payment of wages are paid on a scheduled, periodic basis, generally on the same day or date each period, with certain exceptions, such as holidays. Payroll records shall be completed and submitted to the Administrative Lieutenant as established by the Town payroll procedures.

### 1019.5 RECORDS

The Administrative Lieutenant shall insure that accurate and timely payroll records are maintained as required by 29 CFR 516.2 for a minimum of three years (29 CFR 516.5).

## Overtime Compensation

### 1020.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines and procedures regarding overtime for employees, in conformance with the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) (29 USC § 201 et seq.).

### 1020.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will compensate nonexempt employees who work authorized overtime either by payment of wages or by the accrual of compensatory time (29 CFR 553.22). Employees who are salary exempt from FLSA are not compensated for overtime worked.

### 1020.3 COMPENSATION

Payment of wages to nonexempt employees for overtime, or accrual of compensatory time in lieu of compensation for overtime worked, shall be at the rate of not less than one and one-half hours for each hour of employment for which overtime compensation is required (29 USC § 207(k)(2); 29 USC § 207(o)(1)).

Short periods of overtime worked at the end of the normal duty day (e.g., less than one hour in duration) may be handled informally by an agreement between the supervisor and the employee. In such cases, the supervisor shall document the overtime worked and schedule a subsequent shift adjustment within the same work period that the overtime was worked, rather than submit a request for overtime payment (29 USC § 207(k)).

Salary exempt employees may be eligible for administrative leave, which may be granted at the discretion of the exempt employee's immediate supervisor.

### 1020.4 REQUESTS FOR OVERTIME COMPENSATION

#### 1020.4.1 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES

Generally, no employee is authorized to work overtime without the prior approval of a supervisor. If circumstances do not permit prior approval, approval shall be sought as soon as practicable during the overtime shift and in no case later than the end of the shift in which the overtime is worked.

Nonexempt employees shall:

- (a) Obtain supervisory approval, verbal or written.
- (b) Not work in excess of 16 hours, including regularly scheduled work time, overtime and extra-duty time, in any consecutive 24-hour time period without supervisory approval.
- (c) Record the actual time worked in an overtime status using the department-approved form or method. Informal notations on reports, logs or other forms not approved for overtime recording are not acceptable.
- (d) Submit the request for overtime compensation to their supervisors by the end of shift or no later than the next calendar day.

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##### 1020.4.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

Supervisors shall:

- (a) Prior to authorizing an employee to work overtime, evaluate the need for the overtime.
  1. Supervisors should not authorize any request to work overtime if the overtime would not be an appropriate use of department resources.
- (b) Upon receipt of a request for overtime compensation, confirm that the overtime was authorized and then verify the actual time worked.
  1. Supervisors identifying any unauthorized overtime or discrepancy shall initiate an investigation consistent with the Personnel Complaints Policy.
- (c) After verifying and approving the overtime amount, promptly forward the request for compensation to the employee's Sgt. for final approval.
  1. After the Sgt. has authorized compensation, the request shall be submitted to Administration as soon as practicable.

Supervisors may not authorize or approve their own overtime.

##### **1020.5 ACCOUNTING FOR PORTIONS OF AN HOUR**

Authorized overtime work shall be accounted in the increments as listed:

<u>TIME WORKED</u>	<u>INDICATE ON CARD</u>	
Up to 15 minutes	.25 hour	
16 to 30 minutes	.50 hour	
31 to 45 minutes	.75 hour	
46 to 60 minutes	1 hour	

##### 1020.5.1 VARIATION IN TIME REPORTED

When two or more employees are assigned to the same activity, case or court trial, and the amount of time for which overtime compensation is requested varies among the officers, the Shift Supervisor or other approving supervisor may require each employee to include the reason for the variation on the overtime compensation request.

##### **1020.6 REQUESTING USE OF COMPENSATORY TIME**

Employees who have accrued compensatory time shall be allowed to use that time for time off within a reasonable period after making a request, if the request does not unduly disrupt department operations. Requests to use compensatory time will be submitted to the employee's supervisor at least 24 hours in advance of its intended use. Supervisors may make exceptions in unusual or extraordinary circumstances.

Compensatory time may not be used for time off for a date and time when the employee is required to appear in court on department-related matters. Supervisors shall not unreasonably deny employee requests to use compensatory time (29 CFR 553.25).

# Outside Employment and Outside Overtime

## 1021.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for department members who seek to engage in authorized outside employment or outside overtime.

### 1021.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Outside employment** - Duties or services performed by members of this department for another employer, organization or individual who is not affiliated directly with this department when wages, compensation or other consideration for such duties or services is received. Outside employment also includes duties or services performed by those members who are self-employed and receive compensation or other consideration for services, products or benefits rendered.

**Outside overtime** - Duties or services performed by members of this department for a private organization, entity or individual, that are requested and scheduled directly through the Department. Member compensation, benefits and costs for such outside services are reimbursed to the Department.

## 1021.2 POLICY

Members of the Federalsburg Police Department shall obtain written approval from the Chief of Police or the authorized designee prior to engaging in any outside employment or outside overtime. Approval of outside employment or overtime shall be at the discretion of the Chief of Police in accordance with the provisions of this policy. Failure to obtain prior written approval for outside employment or overtime, or engaging in outside employment or overtime that is prohibited by this policy, may lead to disciplinary action.

## 1021.3 OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

### 1021.3.1 REQUEST AND APPROVAL

Members must submit the designated outside employment request form to their immediate supervisors. The request form will then be forwarded through the chain of command to the Chief of Police for consideration.

If approved, the member will be provided with a copy of the approved request form. Unless otherwise indicated in writing on the request form, approval for outside employment will be valid through the end of the calendar year in which the request is approved. Members seeking to continue outside employment must submit a new request form at the start of each calendar year.

### 1021.3.2 DENIAL

Any member whose request for outside employment has been denied should be provided with a written notification of the reason at the time of the denial.

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##### 1021.3.3 REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION

Any member whose approval for outside employment is revoked or suspended shall be provided with a written notification of the reason for revocation or suspension.

Approval for outside employment may be revoked or suspended:

- (a) When a supervisor determines the member's performance is failing to meet standards and the outside employment may be related to the deficient performance.
  - 1. Approval for the outside employment may be reestablished when the member's performance has reached a satisfactory level and with his/her supervisor's authorization.
- (b) When a member's conduct or outside employment conflicts with department policy or any law.
- (c) When the outside employment creates an actual or apparent conflict of interest with the Department or Town.

##### 1021.3.4 APPEAL

If a member's request for outside employment is denied or if previous approval is revoked or suspended, the member may file a written notice of appeal with the Chief of Police within 10 days of receiving notice of the denial, revocation or suspension.

A revocation or suspension will only be implemented after the member has completed the appeal process.

If the member's appeal is denied, he/she may file a grievance as provided in the Grievances Policy.

#### **1021.4 REQUIREMENTS**

##### 1021.4.1 PROHIBITED OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

The Department reserves the right to deny any request for outside employment that involves:

- (a) The use of department time, facilities, equipment or supplies.
- (b) The use of the Federalsburg Police Department badge, uniform or influence for private gain or advantage.
- (c) The member's receipt or acceptance of any money or other consideration for the performance of duties or services that he/she would be required or expected to render in the course or hours of his/her employment, appointment or as a part of his/her regular duties.
- (d) The performance of duties or services that may later be subject directly or indirectly to the control, inspection, review, audit or enforcement of any other member of this department.
- (e) Demands upon the member's time that would render the performance of his/her duties for this department deficient or substandard.
- (f) Activities that may conflict with any other policy or rule of the Department.
- (g) Any entity that is (COMAR 19A.04.02.04):

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1. Subject to the authority of that member of the Department.
  2. A contractor or subcontractor with this department or that is negotiating a contract with the Department.
- (h) Employment that would impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the member (COMAR 19A.04.02.04).
- (i) Employment prohibited by Town local law enacted pursuant to COMAR 19A.04.01.03.

#### 1021.4.2 SECURITY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

No member of this department may engage in any outside employment as a law enforcement officer, private security, guard, private investigator, or other similar private security position except as allowed by state law (Md. Code PS § 3-110).

#### 1021.4.3 DEPARTMENT RESOURCES

Members are prohibited from using any department equipment or resources in the course of, or for the benefit of, any outside employment. This shall include the prohibition against any member using his/her position with this department to gain access to official records or databases of this department or other agencies.

#### 1021.4.4 REVIEW OF FINANCIAL RECORDS

Prior to approving outside employment, the Department may request that a member provide personal financial records for review if the Chief of Police determines that a conflict of interest may exist.

If, after approving a request for outside employment, the Department obtains information that a financial conflict of interest exists, the Department may request that the member provide personal financial records for review. Failure or refusal by the member to provide such records may result in revocation or suspension approval of the outside employment pursuant to this policy.

#### 1021.4.5 CHANGES IN OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT STATUS

If a member terminates his/her outside employment, the member shall promptly submit written notification of such termination to the Chief of Police through the chain of command. Any subsequent request for renewal or continued outside employment must thereafter be processed and approved through the procedures set forth in this policy.

Members shall also promptly submit in writing to the Chief of Police any material changes in outside employment, including any change in the number of hours, type of duties or the demands of any approved outside employment. Members who are uncertain whether a change in outside employment is material are advised to report the change.

#### 1021.4.6 LEAVE OR RESTRICTED DUTY STATUS

Members who are placed on leave or other restricted duty status shall inform their immediate supervisors in writing within five days as to whether they intend to continue their outside employment while on such leave or restricted status. The immediate supervisor shall review the

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duties of the outside employment, along with any related orders (e.g., administrative, medical), and make a recommendation to the Chief of Police regarding whether such employment should continue.

In the event that the Chief of Police determines that the outside employment should be discontinued, or if the member fails to promptly notify his/her supervisor of his/her intention regarding outside employment, a notice revoking approval of the outside employment will be forwarded to the member and a copy attached to the original outside employment request form.

Criteria for revoking approval due to leave or restricted duty status include but are not limited to:

- (a) The outside employment is medically detrimental to the total recovery of the disabled member, as indicated by the Town's medical professional advisers.
- (b) The outside employment requires performance of the same or similar physical ability, as would be required of an on-duty member.
- (c) The member's failure to make timely notice of his/her intention to the supervisor.

When the member returns to full duty with the Federalsburg Police Department, a written request may be submitted to the Chief of Police to approve the outside employment request.

#### **1021.5 OUTSIDE OVERTIME**

##### **1021.5.1 REQUESTS FOR SPECIAL SERVICES**

Any private organization, entity or individual seeking special services (e.g., security, traffic control) from members of this department must submit a written request to the Chief of Police in advance of the desired service. Such services will be assigned, monitored, and compensated through the Department as outside overtime assignments.

- (a) A request for special services during or at the site of a strike, lockout, picket, or other physical demonstration of a labor dispute will not be approved.
- (b) The requestor will be required to enter into an agreement that includes indemnification with the Department prior to approval.
- (c) The requestor will be required to reimburse the Department for the member's compensation, benefits, and costs (e.g. court time) associated with such outside services.
- (d) Should such a request be approved, any member working outside overtime shall be subject to the following conditions:
  - 1. The member shall wear the department uniform and carry department identification.
  - 2. The member shall be subject to the rules and regulations of this department.
  - 3. Compensation for such approved outside overtime shall be pursuant to normal overtime procedures (see the Overtime Compensation Policy).
  - 4. Outside overtime shall not be subject to the collective bargaining process.

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- (e) Outside overtime shall be assigned at the discretion of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

#### 1021.5.2 ARREST AND REPORTING PROCEDURE

Any officer making an arrest or taking other official law enforcement action while working in an outside overtime assignment shall be required to complete all related reports in a timely manner pursuant to the Report Preparation Policy. Time spent on the completion of such reports shall be considered part of the outside overtime assignment.

#### 1021.5.3 SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS

Except for emergency situations or with prior authorization from the Sgt., undercover officer or officers assigned to covert operations shall not be eligible to work outside overtime in a uniformed or other capacity that could reasonably disclose the officer's law enforcement status.



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# Work-Related Injury and Illness Reporting

## 1022.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance regarding timely reporting of work-related injuries and occupational illnesses.

### 1022.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions in this policy include:

**Work-related injury or illness** - Accidental personal injury or illness arising out of and in the course of employment (Md. Code LE § 9-101).

## 1022.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will address work-related injuries and occupational illnesses appropriately, and will comply with applicable state workers' compensation requirements (Md. Code LE § 9-101 et seq.).

## 1022.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

### 1022.3.1 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Any member sustaining any work-related injury or occupational illness shall report such event as soon as practicable, but within 24 hours, to a supervisor, and shall seek medical care when appropriate.

### 1022.3.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

A supervisor learning of any work-related injury or occupational illness should ensure the member receives medical care as appropriate.

Supervisors shall ensure that required documents regarding workers' compensation are completed and forwarded promptly (Md. Code LE § 9-707). Any related Town-wide injury- or illness-reporting protocol shall also be followed.

Supervisors shall determine whether the Major Incident Notification and the Workplace Safety and Health policies apply and take additional action as required.

### 1022.3.3 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The Supervisor who receives a report of a work-related injury or occupational illness should review the reports for accuracy and submit them to their Lieutenant who shall determine what additional action should be taken. The reports shall then be forwarded to the Chief of Police, the Town's risk management entity, and the Administration Sgt. to ensure any required Maryland Occupational Safety and Health (MOSH) Act reporting is made as required in the injury and illness prevention plan identified in the Workplace Safety and Health Policy.

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##### 1022.3.4 CHIEF OF POLICE

The Chief of Police shall review and forward copies of the report to the Human Resources. Copies of the report and related documents retained by the Department shall be filed in the member's confidential medical file.

##### **1022.4 OTHER INJURY OR ILLNESS**

Injuries and illnesses caused or occurring on-duty that do not qualify for workers' compensation reporting shall be documented on the designated report of injury form, which shall be signed by a supervisor. A copy of the completed form shall be forwarded to the appropriate Sgt. through the chain of command and a copy sent to the Administration Sgt..

Unless the injury is extremely minor, this report shall be signed by the affected member, indicating that he/she desired no medical attention at the time of the report. By signing, the member does not preclude his/her ability to later seek medical attention.

##### **1022.5 SETTLEMENT OFFERS**

When a member sustains a work-related injury or occupational illness that is caused by another person and is subsequently contacted by that person, his/her agent, insurance company or attorney and offered a settlement, the member shall take no action other than to submit a written report of this contact to his/her supervisor as soon as possible.

##### 1022.5.1 NO SETTLEMENT WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL

No less than 10 days prior to accepting and finalizing the settlement of any third-party claim arising out of or related to a work-related injury or occupational illness, the member shall provide the Chief of Police with written notice of the proposed terms of such settlement. In no case shall the member accept a settlement without first providing written notice to the Chief of Police. The purpose of such notice is to permit the Town to determine whether the offered settlement will affect any claim the Town may have regarding payment for damage to equipment or reimbursement for wages against the person who caused the accident or injury, and to protect the Town's right of subrogation, while ensuring that the member's right to receive compensation for injuries is not affected.

## Personal Appearance Standards

### 1023.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the personal appearance of members of the Federalsburg Police Department.

Requirements for department uniforms and civilian attire are addressed in the Uniforms and Civilian Attire Policy.

### 1023.2 POLICY

Federalsburg Police Department members shall maintain their personal hygiene and appearance to project a professional image that is appropriate for this department and for their assignments. Department personal appearance standards are primarily based on safety requirements, appearance conformity, and the social norms of the community served, while considering matters important to members of the Department.

### 1023.3 GROOMING

Unless otherwise stated and because deviations from these standards may present officer safety issues, the following appearance standards shall apply to all members, except those whose current assignments would deem them not applicable, and where the Chief of Police has granted an exception.

#### 1023.3.1 PERSONAL HYGIENE

All members must maintain proper personal hygiene. Examples of improper personal hygiene include, but are not limited to, dirty fingernails, bad breath, body odor and dirty or unkempt hair. Any member who has a condition due to a protected category (e.g., race, physical disability) that affects any aspect of personal hygiene covered by this policy may qualify for an accommodation and should report any need for an accommodation to the Chief of Police.

#### 1023.3.2 HAIR

Hair shall be clean, neatly trimmed or arranged, and of a natural hair color. Hairstyles with shaved designs in the scalp are prohibited. Hair adornments shall be primarily for the purpose of securing the hair and must present a professional image.

Hairstyles for male department members must not extend below the top edge of a uniform or dress shirt collar while assuming a normal stance.

When working a field assignment, hairstyles for female department members must not extend below the bottom edge of a uniform or dress shirt collar while assuming a normal stance. Longer hair shall be worn up or in a tightly wrapped braid or ponytail that is secured to the head above the bottom edge of the shirt collar.

#### 1023.3.3 MUSTACHES

Mustaches shall not extend below the corners of the mouth or beyond the natural hairline of the upper lip and shall be short and neatly trimmed.

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##### 1023.3.4 SIDEBURNS

Sideburns shall not extend below the bottom of the outer ear opening (the top of the earlobes) and shall be trimmed and neat.

##### 1023.3.5 FACIAL HAIR

Facial hair, other than sideburns, mustaches and eyebrows, is prohibited, unless authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

##### 1023.3.6 FINGERNAILS

Fingernails shall be clean and neatly trimmed to a length that will not present a safety concern. The color of fingernail polish shall present a professional image.

#### **1023.4 APPEARANCE**

##### 1023.4.1 JEWELRY

For the purpose of this policy, jewelry refers to rings, earrings, necklaces, bracelets, wristwatches, and tie tacks or tie bars. Jewelry shall present a professional image and may not create a safety concern for the department member or others. Jewelry that depicts racial, sexual, discriminatory, gang-related, or obscene language is not allowed.

- (a) Necklaces shall not be visible above the shirt collar.
- (b) Earrings shall be small and worn only in or on the earlobe.
- (c) One ring or ring set may be worn on each hand of the department member. No rings should be of the type that would cut or pose an unreasonable safety risk to the member or others during a physical altercation, if the member is assigned to a position where that may occur.
- (d) One small bracelet, including a bracelet identifying a medical condition, may be worn on one arm.
- (e) Wristwatches shall be conservative and present a professional image.
- (f) Tie tacks or tie bars worn with civilian attire shall be conservative and present a professional image.

##### 1023.4.2 TATTOOS

While on-duty or representing the Federalsburg Police Department in any official capacity, members should make every reasonable effort to conceal tattoos or other body art. At no time while the member is on-duty or representing the Department in any official capacity shall any offensive tattoo or body art be visible. Examples of offensive tattoos include but are not limited to those that exhibit or advocate discrimination; those that exhibit gang, supremacist, or extremist group affiliation; and those that depict or promote drug use, sexually explicit acts, or other obscene material.

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##### 1023.4.3 BODY PIERCING OR ALTERATION

Body piercing (other than earlobes) or alteration to any area of the body that is visible while on-duty or while representing the Federalsburg Police Department in any official capacity, that is a deviation from normal anatomical features, and that is not medically required, is prohibited. Such body alteration includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Tongue splitting or piercing.
- (b) The complete or transdermal implantation of any material other than hair replacement (i.e., foreign objects inserted under the skin to create a design or pattern).
- (c) Abnormal shaping of the ears, eyes, nose or teeth (i.e., enlarged or stretched out holes in the earlobes).
- (d) Branding, scarification or burning to create a design or pattern.

##### 1023.4.4 DENTAL ORNAMENTATION

Dental ornamentation that is for decorative purposes and that is not medically required is prohibited while on-duty or while representing the Federalsburg Police Department in any official capacity. Such ornamentation includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Objects that are bonded to front teeth.
- (b) Gold, platinum or other veneers or caps used for decorative purposes.
- (c) Orthodontic appliances that are colored for decorative purposes.

##### 1023.4.5 GLASSES AND CONTACT LENSES

Eyeglasses and sunglasses shall be conservative and present a professional image. Contact lenses with designs that change the normal appearance of the eye and that are not medically required are prohibited while on-duty or while representing the Federalsburg Police Department in any official capacity.

##### 1023.4.6 COSMETICS AND FRAGRANCES

Cosmetics shall be conservative and present a professional image. Use of cologne, perfume, aftershave lotion and other items used for body fragrance shall be kept to a minimum.

##### 1023.4.7 UNDERGARMENTS

Proper undergarments shall be worn as necessary for reasons of hygiene and general appearance standards.

#### **1023.5 RELIGIOUS ACCOMMODATION**

The religious beliefs and needs of department members should be reasonably accommodated. Requests for religious accommodation should generally be granted unless there is a compelling security or safety reason and denying the request is the least restrictive means available to ensure security or safety. The Chief of Police should be advised any time a request for religious accommodation is denied.

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Those who request to wear headscarves or simple head coverings, or certain hairstyles or facial hair for religious reasons should generally be accommodated absent unusual circumstances.

#### **1023.6 EXEMPTIONS**

Members who seek cultural (e.g., traits associated with race such as hair texture, afro hairstyles, protective hairstyles) or other exemptions to this policy that are protected by law should generally be accommodated (Md. Code SG § 20-101). A member with an exemption may be ineligible for an assignment if the individual accommodation presents a security or safety risk. The Chief of Police should be advised any time a request for such an accommodation is denied or when a member with a cultural or other exemption is denied an assignment based on a security or safety risk.

## Uniforms and Civilian Attire

### 1024.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for Federalsburg Police Department-authorized uniforms and civilian attire regulations. It is established to ensure that uniformed members will be readily identifiable to the public through the proper use and wearing of department uniforms, and that the appearance of members who wear civilian attire reflects favorably on the Department.

This policy addresses the wearing and maintenance of department uniforms, accessories, insignia, patches and badge; the requirements for members who wear civilian attire; and the authorized use of optional equipment and accessories by members of the Department.

Other related topics are addressed in the Badges, Patches and Identification, Department-Owned and Personal Property, and Personal Appearance Standards policies.

### 1024.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department will provide uniforms for all employees who are required to wear them in the manner, quantity and frequency agreed upon in the respective employee group's collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding. The Department may provide other department members with uniforms at the direction of the Chief of Police.

All uniforms and equipment issued to department members shall be returned to the Department upon termination or resignation.

### 1024.3 UNIFORMS

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall maintain and update uniform and equipment specifications, which should be consulted by all members as needed. Uniforms shall be worn as described therein and as specified in this policy.

The following shall apply to those assigned to wear department-issued uniforms:

- (a) Uniforms and equipment shall be maintained in a serviceable condition and shall be ready at all times for immediate use. Uniforms shall be neat, clean and appear professionally pressed.
- (b) Officers in a non-uniformed assignment shall possess and maintain at all times a serviceable uniform and the necessary equipment to perform uniformed field duty.
- (c) Uniforms shall be worn in compliance with any applicable department specifications.
- (d) Members shall wear only the uniforms specified for their ranks and assignments.
- (e) Civilian attire shall not be worn in combination with any distinguishable part of a uniform.
- (f) Uniforms are only to be worn while on-duty, for court, at official department functions or events, while in transit to or from work, or when authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

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1. When the uniform is worn while in transit, a non-uniform outer garment shall be worn over the uniform shirt to avoid bringing attention to the member while he/she is off-duty.
- (g) Members are not to purchase or drink alcoholic beverages while wearing any part of department-issued uniforms, including the uniform pants.
- (h) All supervisors will perform periodic inspections of members under their commands to ensure conformance to this policy.

#### 1024.3.1 ACCESSORIES

Members shall adhere to the following when wearing department uniforms:

- (a) Mirrored sunglasses will not be worn.
- (b) Jewelry shall be in accordance with the specifications in the Personal Appearance Standards Policy. Unless specifically authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee, only the following jewelry may be worn with the uniform:
  1. Earrings shall be stud-style and only one earring may be worn in each ear.
  2. Necklaces must be worn inside the uniform shirt and must not be able to fall out.
  3. Rings
  4. Wristwatch
  5. Medical alert bracelet

#### 1024.3.2 INSIGNIA, PATCHES AND BADGE

Only the following elements may be affixed to department uniforms unless an exception is authorized by the Chief of Police:

- (a) Shoulder patch - The authorized shoulder patch supplied by the Department shall be machine stitched to the sleeves of all uniform shirts and jackets.
- (b) Badge - The department-issued badge, or an authorized sewn-on cloth replica, must be worn and visible at all times while in uniform.
- (c) Nameplate - The regulation nameplate, or an authorized sewn-on cloth nameplate, shall be worn at all times while in uniform.
  1. When a jacket is worn, the nameplate, or an authorized sewn-on cloth nameplate, shall be affixed to the jacket in the same manner as the uniform.
- (d) Rank insignia - The designated insignia indicating the member's rank must be worn at all times while in uniform.
- (e) Service insignia - The designated insignia indicating the member's length of service may be worn on long-sleeve shirts and jackets. The insignia shall be machine stitched to the left sleeve of the uniform.



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- (f) Assignment insignias - Assignment insignias (e.g., CRU, FTO) may be worn as designated by the Chief of Police.
- (g) American flag pin - An American flag pin may be worn, centered above the nameplate.

#### 1024.3.3 MOURNING BAND

Uniformed members shall wear a black mourning band across the department badge whenever a law enforcement officer is killed in the line of duty or as directed by the Chief of Police. The following mourning periods will be observed:

- (a) Federalsburg Police Department officer - From the time of death until midnight on the 14th day after the death.
- (b) An officer from this or an adjacent county - From the time of death until midnight on the day of the funeral.
- (c) Funeral attendee - While attending the funeral of an out-of-region fallen officer.
- (d) National Peace Officers' Memorial Day (May 15) - From 0001 hours until 2359 hours.
- (e) As directed by the Chief of Police.

#### 1024.4 UNIFORM CLASSES

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall determine the uniform to be worn by each department member or any deviations that may be authorized.

Uniforms are classified as follows:

- (a) Class A - Full dress uniform to be worn by designated department members on special occasions, such as funerals, graduations, ceremonies, or as directed by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (b) Class B - Standard issue uniform to be worn daily by designated department members.
- (c) Class C - General utility uniform to be worn by designated Department members.
- (d) Specialized assignment - Specific uniforms to be worn by members in special assignments or divisions.

#### 1024.4.1 CLASS A UNIFORM

The Class A uniform consists of the following:

- (a) Dress hat
- (b) Long-sleeve shirt
- (c) Tie tack or tie bar
- (d) Trousers or skirt
- (e) Black belt

1. Belts shall be quipped as needed for the member's assignment.

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- (f) Dark blue or black socks
  - 1. Natural colored hose must be worn with the skirt.
- (g) Black polished dress shoes
  - 1. Boots with pointed toes are not permitted.
- (h) White gloves

#### 1024.4.2 CLASS B UNIFORM

The Class B uniform consists of the following:

- (a) Long- or short-sleeve shirt with the collar open and no tie
  - 1. A crew neck t-shirt must be worn under the uniform shirt.
  - 2. All shirt buttons must remain buttoned except for the top button at the neck.
  - 3. Long sleeves must be buttoned at the cuff.
- (b) Trouser or skirt
- (c) Black belt
  - 1. Belts shall be quipped as needed for the member's assignment.
- (d) Dark blue or black socks
  - 1. Natural colored hose must be worn with the skirt.
- (e) Black polished dress shoes
  - 1. Approved black unpolished shoes may be worn.
  - 2. Boots with pointed toes are not permitted.
  - 3. Decorative stitching or adornment is not permitted.
- (f) Weather appropriate items
  - 1. Hat
  - 2. Dark blue or black mock turtleneck may be worn under the long-sleeve uniform shirt.
  - 3. Jacket
  - 4. Rain gear

#### 1024.4.3 CLASS C UNIFORM

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee will establish the specifications, regulations and conditions for wearing the Class C uniform.

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##### 1024.4.4 SPECIALIZED ASSIGNMENT UNIFORM

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee may authorize certain uniforms to be worn by members in specialized assignments, such as canine handlers, the Crisis Response Unit (CRU), bicycle patrol, motor officers and other specific assignments.

##### 1024.5 CIVILIAN ATTIRE

There are assignments within the Department that do not require a uniform because recognition and authority are not essential to their functions. There are also assignments for which civilian attire is necessary.

- (a) Civilian attire shall fit properly, be clean and free of stains, and not damaged or excessively worn.
- (b) Members assigned to administrative, investigative and support positions shall wear business-appropriate clothing that is conservative in style.
- (c) Variations from this policy are allowed at the discretion of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee when the member's assignment or current task is not conducive to wearing such clothing.
- (d) No item of civilian attire may be worn while on-duty that would adversely affect the reputation of the Federalsburg Police Department or the morale of the members.
- (e) The following items shall not be worn while on-duty or when representing the Department in any official capacity:
  - 1. Clothing that reveals cleavage, the back, chest, stomach or buttocks
  - 2. T-shirt alone or exposed undergarments
  - 3. Swimsuits, tank tops, tube tops or halter tops
  - 4. Sweatshirts, sweatpants or similar exercise clothing
  - 5. Spandex-type pants or transparent clothing
  - 6. Denim pants of any color
  - 7. Shorts
  - 8. Open-toes shoes
  - 9. Clothing, buttons or pins displaying racial, sexual, discriminatory, gang-related or obscene language

##### 1024.6 OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT

Any items that are allowed by the Federalsburg Police Department but that have been identified as optional shall be purchased entirely at the expense of the member. No part of the purchase cost shall be offset by the Department

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Maintenance of optional items shall be the financial responsibility of the purchasing member (e.g., repairs due to normal wear and tear).

Replacement of items listed in this policy as optional shall be managed as follows:

- (a) When the item is no longer functional because of normal wear and tear, the member bears the full cost of replacement.
- (b) When the item is no longer functional because of damage in the course of the member's duties, it shall be replaced in accordance with the Department-Owned and Personal Property Policy.

#### **1024.7 UNAUTHORIZED UNIFORMS, EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES**

Federalsburg Police Department members may not wear any uniform item, accessory or attachment unless specifically authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

Department members may not use or carry any safety item, tool or other piece of equipment unless specifically authorized by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.

## Conflict of Interest

### 1026.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to assist members in recognizing and avoiding potential conflicts of interest, thereby ensuring effective and ethical operating practices on the part of the Federalsburg Police Department.

#### 1026.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Conflict of interest** - Any actual, perceived or potential conflict, in which it reasonably appears that a member's action, inaction or decisions are or may be influenced by a personal or business relationship.

### 1026.2 POLICY

Members of the Federalsburg Police Department are expected to conduct themselves with the utmost professional integrity and objectivity. Members will guard against actual or perceived conflicts of interest in order to ensure the fair and equitable treatment of department members and the public, and thereby maintain the trust of the public and department members.

### 1026.3 PROHIBITIONS

The Department prohibits the following types of personal or business relationships among members:

- (a) Members are prohibited from directly supervising, occupying a position in the line of supervision or being directly supervised by any other member who is a relative or with whom they are involved in a personal or business relationship.
  1. If circumstances require that such a supervisor/subordinate relationship exist temporarily, the supervisor shall make every reasonable effort to defer matters pertaining to the involved member to an uninvolved supervisor.
  2. When personnel and circumstances permit, the Department will attempt to make every reasonable effort to avoid placing members in such supervisor/subordinate situations. The Department, however, reserves the right to transfer or reassign any member to another position within the same classification in order to avoid conflicts with any provision of this policy.
- (b) Members are prohibited from participating in, contributing to or recommending promotions, assignments, performance evaluations, transfers or other personnel decisions affecting a member who is a relative or with whom they are involved in a personal or business relationship.
- (c) Whenever possible, field training officers (FTOs) and other trainers will not be assigned to train relatives. Department FTOs and other trainers are prohibited from

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entering into or maintaining personal or business relationships with any member they are assigned to train until such time as the training has been successfully completed and the person is off probation.

#### 1026.3.1 ADDITIONAL PROHIBITIONS

The Department prohibits members from (COMAR 19A.04.02.04):

- (a) Participating in a Town matter that would have a direct economic impact, distinct from the impact on the public at large, on the member or that, to the knowledge of the member, would have a direct economic impact on any of the following:
  - 1. A spouse, parent, sibling or child of member.
  - 2. A business entity with which the member or member's spouse, parent, sibling or child is affiliated.
- (b) Having a financial interest in an entity that:
  - 1. Is subject to the authority of the member.
  - 2. Is negotiating or has entered a contract with or is a subcontractor on a contract with the Federalsburg Police Department.
- (c) Soliciting or receiving gifts.
- (d) Any other conflict of interest or financial interest identified by Town law enacted pursuant to COMAR 19A.04.01.03.

These prohibitions do not apply if the member is granted an exemption pursuant to the provisions of Town local law enacted pursuant to COMAR 19A.04.01.03.

#### **1026.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Members shall avoid situations that create a conflict of interest. Members should take reasonable steps to address a perception of a conflict of interest when such a perception is reasonably foreseeable and avoidable (e.g., deferring a decision to an uninvolved member).

Whenever any member is placed in circumstances that would require him/her to take enforcement action or to provide official information or services to any relative or individual with whom the member is involved in a personal or business relationship, that member shall promptly notify his/her uninvolved, immediate supervisor.

In the event that no uninvolved supervisor is immediately available, the member shall promptly notify the dispatcher to have another uninvolved member either relieve the involved member or minimally remain present to witness the action.

#### **1026.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon being notified of, or otherwise becoming aware of any circumstance that could result in or constitute an actual or potential violation of this policy, a supervisor shall take all reasonable steps to promptly mitigate or avoid such violations whenever possible. Supervisors shall also promptly

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notify the Chief of Police or the authorized designee of such actual or potential violations through the chain of command.

## Badges, Patches and Identification

### 1027.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Federalsburg Police Department (FPD) badge, patch and identification card, as well as the likeness of these items and the name of the Department, are property of the Department. Their use shall be restricted as set forth in this policy.

### 1027.2 POLICY

Members of the Department will use the FPD badge, patch and identification card, as well as the likeness of these items, appropriately and professionally.

### 1027.3 UNAUTHORIZED USE

The FPD badge, patch and identification card shall not be displayed or used by any member except when acting in an official or authorized capacity.

Department members shall not:

- (a) Display or use the FPD badge, patch or identification card for personal gain or benefit.
- (b) Loan the FPD badge, patch or identification card to others and shall not permit these items to be reproduced or duplicated.
- (c) Use images of the FPD badge, patch or identification card, or the likeness thereof, or the Federalsburg Police Department name, for personal or private reasons including, but not limited to, letters, memoranda and electronic communications, such as email, blogs, or social networking or websites.

#### 1027.3.1 LOST BADGE, PATCH OR IDENTIFICATION CARD

Department members shall promptly notify their supervisors whenever their FPD badges, patches, or identification cards are lost, damaged or are otherwise removed from their control.

### 1027.4 BADGES

The Chief of Police shall determine the form of badges authorized for use by department members. No other badges may be used, carried, worn or displayed.

Only badges issued by this department are authorized to be used, displayed, carried or worn by members while on-duty or otherwise acting in an official or authorized capacity.

Members, with the written approval of the Chief of Police, may purchase at their own expense a second badge or flat badge that can be carried in a wallet.

#### 1027.4.1 RETIREE BADGES

The Chief of Police may establish rules for allowing honorably retired members to keep their badges in some form upon retirement, for use as private memorabilia.



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#### *Badges, Patches and Identification*

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##### **1027.4.2 PERMITTED USE BY EMPLOYEE GROUPS**

The likeness of the FPD badge shall not be used for any purpose without the express authorization of the Chief of Police and shall be subject to the following:

- (a) An authorized employee group may use the likeness of the FPD badge for merchandise and official employee group business provided it is used in a clear representation of the employee group and not the Federalsburg Police Department. The following modification shall be included:
  - 1. Any text identifying the Federalsburg Police Department is replaced with the name of the employee group.
  - 2. A badge number is not included. That portion of the badge may display the acronym of the employee group.

##### **1027.5 IDENTIFICATION CARDS**

All members will be issued an official FPD identification card bearing the member's name, full-face photograph, member identification number, the member's signature and the signature of the Chief of Police or the official seal of the Department. All members shall be in possession of their department-issued identification cards at all times while on-duty or in department facilities.

- (a) Whenever on-duty or acting in an official capacity representing the Department, members shall display their department-issued identification cards in a courteous manner to any person upon request and as soon as practicable.
- (b) Officers or other members working specialized assignments may be excused from the possession and display requirements when directed by their Sgt.s.

##### **1027.6 BUSINESS CARDS**

The Department will supply business cards to those members whose assignments involve frequent interaction with the public or who may require the use of a business card. The only authorized business cards are those issued or approved by the Department and should contain identifying information including, but not limited to, the member's name, division, badge or other identification number and contact information (e.g., telephone number, email address).

Members should provide a business card upon request.

## Temporary Modified-Duty Assignments

### 1028.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes procedures for providing temporary modified-duty assignments. This policy is not intended to affect the rights or benefits of employees under federal or state law, Town rules or current collective bargaining agreements or memorandums of understanding. For example, nothing in this policy affects the obligation of the Department to engage in a good faith, interactive process to consider reasonable accommodations for any employee with a temporary or permanent disability that is protected under federal or state law.

### 1028.2 POLICY

Subject to operational considerations, the Federalsburg Police Department may identify temporary modified-duty assignments for employees who have an injury or medical condition resulting in temporary work limitations or restrictions. A temporary assignment allows the employee to work, while providing the Department with a productive employee during the temporary period.

### 1028.3 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Priority consideration for temporary modified-duty assignments will be given to employees with work-related injuries or illnesses that are temporary in nature. Employees having disabilities covered under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) or the Maryland Accessibility Code shall be treated equally, without regard to any preference for a work-related injury.

No position in the Federalsburg Police Department shall be created or maintained as a temporary modified-duty assignment.

Temporary modified-duty assignments are a management prerogative and not an employee right. The availability of temporary modified-duty assignments will be determined on a case-by-case basis, consistent with the operational needs of the Department. Temporary modified-duty assignments are subject to continuous reassessment, with consideration given to operational needs and the employee's ability to perform in a modified-duty assignment.

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee may restrict employees working in temporary modified-duty assignments from wearing a uniform, displaying a badge, carrying a firearm, operating an emergency vehicle, engaging in outside employment, or being otherwise limited in employing their peace officer powers.

Temporary modified-duty assignments shall generally not exceed a cumulative total of 1,040 hours in any one-year period.

### 1028.4 PROCEDURE

Employees may request a temporary modified-duty assignment for short-term injuries or illnesses.

Employees seeking a temporary modified-duty assignment should submit a written request to their Sgt.s or the authorized designees. The request should, as applicable, include a certification from the treating medical professional containing:

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#### *Temporary Modified-Duty Assignments*

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- (a) An assessment of the nature and probable duration of the illness or injury.
- (b) The prognosis for recovery.
- (c) The nature and scope of limitations and/or work restrictions.
- (d) A statement regarding any required workplace accommodations, mobility aids, or medical devices.
- (e) A statement that the employee can safely perform the duties of the temporary modified-duty assignment.

The Sgt. will make a recommendation through the chain of command to the Chief of Police regarding temporary modified-duty assignments that may be available based on the needs of the Department and the limitations of the employee. The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall confer with the Human Resources or the Town Attorney as appropriate.

Requests for a temporary modified-duty assignment of 20 hours or less per week may be approved and facilitated by the Shift Supervisor or Sgt., with notice to the Chief of Police.

#### **1028.5 ACCOUNTABILITY**

Written notification of assignments, work schedules and any restrictions should be provided to employees assigned to temporary modified-duty assignments and their supervisors. Those assignments and schedules may be adjusted to accommodate department operations and the employee's medical appointments, as mutually agreed upon with the Sgt..

##### **1028.5.1 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of employees assigned to temporary modified duty shall include but not be limited to:

- (a) Communicating and coordinating any required medical and physical therapy appointments in advance with their supervisors.
- (b) Promptly notifying their supervisors of any change in restrictions or limitations after each appointment with their treating medical professionals.
- (c) Communicating a status update to their supervisors no less than once every 30 days while assigned to temporary modified duty.
- (d) Submitting a written status report to the Sgt. that contains a status update and anticipated date of return to full duty when a temporary modified-duty assignment extends beyond 60 days.

##### **1028.5.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The employee's immediate supervisor shall monitor and manage the work schedule of those assigned to temporary modified-duty.

The responsibilities of supervisors shall include but not be limited to:

- (a) Periodically apprising the Sgt. of the status and performance of employees assigned to temporary modified duty.

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- (b) Notifying the Sgt. and ensuring that the required documentation facilitating a return to full duty is received from the employee.
- (c) Ensuring that employees returning to full duty have completed any required training and certification.

#### **1028.6 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

Prior to returning to full-duty status, employees shall be required to provide certification from their treating medical professionals stating that they are medically cleared to perform the essential functions of their jobs without restrictions or limitations.

The Department may require a fitness-for-duty examination prior to returning an employee to full-duty status, in accordance with the Fitness for Duty Policy.

#### **1028.7 PREGNANCY**

If an employee is temporarily unable to perform regular duties due to a pregnancy, childbirth or a related medical condition, the employee will be treated the same as any other temporarily disabled employee (42 USC § 2000e(k)). A pregnant employee shall not be involuntarily transferred to a temporary modified-duty assignment.

##### **1028.7.1 REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION**

An employee who is temporarily unable to perform regular duties due to a pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition may request a reasonable accommodation including (Md. Code SG § 20-609):

- Changing job duties.
- Changing work hours.
- Being provided leave.
- Being provided with mechanical or electrical aids.
- Being transferred to less strenuous or less hazardous positions.
- Relocation.

The Department will explore all possible means of providing the reasonable accommodation and may require certification from the employee's health care provider regarding the medical advisability of a reasonable accommodation. This certification will be to the same extent certification that is required for other temporary disabilities. The certification shall include:

- The date a reasonable accommodation is medically advisable.
- The probable duration of the reasonable accommodation.
- An explanation as to the medical advisability of the reasonable accommodation.

##### **1028.7.2 NOTIFICATION**

Pregnant employees should notify their immediate supervisors as soon as practicable and provide a statement from their medical providers identifying any pregnancy-related job restrictions or

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#### *Temporary Modified-Duty Assignments*

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limitations. If at any point during the pregnancy it becomes necessary for the employee to take a leave of absence, such leave shall be granted in accordance with the Town's personnel rules and regulations regarding family and medical care leave.

#### **1028.8 PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEES**

Probationary employees who are assigned to a temporary modified-duty assignment shall have their probation extended by a period of time equal to their assignment to temporary modified-duty.

#### **1028.9 MAINTENANCE OF CERTIFICATION AND TRAINING**

Employees assigned to temporary modified-duty shall maintain all certification, training and qualifications appropriate to both their regular and temporary duties, provided that the certification, training or qualifications are not in conflict with any medical limitations or restrictions. Employees who are assigned to temporary modified-duty shall inform their supervisors of any inability to maintain any certification, training or qualifications.

## Performance History Audits

### 1029.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for the use of performance history audits. Performance history audits can help identify commendable performance as well as provide early recognition of training needs and other potential issues. This policy addresses the responsibilities, performance indicators, and components of the audit, and handling of collected data (Md. Code PS § 3-516).

### 1029.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department collects data to assist supervisors with evaluating the performance of their employees. While it is understood that the statistical compilation of data may be helpful to supervisors, the Department recognizes that it cannot account for, and must carefully balance such data with the many variables in law enforcement, such as:

- Ability to detect crime
- Work ethic
- Assignment and shift
- Physical abilities (ability to perform the job-related physical tasks)
- Randomness of events

### 1029.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

Under the authority of the Chief of Police, the Office of Accountability through the assigned Lieutenant is responsible for collecting performance indicators and other relevant data. The data will be compiled to generate quarterly performance history audit reports that will be provided to the appropriate Division Commander. The Chief will utilize confidential methods to compile and track information regarding performance indicators for each officer during each quarter in order to prepare the report. Though generated quarterly, each report should contain data from a one-year time period.

The Administration should forward a copy of each performance history audit report to the Town Attorney for review and retention as attorney work product and confidential personnel information.

### 1029.4 COMPONENTS OF PERFORMANCE HISTORY AUDITS

Performance history audits should include the following components:

- Performance indicators
- Data analysis
- Employee review
- Follow-up monitoring

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#### *Performance History Audits*

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##### 1029.4.1 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Performance indicators represent the categories of employee performance activity that the Chief of Police has determined may be relevant data for the generation and analysis of performance history audits. These indicators may include but are not limited to the frequency and/or number of:

- (a) Use of force incidents.
- (b) Involvement and conduct during vehicle pursuits.
- (c) Personnel complaints, including the findings.
- (d) Commendations, compliments, and awards from the Department and the public.
- (e) Claims and civil suits related to the employee's actions or alleged actions.
- (f) Canine bite incidents.
- (g) Personnel investigations.
- (h) State's Attorney case rejections and the reasons.
- (i) Intentional or accidental firearm discharges (regardless of injury).
- (j) Vehicle collisions.
- (k) Missed court appearances.
- (l) Documented counseling.

##### 1029.4.2 DATA ANALYSIS

The Administrative Lieutenant will review each performance history audit report and determine whether it should be provided to the officer's immediate supervisor for further consideration.

##### 1029.4.3 EMPLOYEE REVIEW

Upon receipt of a performance history audit report, the supervisor will carefully review the report with the officer to assess any potential trends or other issues that may warrant informal counseling, additional training or a recommendation for other action, including discipline. The officer shall date and sign the report and should be provided with a copy of the report upon request.

If a supervisor determines that an officer's performance warrants action beyond informal counseling, the supervisor shall advise the Sgt. of such recommendation. If the Sgt. concurs with the recommendation of the supervisor, he/she shall take steps to initiate the appropriate action.

If discipline or other adverse action is initiated against an officer as a result of a performance history audit, the officer shall be entitled to all rights and processes set forth in the Personnel Complaints Policy.

#### **1029.5 CONFIDENTIALITY OF DATA**

Information, data, and copies of material compiled to develop performance history audit reports shall be considered confidential as part of the employee's personnel file and will not be subject to discovery or release except as provided by law. Access to performance history audit reports will

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#### *Performance History Audits*

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be governed under the same process as access to an officer's personnel file, as outlined in the Personnel Records Policy (Md. Code PS § 3-516).

Access to the underlying data will be governed by the process for access to the original records (such as police reports).

#### **1029.5.1 EARLY INTERVENTION REVIEW**

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should review the performance history audit system on a regular basis to ensure that it is effective as a confidential and nonpunitive early intervention system that identifies both (Md. Code PS § 3-516):

- (a) Officers who may be at risk of engaging in the use of excessive force.
- (b) Training, corrective actions, reassignments, or other appropriate responses to reduce the risk of excessive force occurring.

#### **1029.6 RETENTION**

Performance history audit reports and associated records shall be retained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.



# Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking

## 1030.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy is intended to address issues associated with the use of social networking sites, and provides guidelines for the regulation and balancing of member speech and expression with the needs of the Federalsburg Police Department.

This policy applies to all forms of communication including but not limited to film, video, print media, public or private speech, use of all internet services, including the web, email, file transfer, remote computer access, news services, social networking, social media, instant messaging, blogs, forums, video, and other file-sharing sites.

Nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit or infringe upon any communication, speech, or expression that is protected under law. This includes speech and expression protected under state or federal constitutions as well as labor or other applicable laws. For example, this policy does not limit a member from speaking as a private citizen, including acting as an authorized member of a recognized bargaining unit or an employee group, about matters of public concern, such as misconduct or corruption.

Members are encouraged to consult with their supervisors regarding any questions arising from the application or potential application of this policy.

## 1030.2 POLICY

Members of public entities occupy a trusted position in the community, and thus, their statements have the potential to contravene the policies and performance of the Federalsburg Police Department. Due to the nature of the work and influence associated with the law enforcement profession, it is necessary that members of this department be subject to certain reasonable limitations on their speech and expression. To achieve its mission and efficiently provide service to the public, the Department will carefully balance the individual member's rights against the needs and interests of the Department when exercising a reasonable degree of control over its members' speech and expression.

## 1030.3 SAFETY

Members should carefully consider the implications of their speech or any other form of expression when using the Internet. Speech and expression that may negatively affect the safety of Federalsburg Police Department members, such as posting personal information in a public forum or posting a photograph taken with a GPS-enabled camera, can result in compromising a member's home address or family ties. Members should therefore not disseminate or post any information on any forum or medium that could reasonably be anticipated to compromise the safety of any member, a member's family or associates. Examples of the type of information that could reasonably be expected to compromise safety include:

- Disclosing a photograph and name or address of an officer who is working undercover

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- Disclosing the address of a fellow department member
- Otherwise disclosing where another officer can be located off-duty

#### **1030.4 PROHIBITED SPEECH, EXPRESSION, AND CONDUCT**

To meet the safety, performance, and public-trust needs of the Federalsburg Police Department, the following are prohibited unless the speech is otherwise protected (for example, a member speaking as a private citizen, including acting as an authorized member of a recognized bargaining unit or an employee group, on a matter of public concern):

- (a) Speech or expression made pursuant to an official duty that tends to compromise or damage the mission, function, reputation, or professionalism of the Department or its members.
- (b) Speech or expression that, while not made pursuant to an official duty, is significantly linked to, or related to, the Department and tends to compromise or damage the mission, function, reputation, or professionalism of the Department or its members. Examples may include:
  1. Statements that indicate disregard for the law or the state or U.S. Constitutions.
  2. Expression that demonstrates support for criminal activity.
  3. Participation in sexually explicit photographs or videos for compensation or distribution.
- (c) Speech or expression that could reasonably be foreseen as having a negative impact on the credibility of the member as a witness. For example, posting statements or expressions to a website that glorify or endorse dishonesty, unlawful discrimination, or illegal behavior.
- (d) Speech or expression of any form that could reasonably be foreseen as having a negative impact on the safety of the members of the Department (e.g., a statement on a blog that provides specific details as to how and when prisoner transportations are made could reasonably be foreseen as potentially jeopardizing employees by informing criminals of details that could facilitate an escape or attempted escape).
- (e) Speech or expression that is contrary to the canons of the Law Enforcement Code of Ethics as adopted by the Department.
- (f) Use or disclosure, through whatever means of any information, photograph, video, or other recording obtained or accessible as a result of employment or appointment with the Department for financial or personal gain, or any disclosure of such materials without the express authorization of the Chief of Police or the authorized designee.
- (g) Posting, transmitting, or disseminating any photographs, video or audio recordings, likenesses, or images of department logos, emblems, uniforms, badges, patches, marked vehicles, equipment, or other material that specifically identifies the Federalsburg Police Department on any personal or social networking or other website or web page, without the express authorization of the Chief of Police.

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#### *Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking*

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Members must take reasonable and prompt action to remove any content, including content posted by others, that is in violation of this policy from any web page or website maintained by the employee (e.g., social or personal website).

##### **1030.4.1 UNAUTHORIZED ENDORSEMENTS AND ADVERTISEMENTS**

While members are not restricted from engaging in the following activities as private citizens or as authorized members of recognized bargaining units or employee groups, members may not represent the Federalsburg Police Department or identify themselves in any way that could be reasonably perceived as representing the Department in order to do any of the following, unless specifically authorized by the Chief of Police (Md. Code LG § 1-303; Md. Code LG § 1-304; Md. Code PS § 3-110; Md. Code SP § 2-304):

- (a) Endorse, support, oppose, or contradict any political campaign, political candidate, or initiative.
- (b) Endorse, support, oppose, or contradict any social issue, cause, or religion.
- (c) Endorse, support, or oppose any product, service, company, or other commercial entity.
- (d) Appear in any commercial, social, or nonprofit publication or any motion picture, film, video, public broadcast, or any website.

Additionally, when it can reasonably be construed that a member, acting in the member's individual capacity or through an outside group or organization, including as an authorized member of a recognized bargaining unit or an employee group, is affiliated with this department, the member shall give a specific disclaiming statement that any such speech or expression is not representative of the Federalsburg Police Department.

Members retain their rights to vote as they choose, to support candidates of their choice, and to express their opinions as private citizens, including as authorized members of a recognized bargaining units or employee groups, on political subjects and candidates at all times while off-duty. However, members may not use their official authority or influence to interfere with or affect the result of elections or nominations for office. Members are also prohibited from directly or indirectly using their official authority to coerce, command, or advise another employee to pay, lend, or contribute anything of value to a party, committee, organization, agency, or person for political purposes (5 USC § 1502).

##### **1030.5 PRIVACY EXPECTATION**

Members forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to emails, texts, or anything published or maintained through file-sharing software or any internet site (e.g., Facebook, MySpace) that is accessed, transmitted, received, or reviewed on any department technology system (see the Information Technology Use Policy for additional guidance).

However, the Department may not request or require that a member disclose any user name, password, or other means for accessing a personal account or service through an electronic communications device (Md. Code LE § 3-712).

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##### **1030.6 CONSIDERATIONS**

In determining whether to grant authorization of any speech or conduct that is prohibited under this policy, the factors that the Chief of Police or the authorized designee should consider include:

- (a) Whether the speech or conduct would negatively affect the efficiency of delivering public services.
- (b) Whether the speech or conduct would be contrary to the good order of the Department or the efficiency or morale of its members.
- (c) Whether the speech or conduct would reflect unfavorably upon the Department.
- (d) Whether the speech or conduct would negatively affect the member's appearance of impartiality in the performance of the member's duties.
- (e) Whether similar speech or conduct has been previously authorized.
- (f) Whether the speech or conduct may be protected and outweighs any interest of the Department.

##### **1030.7 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, the Department should provide training regarding the limitations on speech, expression and use of social networking to all members of the Department.

## Workplace Safety and Health

### 1031.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish an ongoing and effective plan to reduce the incidence of injury and illness for members of the Federalsburg Police Department, in accordance with the requirements of Md. Code LE § 5-101 et seq., Md. Code LE § 5-206, and COMAR 09.12.20.01 et seq.

This policy specifically applies to illness and injury that results in lost time or that requires medical treatment beyond first aid. Although this policy provides the essential guidelines for a plan that reduces injury and illness, it may be supplemented by procedures outside the Policy Manual.

This policy does not supersede, but supplements any related Town-wide safety efforts.

### 1031.2 POLICY

The Federalsburg Police Department is committed to providing a safe environment for its members and visitors and to minimizing the incidence of work-related illness and injuries. The Department will establish and maintain an Illness and Injury Prevention program and will provide tools, training and safeguards designed to reduce the potential for accidents, injuries and illness. It is the intent of the Department to comply with all laws and regulations related to occupational safety.

#### 1031.2.1 WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM

The Administration Sgt. is responsible for developing an illness and injury prevention plan that shall include (Md. Code LE § 5-104; Md. Code LE § 5-206):

- (a) Workplace safety and health training programs.
- (b) Regularly scheduled safety meetings.
- (c) Posted or distributed safety information.
- (d) A system for members to anonymously inform management about workplace hazards.
- (e) Establishment of a safety and health committee that will:
  - 1. Meet regularly.
  - 2. Prepare a written record of safety and health committee meetings.
  - 3. Review the results of periodic scheduled inspections.
  - 4. Review investigations of accidents and exposures.
  - 5. Make suggestions to command staff for the prevention of future incidents.
  - 6. Review investigations of alleged hazardous conditions.
  - 7. Conduct on-going self-inspections.
  - 8. Submit recommendations to assist in the evaluation of member safety suggestions.

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9. Assess the effectiveness of efforts made by the Department to meet applicable standards.
- (f) Establishing a process to ensure illnesses and injuries are reported as required under the Maryland Occupational Safety and Health (MOSH) Act (Md. Code LE § 5-702).

#### **1031.3 ADMINISTRATION SGT. RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of the Administration Sgt. include, but are not limited to (Md. Code LE § 5-104; Md. Code LE § 5-206; Md. Code LE § 5-702; Md. Code LE § 5-703):

- (a) Managing and implementing a plan to reduce the incidence of member injury and illness.
- (b) Ensuring that a system of communication is in place that facilitates a continuous flow of safety and health information between supervisors and members. This system shall include:
  1. New member orientation that includes a discussion of safety and health policies and procedures.
  2. Regular member review of the injury and illness prevention plan.
- (c) Ensuring that all safety and health policies and procedures are clearly communicated and understood by all members
- (d) Taking reasonable steps to ensure that all members comply with safety rules in order to maintain a safe work environment. This includes, but is not limited to:
  1. Informing members of the illness and injury prevention guidelines.
  2. Recognizing members who perform safe work practices.
  3. Ensuring that the member evaluation process includes member safety performance.
  4. Ensuring department compliance to meet standards regarding the following:
    - (a) Communicable diseases
    - (b) Bloodborne pathogen precautions (29 CFR 1910.1030; Md. Code LE § 5-308.1)
    - (c) Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (see the Personal Protective Equipment Policy)
    - (d) Emergency Action Plan (29 CFR 1910.38(a); Md. Code PS § 14-110)
    - (e) Reasonable accommodations for disability, including pregnancy (Md. Code SG § 20-601; Md. Code SG § 20-609)
- (e) Making available a form to document inspections, unsafe conditions or unsafe work practices and actions taken to correct unsafe conditions and work practices.

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- (f) Making available a form to document individual incidents or accidents.
- (g) Making available a form to document the safety and health training of each member. This form will include the member's name or other identifier, training dates, type of training and training providers.
- (h) Conducting and documenting a regular review of the illness and injury prevention plan.

#### **1031.4 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Supervisor responsibilities include but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring member compliance with injury and illness prevention guidelines and answering questions from members about this policy.
- (b) Training, counseling, instructing, or making informal verbal admonishments any time safety performance is deficient. Supervisors may also initiate discipline when it is reasonable and appropriate under the Standards of Conduct Policy.
- (c) Establishing and maintaining communication with members on health and safety issues. This is essential for an injury-free, productive workplace.
- (d) Completing required forms and reports relating to injury and illness prevention; such forms and reports shall be submitted to the Administration Sgt..
- (e) Notifying the Administration Sgt. when:
  1. New substances, processes, procedures, or equipment that present potential new hazards are introduced into the work environment.
  2. New, previously unidentified hazards are recognized.
  3. Occupational injuries and illnesses occur.
  4. New and/or permanent or intermittent members are hired or reassigned to processes, operations, or tasks for which a hazard evaluation has not been previously conducted.
  5. Workplace conditions warrant an inspection.

#### **1031.5 HAZARDS**

All members should report and/or take reasonable steps to correct unsafe or unhealthy work conditions, practices, or procedures in a timely manner. Members should make their reports to a supervisor (as a general rule, their own supervisors) (Md. Code LE § 5-104(b)(2)).

Supervisors should make reasonable efforts to correct unsafe or unhealthy work conditions in a timely manner, based on the severity of the hazard. These hazards should be corrected when observed or discovered, when it is reasonable to do so. When a hazard exists that cannot be immediately abated without endangering members or property, supervisors should protect or remove all exposed members from the area or item, except those necessary to correct the existing condition.

Members who are necessary to correct the hazardous condition shall be provided with the necessary protection.

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All significant actions taken and dates they are completed shall be documented on a MOSH-approved reporting form available on the Maryland Department of Labor website. This form should be forwarded to the Administration Sgt. via the chain of command.

The Administration Sgt. will take appropriate action to ensure the illness and injury prevention plan addresses potential hazards upon such notification.

#### **1031.6 INSPECTIONS**

Safety inspections are crucial to a safe work environment. These inspections identify and evaluate workplace hazards and permit mitigation of those hazards. A hazard assessment checklist should be used for documentation and to ensure a thorough assessment of the work environment (Md. Code LE § 5-206).

The Administration Sgt. shall ensure that the appropriate documentation is completed for each inspection.

##### 1031.6.1 EQUIPMENT

Members are charged with daily vehicle inspections of their assigned vehicles and of their PPE prior to working in the field. Members shall complete a MOSH-approved reporting form available on the Maryland Department of Labor website if an unsafe condition cannot be immediately corrected. Members should forward this form to their supervisors.

#### **1031.7 INVESTIGATIONS**

Any member sustaining any work-related injury or illness, as well as any member who is involved in any accident or hazardous substance exposure while on-duty shall report such event as soon as practicable to a supervisor. Members observing or learning of a potentially hazardous condition are to promptly report the condition to their immediate supervisors (Md. Code LE § 5-206).

A supervisor receiving such a report should personally investigate the incident or ensure that an investigation is conducted. Investigative procedures for workplace accidents and hazardous substance exposures should include:

- (a) A visit to the accident scene as soon as possible.
- (b) An interview of the injured member and witnesses.
- (c) An examination of the workplace for factors associated with the accident/exposure.
- (d) Determination of the cause of the accident/exposure.
- (e) Corrective action to prevent the accident/exposure from reoccurring.
- (f) Documentation of the findings and corrective actions taken.
- (g) Completion of an investigation/corrective action report.
- (h) Completion of a hazards and correction record form.

Additionally the supervisor should proceed with the steps to report an on-duty injury, as required under the Work-Related Injury and Illness Reporting Policy, in conjunction with this investigation to avoid duplication and ensure timely reporting.



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#### **1031.8 TRAINING**

The Administration Sgt. should work with the Training Sergeant to provide all members, including supervisors, with training on general and job-specific workplace safety and health practices. Training shall be provided (Md. Code LE § 5-206):

- (a) To supervisors to familiarize them with the safety and health hazards to which members under their immediate direction and control may be exposed.
- (b) To all members with respect to hazards specific to each member's job assignment.
- (c) To all members given new job assignments for which training has not previously been provided.
- (d) Whenever new substances, processes, procedures or equipment are introduced to the workplace and represent a new hazard.
- (e) Whenever the Department is made aware of a new or previously unrecognized hazard.

#### **1031.8.1 TRAINING TOPICS**

The Training Sergeant shall ensure that training includes:

- (a) Reporting unsafe conditions, work practices and injuries, and informing a supervisor when additional instruction is needed.
- (b) Use of appropriate clothing, including gloves and footwear.
- (c) Use of respiratory equipment.
- (d) Availability of toilet, hand-washing and drinking-water facilities.
- (e) Provisions for medical services and first aid.
- (f) Handling of bloodborne pathogens and other biological hazards.
- (g) Prevention of heat and cold stress.
- (h) Identification and handling of hazardous materials, including chemical hazards to which members could be exposed, and review of resources for identifying and mitigating hazards (e.g., hazard labels, Safety Data Sheets (SDS)).
- (i) Mitigation of physical hazards, such as heat and cold stress, noise, and ionizing and non-ionizing radiation.
- (j) Identification and mitigation of ergonomic hazards, including working on ladders or in a stooped posture for prolonged periods.
- (k) Back exercises/stretching and proper lifting techniques.
- (l) Avoidance of slips and falls.
- (m) Good housekeeping and fire prevention.
- (n) Other job-specific safety concerns.

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- (o) Department and employee rights and responsibilities.
- (p) Emergency Action Plan and/or Fire Prevention Plan.
- (q) Workplace safety plan.

#### **1031.9 RECORDS**

Records and training documentation relating to injury and illness prevention will be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

## Line-of-Duty Deaths

### 1032.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to members of the Federalsburg Police Department in the event of the death of a member occurring in the line of duty and to direct the Department in providing proper support for the member's survivors.

The Chief of Police may also apply some or all of this policy in situations where members are injured in the line of duty and the injuries are life-threatening.

#### 1032.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Line-of-duty death** - The death of a sworn member during the course of performing law enforcement-related functions while on- or off-duty, or a non-sworn member during the course of performing their assigned duties.

**Survivors** - Immediate family members of the deceased member, which can include spouse, children, parents, other next of kin or significant others. The determination of who should be considered a survivor for purposes of this policy should be made on a case-by-case basis given the individual's relationship with the member and whether the individual was previously designated by the deceased member.

### 1032.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to make appropriate notifications and to provide assistance and support to survivors and coworkers of a member who dies in the line of duty.

It is also the policy of this department to respect the requests of the survivors when they conflict with these guidelines, as appropriate.

### 1032.3 INITIAL ACTIONS BY COMMAND STAFF

- (a) Upon learning of a line-of-duty death, the deceased member's supervisor should provide all reasonably available information to the Shift Supervisor and 911 Center.
  1. Communication of information concerning the member and the incident should be restricted to secure networks to avoid interception by the media or others (see the Chief section of this policy).
- (b) The Shift Supervisor should ensure that notifications are made in accordance with the Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths and Major Incident Notification policies as applicable.
- (c) If the member has been transported to the hospital, the Shift Supervisor or the designee should respond to the hospital to assume temporary responsibilities as the Hospital Liaison.

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- (d) The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should assign members to handle survivor notifications and assign members to the roles of Hospital Liaison (to relieve the temporary Hospital Liaison) and the Department Liaison as soon as practicable (see the Notifying Survivors section and the Department Liaison and Hospital Liaison subsections in this policy).

#### **1032.4 NOTIFYING SURVIVORS**

Survivors should be notified as soon as possible in order to avoid the survivors hearing about the incident in other ways.

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should review the deceased member's emergency contact information and make accommodations to respect the member's wishes and instructions specific to notifying survivors. However, notification should not be excessively delayed because of attempts to assemble a notification team in accordance with the member's wishes.

The Chief of Police, Shift Supervisor or the authorized designee should select at least two members to conduct notification of survivors, one of which may be the Department Chaplain.

Notifying members should:

- (a) Make notifications in a direct and compassionate manner, communicating as many facts of the incident as possible, including the current location of the member. Information that is not verified should not be provided until an investigation has been completed.
- (b) Determine the method of notifying surviving children by consulting with other survivors and taking into account factors such as the child's age, maturity and current location (e.g., small children at home, children in school).
- (c) Plan for concerns such as known health concerns of survivors or language barriers.
- (d) Offer to transport survivors to the hospital, if appropriate. Survivors should be transported in department vehicles. Notifying members shall inform the Hospital Liaison over a secure network that the survivors are on their way to the hospital and should remain at the hospital while the survivors are present.
- (e) When survivors are not at their residences or known places of employment, actively seek information and follow leads from neighbors, other law enforcement, postal authorities and other sources of information in order to accomplish notification in as timely a fashion as possible. Notifying members shall not disclose the reason for their contact other than a family emergency.
- (f) If making notification at a survivor's workplace, ask a workplace supervisor for the use of a quiet, private room to meet with the survivor. Members shall not inform the workplace supervisor of the purpose of their visit other than to indicate that it is a family emergency.
- (g) Offer to call other survivors, friends or clergy to support the survivors and to avoid leaving survivors alone after notification.
- (h) Assist the survivors with meeting childcare or other immediate needs.

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- (i) Provide other assistance to survivors and take reasonable measures to accommodate their needs, wishes and desires. Care should be taken not to make promises or commitments to survivors that cannot be met.
- (j) Inform the survivors of the name and phone number of the Survivor Support Liaison (see the Survivor Support Liaison section of this policy), if known, and the Department Liaison.
- (k) Provide their contact information to the survivors before departing.
- (l) Document the survivor's names and contact information, as well as the time and location of notification. This information should be forwarded to the Department Liaison.
- (m) Inform the Chief of Police or the authorized designee once survivor notifications have been made so that other Federalsburg Police Department members may be apprised that survivor notifications are complete.

#### 1032.4.1 OUT-OF-AREA NOTIFICATIONS

The Department Liaison should request assistance from law enforcement agencies in appropriate jurisdictions for in-person notification to survivors who are out of the area.

- (a) The Department Liaison should contact the appropriate jurisdiction using a secure network and provide the assisting agency with the name and telephone number of the department member that the survivors can call for more information following the notification by the assisting agency.
- (b) The Department Liaison may assist in making transportation arrangements for the member's survivors, but will not obligate the Department to pay travel expenses without the authorization of the Chief of Police.

#### 1032.5 NOTIFYING DEPARTMENT MEMBERS

Supervisors or members designated by the Chief of Police are responsible for notifying department members of the line-of-duty death as soon as possible after the survivor notification is made. Notifications and related information should be communicated in person or using secure networks and should not be transmitted over the radio.

Notifications should be made in person and as promptly as possible to all members on-duty at the time of the incident. Members reporting for subsequent shifts within a short amount of time should be notified in person at the beginning of their shift. Members reporting for duty from their residence should be instructed to contact their supervisor as soon as practicable. Those members who are working later shifts or are on days off should be notified by phone as soon as practicable.

Members having a close bond with the deceased member should be notified of the incident in person. Supervisors should consider assistance (e.g., peer support group, modifying work schedules, approving sick leave) for members who are especially affected by the incident.

Supervisors should direct members not to disclose any information outside the Department regarding the deceased member or the incident.

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#### **1032.6 LIAISONS AND COORDINATORS**

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should select members to serve as liaisons and coordinators to handle responsibilities related to a line-of-duty death, including but not limited to:

- (a) Department Liaison.
- (b) Hospital Liaison.
- (c) Survivor Support Liaison.
- (d) Wellness Support Liaison.
- (e) Funeral Liaison.
- (f) Mutual aid coordinator.
- (g) Benefits Liaison.
- (h) Finance coordinator.

Liaisons and coordinators will be directed by the Department Liaison and should be given sufficient duty time to complete their assignments.

Members may be assigned responsibilities of more than one liaison or coordinator position depending on available department resources. The Department Liaison may assign separate liaisons and coordinators to accommodate multiple family units, if needed.

##### **1032.6.1 DEPARTMENT LIAISON**

The Department Liaison should be a Sgt. or of sufficient rank to effectively coordinate department resources, and should serve as a facilitator between the deceased member's survivors and the Department. The Department Liaison reports directly to the Chief of Police. The Department Liaison's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Directing the other liaisons and coordinators in fulfilling survivors' needs and requests. Consideration should be given to organizing the effort using the National Incident Management System (NIMS).
- (b) Establishing contact with survivors within 24 hours of the incident and providing them contact information.
- (c) Advising survivors of the other liaison and coordinator positions and their roles and responsibilities.
- (d) Identifying locations that will accommodate a law enforcement funeral and presenting the options to the appropriate survivors, who will select the location.
- (e) Coordinating all official law enforcement notifications and arrangements.
- (f) Making necessary contacts for authorization to display flags at half-mast.
- (g) Ensuring that department members are reminded of appropriate information—sharing restrictions regarding the release of information that could undermine future legal proceedings.
- (h) Coordinating security checks of the member's residence as necessary and reasonable.

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- (i) Serving as a liaison with visiting law enforcement agencies during memorial and funeral services.

#### 1032.6.2 HOSPITAL LIAISON

The Hospital Liaison should work with hospital personnel to:

- (a) Arrange for appropriate and separate waiting areas for:
  - 1. The survivors and others whose presence is requested by the survivors.
  - 2. Department members and friends of the deceased member.
  - 3. Media personnel.
- (b) Ensure, as much as practicable, that any suspects who are in the hospital and their families or friends are not in close proximity to the member's survivors or Federalsburg Police Department members (except for members who may be guarding the suspect).
- (c) Ensure that survivors receive timely updates regarding the member before information is released to others.
- (d) Arrange for survivors to have private time with the member, if requested.
  - 1. The Hospital Liaison or hospital personnel may need to explain the condition of the member to the survivors to prepare them accordingly.
  - 2. The Hospital Liaison should accompany the survivors into the room, if requested.
- (e) Stay with survivors and ensure that they are provided with other assistance as needed at the hospital.
- (f) If applicable, explain to the survivors why an autopsy may be needed.
- (g) Ensure hospital bills are directed to the Department, that the survivors are not asked to sign as guarantor of payment for any hospital treatment and that the member's residence address, insurance information and next of kin are not included on hospital paperwork.

Other responsibilities of the Hospital Liaison include, but are not limited to:

- Arranging transportation for the survivors back to their residence.
- Working with investigators to gather and preserve the deceased member's equipment and other items that may be of evidentiary value.
- Documenting his/her actions at the conclusion of his/her duties.

#### 1032.6.3 SURVIVOR SUPPORT LIAISON

The Survivor Support Liaison should work with the Department Liaison to fulfill the immediate needs and requests of the survivors of any member who has died in the line of duty, and serve as the long-term department contact for survivors.

The Survivor Support Liaison should be selected by the deceased member's Sgt.. The following should be considered when selecting the Survivor Support Liaison:

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- The liaison should be an individual the survivors know and with whom they are comfortable working.
- If the survivors have no preference, the selection may be made from names recommended by the deceased member's supervisor and/or coworkers. The deceased member's partner or close friends may not be the best selections for this assignment because the emotional connection to the member or survivors may impair their ability to conduct adequate liaison duties.
- The liaison must be willing to assume the assignment with an understanding of the emotional and time demands involved.

The responsibilities of the Survivor Support Liaison include but are not limited to:

- (a) Arranging for transportation of survivors to hospitals, places of worship, funeral homes, and other locations, as appropriate.
- (b) Communicating with the Department Liaison regarding appropriate security measures for the family residence, as needed.
- (c) If requested by the survivors, providing assistance with instituting methods of screening telephone calls made to their residence after the incident.
- (d) Providing assistance with travel and lodging arrangements for out-of-town survivors.
- (e) Returning the deceased member's personal effects from the Department and the hospital to the survivors. The following should be considered when returning the personal effects:
  - 1. Items should not be delivered to the survivors until they are ready to receive the items.
  - 2. Items not retained as evidence should be delivered in a clean, unmarked box.
  - 3. All clothing not retained as evidence should be cleaned and made presentable (e.g., items should be free of blood or other signs of the incident).
  - 4. The return of some personal effects may be delayed due to ongoing investigations.
- (f) Assisting with the return of department-issued equipment that may be at the deceased member's residence.
  - 1. Unless there are safety concerns, the return of the equipment should take place after the funeral at a time and in a manner considerate of the survivors' wishes.
- (g) Working with the Wellness Support Liaison to ensure that survivors have access to available counseling services.
- (h) Coordinating with the department's Chief (Chief) to brief the survivors on pending press releases related to the incident and to assist the survivors with media relations in accordance with their wishes (see the Chief section of this policy).
- (i) Briefing survivors on investigative processes related to the line-of-duty death, such as criminal, internal, and administrative investigations.



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- (j) Informing survivors of any related criminal proceedings and accompanying them to such proceedings.
- (k) Introducing survivors to prosecutors, victim's assistance personnel, and other involved personnel as appropriate.
- (l) Maintaining long-term contact with survivors and taking measures to sustain a supportive relationship (e.g., follow-up visits, phone calls, cards on special occasions, special support during holidays).
- (m) Inviting survivors to department activities, memorial services, or other functions as appropriate.

Survivor Support Liaisons providing services after an incident resulting in multiple members being killed should coordinate with and support each other through conference calls or meetings as necessary.

The Department recognizes that the duties of a Survivor Support Liaison will often affect regular assignments over many years, and is committed to supporting members in the assignment.

If needed, the Survivor Support Liaison should be issued a personal communication device (PCD) owned by the Department to facilitate communications necessary to the assignment. The department-issued PCD shall be used in accordance with the Personal Communication Devices Policy.

#### 1032.6.4 WELLNESS SUPPORT LIAISON

The Wellness Support Liaison should work with the department wellness coordinator or the authorized designee and other liaisons, and coordinators to make wellness support and counseling services available to members and survivors who are impacted by a line-of-duty death. The responsibilities of the Wellness Support Liaison include but are not limited to:

- (a) Identifying members who are likely to be significantly affected by the incident and may have an increased need for wellness support and counseling services, including:
  - 1. Members involved in the incident.
  - 2. Members who witnessed the incident.
  - 3. Members who worked closely with the deceased member but were not involved in the incident.
- (b) Ensuring that members who were involved in or witnessed the incident are relieved of department responsibilities until they can receive wellness support.
- (c) Ensuring that wellness support and counseling resources (e.g., peer support, Critical Incident Stress Debriefing) are available to members as soon as reasonably practicable following the line-of-duty death.
- (d) Coordinating with the Survivor Support Liaison to ensure survivors are aware of available wellness support and counseling services and assisting with arrangements as needed.

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- (e) Following up with members and the Survivor Support Liaison in the months following the incident to determine if additional wellness support or counseling services are needed.

#### 1032.6.5 FUNERAL LIAISON

The Funeral Liaison should work with the Department Liaison, Survivor Support Liaison and survivors to coordinate funeral arrangements to the extent the survivors wish. The Funeral Liaison's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assisting survivors in working with the funeral director regarding funeral arrangements and briefing them on law enforcement funeral procedures.
- (b) Completing funeral notification to other law enforcement agencies.
- (c) Coordinating the funeral activities of the Department, including, but not limited to the following:
  1. Honor Guard
    - (a) Casket watch
    - (b) Color guard
    - (c) Pallbearers
    - (d) Bell/rifle salute
  2. Bagpipers/bugler
  3. Uniform for burial
  4. Flag presentation
  5. Last radio call
- (d) Briefing the Chief of Police and command staff concerning funeral arrangements.
- (e) Assigning an officer to remain at the family home during the viewing and funeral.
- (f) Arranging for transportation of the survivors to and from the funeral home and interment site using department vehicles and drivers.

#### 1032.6.6 MUTUAL AID COORDINATOR

The mutual aid coordinator should work with the Department Liaison and the Funeral Liaison to request and coordinate any assistance from outside law enforcement agencies needed for, but not limited to:

- (a) Traffic control during the deceased member's funeral.
- (b) Area coverage so that as many Federalsburg Police Department members can attend funeral services as possible.

The mutual aid coordinator should perform his/her duties in accordance with the Outside Agency Assistance Policy.

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##### 1032.6.7 BENEFITS LIAISON

The Benefits Liaison should provide survivors with information concerning available benefits and assist them in applying for benefits. Responsibilities of the Benefits Liaison include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Confirming the filing of workers' compensation claims and related paperwork (see the Workplace Safety and Health Policy).
- (b) Researching and assisting survivors with application for federal government survivor benefits, such as those offered through the:
  - 1. Public Safety Officers' Benefits (PSOB) Programs.
  - 2. Public Safety Officers' Educational Assistance (PSOEA) Program.
  - 3. Social Security Administration.
  - 4. Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (c) Researching and assisting survivors with application for state and local government survivor benefits.
  - 1. State death and funeral benefits (Md. Code PS § 1-202)
  - 2. Pension death benefits (Md. Code SP § 29-201 et seq.)
  - 3. Educational benefits (Md. Code ED § 18-601)
- (d) Researching and assisting survivors with application for other survivor benefits such as:
  - 1. Private foundation survivor benefits programs.
  - 2. Survivor scholarship programs.
- (e) Researching and informing survivors of support programs sponsored by police associations and other organizations.
- (f) Documenting and informing survivors of inquiries and interest regarding public donations to the survivors.
  - 1. If requested, working with the finance coordinator to assist survivors with establishing a process for the receipt of public donations.
- (g) Providing survivors with a summary of the nature and amount of benefits applied for, including the name of a contact person at each benefit office. Printed copies of the summary and benefit application documentation should be provided to affected survivors.
- (h) Maintaining contact with the survivors and assisting with subsequent benefit questions and processes as needed.

##### 1032.6.8 FINANCE COORDINATOR

The finance coordinator should work with the Chief of Police and the Department Liaison to manage financial matters related to the line-of-duty death. The finance coordinator's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

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- (a) Establishing methods for purchasing and monitoring costs related to the incident.
- (b) Providing information on finance-related issues, such as:
  - 1. Paying survivors' travel costs if authorized.
  - 2. Transportation costs for the deceased.
  - 3. Funeral and memorial costs.
  - 4. Related funding or accounting questions and issues.
- (c) Working with the Benefits Liaison to establish a process for the receipt of public donations to the deceased member's survivors.
- (d) Providing accounting and cost information as needed.

#### **1032.7 CHIEF**

In the event of a line-of-duty death, the department's Chief should be the department's contact point for the media. As such, the Chief should coordinate with the Department Liaison to:

- (a) Collect and maintain the most current incident information and determine what information should be released.
- (b) Ensure that Department members are instructed to direct any media inquiries to the Chief.
- (c) Prepare necessary press releases.
  - 1. Ensure coordination with other entities having media roles (e.g., outside agencies involved in the investigation or incident).
  - 2. Ensure that important public information is disseminated, such as information on how the public can show support for the Department and deceased member's survivors.
- (d) Arrange for community and media briefings by the Chief of Police or the authorized designee as appropriate.
- (e) Respond, or coordinate the response, to media inquiries.
- (f) If requested, assist the member's survivors with media inquiries.
  - 1. Brief the survivors on handling sensitive issues such as the types of questions that reasonably could jeopardize future legal proceedings.
- (g) Release information regarding memorial services and funeral arrangements to department members, other agencies and the media as appropriate.
- (h) If desired by the survivors, arrange for the recording of memorial and funeral services via photos and/or video.

The identity of deceased members should be withheld until the member's survivors have been notified. If the media has obtained identifying information for the deceased member prior to survivor notification, the Chief should request that the media withhold the information from release until proper notification can be made to survivors. The Chief should ensure that media are notified when survivor notifications have been made.

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##### **1032.8 DEPARTMENT CHAPLAIN**

The Department chaplain may serve a significant role in line-of-duty deaths. His/her duties may include, but are not limited to:

- Assisting with survivor notifications and assisting the survivors with counseling, emotional support or other matters, as appropriate.
- Assisting liaisons and coordinators with their assignments, as appropriate.
- Assisting department members with counseling or emotional support, as requested and appropriate.

Further information on the potential roles and responsibilities of the chaplain is in the Chaplains Policy.

##### **1032.9 INVESTIGATION OF THE INCIDENT**

The Chief of Police shall ensure that line-of-duty deaths are investigated thoroughly and may choose to use the investigation process outlined in the Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths Policy.

Investigators from other agencies may be assigned to work on any criminal investigation related to line-of-duty deaths. Partners, close friends or personnel who worked closely with the deceased member should not have any investigative responsibilities because such relationships may impair the objectivity required for an impartial investigation of the incident.

Involved department members should be kept informed of the progress of the investigations and provide investigators with any information that may be pertinent to the investigations.

##### **1032.10 LINE-OF-DUTY DEATH OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT ANIMAL**

The Chief of Police may authorize appropriate memorial and funeral services for law enforcement animals killed in the line of duty.

##### **1032.11 NON-LINE-OF-DUTY DEATH**

The Chief of Police may authorize certain support services for the death of a member not occurring in the line of duty.

## Office of Accountability and Internal Affairs

### 1033.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of the Office of Accountability and Internal Affairs is to enhance the department's ability to provide transparent, fair, and impartial reviews of employee conduct; and to conduct investigations in response to citizen complaints filed, or otherwise alleged, against departmental staff.

### 1033.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to conduct fair, impartial, and expedient reviews and investigations of any alleged complaint of employee misconduct.

### 1033.3 CHIEF OF POLICE RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chief of Police shall designate a Lieutenant and assign them to direct the activities conducted by the Office of Accountability (OA) within the Federalsburg Police Department. He will ensure OA is provided a location from which they may conduct discreet investigations. He will also provide supplemental staff support as warranted. The Chief may also, at his discretion, request an allied/ outside law enforcement agency conduct any investigative function normally reserved or assigned to the OA.

Only the Chief of Police has the authority to assign, or otherwise approve, an OA investigation.

### 1033.4 OA LIEUTENANT RESPONSIBILITIES

The OA Lieutenant shall report directly to the Chief of Police and shall not be assigned operationally to any other division within the Federalsburg Police Department. The OA Lieutenant shall conduct Performance History Audits of personnel on a regular basis to help ensure accountability of staff with established departmental standards, and to detect any potential indicators which may require some level of departmental intervention. He will meet with the Chief of Police on a monthly basis, or as needed, to provide insight into any departmental trends.

The OA Lieutenant shall be assigned to investigate citizen complaints as directed by the Chief of Police. These investigations, which shall be termed "Internal Investigations", shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 1010 which governs complaints against personnel.

The OA Lieutenant shall issue a quarterly report of the activities conducted by the OA along with any recommendations for:

- Improving departmental accountability;
- Improving personnel performance;
- Improving personnel safety; and
- Improving departmental response to any known public issues or concerns with law enforcement in Federalsburg.

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##### **1033.5 OA EARLY INTERVENTION REVIEW**

Staff Performance History Audits conducted by the OA Lieutenant will include a focus on the early intervention of staff who may be at risk of engaging in the use of excessive force. These reviews will remain confidential and non-punitive, and are expressly intended to assist personnel before a problem occurs. When a symptom of a potential problem is detected by the OA Lieutenant, they shall immediately bring it to the attention of the Chief of Police. Following a review of the perceived need for intervention, the Chief of Police may:

- Consider if additional training is appropriate and assign said training;
- Consider behavioral interventions through professional counseling within the department and with licensed mental health professionals outside of the department;
- Consider reassignment of duties or responsibilities of personnel; or
- Consider any response he determines to be appropriate for reducing the potential risk of personnel utilizing excessive force in the performance of their assigned duties.

##### **1033.6 OFFICER INTERVENTION AND DUTY TO INTERVENE**

Intervention by a staff member is not limited simply to use of force issues. All members of the Federalsburg Police Department have a shared responsibility to one another, and the public, to ensure that other members are always acting with the best intentions and in the best interest of the department and those we serve. While sworn members of the department are legally bound to intervene in matters involving excessive use of force, they share departmental obligations to report conduct of another member which may assist the department with early intervention issues. Supervisors, in particular, must remain vigilant on behalf of those they supervise to assist with early detection of potential problems which may negatively impact personnel or the department. When supervisors know, or should have known, that personnel subject to their supervision were presenting conduct or attitudes counterproductive to the mission of the department, they must take immediate action. If the intervention can be addressed professionally by the supervisor, they should do so. If the supervisor believes the intervention should occur administratively, they shall forward the information to the Chief of Police for review. Intervention must always be viewed with an eye toward supporting personnel, and not as a punitive act.

## Wellness Program

### 1035.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance on establishing and maintaining a proactive wellness program for department members.

The wellness program is intended to be a holistic approach to a member's well-being and encompasses aspects such as physical fitness, mental health, and overall wellness.

Additional information on member wellness is provided in the:

- Chaplains Policy.
- Line-of-Duty Deaths Policy.
- Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace Policy.

#### 1035.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Critical incident** – An event or situation that may cause a strong emotional, cognitive, or physical reaction that has the potential to interfere with daily life.

**Critical Incident Stress Debriefing (CISD)** – A standardized approach using a discussion format to provide education, support, and emotional release opportunities for members involved in work-related critical incidents.

**Peer support** – Mental and emotional wellness support provided by peers trained to help members cope with critical incidents and certain personal or professional problems.

### 1035.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Federalsburg Police Department to prioritize member wellness to foster fitness for duty and support a healthy quality of life for department members. The Department will maintain a wellness program that supports its members with proactive wellness resources, critical incident response, and follow-up support.

### 1035.3 WELLNESS COORDINATOR

The Chief of Police should appoint a trained wellness coordinator. The coordinator should report directly to the Chief of Police or the authorized designee and should collaborate with advisers (e.g., Human Resources, legal counsel, licensed psychotherapist, qualified health professionals), as appropriate, to fulfill the responsibilities of the position, including but not limited to:

- (a) Identifying wellness support providers (e.g., licensed psychotherapists, external peer support providers, physical therapists, dietitians, physical fitness trainers holding accredited certifications).
  1. As appropriate, selected providers should be trained and experienced in providing mental wellness support and counseling to public safety personnel.



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#### *Wellness Program*

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2. When practicable, the Department should not use the same licensed psychotherapist for both member wellness support and fitness for duty evaluations.
- (b) Developing management and operational procedures for department peer support members, such as:
1. Peer support member selection and retention.
  2. Training and applicable certification requirements.
  3. Deployment.
  4. Managing potential conflicts between peer support members and those seeking service.
  5. Monitoring and mitigating peer support member emotional fatigue (i.e., compassion fatigue) associated with providing peer support.
  6. Using qualified peer support personnel from other public safety agencies or outside organizations for department peer support, as appropriate.
- (c) Verifying members have reasonable access to peer support or licensed psychotherapist support.
- (d) Establishing procedures for CISDs, including:
1. Defining the types of incidents that may initiate debriefings.
  2. Steps for organizing debriefings.
- (e) Facilitating the delivery of wellness information, training, and support through various methods appropriate for the situation (e.g., phone hotlines, electronic applications).
- (f) Verifying a confidential, appropriate, and timely Employee Assistance Program (EAP) is available for members. This also includes:
1. Obtaining a written description of the program services.
  2. Providing for the methods to obtain program services.
  3. Providing referrals to the EAP for appropriate diagnosis, treatment, and follow-up resources.
  4. Obtaining written procedures and guidelines for referrals to, or mandatory participation in, the program.
  5. Obtaining training for supervisors in their role and responsibilities, and identification of member behaviors that would indicate the existence of member concerns, problems, or issues that could impact member job performance.
  6. Meeting the requirements of Md. Code PS § 3-523 for no cost mental health assistance for officers to address their personal and work-related concerns, including stress, financial issues, legal issues, family problems, office conflicts, and alcohol and substance abuse disorders.

#### **1035.4 DEPARTMENT PEER SUPPORT**

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##### 1035.4.1 PEER SUPPORT MEMBER SELECTION CRITERIA

The selection of a department peer support member will be at the discretion of the coordinator. Selection should be based on the member's:

- Desire to be a peer support member.
- Experience or tenure.
- Demonstrated ability as a positive role model.
- Ability to communicate and interact effectively.
- Evaluation by supervisors and any current peer support members.

##### 1035.4.2 PEER SUPPORT MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

The responsibilities of the department peer support members include:

- (a) Providing pre- and post-critical incident support.
- (b) Presenting department members with periodic training on wellness topics, including but not limited to:
  1. Stress management.
  2. Suicide prevention.
  3. How to access support resources.
- (c) Providing referrals to licensed psychotherapists and other resources, where appropriate.
  1. Referrals should be made to department-designated resources in situations that are beyond the scope of the peer support member's training.

##### 1035.4.3 PEER SUPPORT MEMBER TRAINING

A department peer support member should complete department-approved training prior to being assigned.

#### **1035.5 CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS DEBRIEFINGS**

A Critical Incident Stress Debriefing should occur as soon as practicable following a critical incident. The coordinator is responsible for organizing the debriefing. Notes and recorded statements shall not be taken because the sole purpose of the debriefing is to help mitigate the stress-related effects of a critical incident.

The debriefing is not part of any investigative process. Care should be taken not to release or repeat any communication made during a debriefing unless otherwise authorized by policy, law, or a valid court order.

Attendance at the debriefing should only include peer support members and those directly involved in the incident.

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#### **1035.6 PEER SUPPORT COMMUNICATIONS**

Although the Department will honor the sensitivity of communications with peer support members, there is no legal privilege to such communications except as provided in Md. Code PS § 3-523.

#### **1035.7 PHYSICAL WELLNESS PROGRAM**

The coordinator is responsible for establishing guidelines for any on-duty physical wellness program, including the following:

- (a) Voluntary participation by members
- (b) Allowable physical fitness activities
- (c) Permitted times and locations for physical fitness activities
- (d) Acceptable use of department-provided physical fitness facilities and equipment
- (e) Individual health screening and fitness assessment
- (f) Individual education (e.g., nutrition, sleep habits, proper exercise, injury prevention) and goal-setting
- (g) Standards for fitness incentive programs. The coordinator should collaborate with the appropriate entities (e.g., human resources, legal counsel) to verify that any standards are nondiscriminatory.
- (h) Maintenance of physical wellness logs (e.g., attendance, goals, standards, progress)
- (i) Ongoing support and evaluation

#### **1035.8 WELLNESS PROGRAM AUDIT**

At least annually, the coordinator or the authorized designee should audit the effectiveness of the department's wellness program and prepare a report summarizing the findings. The report shall not contain the names of members participating in the wellness program, and should include the following information:

- Data on the types of support services provided
- Wait times for support services
- Participant feedback, if available
- Program improvement recommendations
- Policy revision recommendations

The coordinator should present the completed audit to the Chief of Police for review and consideration of updates to improve program effectiveness.

#### **1035.9 EAP REQUIRED ASSISTANCE**

Before returning to full duty, the following should be offered or provided to an officer as part of the EAP (Md. Code PS § 3-523):

- (a) A voluntary mental health consultation and voluntary counseling services if the officer was involved in an incident that contained an accident resulting in a fatality.

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- (b) A mandatory mental health consultation and voluntary counseling services for an officer seriously injured, involved in a shooting, or involved in a use of force that resulted in a death or a serious injury.

#### **1035.10 TRAINING**

The coordinator or the authorized designee should collaborate with the Training Sergeant to provide all members with regular education and training on topics related to member physical and mental health and wellness, including but not limited to:

- The availability and range of department wellness support systems.
- Suicide prevention.
- Recognizing and managing mental distress, emotional fatigue, post-traumatic stress, and other possible reactions to trauma.
- Alcohol and substance disorder awareness.
- Countering sleep deprivation and physical fatigue.
- Anger management.
- Marriage and family wellness.
- Benefits of exercise and proper nutrition.
- Effective time and personal financial management skills.

Training materials, curriculum, and attendance records should be forwarded to the Training Sergeant as appropriate for inclusion in training records.

## Attachments

## Retired ID\_ Designer.pdf

# Retired Law Enforcement Officer

DOES NOT EXPIRE

NAME



Chief Of Police

ORI: MD0060200

**FEDERALSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT**

# Federalburg Police Department

Sex    DOB    Ht    Wt    Hair    Eyes

Issue Date

RETIRED LAW ENFORCEMENT  
OFFICER  
THIS CARD IS THE PROPERTY OF  
THE FEDERALSBURG POLICE

Right Thumb Print

Employee Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Issued by: FEDERALSBURG MD POLICE DEPARTMENT

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